



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2MK1  
BMRB ID : 19748  
Title : Solution structure of Lactodifucotetraose (LDFT) beta anomer  
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Deposited on : 2014-01-22

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

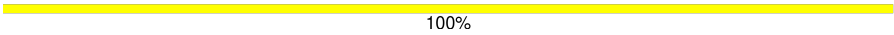
The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	4	

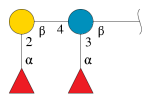
## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 20 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.

### 3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 85 atoms, of which 42 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose.



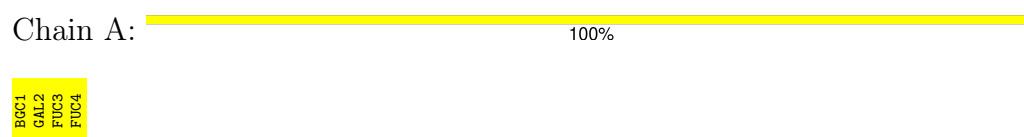
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace
			Total	C	H	O	
1	A	4	85	24	42	19	0

## 4 Residue-property plots

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

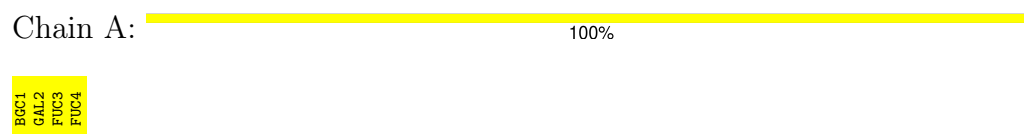


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose



#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose



### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4


- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13


- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14


- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose



Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

#### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  100%

BGC1  
GAL2  
FUC3  
FUC4

## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
Amber	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	54
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	54
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	0%

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BGC, FUC, GAL

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	860	840	780	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

### 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	BGC	A	1	1	12,12,12	1.37±0.01	2±0 (16±1%)
1	GAL	A	2	1	11,11,12	1.55±0.01	3±0 (27±0%)
1	FUC	A	3	1	10,10,11	1.57±0.03	2±0 (20±0%)
1	FUC	A	4	1	10,10,11	1.63±0.02	2±0 (20±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	BGC	A	1	1	17,17,17	0.49±0.03	0±0 (0±0%)
1	GAL	A	2	1	15,15,17	0.90±0.03	1±0 (6±0%)
1	FUC	A	3	1	14,14,16	0.58±0.03	0±0 (0±0%)
1	FUC	A	4	1	14,14,16	0.52±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	BGC	A	1	1	-	0±0,2,22,22	0±0,1,1,1
1	GAL	A	2	1	-	0±0,2,19,22	0±0,1,1,1
1	FUC	A	3	1	-	-	0±0,1,1,1
1	FUC	A	4	1	-	-	0±0,1,1,1

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	4	FUC	O5-C1	2.87	1.48	1.43	3	20
1	A	2	GAL	O2-C2	2.75	1.49	1.43	17	20
1	A	2	GAL	O5-C5	2.72	1.48	1.43	10	20
1	A	4	FUC	O5-C5	2.68	1.48	1.43	1	20
1	A	3	FUC	O5-C1	2.59	1.48	1.43	6	20
1	A	2	GAL	O5-C1	2.52	1.47	1.43	12	20
1	A	1	BGC	O3-C3	2.43	1.49	1.43	2	20
1	A	3	FUC	O5-C5	2.35	1.48	1.43	17	20
1	A	1	BGC	O4-C4	2.15	1.48	1.43	10	19

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

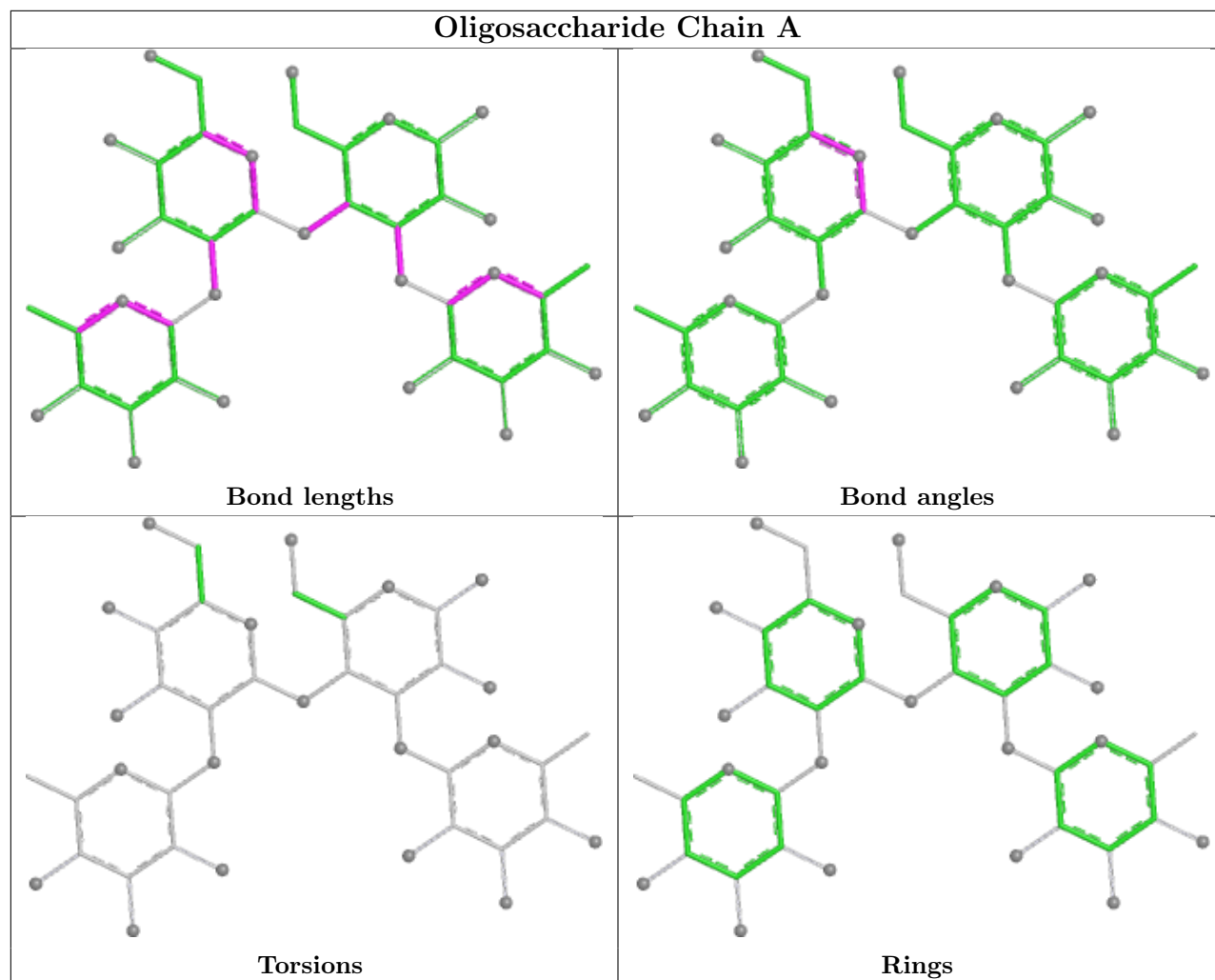
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	2	GAL	C1-O5-C5	2.82	115.97	112.19	20	20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 0% for the well-defined parts and 0% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	54
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	54
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is —%, i.e. 0 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 0. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
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The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is —%, i.e. 0 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 0. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
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#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

No *random coil index*(RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins