



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Oct 21, 2024 – 06:26 PM JST

PDB ID : 8I3S
EMDB ID : EMD-35155
Title : Local CryoEM structure of the SARS-CoV-2 S6P in complex with 7B3 Fab
Authors : Li, Z.; Yu, F.; Cao, S.; ZHao, H.
Deposited on : 2023-01-17
Resolution : 3.90 Å(reported)

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We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

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with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

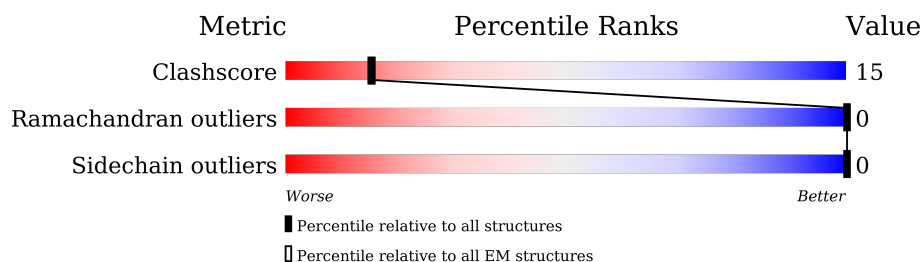
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1243	 11% 5% 84%
2	H	230	 10% 33% 18% 49%
3	L	213	 8% 38% 12% 50%

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3272 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Spike glycoprotein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	196	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1552	995	259	290	8		

There are 56 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
A	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
A	682	ALA	ARG	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
A	814	PRO	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
A	889	PRO	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
A	896	PRO	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
A	939	PRO	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
A	983	PRO	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
A	984	PRO	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
A	1211	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1212	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1213	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1214	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1215	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1216	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1217	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1218	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1219	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1220	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1221	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1222	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1223	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1224	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1225	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1226	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1227	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1228	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1229	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1230	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1231	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1232	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1233	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1234	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1235	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1236	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1237	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1238	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1239	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1240	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1241	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1242	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1243	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1244	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1245	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1246	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1247	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1248	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1249	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1250	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1251	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1252	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1253	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1254	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1255	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1256	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Heavy chain od Fab 7B3.

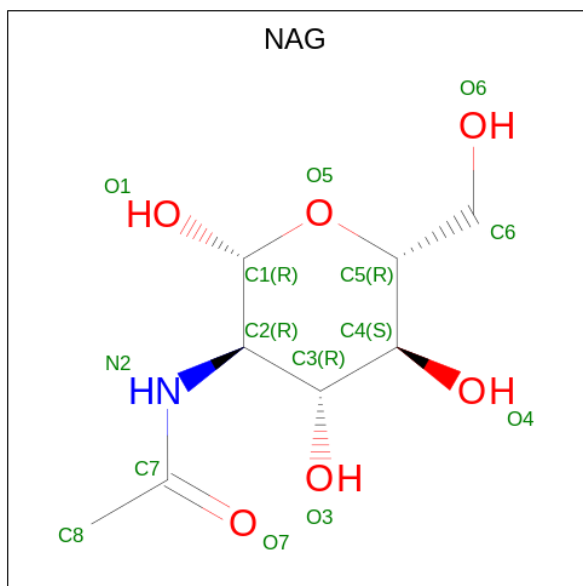
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	H	118	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			897	566	153	173	5		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Light chain of Fab 7B3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	L	106	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			809	505	141	160	3		

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:

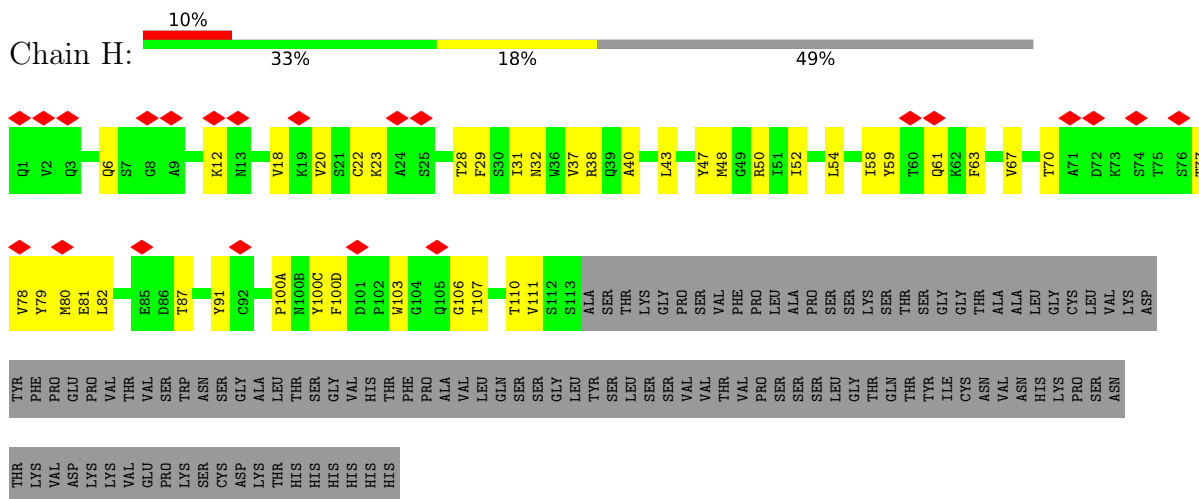
C₈H₁₅NO₆).



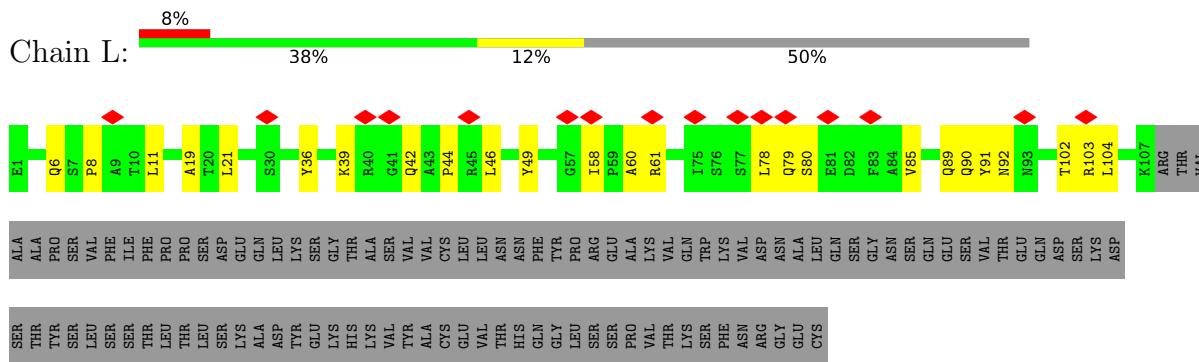
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	
4	A	1	14	8	1	5	0

PRO	HIS	GLY	ARG	VAL	THR	ASN	THR	VAL	ASP	ASN	THR	GLY
GLY	THR	HIS	VAL	ASP	THR	GLN	VAL	ASP	ILE	GLN	VAL	PHE
ARG	SER	HIS	THR	PHE	THR	ASN	ASP	SER	LEU	LEU	LEU	ASN
SER	PRO	THR	PHE	CYS	ARG	ILE	LEU	LEU	ASP	ALA	LEU	GLN
GLY	VAL	VAL	GLY	GLY	THR	LYS	LYS	ASP	ASP	ASN	LEU	LEU
SER	ASP	THR	THR	LYS	THR	GLN	GLN	PRO	PRO	GLN	THR	LEU
GLY	LEU	GLN	GLY	GLY	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR
THR	GLY	ARG	THR	HIS	THR	ASN	THR	THR	GLU	PHE	THR	LEU
TYR	GLY	THR	THR	THR	THR	ASN	THR	THR	GLU	ASP	GLY	ASP
ILE	ASP	ASN	THR	THR	THR	ASN	THR	THR	GLU	ASN	GLY	ASP
PRO	ILE	PHE	PHE	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	SER	ILE	SER
GLU	SER	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	LYS
ALA	GLY	GLY	GLY	SER	GLY	VAL	THR	VAL	VAL	ILE	ALA	LYS
ALA	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	THR	PHE	THR	THR	VAL	GLY	ALA	PRO
ARG	ASN	GLN	PHE	PHE	THR	GLN	THR	THR	GLN	GLY	GLN	PRO
ASP	ALA	ILE	GLN	THR	THR	ASP	THR	THR	ASP	ILE	THR	LYS
GLY	SER	ILE	SER	THR	THR	ARG	THR	THR	ARG	GLN	ASP	ASN
GLN	VAL	THR	THR	ALA	THR	LEU	THR	THR	ALA	SER	ALA	PRO
ALA	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	ILE	SER	LEU	PRO
TYR	ASN	ASN	ASN	HIS	THR	ASN	THR	THR	THR	LEU	LEU	ILE
VAL	ILE	ASN	GLY	GLY	THR	ASN	VAL	VAL	GLY	SER	GLY	GLU
ARG	GLN	THR	VAL	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	GLY	THR	VAL
LYS	LYS	PHE	VAL	VAL	PHE	VAL	VAL	VAL	LEU	THR	THR	LEU
ASP	GLU	VAL	VAL	VAL	SER	LEU	THR	VAL	VAL	PRO	PHE	LEU
GLY	ILE	SER	THR	THR	SER	SER	THR	THR	SER	SER	THR	PHE
GLU	ASP	GLY	ASN	HIS	GLY	ASN	GLY	GLN	LEU	GLN	GLY	ASN
TRP	TRP	ARG	TRP	VAL	ASN	LEU	VAL	GLN	LEU	ALA	ALA	ASP
VAL	LEU	VAL	LEU	ILE	ASN	ASN	GLY	GLN	THR	GLY	GLY	VAL
LEU	ASN	ASN	ILE	GLU	ILE	VAL	VAL	VAL	ILE	ASN	ALA	PHE
GLY	LEU	ASN	VAL	VAL	LYS	VAL	LYS	ILE	ARG	GLN	LEU	ALA
HIS	HIS	ASN	GLU	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ARG	ALA	ASN	LEU	ALA
HIS	GLU	GLU	THR	PHE	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	THR	GLN	ARG
HIS	LEU	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA
HIS	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	ALA

- Molecule 2: Heavy chain od Fab 7B3



- Molecule 3: Light chain of Fab 7B3



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	86212	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	JEOL CRYO ARM 300	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	40	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.323	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.729	Depositor
Average map value	-0.003	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.032	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.5	Depositor
Map size (Å)	364.8, 364.8, 364.8	wwPDB
Map dimensions	384, 384, 384	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.95, 0.95, 0.95	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.27	0/1596	0.45	0/2172
2	H	0.28	0/915	0.50	0/1241
3	L	0.31	0/824	0.55	0/1115
All	All	0.28	0/3335	0.49	0/4528

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1552	0	1472	50	0
2	H	897	0	890	33	0
3	L	809	0	791	18	0
4	A	14	0	13	0	0
All	All	3272	0	3166	94	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

The worst 5 of 94 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:485:GLY:H	1:A:488:CYS:HB2	1.50	0.76
1:A:393:THR:HG21	1:A:519:HIS:H	1.54	0.73
2:H:32:ASN:ND2	2:H:100(A):PRO:HB3	2.05	0.72
3:L:46:LEU:HD21	3:L:49:TYR:HB3	1.72	0.70
2:H:6:GLN:HB3	2:H:22:CYS:HB3	1.75	0.67

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	194/1243 (16%)	188 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
2	H	116/230 (50%)	114 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
3	L	104/213 (49%)	100 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	414/1686 (25%)	402 (97%)	12 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	169/1083 (16%)	169 (100%)	0	100	100
2	H	98/196 (50%)	98 (100%)	0	100	100
3	L	87/183 (48%)	87 (100%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
All	All	354/1462 (24%)	354 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
4	NAG	A	1301	1	14,14,15	0.20	0	17,19,21	0.38	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	1301	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

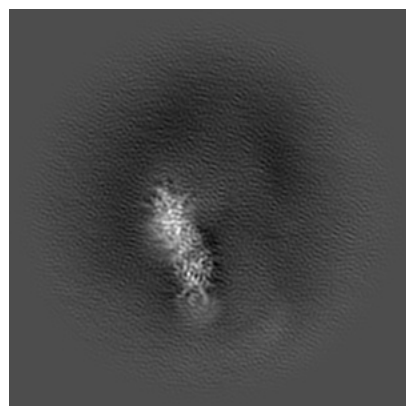
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-35155. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

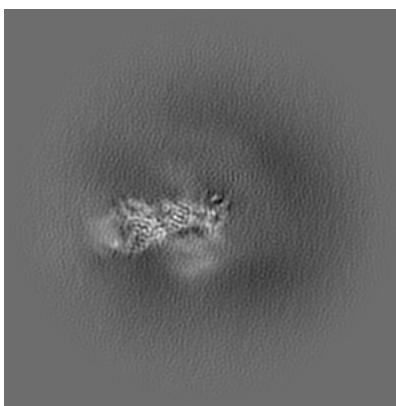
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

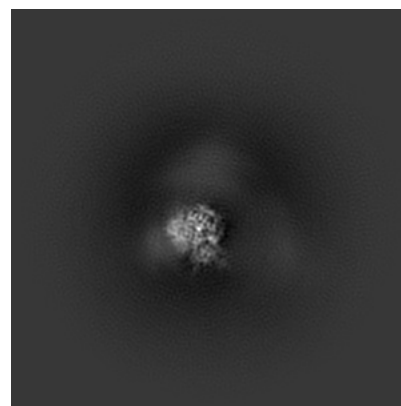
6.1.1 Primary map



X

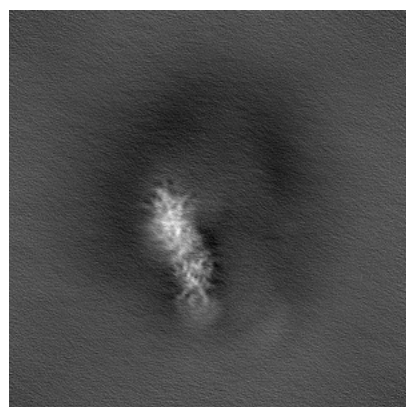


Y

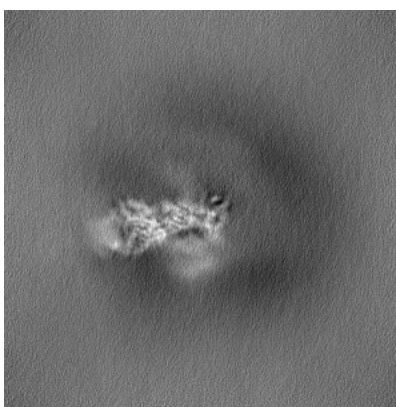


Z

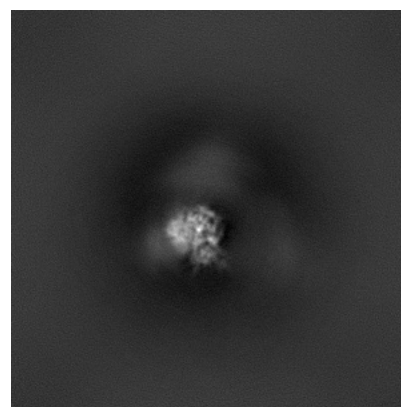
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

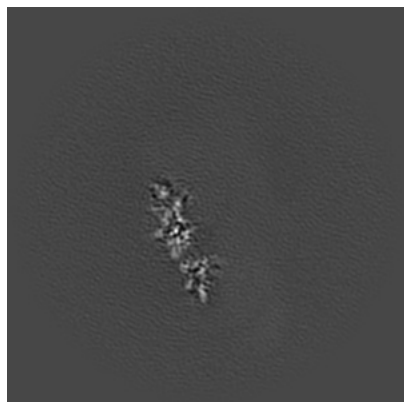


Z

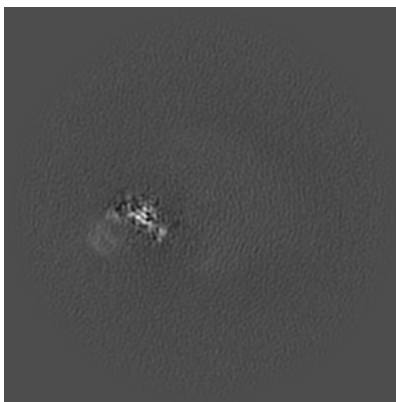
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

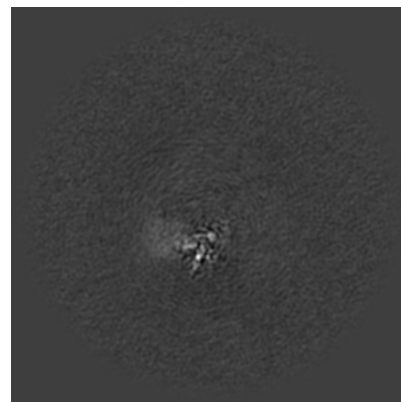
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 192

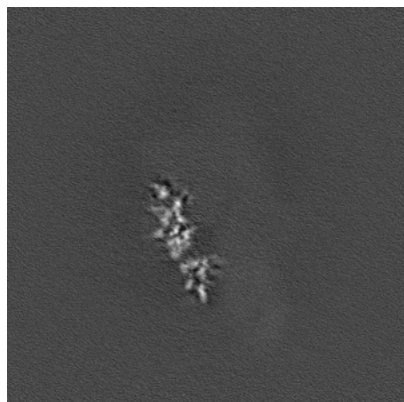


Y Index: 192



Z Index: 192

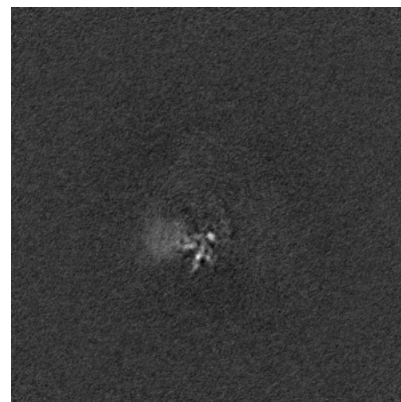
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 192



Y Index: 192

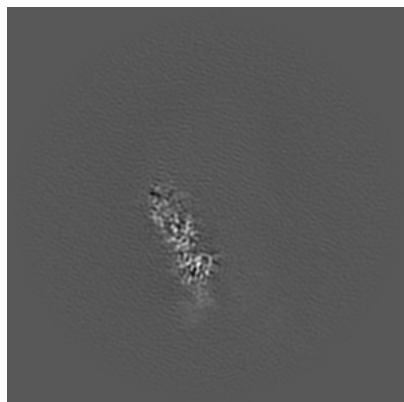


Z Index: 192

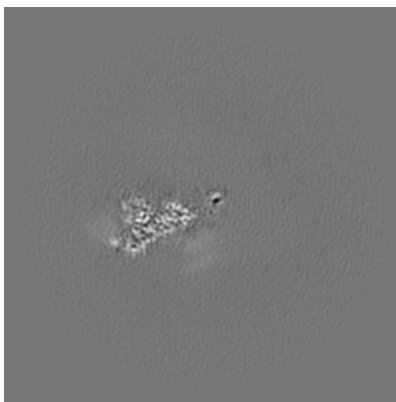
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

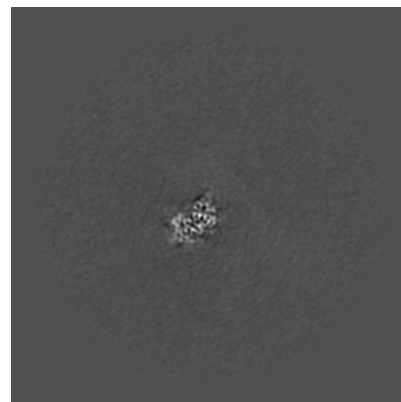
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 181

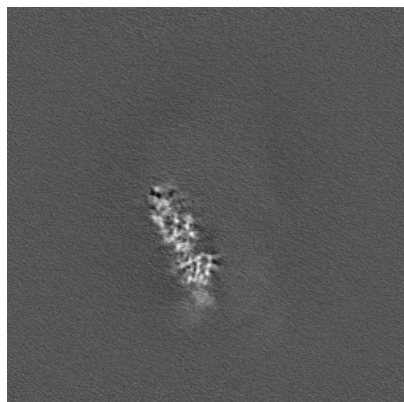


Y Index: 173

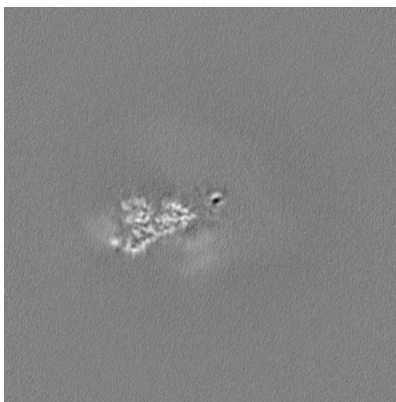


Z Index: 137

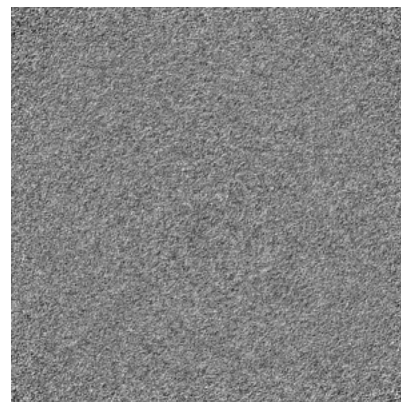
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 182



Y Index: 173

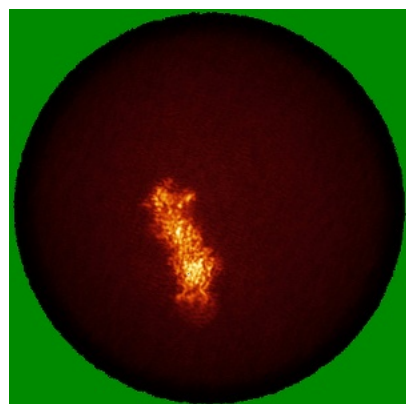


Z Index: 0

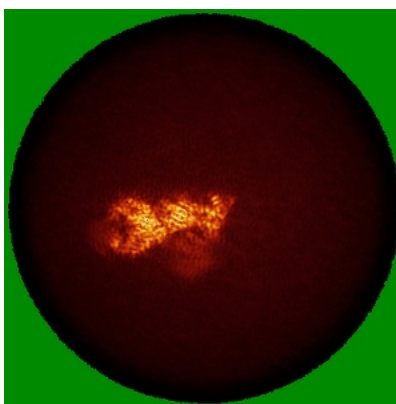
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

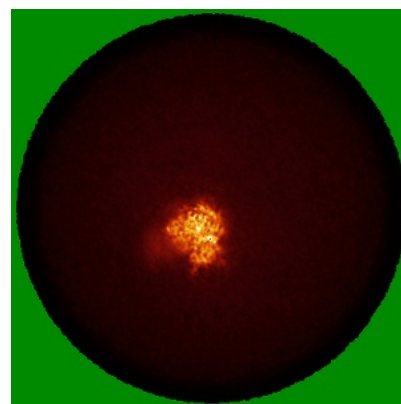
6.4.1 Primary map



X

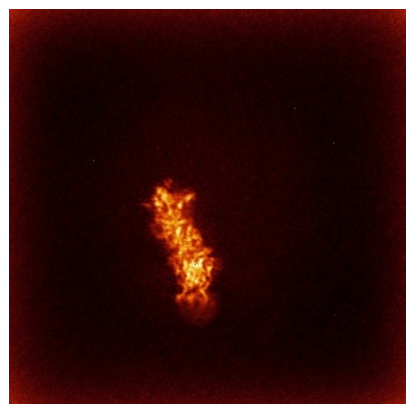


Y



Z

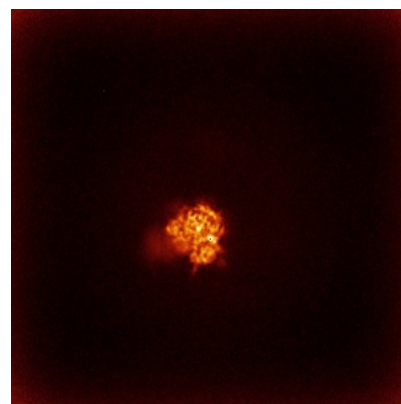
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

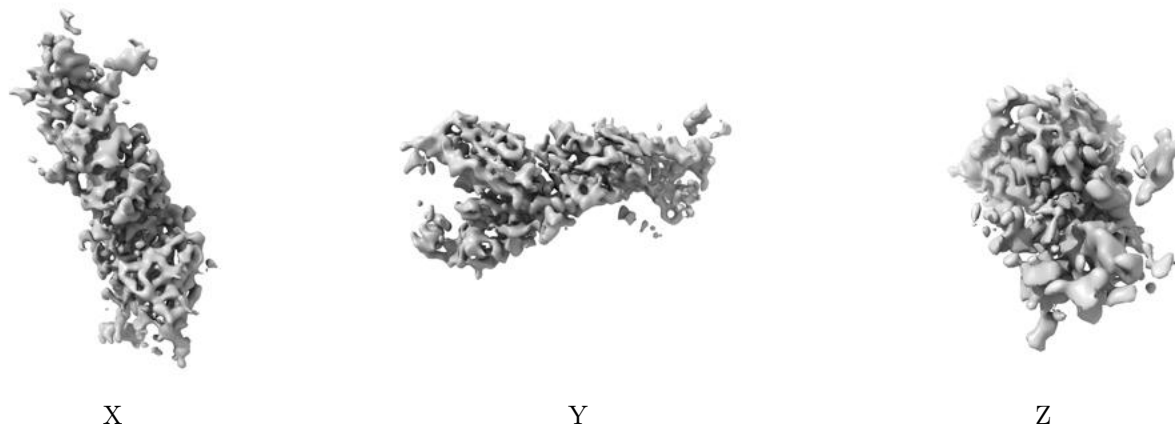


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

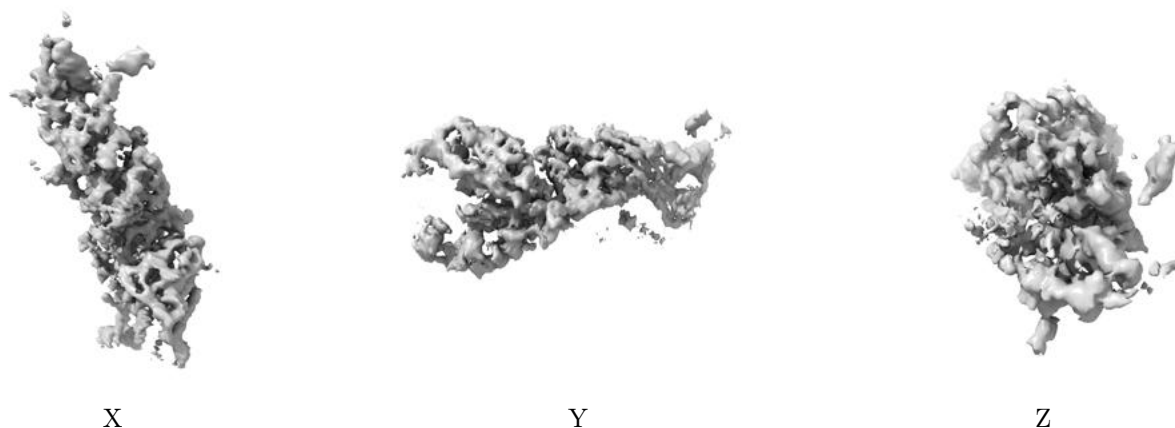
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.5. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

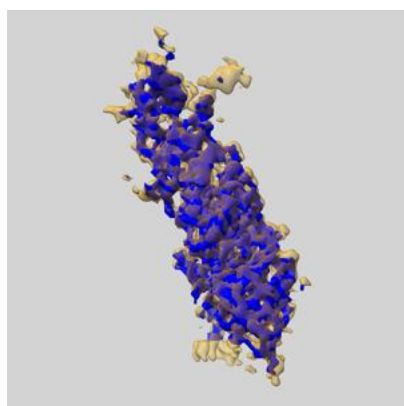
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

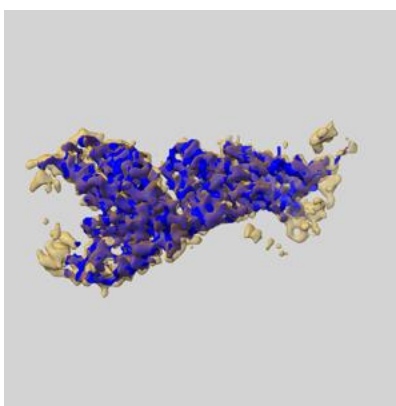
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

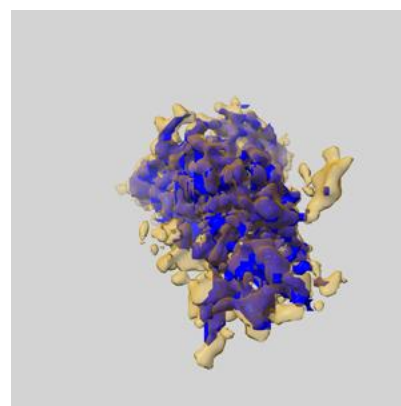
6.6.1 emd_35155_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

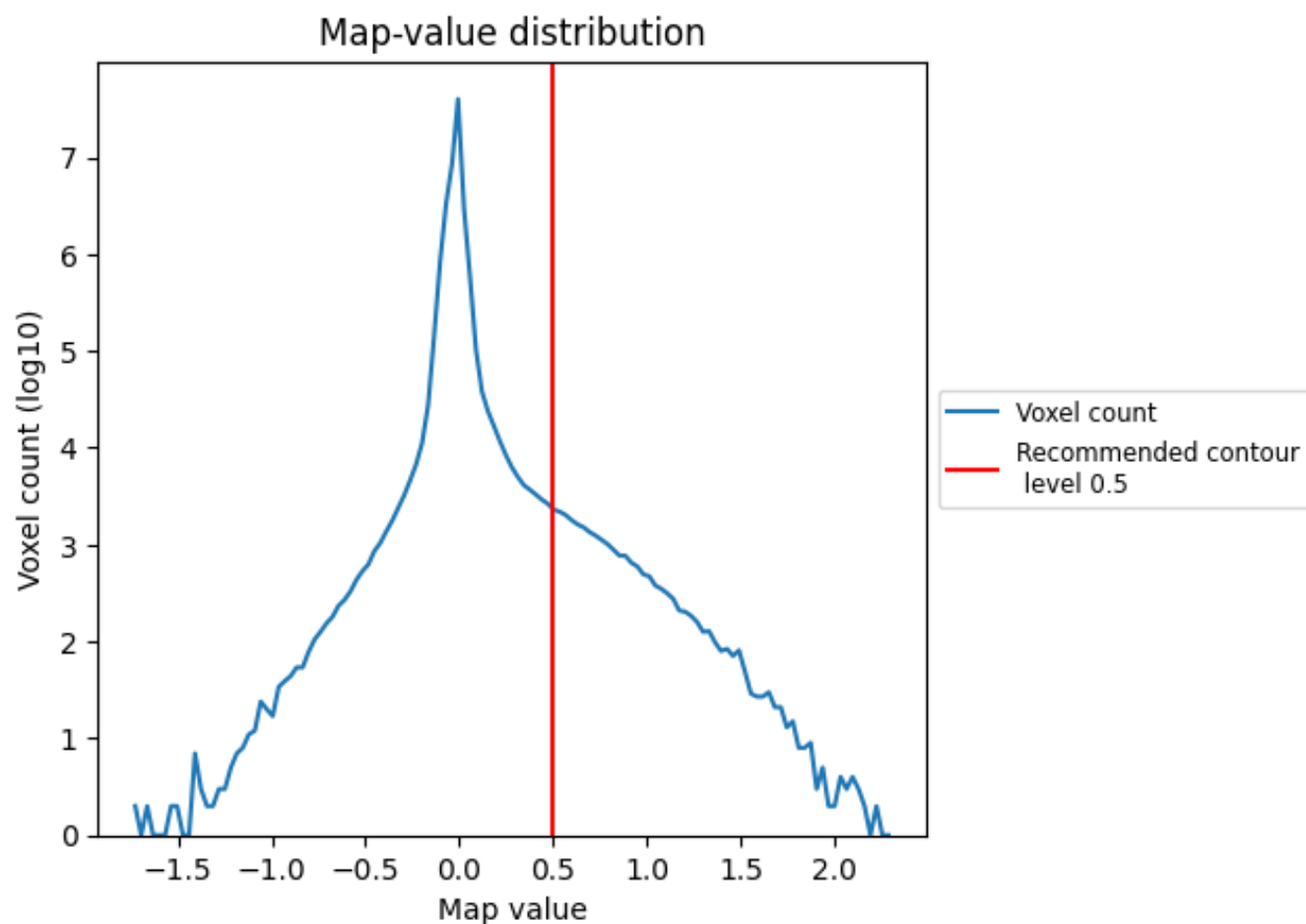


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

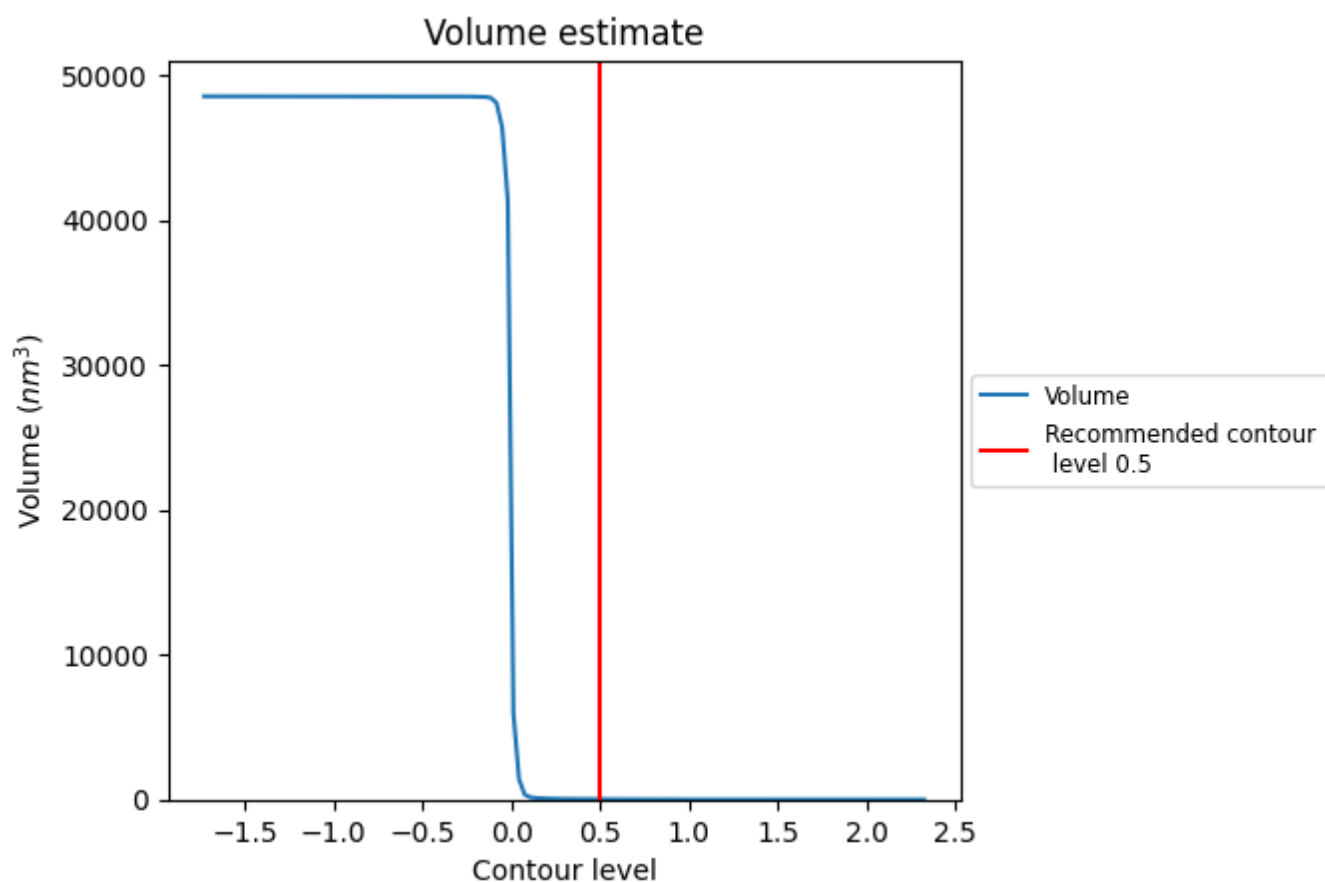
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

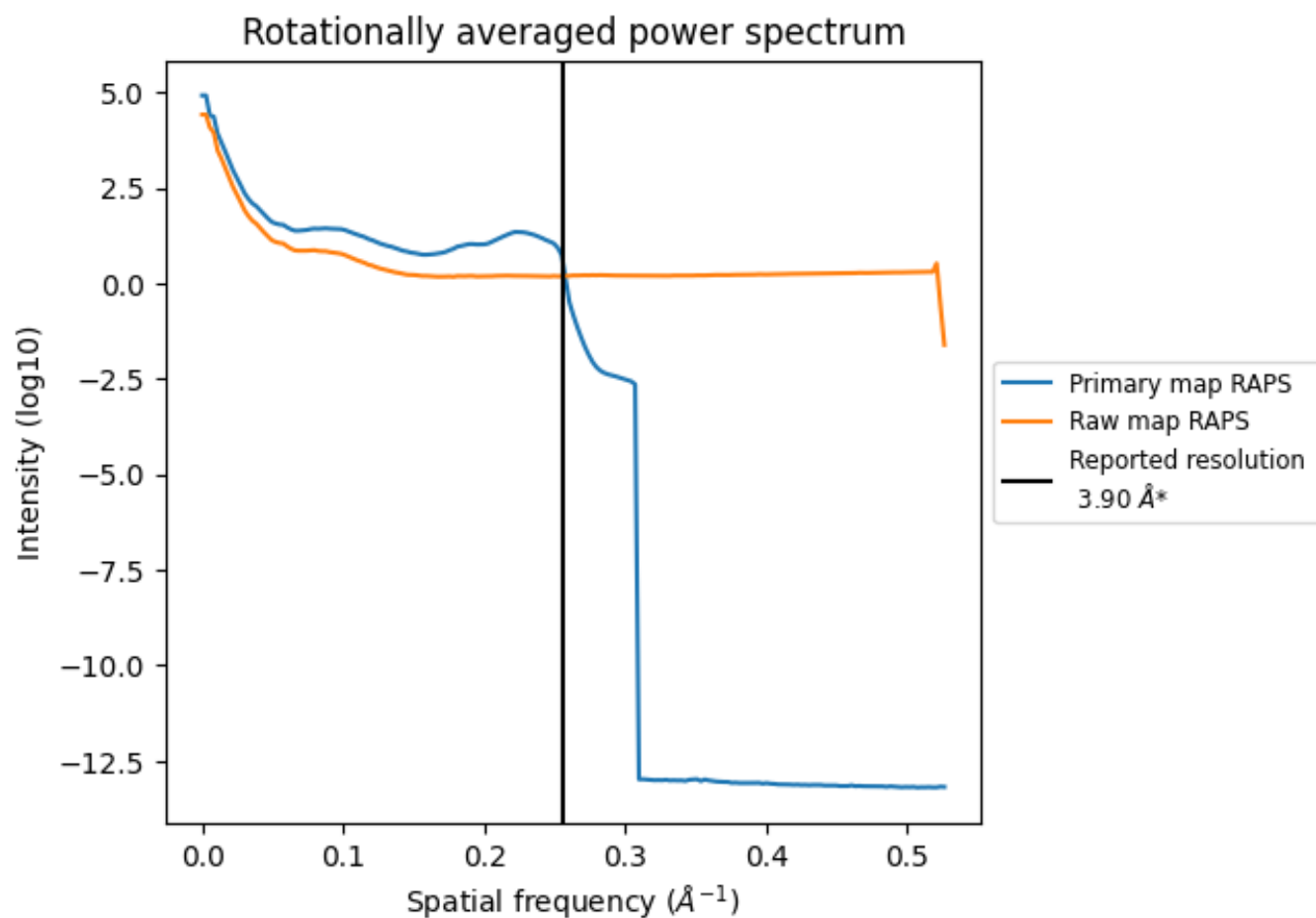
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 21 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 19 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

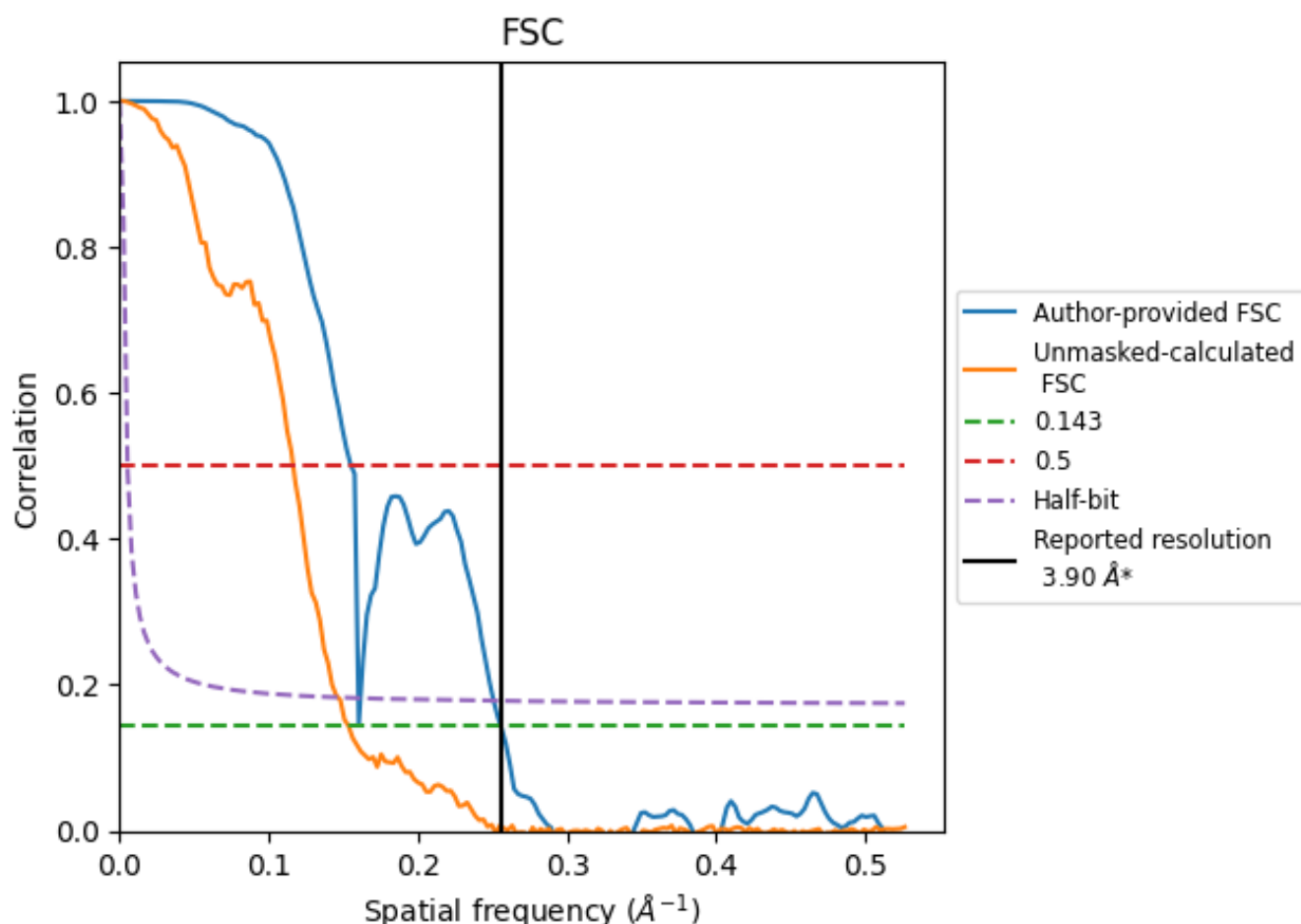


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.256 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.256 \AA^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

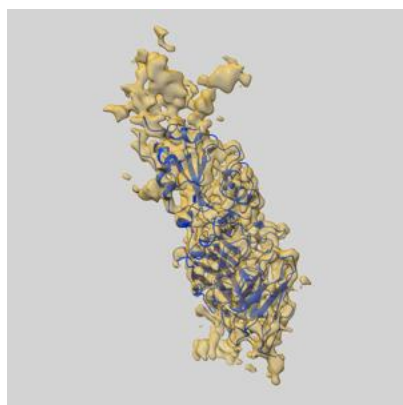
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.90	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.91	6.44	6.25
Unmasked-calculated*	6.51	8.59	6.83

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 6.51 differs from the reported value 3.9 by more than 10 %

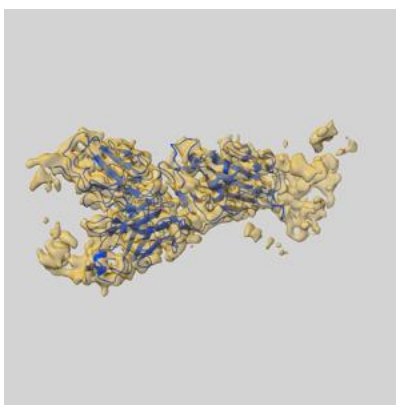
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-35155 and PDB model 8I3S. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [6](#).

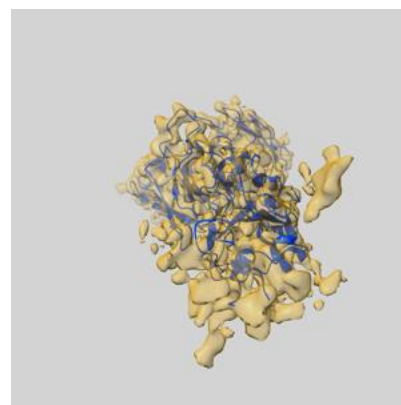
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



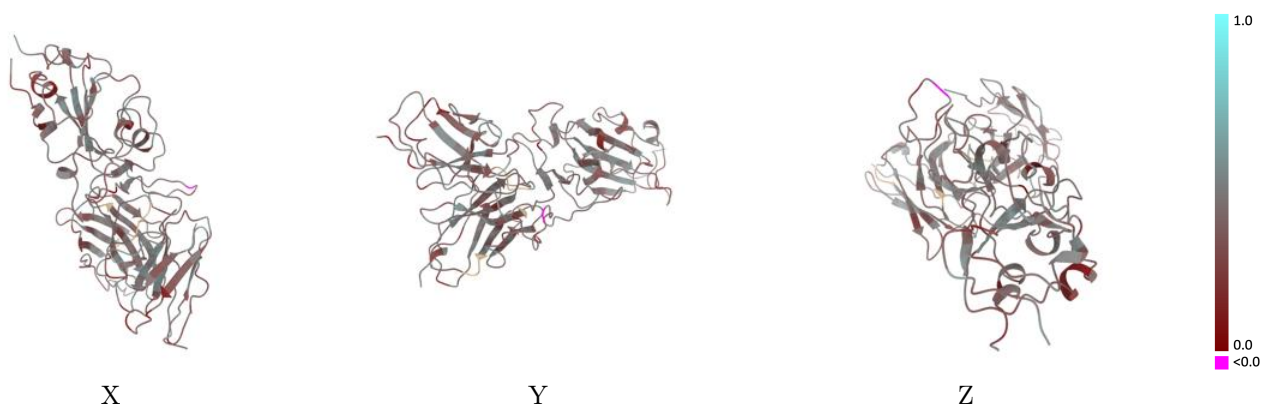
Y



Z

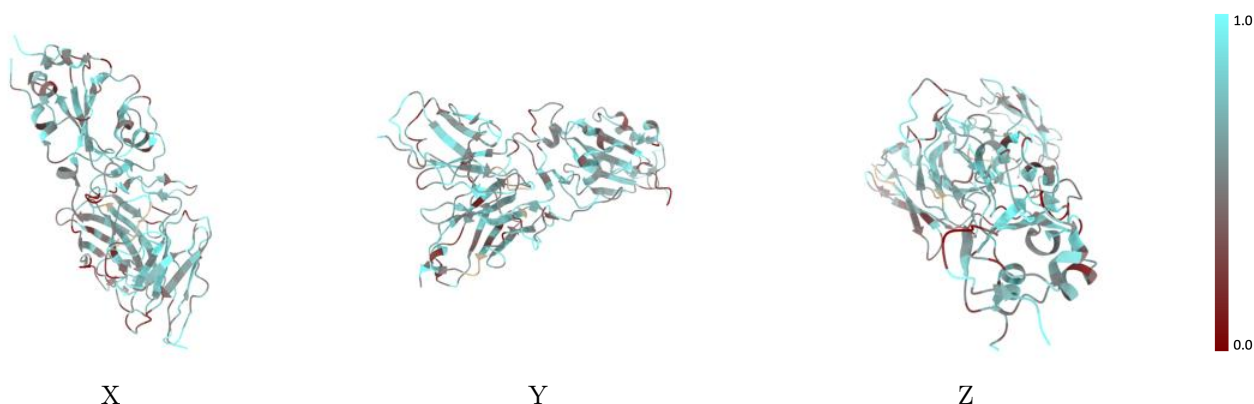
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.5 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



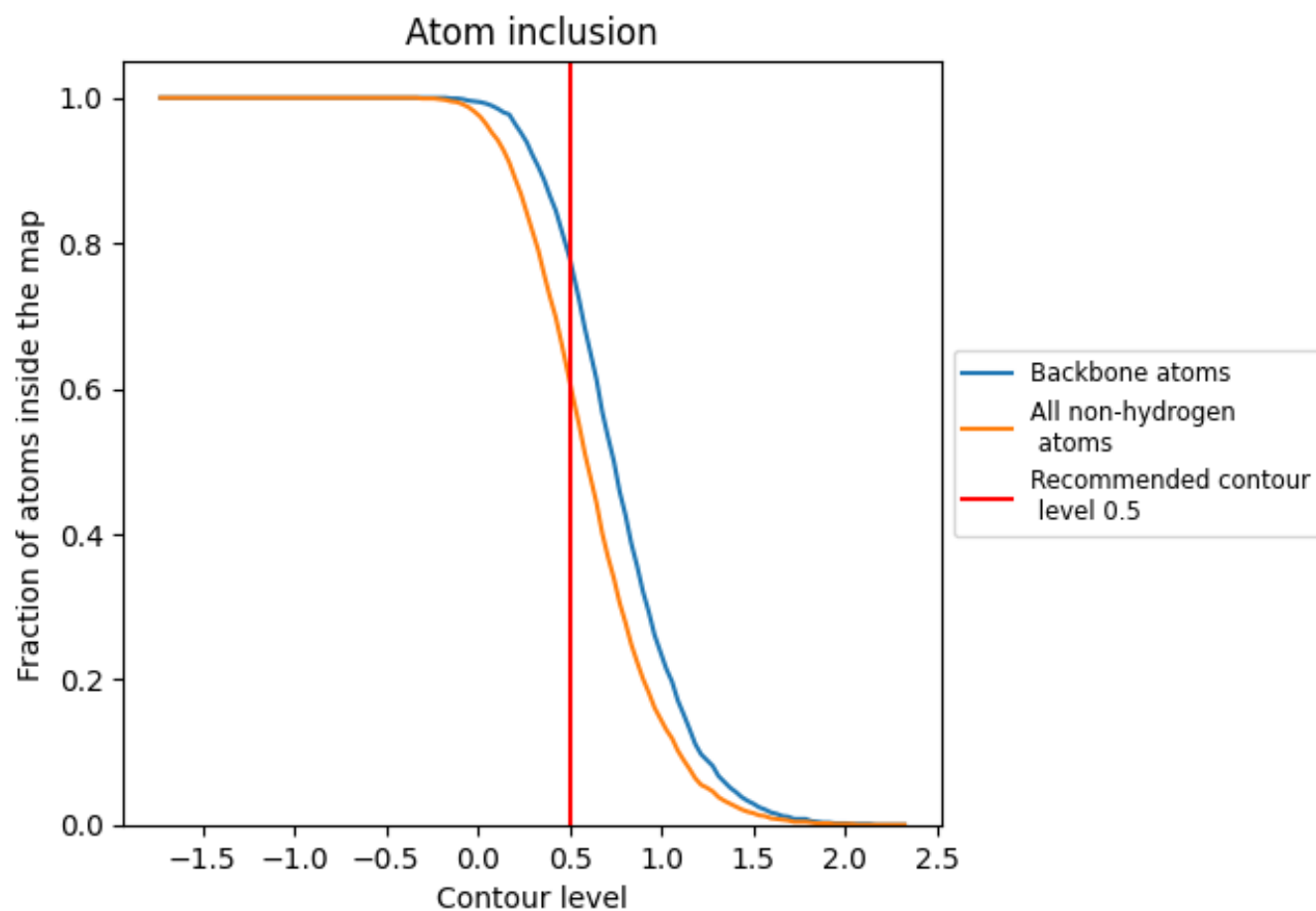
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.5).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 78% of all backbone atoms, 61% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.5) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.6090	<div></div> 0.4000
A	<div></div> 0.6130	<div></div> 0.3990
H	<div></div> 0.5870	<div></div> 0.4020
L	<div></div> 0.6250	<div></div> 0.4000

