



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 27, 2025 – 12:57 PM EST

PDB ID : 9DZU
EMDB ID : EMD-47338
Title : Cryo-EM structure of the *C. neoformans* lipid flippase Apt1-Cdc50 bound with butyrolactol A in the E2P state
Authors : Duan, H.D.; Li, H.
Deposited on : 2024-10-17
Resolution : 2.72 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

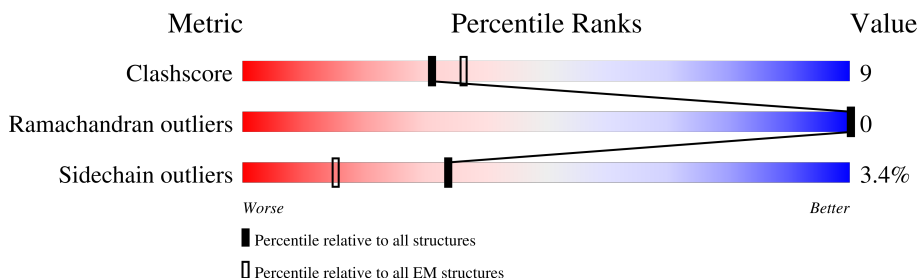
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.72 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	B	411	
2	A	1570	
3	D	2	
3	G	2	
4	E	6	

2 Entry composition

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11777 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Transcription regulator.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	B	350	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2731	1753	454	514	10		

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	402	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP J9VW44
B	403	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP J9VW44
B	404	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP J9VW44
B	405	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP J9VW44
B	406	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP J9VW44
B	407	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP J9VW44
B	408	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP J9VW44
B	409	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP J9VW44
B	410	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP J9VW44
B	411	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP J9VW44

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Phospholipid-transporting ATPase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	A	1110	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			8862	5702	1488	1635	37		

There are 9 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1562	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP J9VZ19
A	1563	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP J9VZ19
A	1564	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP J9VZ19
A	1565	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP J9VZ19
A	1566	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP J9VZ19
A	1567	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP J9VZ19
A	1568	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP J9VZ19

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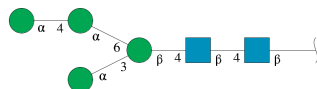
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1569	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP J9VZ19
A	1570	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP J9VZ19

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
3	D	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
3	G	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



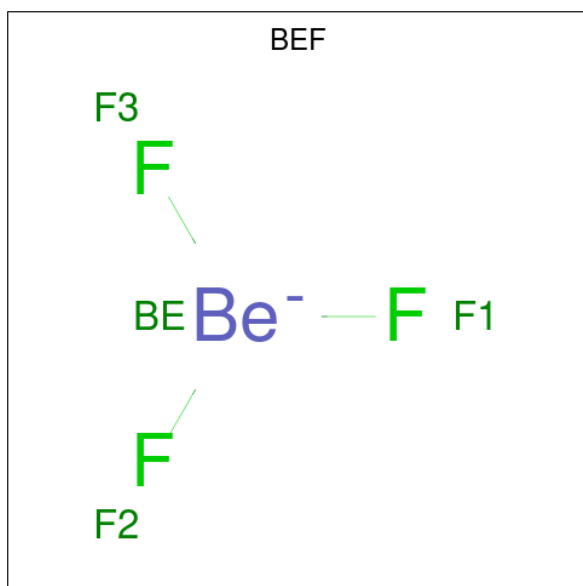
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
4	E	6	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			72	40	2	30		

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
5	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	

- Molecule 6 is BERYLLIUM TRIFLUORIDE ION (three-letter code: BEF) (formula: BeF₃).

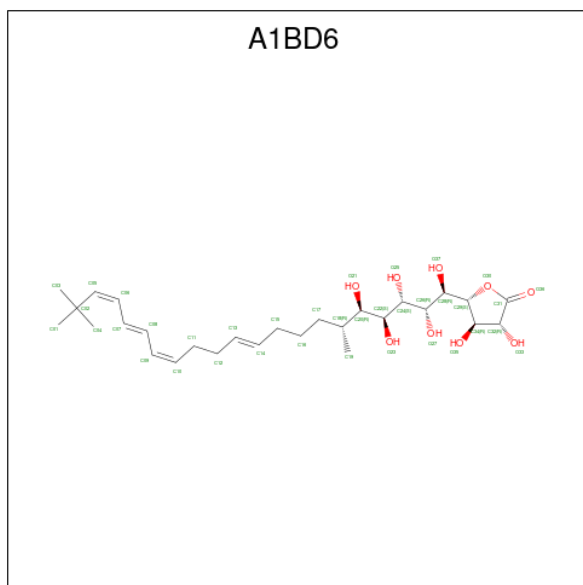


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
6	A	1	Total	Be	F	0
			4	1	3	

- Molecule 7 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
7	A	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	

- Molecule 8 is (3R,4R,5S)-3,4-dihydroxy-5-[(1R,2R,3S,4S,5R,6R,10E,14Z,16E,18Z)-1,2,3,4,5-pentahydroxy-6,20,20-trimethylhenicosa-10,14,16,18-tetraen-1-yl]oxolan-2-one (three-letter code: A1BD6) (formula: C₂₈H₄₆O₉) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

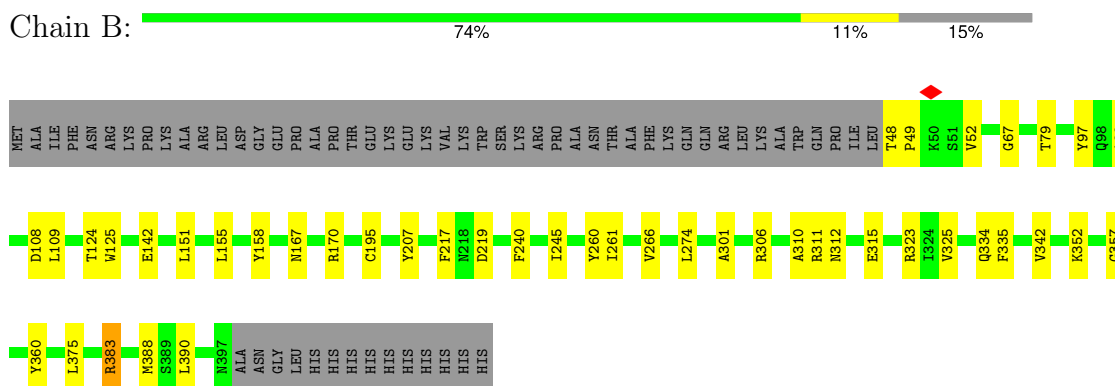


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
8	A	1	Total	C	O	0
			37	28	9	

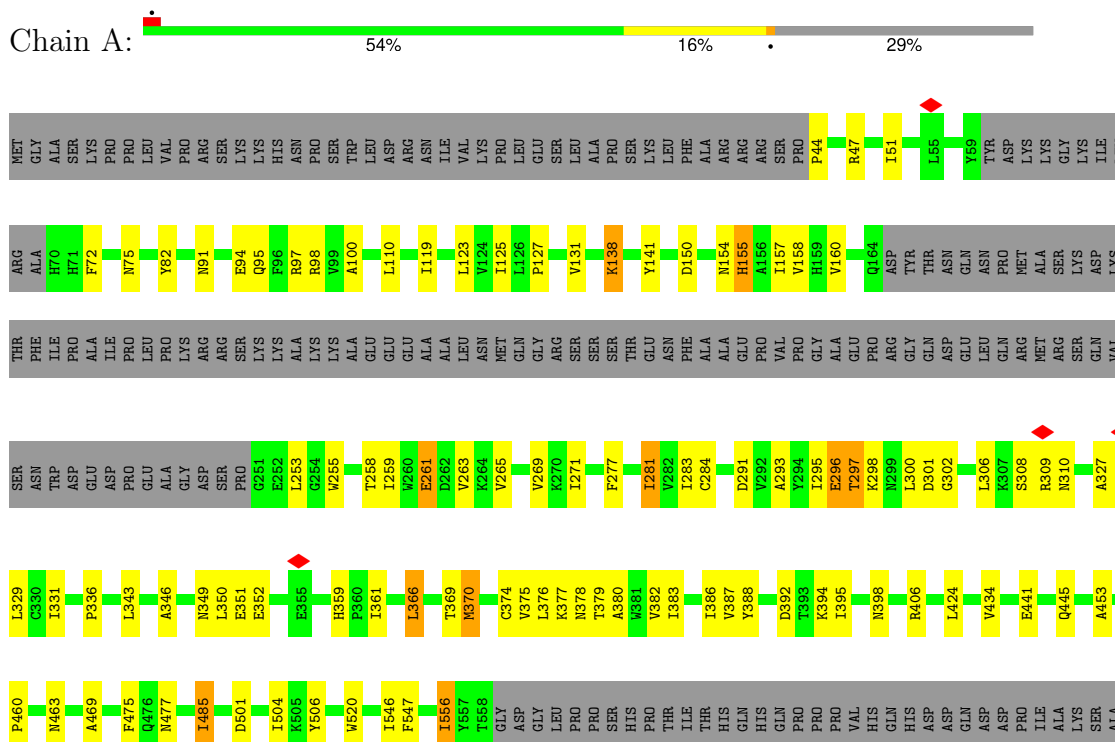
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Transcription regulator



• Molecule 2: Phospholipid-transporting ATPase



ose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E: 33% 33% 33%

MAG1	MAG2	MAG3	MAG4	MAG5	MAG6
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4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	639772	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1300	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1700	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.315	Depositor
Minimum map value	0.000	Depositor
Average map value	0.002	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.027	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.01	Depositor
Map size (Å)	248.40001, 248.40001, 248.40001	wwPDB
Map dimensions	300, 300, 300	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.828, 0.828, 0.828	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, MAN, MG, BEF, A1BD6, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	B	0.28	0/2808	0.46	0/3835
2	A	0.27	0/9066	0.48	0/12312
All	All	0.27	0/11874	0.47	0/16147

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	2731	0	2666	30	0
2	A	8862	0	8736	177	0
3	D	28	0	25	0	0
3	G	28	0	25	0	0
4	E	72	0	61	2	0
5	B	14	0	13	1	0
6	A	4	0	0	0	0
7	A	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	37	0	0	2	0
All	All	11777	0	11526	200	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (200) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:844:THR:HG23	2:A:1053:LYS:HB2	1.65	0.79
2:A:1021:ILE:HG23	2:A:1027:GLY:HA3	1.65	0.79
2:A:47:ARG:HH12	2:A:72:PHE:HB3	1.51	0.75
2:A:755:LYS:HA	2:A:759:GLN:HB3	1.68	0.74
2:A:291:ASP:HB2	2:A:309:ARG:HG3	1.70	0.72
2:A:1070:MET:HG3	2:A:1117:VAL:HG13	1.72	0.71
2:A:44:PRO:HD2	2:A:336:PRO:HD2	1.74	0.70
2:A:785:TYR:HB3	2:A:826:ILE:HG13	1.75	0.68
2:A:990:PRO:HB3	2:A:1016:ASN:HA	1.76	0.68
1:B:311:ARG:NH2	2:A:1183:ASP:O	2.27	0.68
2:A:327:ALA:HB3	2:A:350:LEU:HD13	1.74	0.68
2:A:726:SER:HB2	2:A:740:LEU:HD21	1.74	0.68
2:A:297:THR:OG1	2:A:298:LYS:N	2.24	0.67
2:A:547:PHE:HE1	2:A:832:ALA:H	1.41	0.66
2:A:350:LEU:HG	2:A:351:GLU:HG3	1.76	0.66
8:A:1603:A1BD6:O23	8:A:1603:A1BD6:O27	2.16	0.63
2:A:688:VAL:HB	2:A:700:SER:HB3	1.80	0.62
2:A:778:LEU:HD13	2:A:832:ALA:HB1	1.81	0.62
2:A:709:GLU:HB3	2:A:730:ARG:HB3	1.81	0.62
1:B:142:GLU:HG2	1:B:325:VAL:HG22	1.81	0.62
1:B:109:LEU:O	1:B:352:LYS:NZ	2.32	0.61
2:A:131:VAL:HG22	2:A:485:ILE:HG12	1.83	0.61
2:A:916:ARG:HH11	2:A:968:GLU:HG2	1.66	0.60
2:A:97:ARG:HH22	2:A:406:ARG:HE	1.49	0.60
1:B:383:ARG:NH1	2:A:1286:ASN:O	2.35	0.60
2:A:277:PHE:HE2	2:A:370:MET:HB2	1.65	0.60
2:A:477:ASN:HB2	2:A:1082:ILE:HD11	1.82	0.60
2:A:295:ILE:HG23	2:A:375:VAL:HA	1.84	0.60
2:A:1079:ILE:HG13	2:A:1157:ILE:HD12	1.84	0.59
2:A:460:PRO:HA	2:A:463:ASN:HB2	1.84	0.59
2:A:281:ILE:HG12	2:A:370:MET:HG3	1.85	0.59
2:A:284:CYS:HB3	2:A:383:ILE:HG13	1.84	0.59
2:A:1144:GLU:OE1	2:A:1146:LYS:NZ	2.30	0.59
2:A:160:VAL:HG22	2:A:269:VAL:HG12	1.84	0.58
2:A:1227:PRO:HA	2:A:1230:ILE:HG22	1.86	0.57
2:A:91:ASN:OD1	2:A:95:GLN:NE2	2.35	0.57
2:A:306:LEU:HD11	2:A:1421:GLY:HA3	1.85	0.56
2:A:754:THR:O	2:A:759:GLN:NE2	2.39	0.56

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:240:PHE:HB3	1:B:310:ALA:HB1	1.87	0.56
2:A:649:VAL:HG22	2:A:741:LEU:HD22	1.88	0.56
1:B:323:ARG:HH22	5:B:501:NAG:H81	1.71	0.56
2:A:94:GLU:HA	2:A:97:ARG:HD3	1.87	0.56
2:A:755:LYS:HG3	2:A:759:GLN:HG2	1.88	0.55
2:A:376:LEU:O	2:A:378:ASN:ND2	2.39	0.55
2:A:1053:LYS:HE2	2:A:1057:LEU:HD12	1.87	0.55
2:A:281:ILE:HG22	2:A:386:ILE:HD13	1.89	0.55
2:A:265:VAL:HG13	2:A:387:VAL:HA	1.86	0.55
2:A:690:ARG:HH12	2:A:700:SER:HB2	1.71	0.55
2:A:752:ARG:HE	2:A:822:GLU:HB3	1.71	0.55
2:A:672:SER:OG	2:A:1416:THR:OG1	2.23	0.55
1:B:170:ARG:HH12	2:A:453:ALA:HB2	1.72	0.55
2:A:300:LEU:HD22	2:A:860:GLY:HA3	1.87	0.55
2:A:1422:VAL:O	2:A:1426:ARG:N	2.40	0.54
1:B:49:PRO:HA	1:B:52:VAL:HB	1.89	0.54
2:A:47:ARG:NH2	2:A:392:ASP:OD2	2.39	0.54
2:A:75:ASN:ND2	2:A:261:GLU:O	2.40	0.54
2:A:761:GLU:O	2:A:764:GLU:HG3	2.08	0.54
2:A:1201:VAL:HG21	2:A:1230:ILE:HD12	1.89	0.54
2:A:670:ALA:HB3	2:A:676:ALA:HB2	1.90	0.53
2:A:1188:TYR:CE2	2:A:1190:TYR:HB2	2.43	0.53
2:A:1013:ASP:N	2:A:1017:ASP:OD2	2.40	0.53
2:A:306:LEU:HD13	2:A:1422:VAL:HG23	1.91	0.53
2:A:506:TYR:HB2	2:A:1051:TYR:HE2	1.74	0.53
2:A:1014:GLY:H	2:A:1017:ASP:HB2	1.74	0.53
2:A:343:LEU:HD22	2:A:369:THR:HG21	1.91	0.52
2:A:786:ARG:HD3	2:A:823:ARG:HH12	1.74	0.52
2:A:755:LYS:HG2	2:A:763:ARG:HD3	1.90	0.52
2:A:1100:PHE:HA	2:A:1193:SER:HB3	1.92	0.52
2:A:119:ILE:HD11	2:A:1102:TYR:HE2	1.75	0.51
2:A:796:TRP:NE1	2:A:821:ILE:HB	2.24	0.51
2:A:1194:THR:HB	2:A:1256:LEU:HD21	1.93	0.51
2:A:47:ARG:NH1	2:A:72:PHE:HB3	2.22	0.51
8:A:1603:A1BD6:O25	8:A:1603:A1BD6:O37	2.28	0.51
2:A:1188:TYR:OH	2:A:1252:ASN:OD1	2.25	0.51
2:A:1054:ARG:O	2:A:1058:VAL:HG22	2.10	0.51
2:A:296:GLU:HB2	2:A:376:LEU:HB2	1.93	0.50
1:B:301:ALA:HB2	2:A:1189:MET:HA	1.94	0.50
2:A:697:LEU:HG	2:A:710:TYR:HB2	1.94	0.50
2:A:823:ARG:NE	2:A:823:ARG:H	2.09	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:51:ILE:HG13	2:A:329:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.50
2:A:424:LEU:HD13	2:A:475:PHE:HB2	1.93	0.49
2:A:1153:PHE:O	2:A:1157:ILE:HG12	2.13	0.49
2:A:892:ILE:HG12	2:A:959:ALA:HA	1.93	0.49
2:A:546:ILE:HD13	2:A:836:LYS:HE2	1.94	0.49
1:B:388:MET:HE3	2:A:1313:LEU:HD13	1.94	0.49
1:B:79:THR:HB	1:B:108:ASP:HB2	1.95	0.49
2:A:475:PHE:HA	2:A:1082:ILE:HD12	1.94	0.48
2:A:1167:ILE:HG12	2:A:1269:VAL:HG13	1.96	0.48
2:A:839:ASP:O	2:A:1050:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.48
2:A:1310:HIS:O	2:A:1315:GLY:N	2.37	0.48
2:A:295:ILE:HG22	2:A:296:GLU:H	1.79	0.47
4:E:4:MAN:H4	4:E:5:MAN:H2	1.52	0.47
2:A:1172:ASN:O	2:A:1176:VAL:HG23	2.14	0.47
2:A:331:ILE:HA	2:A:346:ALA:O	2.14	0.47
2:A:1131:THR:OG1	2:A:1299:ARG:NH1	2.48	0.47
2:A:1188:TYR:CE1	2:A:1191:GLU:HG3	2.50	0.47
2:A:98:ARG:O	2:A:100:ALA:N	2.39	0.47
2:A:155:HIS:HA	2:A:259:ILE:HG13	1.96	0.47
2:A:293:ALA:HA	2:A:379:THR:HG21	1.96	0.47
2:A:82:TYR:OH	2:A:94:GLU:OE2	2.29	0.47
2:A:158:VAL:O	2:A:258:THR:OG1	2.22	0.47
1:B:217:PHE:CE2	1:B:219:ASP:HB3	2.51	0.46
2:A:650:LEU:HD11	2:A:678:LEU:HD22	1.97	0.46
2:A:1203:VAL:HG22	2:A:1270:THR:HA	1.97	0.46
2:A:277:PHE:CE2	2:A:370:MET:HB2	2.49	0.46
2:A:1181:ARG:HH21	2:A:1185:TYR:HB2	1.79	0.46
2:A:1266:TRP:CG	2:A:1267:PRO:HD3	2.50	0.46
1:B:158:TYR:HB2	1:B:342:VAL:HB	1.97	0.46
1:B:260:TYR:CD2	1:B:261:ILE:HG13	2.51	0.46
2:A:394:LYS:O	2:A:398:ASN:ND2	2.31	0.46
2:A:823:ARG:NH1	2:A:824:ASP:O	2.48	0.46
2:A:1088:PHE:CG	2:A:1099:VAL:HB	2.50	0.46
2:A:752:ARG:NH2	2:A:825:LEU:HG	2.31	0.46
2:A:758:ASN:OD1	2:A:759:GLN:N	2.49	0.46
2:A:110:LEU:HD21	2:A:469:ALA:HB1	1.97	0.45
2:A:1129:ASP:OD1	2:A:1129:ASP:N	2.47	0.45
2:A:845:ILE:HD13	2:A:875:LEU:HG	1.97	0.45
1:B:207:TYR:HB3	1:B:266:VAL:HG11	1.99	0.45
2:A:150:ASP:O	2:A:154:ASN:ND2	2.49	0.45
2:A:1015:ALA:O	2:A:1018:VAL:HB	2.16	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:823:ARG:CZ	2:A:824:ASP:H	2.30	0.45
2:A:1074:PHE:O	2:A:1078:ASN:ND2	2.39	0.45
2:A:796:TRP:CE2	2:A:821:ILE:HB	2.52	0.45
2:A:352:GLU:O	2:A:359:HIS:ND1	2.51	0.44
2:A:1163:GLN:O	2:A:1167:ILE:HG13	2.18	0.44
2:A:690:ARG:HB3	2:A:698:ARG:HB2	2.00	0.44
2:A:752:ARG:HH22	2:A:824:ASP:N	2.16	0.44
2:A:1119:ALA:HB2	2:A:1218:TRP:HZ3	1.82	0.44
2:A:138:LYS:HG2	2:A:520:TRP:HE3	1.82	0.44
2:A:366:LEU:HA	2:A:369:THR:HG22	2.00	0.44
2:A:1010:ALA:HB1	2:A:1020:MET:HG2	1.99	0.44
2:A:127:PRO:O	2:A:131:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.44
2:A:556:ILE:H	2:A:556:ILE:HG12	1.55	0.44
2:A:696:ILE:HG21	2:A:732:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.44
2:A:283:ILE:O	2:A:310:ASN:HB2	2.18	0.43
1:B:167:ASN:OD1	1:B:167:ASN:N	2.42	0.43
2:A:501:ASP:HB3	2:A:504:ILE:HG12	2.01	0.43
2:A:690:ARG:NH1	2:A:700:SER:HB2	2.33	0.43
2:A:271:ILE:HG21	2:A:277:PHE:CD1	2.53	0.43
2:A:309:ARG:HG2	2:A:310:ASN:H	1.82	0.43
2:A:377:LYS:HE3	2:A:382:VAL:HB	1.99	0.43
2:A:753:LEU:HB2	2:A:755:LYS:HD2	2.01	0.43
1:B:388:MET:HE2	2:A:1312:MET:HB2	2.00	0.43
1:B:151:LEU:HB2	1:B:155:LEU:HD11	2.01	0.43
2:A:746:ASP:OD2	2:A:1411:ARG:NH2	2.51	0.43
2:A:1011:ILE:HA	2:A:1028:VAL:O	2.18	0.43
2:A:715:VAL:HG22	2:A:717:GLU:H	1.83	0.43
2:A:780:THR:OG1	2:A:1412:GLY:O	2.36	0.43
2:A:434:VAL:HG11	2:A:1094:TRP:CD1	2.53	0.43
2:A:688:VAL:O	2:A:700:SER:N	2.50	0.43
1:B:306:ARG:HD3	2:A:1178:THR:HG22	2.01	0.42
1:B:67:GLY:HA2	1:B:357:GLY:HA2	2.01	0.42
2:A:1074:PHE:CD2	2:A:1117:VAL:HG11	2.54	0.42
1:B:245:ILE:HG21	1:B:310:ALA:H	1.84	0.42
1:B:383:ARG:HH12	2:A:1287:ILE:HG13	1.84	0.42
1:B:334:GLN:HG3	1:B:335:PHE:HD1	1.84	0.42
2:A:770:LEU:HD11	2:A:780:THR:HB	2.02	0.42
2:A:1016:ASN:OD1	2:A:1016:ASN:N	2.35	0.42
2:A:1074:PHE:HA	2:A:1077:LYS:HE3	2.01	0.42
1:B:274:LEU:HD23	4:E:1:NAG:H83	2.02	0.42
2:A:47:ARG:HE	2:A:388:TYR:HD1	1.68	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:343:LEU:HD13	2:A:369:THR:HG21	2.02	0.42
2:A:753:LEU:HD12	2:A:763:ARG:HD2	2.01	0.42
2:A:295:ILE:HG22	2:A:296:GLU:N	2.35	0.41
2:A:301:ASP:OD1	2:A:302:GLY:N	2.45	0.41
2:A:441:GLU:O	2:A:445:GLN:HG2	2.20	0.41
2:A:711:GLU:OE2	2:A:793:TYR:OH	2.37	0.41
2:A:1077:LYS:HD2	2:A:1113:THR:HB	2.01	0.41
2:A:1088:PHE:CD2	2:A:1099:VAL:HB	2.56	0.41
2:A:1208:SER:O	2:A:1212:ILE:HG13	2.19	0.41
2:A:1313:LEU:HD12	2:A:1313:LEU:HA	1.82	0.41
2:A:916:ARG:NH1	2:A:968:GLU:HG2	2.34	0.41
2:A:1116:PRO:HG3	2:A:1223:ILE:HD13	2.02	0.41
2:A:1219:VAL:O	2:A:1223:ILE:HG12	2.21	0.41
1:B:312:ASN:ND2	1:B:315:GLU:HB2	2.35	0.41
2:A:328:HIS:HA	2:A:349:ASN:HA	2.02	0.41
2:A:1108:TRP:HA	2:A:1112:TRP:CD1	2.56	0.41
2:A:1306:ASP:OD1	2:A:1306:ASP:N	2.42	0.41
2:A:798:LYS:HE2	2:A:798:LYS:HB3	1.93	0.41
2:A:1167:ILE:HG12	2:A:1269:VAL:CG1	2.49	0.41
1:B:99:ALA:HA	1:B:124:THR:HG22	2.03	0.41
2:A:138:LYS:HG2	2:A:520:TRP:CE3	2.56	0.41
2:A:269:VAL:HB	2:A:271:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:B:97:TYR:HB3	1:B:124:THR:HB	2.03	0.41
1:B:360:TYR:CZ	2:A:1268:PHE:HB2	2.56	0.41
2:A:379:THR:OG1	2:A:380:ALA:N	2.51	0.41
2:A:717:GLU:HA	2:A:1417:MET:HG2	2.03	0.41
2:A:770:LEU:HA	2:A:770:LEU:HD12	1.89	0.41
2:A:306:LEU:HD22	2:A:1422:VAL:H	1.86	0.41
1:B:48:THR:HB	1:B:49:PRO:HD3	2.04	0.40
2:A:395:ILE:HD11	2:A:1037:GLN:OE1	2.20	0.40
2:A:845:ILE:HD12	2:A:873:THR:HB	2.03	0.40
2:A:730:ARG:HG2	2:A:731:LYS:N	2.37	0.40
2:A:781:LEU:HD21	2:A:1415:PHE:HB2	2.03	0.40
2:A:308:SER:OG	2:A:1425:GLN:OE1	2.23	0.40
2:A:477:ASN:O	2:A:1078:ASN:HB3	2.21	0.40
1:B:52:VAL:HG21	2:A:1282:THR:HG21	2.03	0.40
2:A:119:ILE:HG21	2:A:123:LEU:HD23	2.03	0.40
2:A:1014:GLY:O	2:A:1018:VAL:N	2.54	0.40
2:A:1120:ILE:HG12	2:A:1212:ILE:HG12	2.02	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	348/411 (85%)	340 (98%)	8 (2%)	0	100	100
2	A	1098/1570 (70%)	1015 (92%)	83 (8%)	0	100	100
All	All	1446/1981 (73%)	1355 (94%)	91 (6%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	299/351 (85%)	294 (98%)	5 (2%)	56	80
2	A	950/1347 (70%)	913 (96%)	37 (4%)	27	54
All	All	1249/1698 (74%)	1207 (97%)	42 (3%)	34	59

All (42) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	125	TRP
1	B	195	CYS
1	B	375	LEU
1	B	383	ARG
1	B	390	LEU
2	A	125	ILE
2	A	138	LYS
2	A	141	TYR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	155	HIS
2	A	157	ILE
2	A	253	LEU
2	A	255	TRP
2	A	261	GLU
2	A	263	VAL
2	A	281	ILE
2	A	296	GLU
2	A	297	THR
2	A	361	ILE
2	A	366	LEU
2	A	370	MET
2	A	374	CYS
2	A	485	ILE
2	A	556	ILE
2	A	654	HIS
2	A	667	GLU
2	A	690	ARG
2	A	694	HIS
2	A	754	THR
2	A	755	LYS
2	A	756	ASP
2	A	785	TYR
2	A	788	LEU
2	A	823	ARG
2	A	942	ARG
2	A	1016	ASN
2	A	1049	PHE
2	A	1074	PHE
2	A	1158	PHE
2	A	1179	THR
2	A	1218	TRP
2	A	1247	THR
2	A	1418	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

10 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	NAG	D	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.48	0
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.26	0	17,19,21	0.54	0
4	NAG	E	1	1,4	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.49	0
4	NAG	E	2	4	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.43	0
4	BMA	E	3	4	11,11,12	0.52	0	15,15,17	0.74	0
4	MAN	E	4	4	11,11,12	0.76	0	15,15,17	1.54	3 (20%)
4	MAN	E	5	4	11,11,12	0.63	0	15,15,17	1.10	2 (13%)
4	MAN	E	6	4	11,11,12	0.53	0	15,15,17	0.96	2 (13%)
3	NAG	G	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.40	0
3	NAG	G	2	3	14,14,15	0.19	0	17,19,21	0.44	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	D	1	1,3	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	E	1	1,4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	E	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	E	3	4	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	E	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	E	5	4	-	2/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
4	MAN	E	6	4	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	G	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	E	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	3.95	117.48	112.19
4	E	5	MAN	C1-O5-C5	3.22	116.50	112.19
4	E	4	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.35	105.29	110.15
4	E	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.34	115.33	112.19
4	E	4	MAN	C1-C2-C3	2.27	112.95	109.64
4	E	6	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.25	105.49	110.15
4	E	5	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.22	105.56	110.15

There are no chirality outliers.

All (19) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	E	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	E	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	E	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	E	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	E	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	G	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	D	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	D	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	D	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	G	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	E	5	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	E	6	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
3	D	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	G	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	G	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

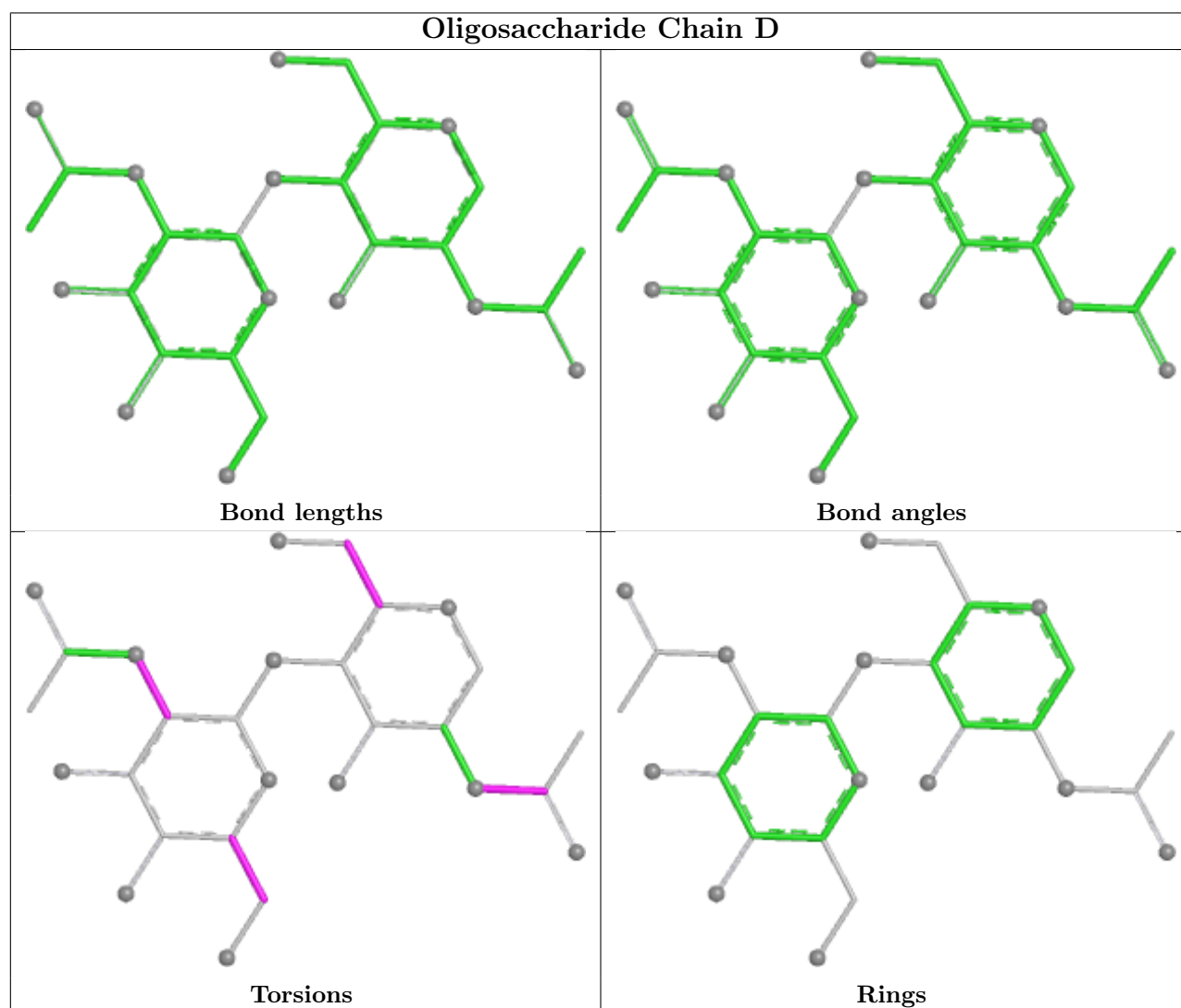
All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

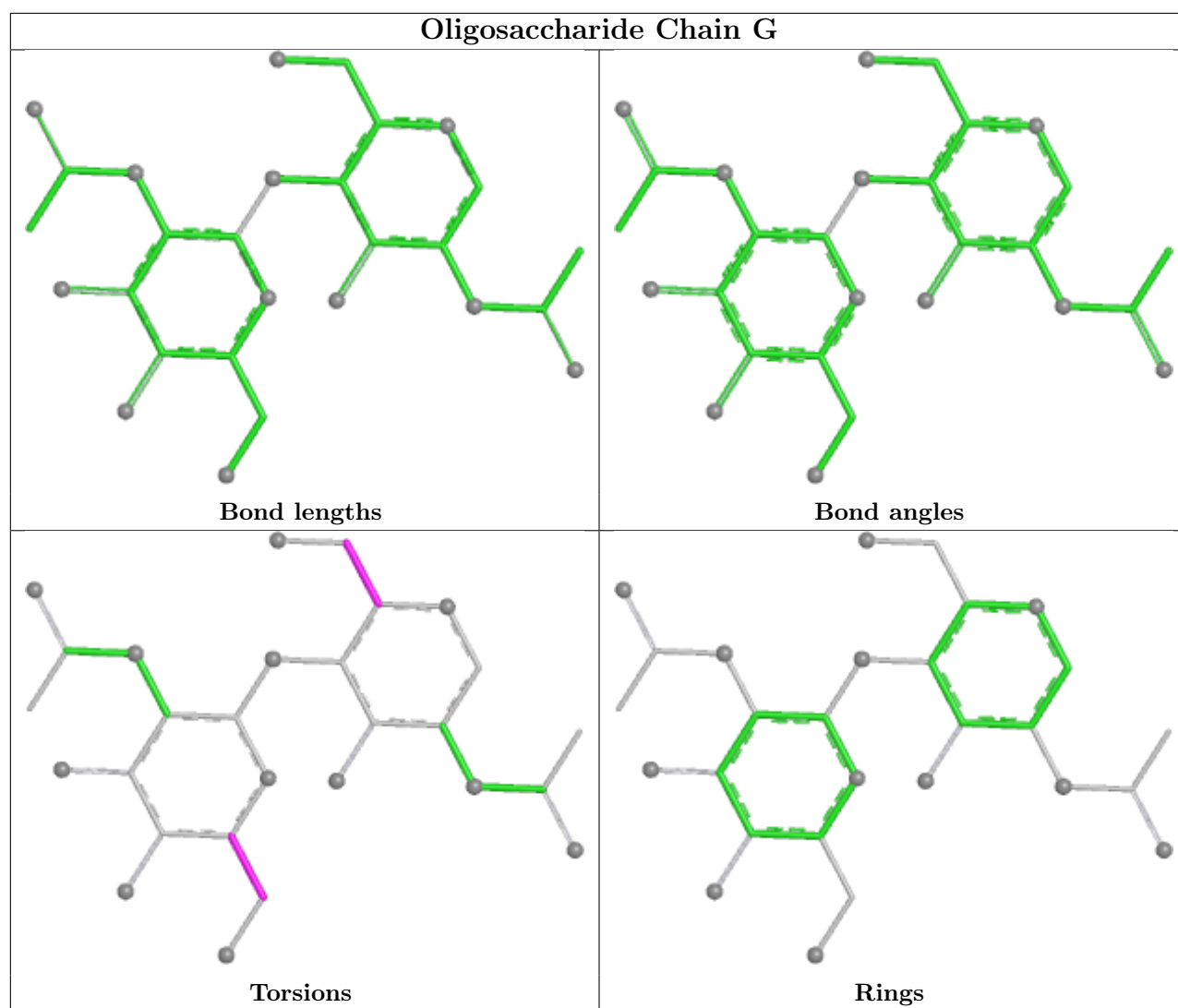
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	E	5	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

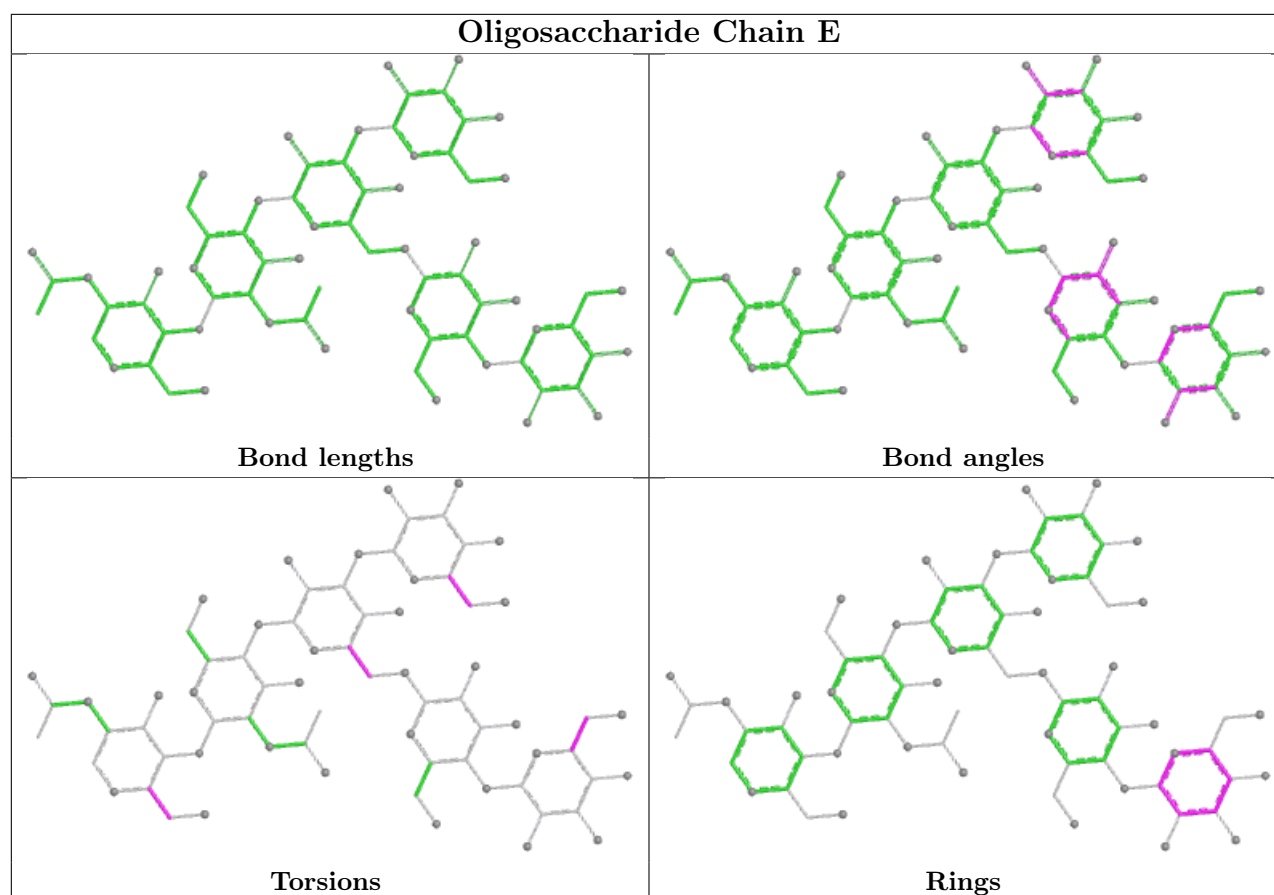
3 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	E	1	NAG	1	0
4	E	4	MAN	1	0
4	E	5	MAN	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.







5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
5	NAG	B	501	1	14,14,15	0.19	0	17,19,21	0.44	0
6	BEF	A	1601	2	0,3,3	-	-	-		
8	A1BD6	A	1603	-	37,37,37	1.99	7 (18%)	46,50,50	1.91	11 (23%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	B	501	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	A1BD6	A	1603	-	-	23/41/57/57	0/1/1/1

All (7) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C06-C05	6.30	1.50	1.32
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C09-C10	4.99	1.50	1.33
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C16-C15	-4.29	1.34	1.52
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C09-C08	-3.79	1.32	1.44
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C07-C06	-3.52	1.32	1.44
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C08-C07	2.90	1.44	1.36
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C02-C05	2.22	1.55	1.51

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C17-C16-C15	7.59	130.93	114.47
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C19-C18-C17	-4.25	103.75	110.34
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C11-C12-C13	-3.34	104.34	112.73
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C16-C17-C18	-2.91	106.95	115.08
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C17-C18-C20	2.61	115.67	111.51
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C28-C26-C24	2.41	116.56	113.24
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C34-C32-C31	-2.33	99.93	101.92
8	A	1603	A1BD6	O37-C28-C26	2.21	114.62	109.46
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C06-C07-C08	2.08	129.52	124.72
8	A	1603	A1BD6	O30-C29-C34	2.08	106.12	103.80
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C28-C29-C34	-2.04	111.21	115.36

There are no chirality outliers.

All (27) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C04-C02-C05-C06
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C07-C08-C09-C10
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C22-C24-C26-C28
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C22-C24-C26-O27
8	A	1603	A1BD6	O25-C24-C26-C28
8	A	1603	A1BD6	O25-C24-C26-O27
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C24-C26-C28-O37
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C24-C26-C28-C29
8	A	1603	A1BD6	O27-C26-C28-O37

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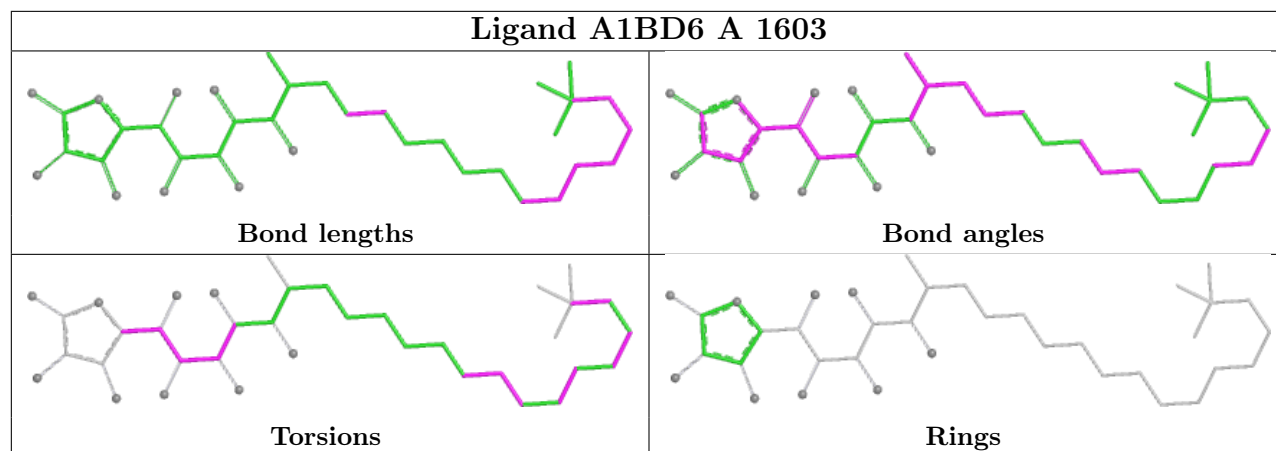
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	A	1603	A1BD6	O27-C26-C28-C29
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C26-C28-C29-O30
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C26-C28-C29-C34
8	A	1603	A1BD6	O37-C28-C29-C34
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C20-C22-C24-O25
5	B	501	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C01-C02-C05-C06
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C03-C02-C05-C06
5	B	501	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	B	501	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
5	B	501	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
8	A	1603	A1BD6	O23-C22-C24-O25
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C20-C22-C24-C26
8	A	1603	A1BD6	O37-C28-C29-O30
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C09-C10-C11-C12
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C10-C11-C12-C13
8	A	1603	A1BD6	O23-C22-C24-C26
8	A	1603	A1BD6	C05-C06-C07-C08

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	B	501	NAG	1	0
8	A	1603	A1BD6	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

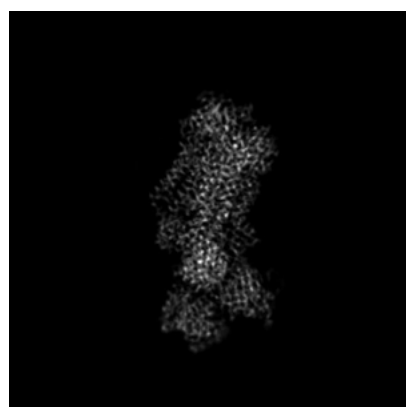
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-47338. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

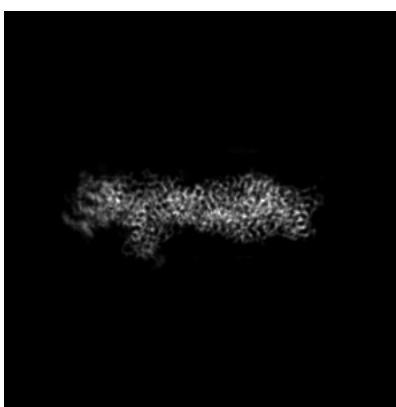
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

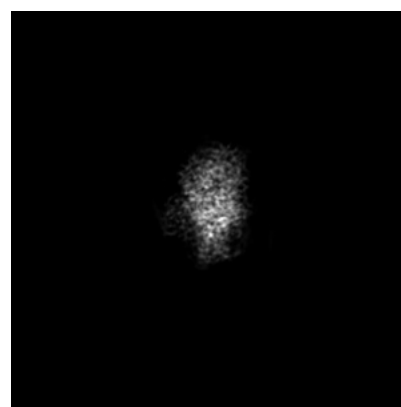
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 150



Y Index: 150



Z Index: 150

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 149



Y Index: 144

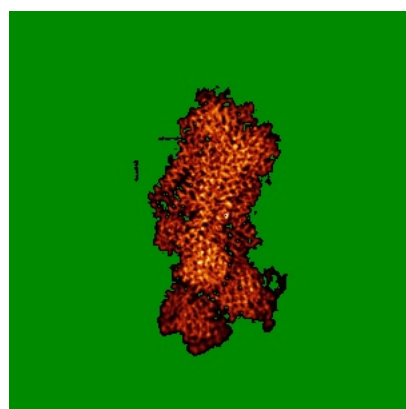


Z Index: 195

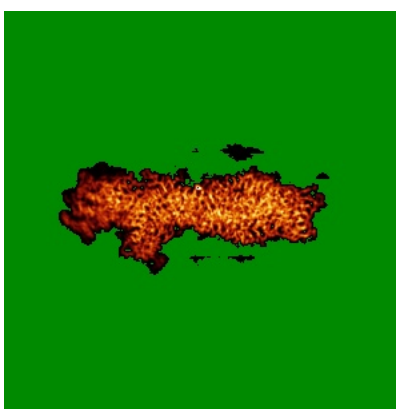
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

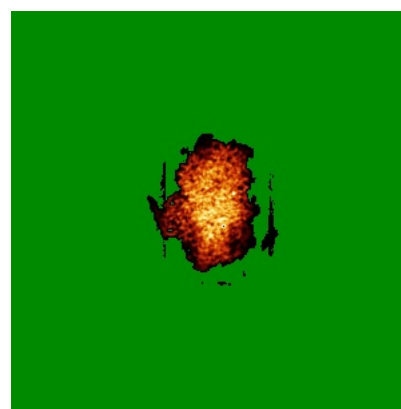
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

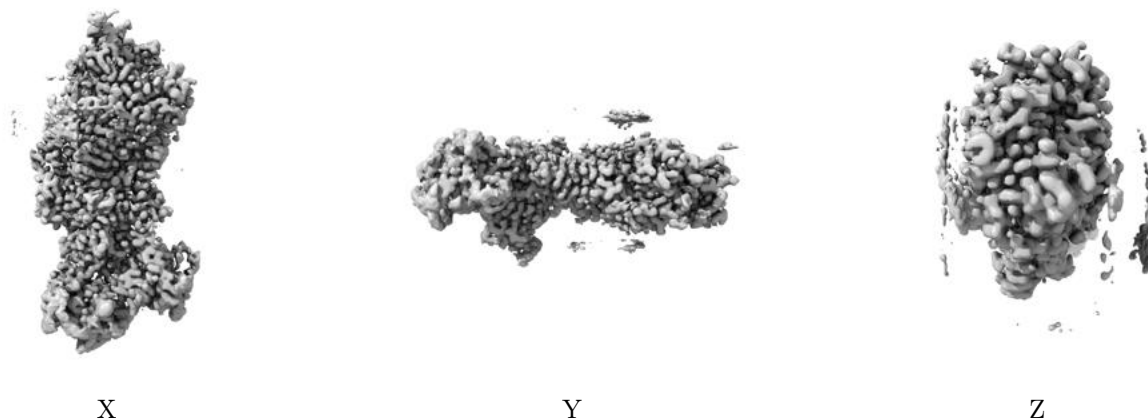


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.01. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

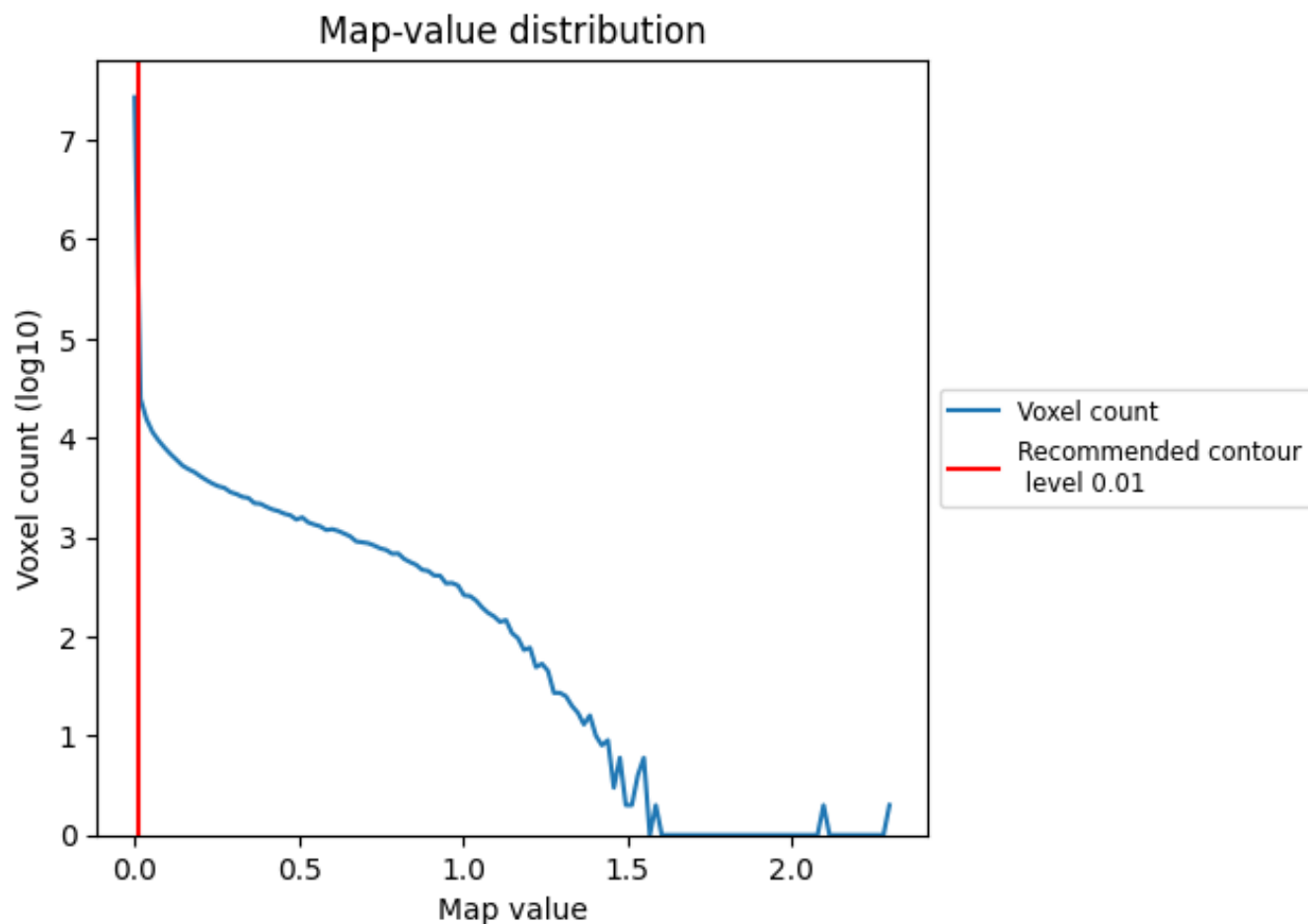
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

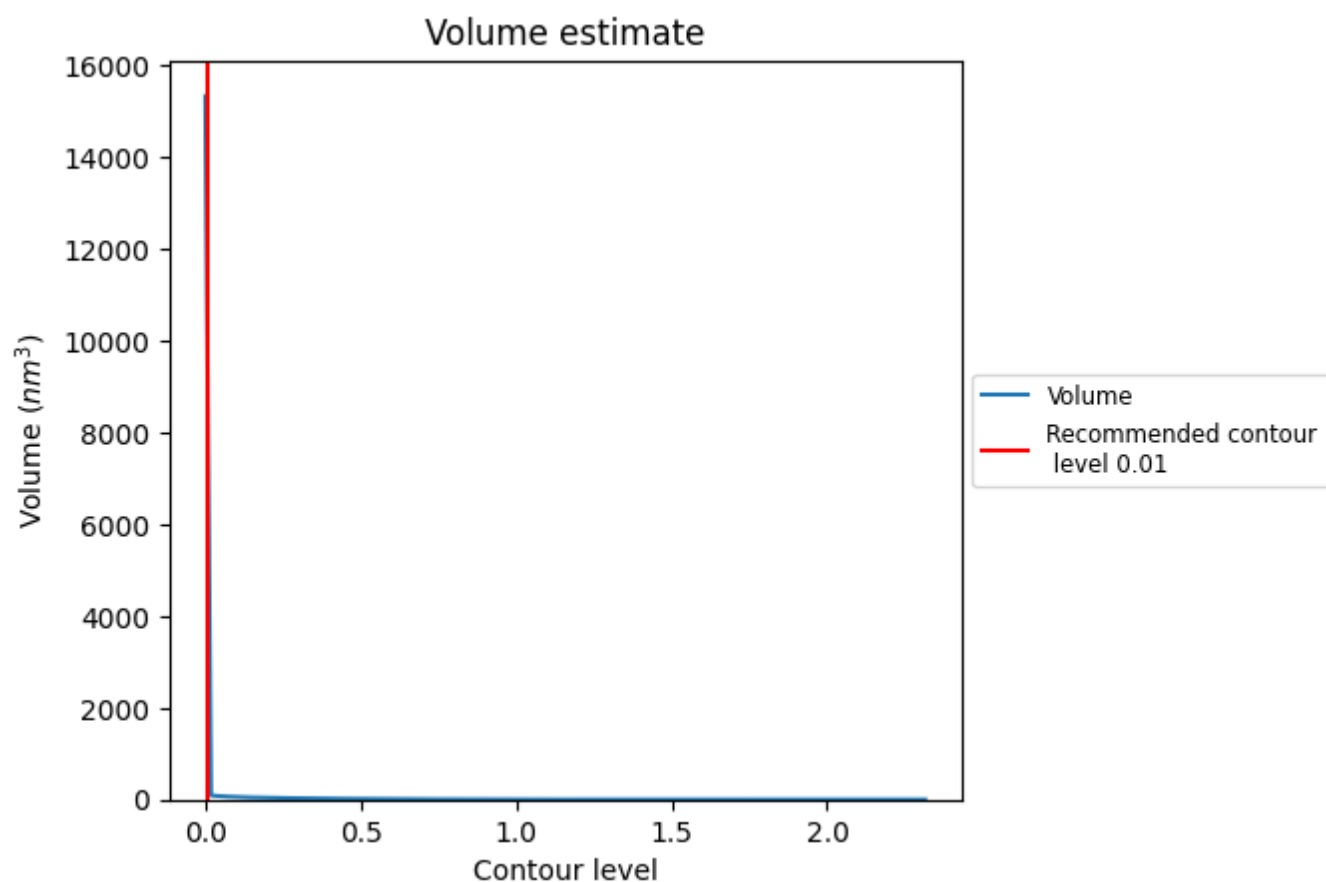
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

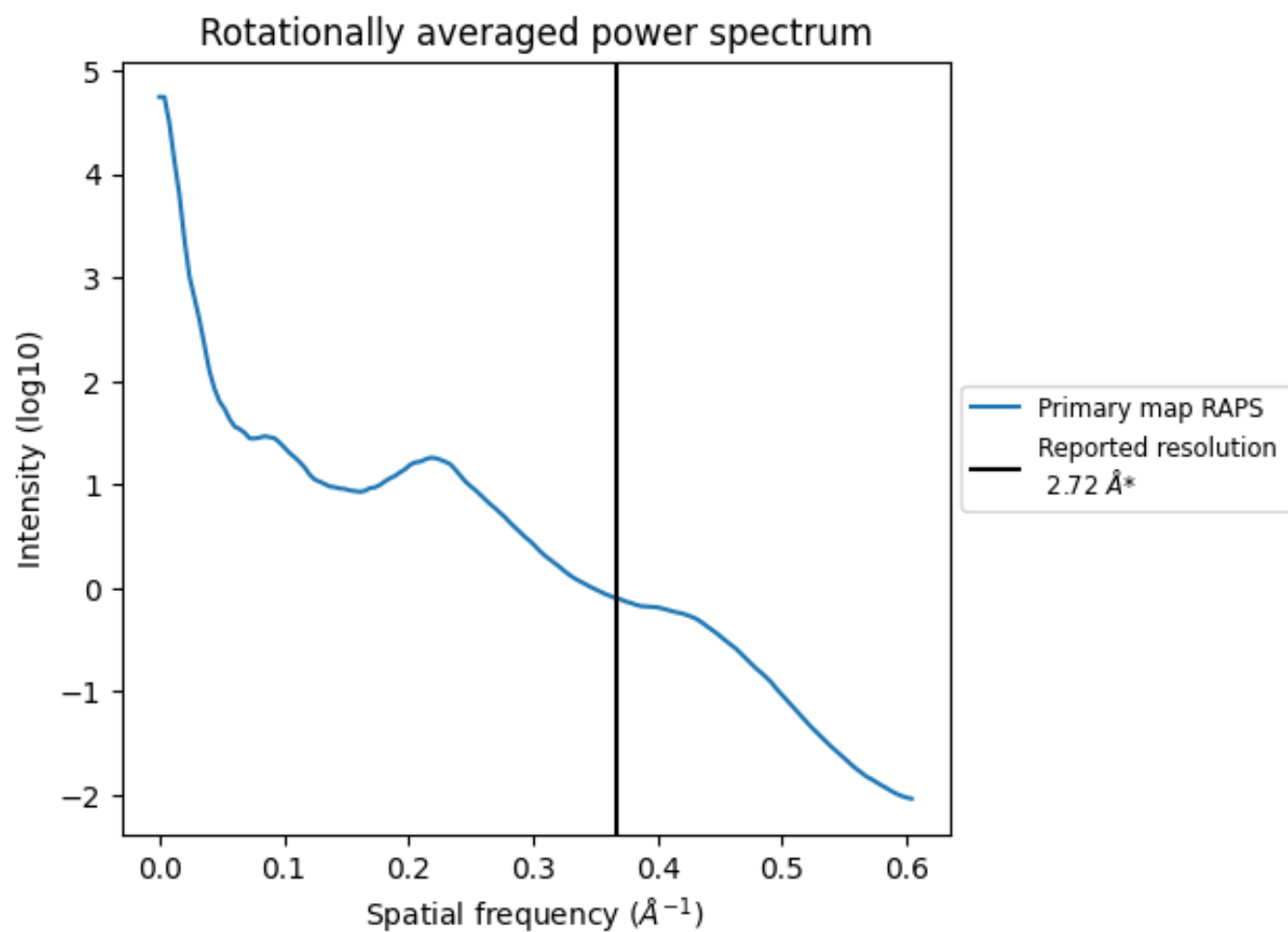
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 6906 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 6238 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

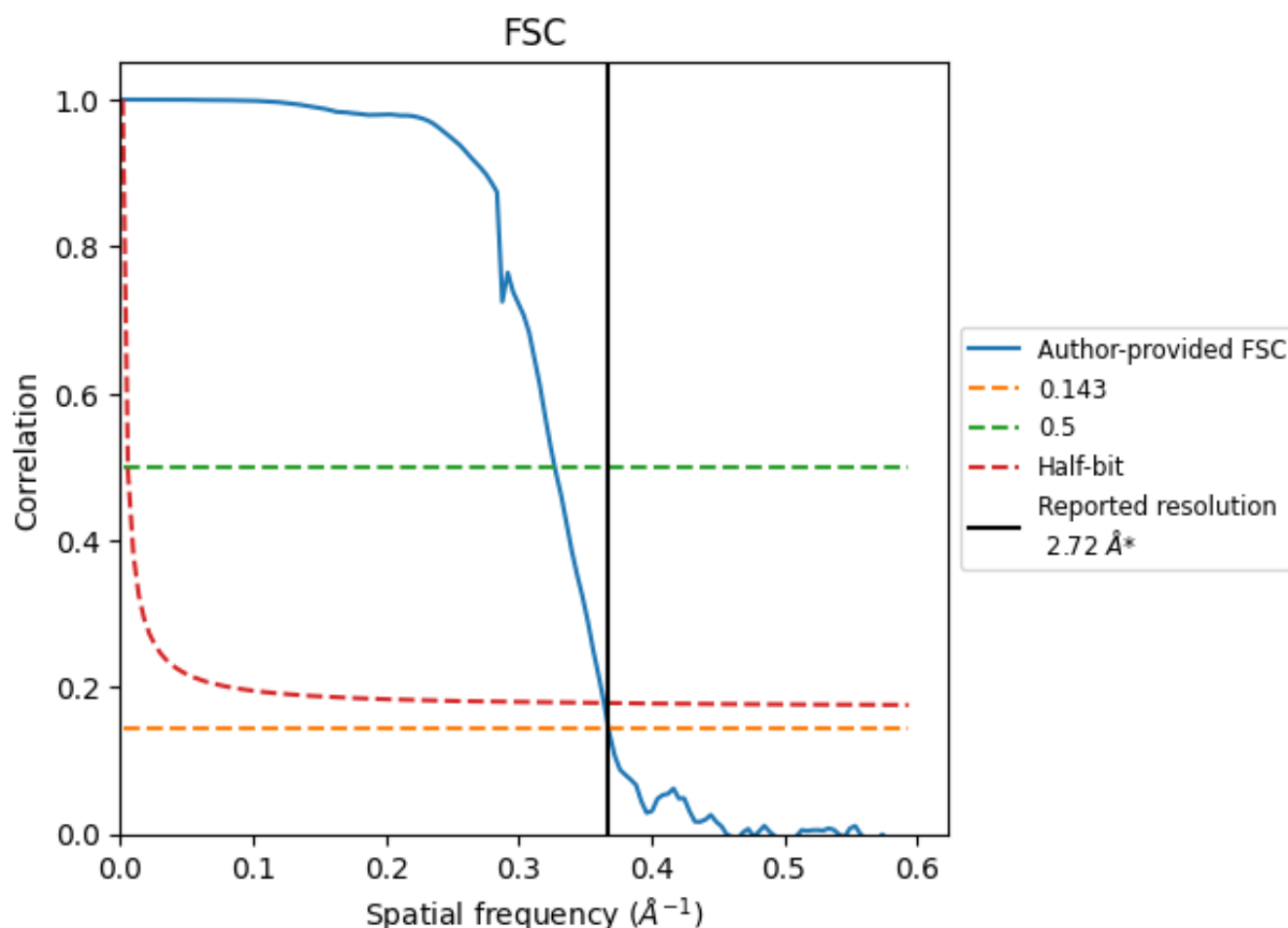


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.368 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.368 \AA^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

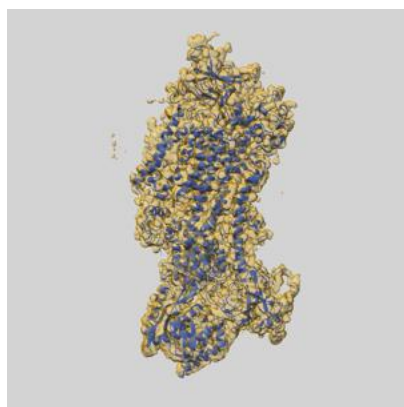
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.72	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.72	3.06	2.74
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

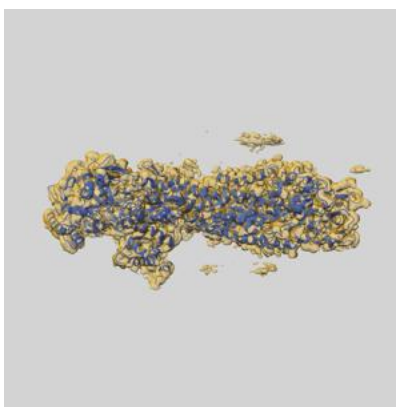
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-47338 and PDB model 9DZU. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

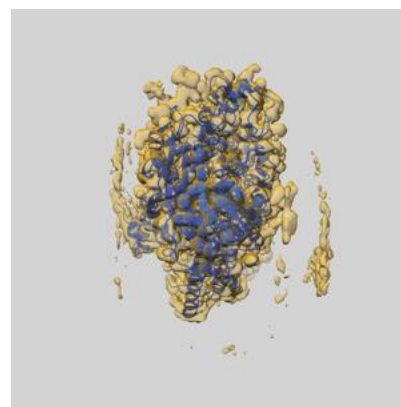
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



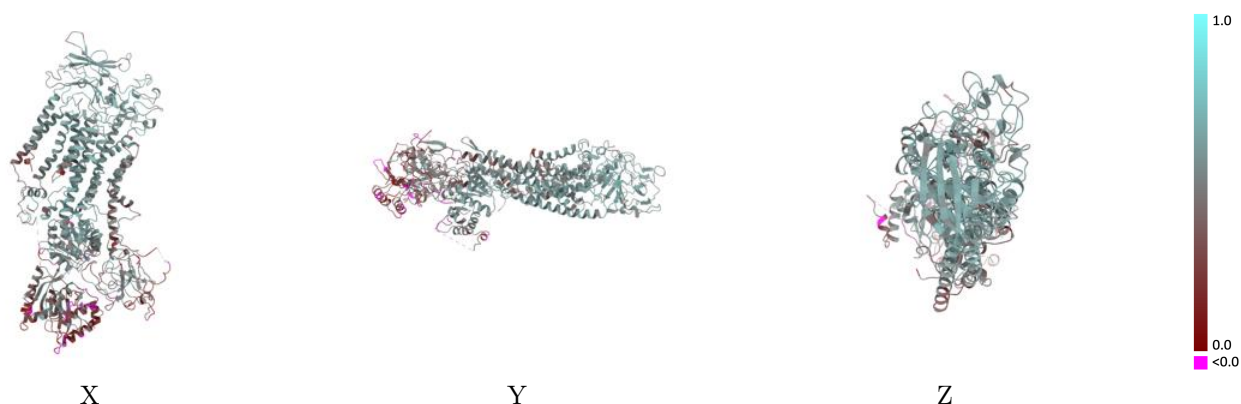
Y



Z

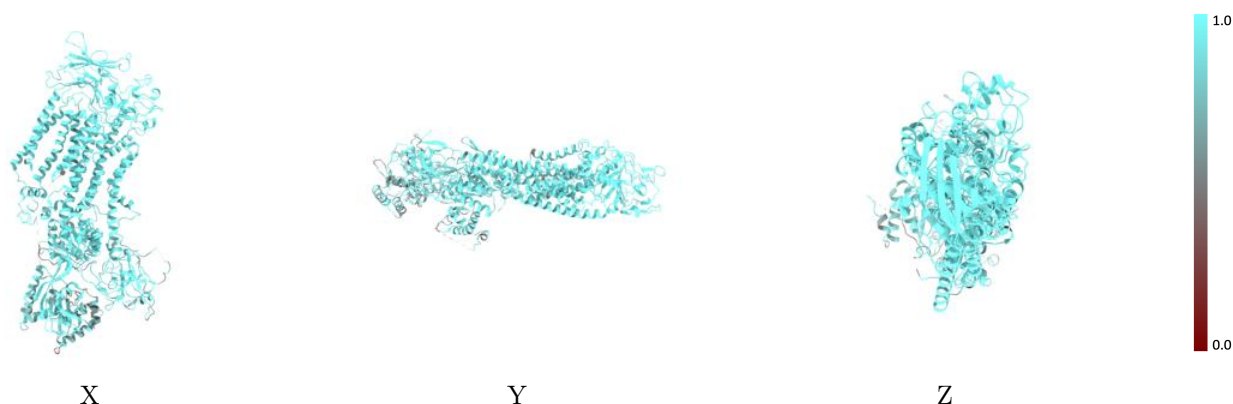
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.01 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



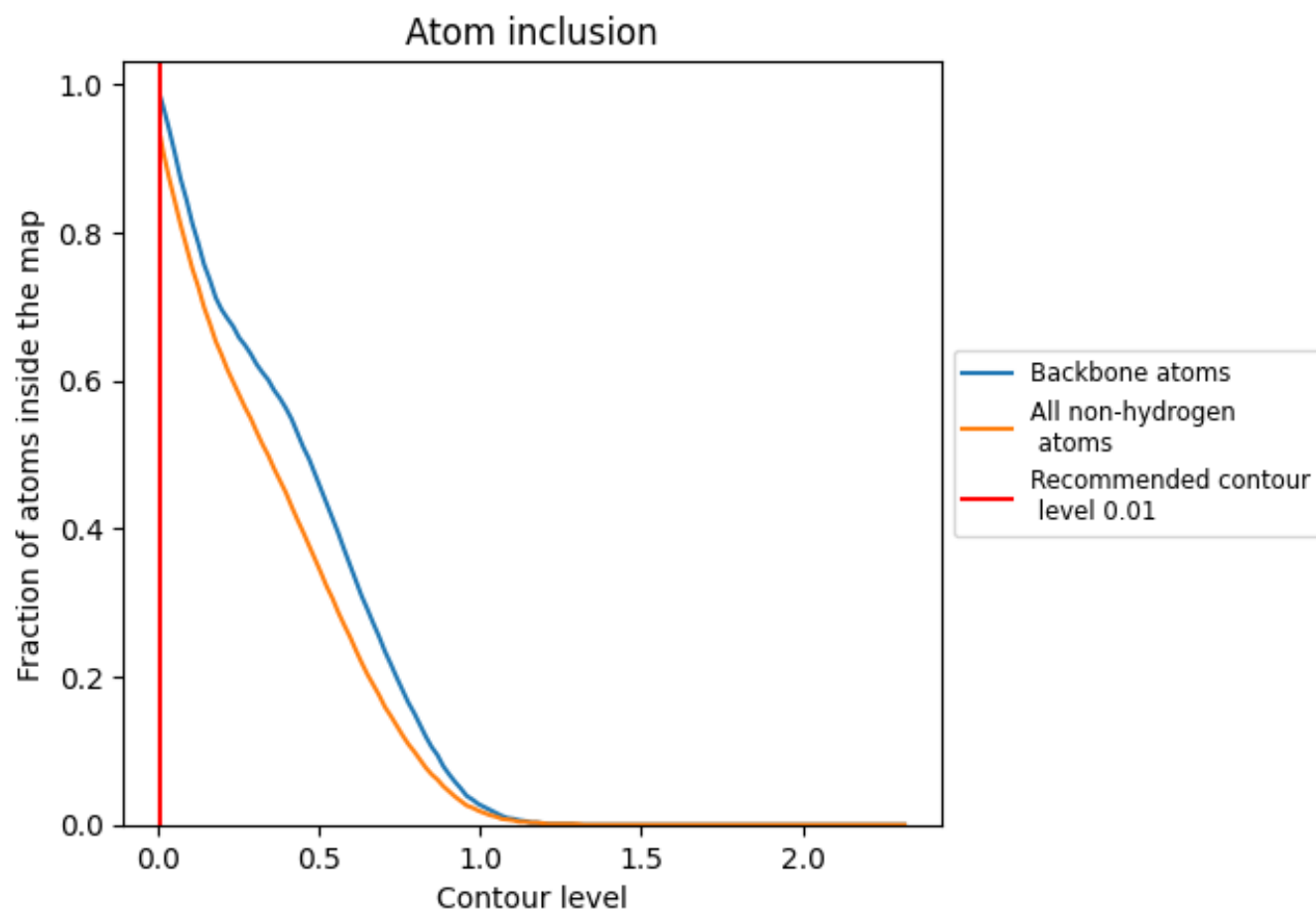
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.01).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 98% of all backbone atoms, 93% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.01) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.9280	<div></div> 0.4790
A	<div></div> 0.9140	<div></div> 0.4560
B	<div></div> 0.9740	<div></div> 0.5560
D	<div></div> 0.7860	<div></div> 0.3350
E	<div></div> 0.9720	<div></div> 0.5180
G	<div></div> 0.8930	<div></div> 0.4870

