



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Dec 24, 2024 – 10:55 PM EST

PDB ID : 2MOE
BMRB ID : 19939
Title : Solution structure of MBD4 methyl-cytosine binding domain bound to methylated DNA
Authors : Williams, D.C.; Walavalkar, N.M.
Deposited on : 2014-04-24

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We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

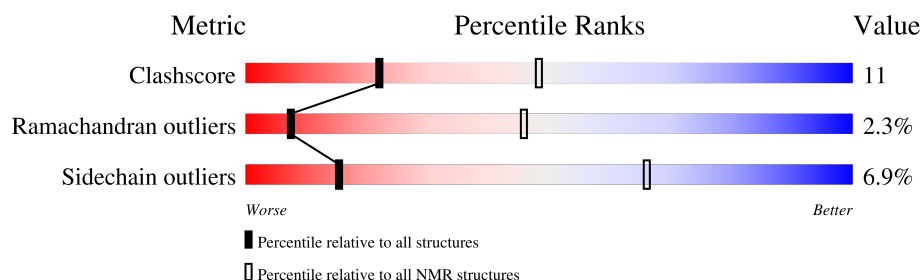
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 63%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	71	
2	B	10	
3	C	10	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:87-A:143 (57)	0.87	4

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 15
2	1, 6, 10, 14, 18, 19
3	5, 11, 20
4	16, 17

3 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1779 atoms, of which 805 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	71	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1142	363	574	101	102	2	

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	78	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O95243
A	79	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O95243

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	B	10	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			320	98	116	38	59	9	

- Molecule 3 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3').

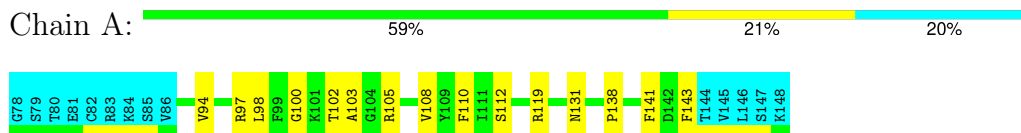
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
3	C	10	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			317	97	115	39	57	9	

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

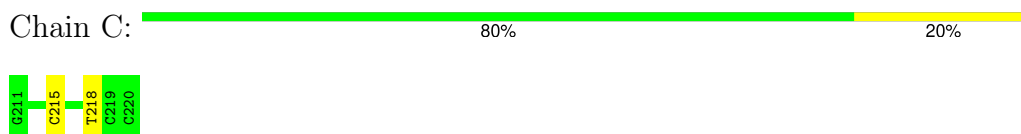
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')



- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')

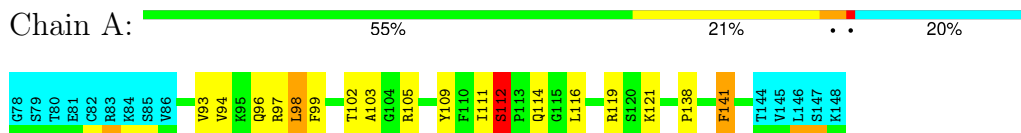


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4




- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

Chain B:  70% 30%



- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')

Chain C:  80% 20%



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4

Chain A:  44% 31% 6% 20%



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

Chain B:  70% 30%



- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')

Chain C:  70% 30%



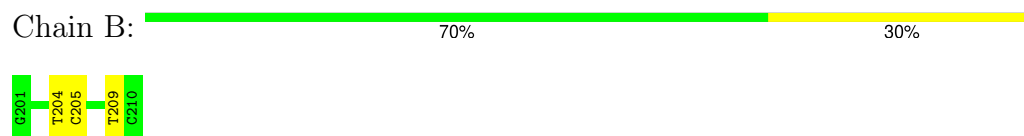
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4

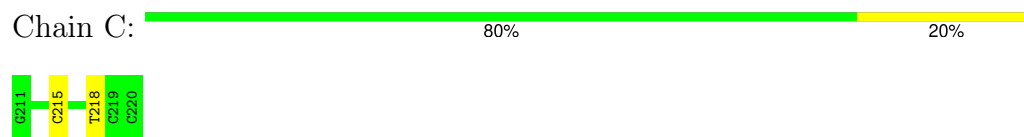
Chain A:  59% 17% 20%



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

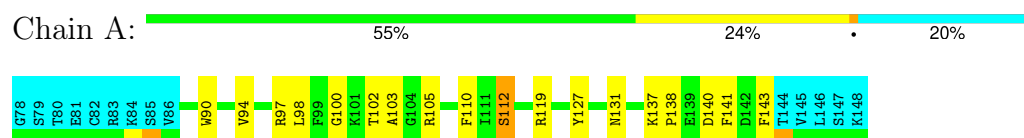


- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4 (medoid)

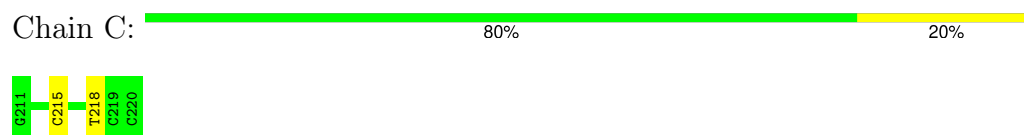
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

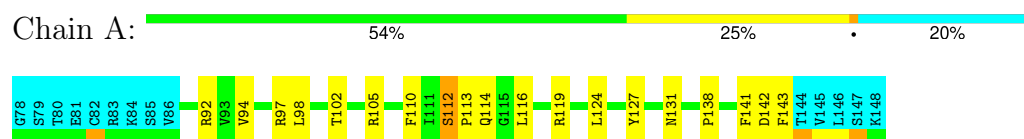


- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')





- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')

Chain C: 70% 30%



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4

Chain A: 55% 24% 20%



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

Chain B: 70% 30%



- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')

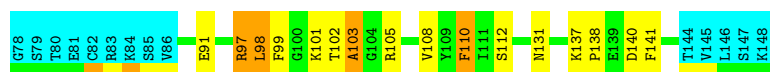
Chain C: 80% 20%



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4

Chain A: 58% 17% 6% 20%

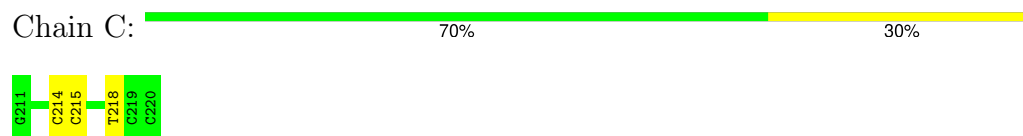


- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

Chain B: 60% 40%

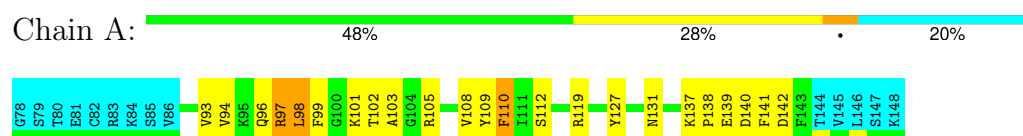


- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')

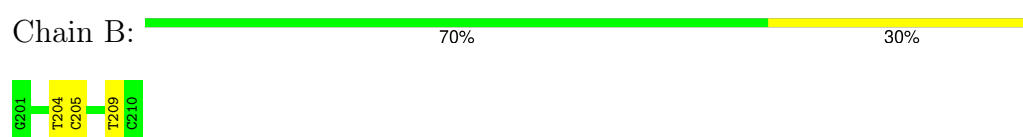


4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

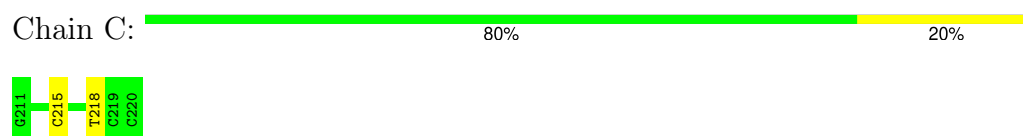
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

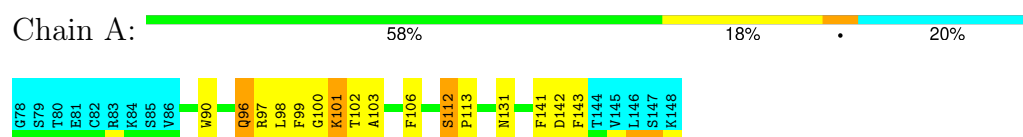


- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

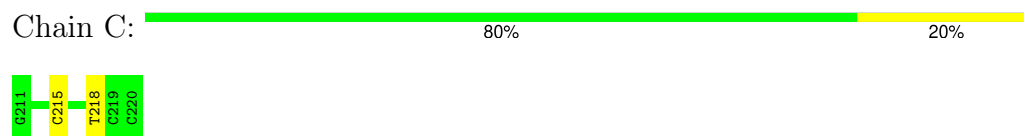
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

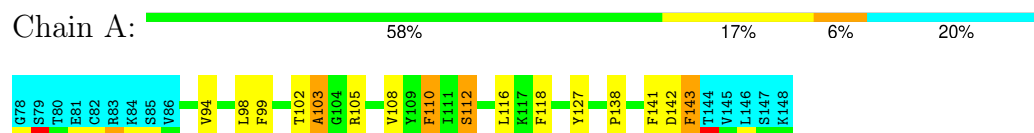


- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')

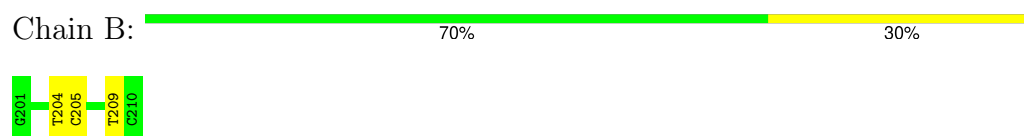


4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

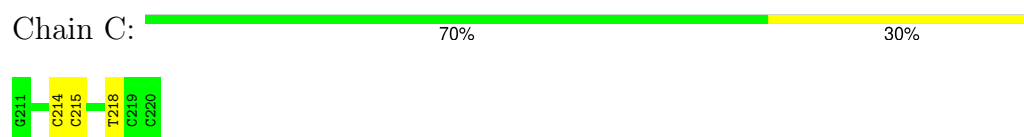
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

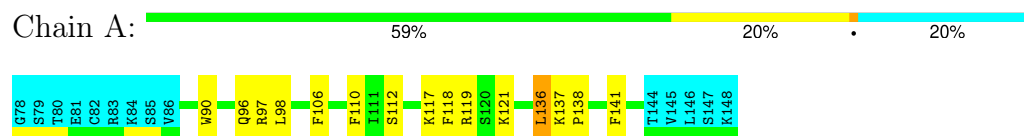


- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')

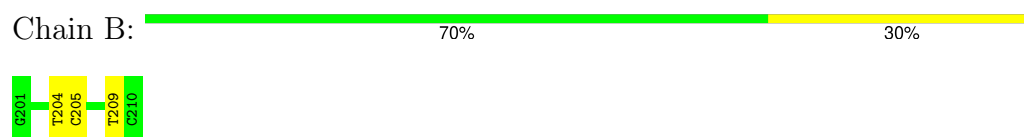


4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

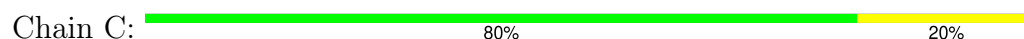
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')



- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')





4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

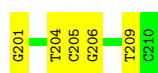
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4

Chain A: 56% 20% 20%



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

Chain B: 50% 50%



- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')

Chain C: 80% 20%



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

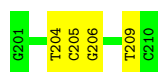
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4

Chain A: 55% 23% 20%



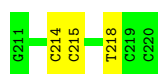
- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

Chain B: 60% 40%



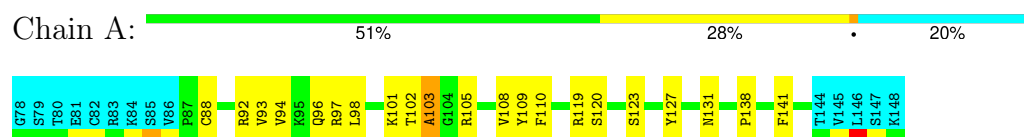
- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')

Chain C: 70% 30%



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

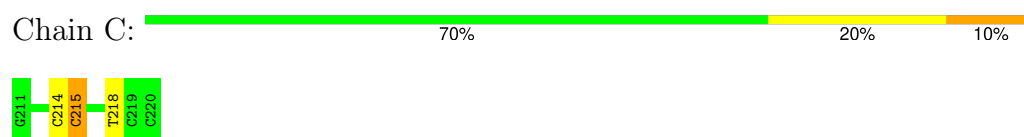
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')



- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

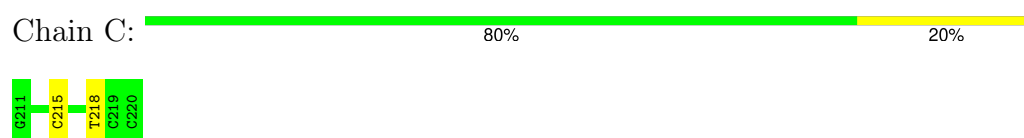
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

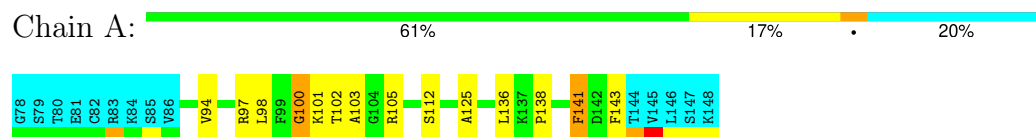


- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

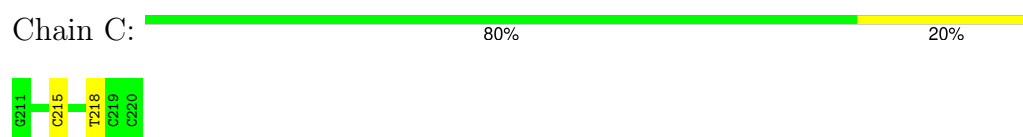
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

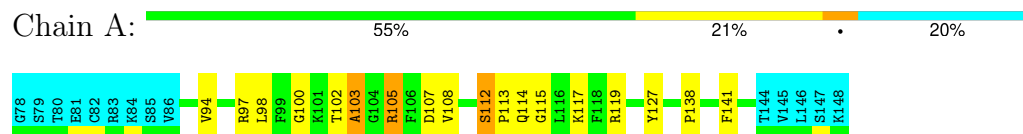


- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

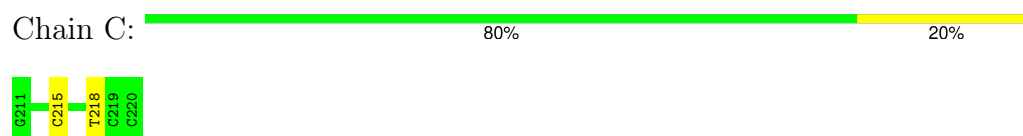
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

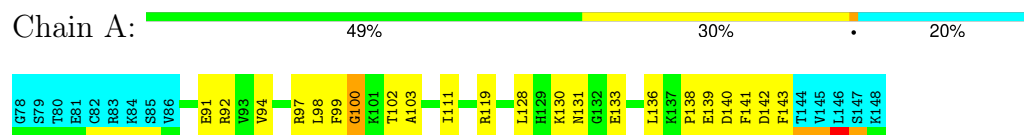


- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

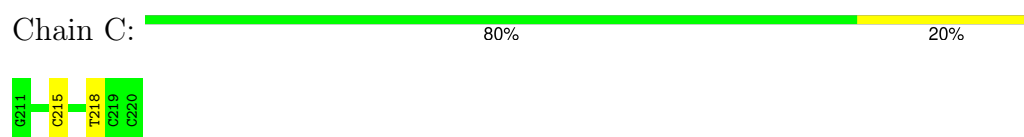
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

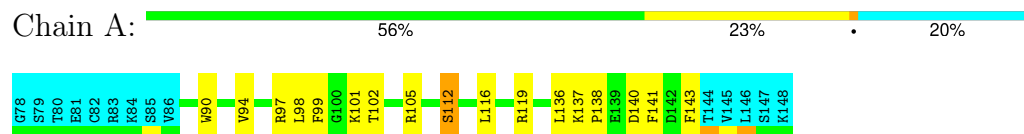


- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

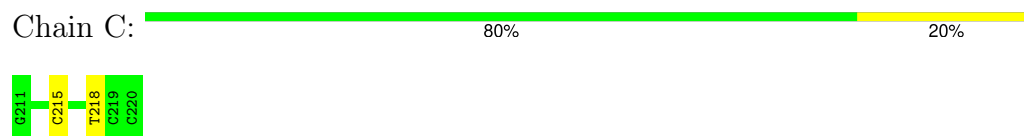
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')

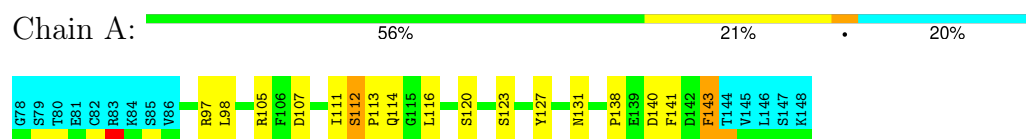


- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')

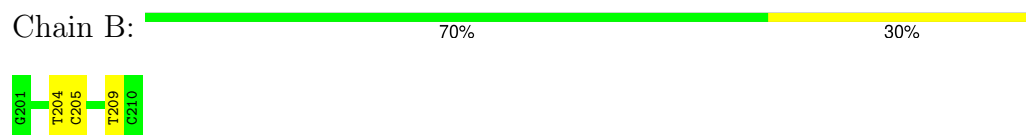


4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

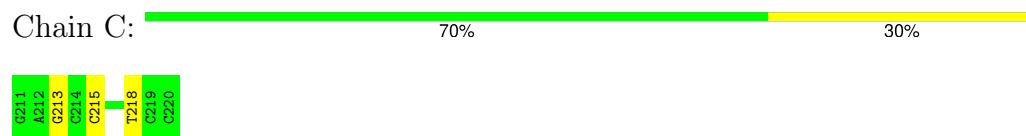
- Molecule 1: Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 4



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*TP*(5CM)P*GP*GP*CP*TP*C)-3')



- Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(*GP*AP*GP*CP*(5CM)P*GP*AP*TP*CP*C)-3')



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	3
Total number of shifts	892
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	892
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	63%

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 5CM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.66±0.00	0±0/481 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.77±0.00	0±0/645 (0.0± 0.0%)
2	B	0.96±0.01	1±1/205 (0.7± 0.3%)	1.38±0.02	4±0/313 (1.3± 0.1%)
3	C	0.90±0.01	1±0/203 (0.3± 0.2%)	1.30±0.01	2±0/309 (0.6± 0.0%)
All	All	0.79	43/17780 (0.2%)	1.09	119/25340 (0.5%)

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	209	DT	C5-C7	5.42	1.53	1.50	5	15
2	B	204	DT	C5-C7	5.37	1.53	1.50	16	14
3	C	218	DT	C5-C7	5.30	1.53	1.50	16	14

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
3	C	218	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.33	119.10	122.90	14	20
2	B	204	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.16	119.20	122.90	13	20
2	B	209	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.05	119.27	122.90	18	20
3	C	218	DT	C4-C5-C6	5.59	121.35	118.00	19	20
2	B	204	DT	C4-C5-C6	5.49	121.29	118.00	20	20
2	B	209	DT	C4-C5-C6	5.37	121.22	118.00	17	19

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	467	461	460	18±4
2	B	204	116	116	1±1
3	C	202	115	115	1±1
All	All	17460	13840	13820	355

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:98:LEU:N	1:A:98:LEU:HD22	0.80	1.91	19	4
1:A:102:THR:HG21	2:B:206:DG:N7	0.74	1.97	7	8
1:A:97:ARG:C	1:A:98:LEU:HD12	0.69	2.08	13	3
1:A:102:THR:HG21	2:B:206:DG:C8	0.67	2.25	9	5
1:A:97:ARG:NH1	1:A:102:THR:OG1	0.66	2.29	1	3
1:A:127:TYR:CZ	1:A:131:ASN:ND2	0.64	2.65	4	2
1:A:98:LEU:O	1:A:99:PHE:CD1	0.64	2.50	7	4
1:A:97:ARG:C	1:A:98:LEU:HD22	0.64	2.12	12	10
1:A:143:PHE:O	1:A:143:PHE:CD2	0.64	2.51	5	2
1:A:128:LEU:O	1:A:131:ASN:OD1	0.63	2.17	18	1
1:A:90:TRP:CZ2	1:A:136:LEU:HD22	0.62	2.30	11	1
1:A:110:PHE:CE1	1:A:141:PHE:CD2	0.62	2.88	4	4
1:A:141:PHE:CG	1:A:141:PHE:O	0.62	2.53	11	11
1:A:110:PHE:CE1	1:A:141:PHE:CE1	0.62	2.87	8	1
1:A:110:PHE:CE1	1:A:141:PHE:CE2	0.61	2.88	4	1
1:A:110:PHE:CZ	1:A:141:PHE:CE1	0.61	2.88	7	3
1:A:110:PHE:CD1	1:A:110:PHE:N	0.60	2.68	3	9
1:A:98:LEU:HD22	1:A:98:LEU:N	0.60	2.11	7	12
1:A:143:PHE:O	1:A:143:PHE:CG	0.59	2.54	5	3
1:A:98:LEU:N	1:A:98:LEU:CD2	0.59	2.63	19	13
1:A:138:PRO:O	1:A:141:PHE:CD1	0.59	2.56	2	14
1:A:116:LEU:HD12	1:A:116:LEU:C	0.58	2.18	10	1
1:A:116:LEU:HD12	1:A:116:LEU:O	0.58	1.98	10	1
1:A:97:ARG:O	1:A:103:ALA:HB1	0.58	1.98	18	1
1:A:105:ARG:NH1	3:C:214:DC:N4	0.58	2.50	14	2

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:116:LEU:HD13	1:A:118:PHE:CE2	0.58	2.33	10	1
1:A:140:ASP:OD1	1:A:141:PHE:N	0.58	2.37	7	2
1:A:127:TYR:CE1	1:A:131:ASN:ND2	0.57	2.73	13	3
1:A:96:GLN:NE2	1:A:106:PHE:CE2	0.57	2.72	6	2
1:A:105:ARG:HE	1:A:105:ARG:CA	0.57	2.12	17	1
1:A:105:ARG:HH12	3:C:214:DC:N4	0.56	1.98	14	1
1:A:105:ARG:CA	1:A:105:ARG:NE	0.56	2.69	17	1
1:A:94:VAL:O	1:A:94:VAL:HG23	0.56	2.01	1	5
1:A:114:GLN:OE1	1:A:116:LEU:HD23	0.55	2.01	1	1
1:A:141:PHE:O	1:A:141:PHE:CD1	0.55	2.59	16	4
1:A:94:VAL:HG12	1:A:108:VAL:HG12	0.55	1.77	2	8
1:A:99:PHE:CD1	1:A:99:PHE:N	0.55	2.74	19	2
1:A:141:PHE:CD1	1:A:141:PHE:O	0.55	2.59	1	3
1:A:138:PRO:O	1:A:141:PHE:CD2	0.54	2.60	3	3
1:A:136:LEU:HD12	1:A:140:ASP:OD1	0.54	2.02	19	1
1:A:105:ARG:NH2	3:C:213:DG:N7	0.54	2.55	20	1
1:A:131:ASN:OD1	1:A:133:GLU:N	0.54	2.38	18	1
1:A:102:THR:O	1:A:103:ALA:C	0.54	2.46	12	11
1:A:127:TYR:CE1	1:A:131:ASN:OD1	0.54	2.62	14	2
1:A:105:ARG:NH1	3:C:213:DG:N7	0.53	2.56	5	3
1:A:114:GLN:NE2	1:A:114:GLN:H	0.53	2.02	5	1
1:A:105:ARG:CZ	3:C:213:DG:N7	0.53	2.71	20	1
1:A:94:VAL:HG12	1:A:108:VAL:CG1	0.53	2.33	2	8
1:A:105:ARG:NH2	3:C:214:DC:C5	0.53	2.76	14	1
1:A:92:ARG:NH2	1:A:142:ASP:O	0.53	2.41	18	2
1:A:133:GLU:O	1:A:135:SER:N	0.53	2.41	15	1
1:A:141:PHE:O	1:A:141:PHE:CG	0.53	2.61	2	6
1:A:96:GLN:OE1	1:A:106:PHE:CE2	0.53	2.62	9	1
1:A:138:PRO:O	1:A:141:PHE:CE2	0.53	2.62	7	3
1:A:143:PHE:CG	1:A:143:PHE:O	0.52	2.62	12	1
1:A:94:VAL:HG23	1:A:94:VAL:O	0.52	2.05	18	5
1:A:117:LYS:O	1:A:118:PHE:CD1	0.52	2.63	11	1
1:A:136:LEU:CD2	1:A:136:LEU:N	0.52	2.72	19	2
1:A:93:VAL:HG11	1:A:109:TYR:OH	0.52	2.05	8	8
1:A:114:GLN:NE2	1:A:127:TYR:OH	0.51	2.42	17	2
1:A:138:PRO:O	1:A:141:PHE:CE1	0.51	2.63	2	4
1:A:112:SER:OG	1:A:116:LEU:HD11	0.51	2.05	10	1
1:A:102:THR:O	1:A:105:ARG:NE	0.51	2.43	17	1
1:A:136:LEU:N	1:A:136:LEU:HD22	0.51	2.19	19	4
1:A:105:ARG:HH12	3:C:214:DC:H41	0.51	1.48	7	1
1:A:90:TRP:CZ3	1:A:112:SER:OG	0.51	2.63	19	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:96:GLN:NE2	1:A:96:GLN:N	0.50	2.58	2	1
1:A:98:LEU:CD2	1:A:98:LEU:N	0.50	2.74	8	3
1:A:125:ALA:HB2	1:A:138:PRO:HG3	0.50	1.83	16	1
1:A:133:GLU:C	1:A:135:SER:H	0.50	2.10	6	1
1:A:100:GLY:N	1:A:103:ALA:HB2	0.50	2.22	12	4
1:A:110:PHE:CZ	1:A:141:PHE:CD1	0.50	3.00	3	2
1:A:110:PHE:CE2	1:A:141:PHE:CD2	0.50	3.00	5	1
1:A:105:ARG:NH1	2:B:206:DG:O6	0.50	2.45	14	1
1:A:116:LEU:HD13	1:A:118:PHE:CD2	0.50	2.42	10	1
1:A:126:ASN:ND2	2:B:201:DG:O5'	0.50	2.45	12	1
1:A:101:LYS:HG3	1:A:102:THR:HG23	0.49	1.84	9	1
1:A:111:ILE:HG23	1:A:116:LEU:O	0.49	2.07	20	2
1:A:98:LEU:HD12	1:A:98:LEU:N	0.49	2.23	10	4
1:A:105:ARG:NH1	3:C:214:DC:H41	0.49	2.05	10	1
1:A:110:PHE:CZ	1:A:141:PHE:CD2	0.49	3.01	2	1
1:A:110:PHE:CE1	1:A:141:PHE:CD1	0.49	3.00	8	3
1:A:102:THR:O	1:A:103:ALA:O	0.49	2.31	7	5
1:A:116:LEU:CD2	1:A:127:TYR:CE1	0.49	2.95	10	1
1:A:105:ARG:HE	3:C:214:DC:H41	0.49	1.50	13	1
1:A:102:THR:HG21	2:B:206:DG:C5	0.49	2.42	15	1
1:A:141:PHE:O	1:A:141:PHE:CD2	0.48	2.66	20	4
1:A:105:ARG:HE	1:A:105:ARG:N	0.48	2.06	17	1
1:A:91:GLU:N	1:A:91:GLU:OE1	0.48	2.47	18	4
1:A:112:SER:CB	1:A:113:PRO:CD	0.48	2.91	17	4
1:A:136:LEU:N	1:A:136:LEU:CD2	0.48	2.77	18	2
1:A:96:GLN:OE1	1:A:106:PHE:CZ	0.47	2.67	9	1
1:A:99:PHE:H	1:A:103:ALA:HB2	0.47	1.69	9	1
1:A:137:LYS:O	1:A:140:ASP:OD2	0.47	2.32	2	2
1:A:96:GLN:OE1	1:A:97:ARG:O	0.47	2.33	1	2
1:A:114:GLN:HE22	1:A:131:ASN:ND2	0.47	2.08	20	1
1:A:102:THR:CA	1:A:105:ARG:HH21	0.47	2.23	5	1
1:A:141:PHE:CD2	1:A:141:PHE:O	0.47	2.69	2	3
1:A:142:ASP:OD1	1:A:143:PHE:N	0.46	2.49	9	1
1:A:110:PHE:CD1	1:A:141:PHE:CD2	0.46	3.03	4	1
1:A:96:GLN:OE1	1:A:106:PHE:CD2	0.46	2.68	11	2
1:A:115:GLY:O	1:A:117:LYS:NZ	0.46	2.49	17	1
1:A:137:LYS:N	1:A:140:ASP:OD2	0.45	2.49	4	2
1:A:116:LEU:N	1:A:116:LEU:CD2	0.45	2.78	6	3
1:A:98:LEU:O	1:A:99:PHE:CG	0.45	2.68	15	1
1:A:105:ARG:NE	1:A:105:ARG:CA	0.45	2.78	3	1
1:A:96:GLN:O	1:A:98:LEU:CD1	0.45	2.65	2	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:139:GLU:N	1:A:139:GLU:OE1	0.45	2.50	18	1
1:A:141:PHE:CD1	1:A:141:PHE:C	0.45	2.90	8	3
1:A:139:GLU:OE1	1:A:139:GLU:N	0.45	2.48	8	1
1:A:112:SER:OG	1:A:116:LEU:O	0.45	2.32	12	1
1:A:99:PHE:O	1:A:100:GLY:C	0.45	2.56	18	1
1:A:131:ASN:OD1	1:A:131:ASN:O	0.45	2.35	7	4
1:A:116:LEU:N	1:A:116:LEU:HD22	0.44	2.27	6	2
1:A:142:ASP:O	1:A:142:ASP:OD1	0.44	2.35	2	1
1:A:105:ARG:NE	3:C:214:DC:H41	0.44	2.10	13	1
1:A:91:GLU:OE1	1:A:111:ILE:O	0.44	2.34	18	1
1:A:114:GLN:CD	1:A:114:GLN:N	0.43	2.71	5	2
1:A:116:LEU:HD12	1:A:127:TYR:CE1	0.43	2.47	5	1
1:A:96:GLN:NE2	1:A:106:PHE:CZ	0.43	2.85	9	1
1:A:90:TRP:CZ3	1:A:112:SER:CA	0.43	3.01	4	1
1:A:97:ARG:NH1	1:A:102:THR:CB	0.43	2.82	3	1
1:A:111:ILE:O	1:A:112:SER:O	0.43	2.37	1	1
1:A:105:ARG:HE	3:C:214:DC:N4	0.43	2.11	13	1
1:A:97:ARG:NE	1:A:107:ASP:OD2	0.43	2.51	17	1
1:A:133:GLU:C	1:A:135:SER:N	0.43	2.71	6	1
1:A:133:GLU:O	1:A:134:THR:OG1	0.43	2.33	6	1
1:A:105:ARG:NH2	3:C:215:5CM:N4	0.43	2.67	14	1
1:A:140:ASP:OD1	1:A:140:ASP:O	0.42	2.37	18	1
1:A:114:GLN:OE1	1:A:114:GLN:N	0.42	2.48	2	1
1:A:96:GLN:NE2	1:A:97:ARG:O	0.42	2.53	8	1
1:A:124:LEU:CD2	1:A:141:PHE:CD1	0.42	3.03	5	1
1:A:102:THR:O	1:A:105:ARG:CZ	0.42	2.68	17	1
1:A:124:LEU:HD23	1:A:141:PHE:CE1	0.42	2.50	5	1
1:A:96:GLN:O	1:A:98:LEU:CD2	0.42	2.68	14	1
1:A:98:LEU:N	1:A:98:LEU:CD1	0.41	2.83	2	1
1:A:120:SER:OG	1:A:123:SER:OG	0.41	2.37	14	1
1:A:99:PHE:CE1	2:B:206:DG:OP2	0.41	2.73	15	1
1:A:96:GLN:CD	1:A:106:PHE:CE2	0.41	2.94	9	1
1:A:114:GLN:OE1	1:A:116:LEU:CD2	0.41	2.68	1	1
1:A:90:TRP:CH2	1:A:112:SER:OG	0.41	2.62	2	1
1:A:142:ASP:O	1:A:143:PHE:O	0.41	2.39	10	2
1:A:137:LYS:O	1:A:140:ASP:CG	0.41	2.59	7	1
1:A:120:SER:O	1:A:123:SER:OG	0.41	2.37	20	1
1:A:105:ARG:CZ	1:A:105:ARG:N	0.41	2.84	3	1
1:A:90:TRP:CD1	1:A:90:TRP:N	0.41	2.89	9	1
1:A:97:ARG:O	1:A:98:LEU:HD22	0.41	2.16	12	1
1:A:136:LEU:CD1	1:A:140:ASP:OD2	0.40	2.69	18	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:131:ASN:OD1	1:A:131:ASN:C	0.40	2.57	18	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	57/71 (80%)	54±1 (95±2%)	2±1 (3±2%)	1±1 (2±1%)	7	46
All	All	1140/1420 (80%)	1080 (95%)	34 (3%)	26 (2%)	7	46

All 7 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	103	ALA	8
1	A	100	GLY	7
1	A	98	LEU	4
1	A	143	PHE	4
1	A	112	SER	1
1	A	99	PHE	1
1	A	134	THR	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	50/63 (79%)	47±1 (93±3%)	3±1 (7±3%)	15	66
All	All	1000/1260 (79%)	931 (93%)	69 (7%)	15	66

All 18 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the

frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	112	SER	15
1	A	119	ARG	12
1	A	105	ARG	9
1	A	101	LYS	7
1	A	110	PHE	5
1	A	121	LYS	3
1	A	97	ARG	3
1	A	141	PHE	2
1	A	96	GLN	2
1	A	108	VAL	2
1	A	137	LYS	2
1	A	95	LYS	1
1	A	131	ASN	1
1	A	136	LEU	1
1	A	92	ARG	1
1	A	117	LYS	1
1	A	130	LYS	1
1	A	107	ASP	1

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	5CM	B	205	2,3	18,21,22	0.42±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)
3	5CM	C	215	2,3	18,21,22	0.41±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles

that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	5CM	B	205	2,3	24,30,33	0.76±0.01	1±0 (4±0%)
3	5CM	C	215	2,3	24,30,33	0.76±0.01	1±0 (4±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	5CM	B	205	2,3	-	0±0,7,21,22	0±0,2,2,2
3	5CM	C	215	2,3	-	0±0,7,21,22	0±0,2,2,2

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	205	5CM	C5-C6-N1	2.57	120.53	123.31	11	20
3	C	215	5CM	C5-C6-N1	2.55	120.54	123.31	20	20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 63% for the well-defined parts and 65% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *MBD4mbd_chemshift*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	798
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	798
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	70	-0.44 ± 0.08	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	65	0.20 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	65	-0.09 ± 0.17	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	65	-0.45 ± 0.51	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 57%, i.e. 666 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1163. 0 out of 8 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	280/284 (99%)	114/116 (98%)	112/114 (98%)	54/54 (100%)
Sidechain	342/420 (81%)	223/269 (83%)	111/129 (86%)	8/22 (36%)

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	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Aromatic	44/98 (45%)	25/48 (52%)	18/47 (38%)	1/3 (33%)
Sugar	0/216 (0%)	0/126 (0%)	0/90 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Base	0/145 (0%)	0/91 (0%)	0/29 (0%)	0/25 (0%)
Overall	666/1163 (57%)	362/650 (56%)	241/409 (59%)	63/104 (61%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 59%, i.e. 798 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1342. 0 out of 11 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	337/355 (95%)	137/145 (94%)	135/142 (95%)	65/68 (96%)
Sidechain	417/528 (79%)	270/339 (80%)	138/162 (85%)	9/27 (33%)
Aromatic	44/98 (45%)	25/48 (52%)	18/47 (38%)	1/3 (33%)
Sugar	0/216 (0%)	0/126 (0%)	0/90 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Base	0/145 (0%)	0/91 (0%)	0/29 (0%)	0/25 (0%)
Overall	798/1342 (59%)	432/749 (58%)	291/470 (62%)	75/123 (61%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

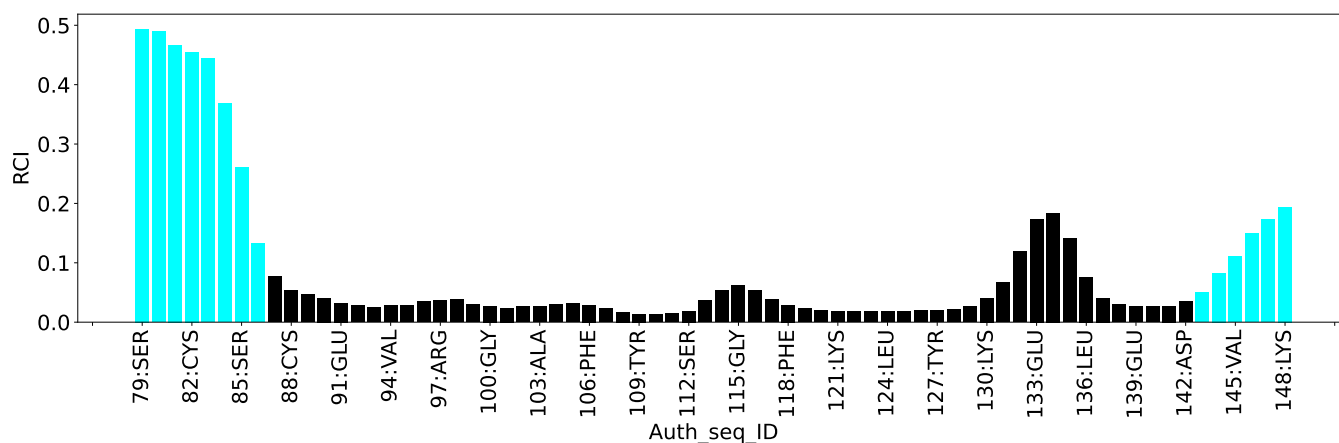
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	113	PRO	HD2	1.61	1.93 – 5.38	-5.9

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *DNAfor_chemshift*

7.2.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	50
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	50
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 3%, i.e. 36 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1163. 0 out of 8 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	0/284 (0%)	0/116 (0%)	0/114 (0%)	0/54 (0%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Sidechain	0/420 (0%)	0/269 (0%)	0/129 (0%)	0/22 (0%)
Aromatic	0/98 (0%)	0/48 (0%)	0/47 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Sugar	19/216 (9%)	19/126 (15%)	0/90 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Base	17/145 (12%)	17/91 (19%)	0/29 (0%)	0/25 (0%)
Overall	36/1163 (3%)	36/650 (6%)	0/409 (0%)	0/104 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 3%, i.e. 36 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1342. 0 out of 11 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	0/355 (0%)	0/145 (0%)	0/142 (0%)	0/68 (0%)
Sidechain	0/528 (0%)	0/339 (0%)	0/162 (0%)	0/27 (0%)
Aromatic	0/98 (0%)	0/48 (0%)	0/47 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Sugar	19/216 (9%)	19/126 (15%)	0/90 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Base	17/145 (12%)	17/91 (19%)	0/29 (0%)	0/25 (0%)
Overall	36/1342 (3%)	36/749 (5%)	0/470 (0%)	0/123 (0%)

7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

No *random coil index*(RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins

7.3 Chemical shift list 3

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *DNArev_chemshift*

7.3.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	44
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	44
Number of unparsed shifts	0

Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.3.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.3.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 3%, i.e. 34 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1163. 0 out of 8 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	0/284 (0%)	0/116 (0%)	0/114 (0%)	0/54 (0%)
Sidechain	0/420 (0%)	0/269 (0%)	0/129 (0%)	0/22 (0%)
Aromatic	0/98 (0%)	0/48 (0%)	0/47 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Sugar	19/216 (9%)	19/126 (15%)	0/90 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Base	15/145 (10%)	15/91 (16%)	0/29 (0%)	0/25 (0%)
Overall	34/1163 (3%)	34/650 (5%)	0/409 (0%)	0/104 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 3%, i.e. 34 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1342. 0 out of 11 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	0/355 (0%)	0/145 (0%)	0/142 (0%)	0/68 (0%)
Sidechain	0/528 (0%)	0/339 (0%)	0/162 (0%)	0/27 (0%)
Aromatic	0/98 (0%)	0/48 (0%)	0/47 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Sugar	19/216 (9%)	19/126 (15%)	0/90 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Base	15/145 (10%)	15/91 (16%)	0/29 (0%)	0/25 (0%)
Overall	34/1342 (3%)	34/749 (5%)	0/470 (0%)	0/123 (0%)

7.3.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.3.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots

No *random coil index*(RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins

8 NMR restraints analysis

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1039
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	497
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	269
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	117
Long range ($ i-j \geq 5$)	127
Inter-chain	29
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	111
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	12.6
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	1.4

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	0.1	0.19
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	0.2	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	None	None

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	1.9	3.41
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	None	None

9 Distance violation analysis ⓘ

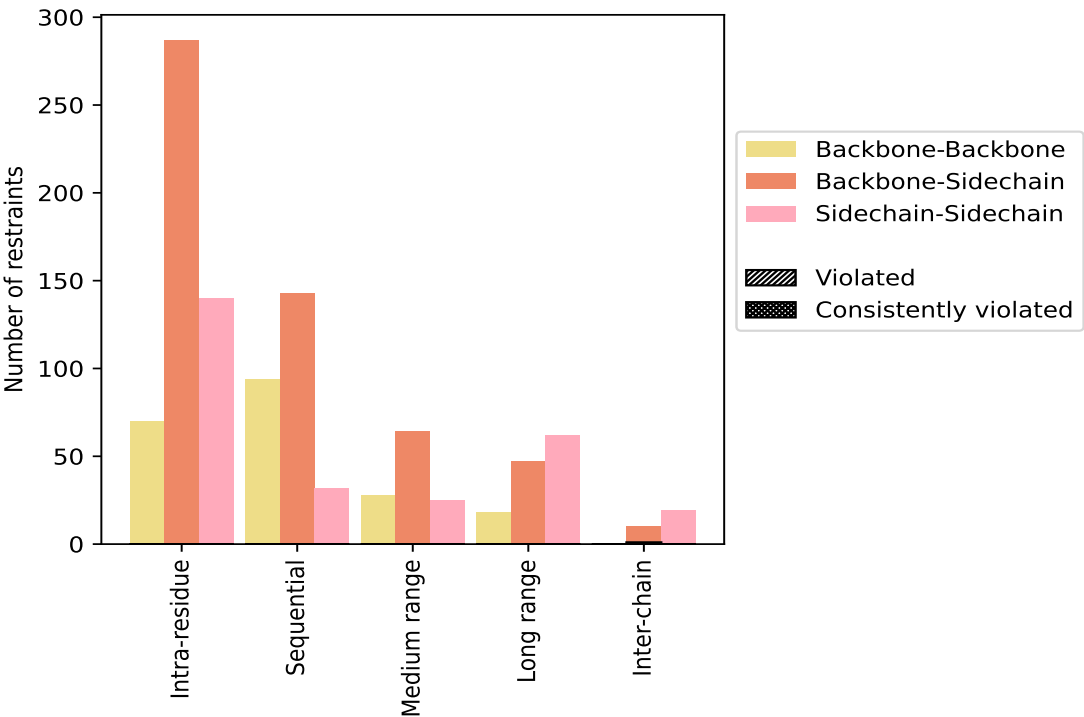
9.1 Summary of distance violations ⓘ

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
Intra-residue ($i-j =0$)	497	47.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	70	6.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	287	27.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	140	13.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential ($i-j =1$)	269	25.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	94	9.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	143	13.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	32	3.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($i-j >1$ & $i-j <5$)	117	11.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	28	2.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	64	6.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	25	2.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range ($i-j \geq 5$)	127	12.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	18	1.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	47	4.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	62	6.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	29	2.8	1	3.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	10	1.0	1	10.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	19	1.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1039	100.0	1	0.1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	210	20.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	551	53.0	1	0.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	278	26.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.48	0.48	0.0	0.48
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.19	0.19	0.0	0.19
6	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.28	0.28	0.0	0.28
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.5
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

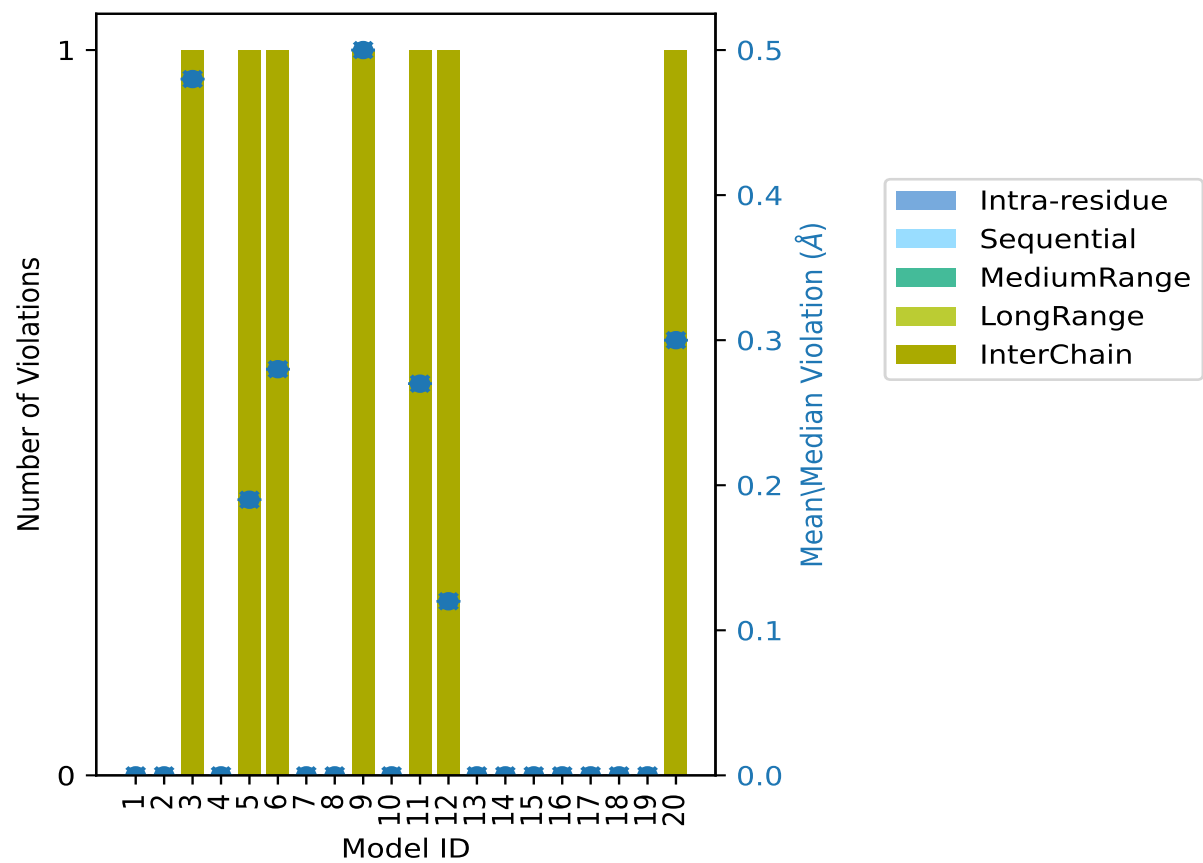
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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
11	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.27	0.27	0.0	0.27
12	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.12	0.12	0.0	0.12
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.3

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints, ⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model ⓘ



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble

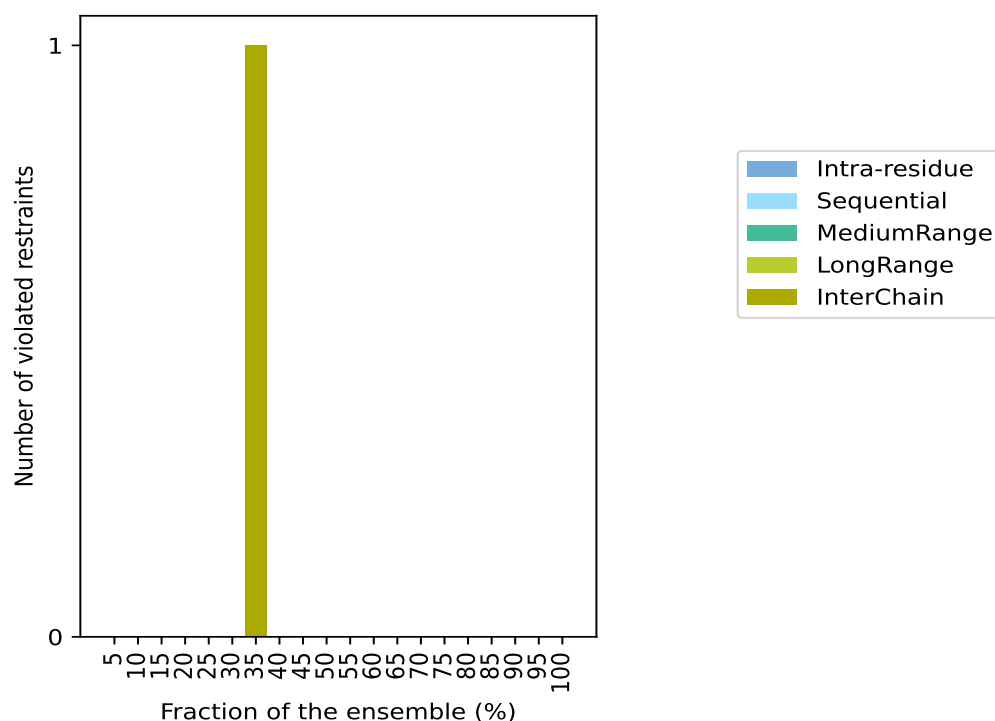
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1038(IR:497, SQ:269, MR:117, LR:127, IC:28) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count ⁶	%
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	1	1	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶ Number of models with violations

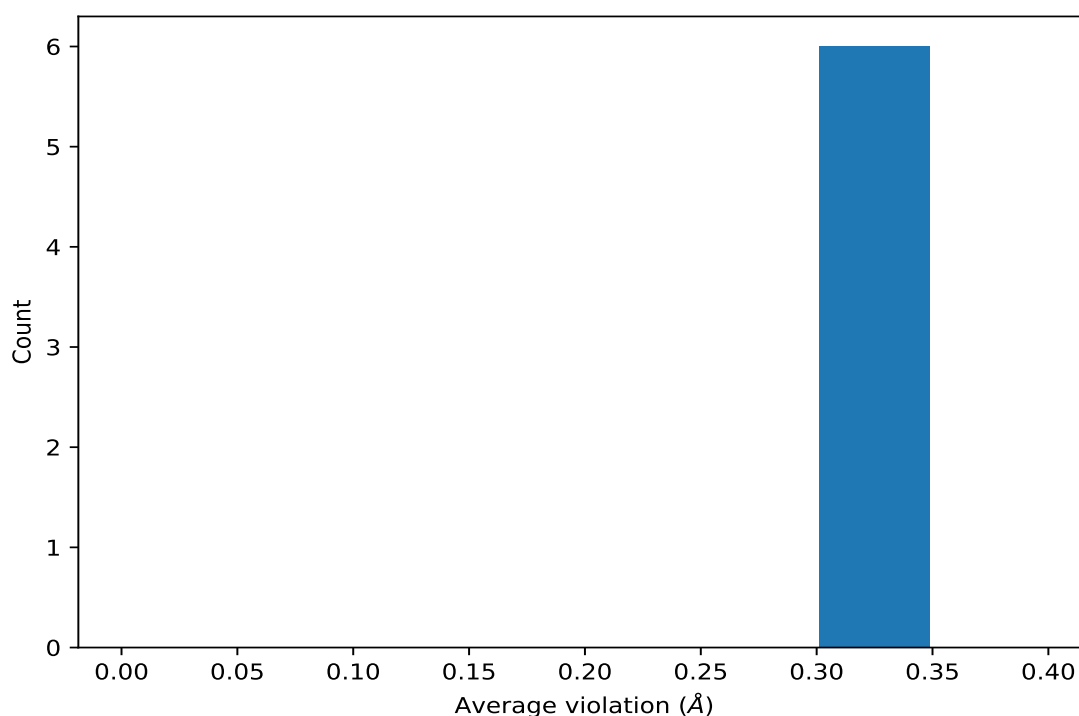
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

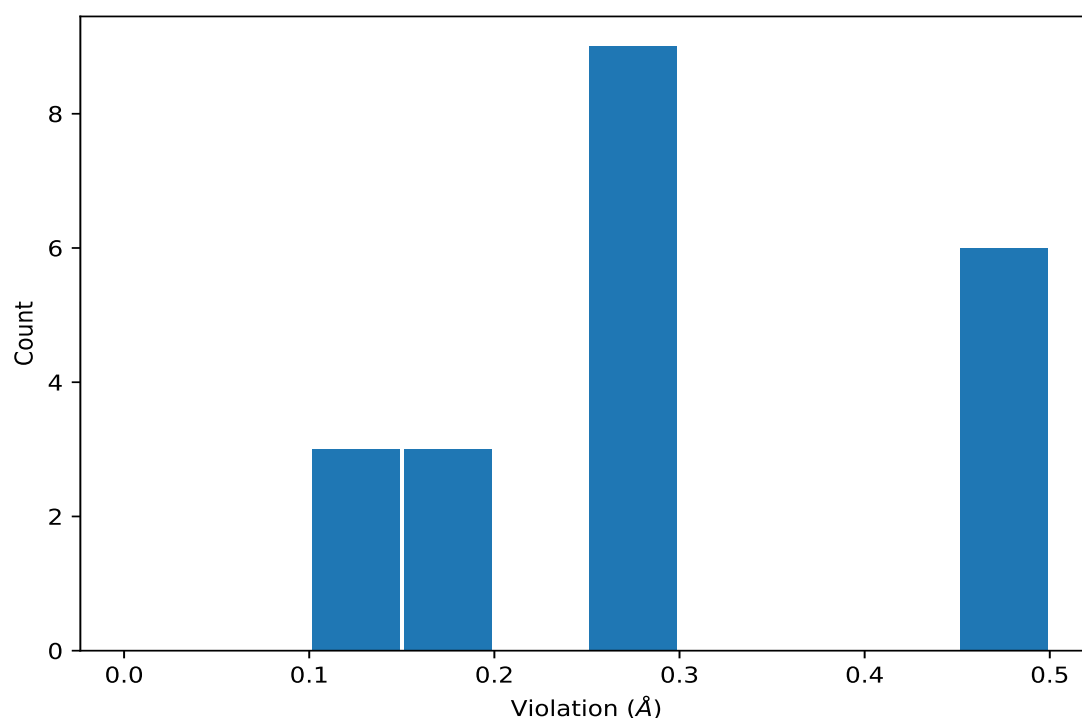
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models ¹	Mean (Å)	SD ¹ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB3	3:215:C:5CM:H5A1	7	0.31	0.13	0.28
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB3	3:215:C:5CM:H5A2	7	0.31	0.13	0.28
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB3	3:215:C:5CM:H5A3	7	0.31	0.13	0.28
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A1	7	0.31	0.13	0.28
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A2	7	0.31	0.13	0.28
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A3	7	0.31	0.13	0.28

¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [i](#)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB3	3:215:C:5CM:H5A1	9	0.5
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB3	3:215:C:5CM:H5A2	9	0.5
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB3	3:215:C:5CM:H5A3	9	0.5
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB3	3:215:C:5CM:H5A1	3	0.48
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB3	3:215:C:5CM:H5A2	3	0.48
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB3	3:215:C:5CM:H5A3	3	0.48
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A1	20	0.3
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A2	20	0.3
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A3	20	0.3
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A1	6	0.28
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A2	6	0.28
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A3	6	0.28
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A1	11	0.27
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A2	11	0.27
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A3	11	0.27
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A1	5	0.19

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A2	5	0.19
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A3	5	0.19
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A1	12	0.12
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A2	12	0.12
(1,919)	1:119:A:ARG:HB2	3:215:C:5CM:H5A3	12	0.12

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis [i](#)

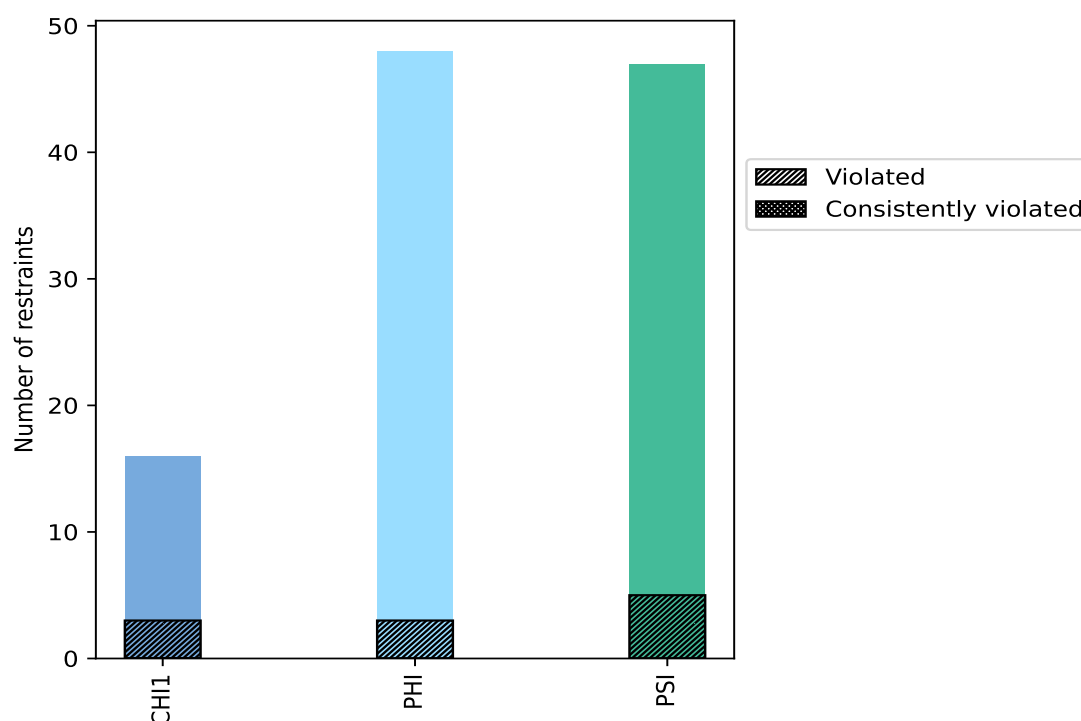
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
CHI1	16	14.4	3	18.8	2.7	0	0.0	0.0
PHI	48	43.2	3	6.2	2.7	0	0.0	0.0
PSI	47	42.3	5	10.6	4.5	0	0.0	0.0
Total	111	100.0	11	9.9	9.9	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations [i](#)



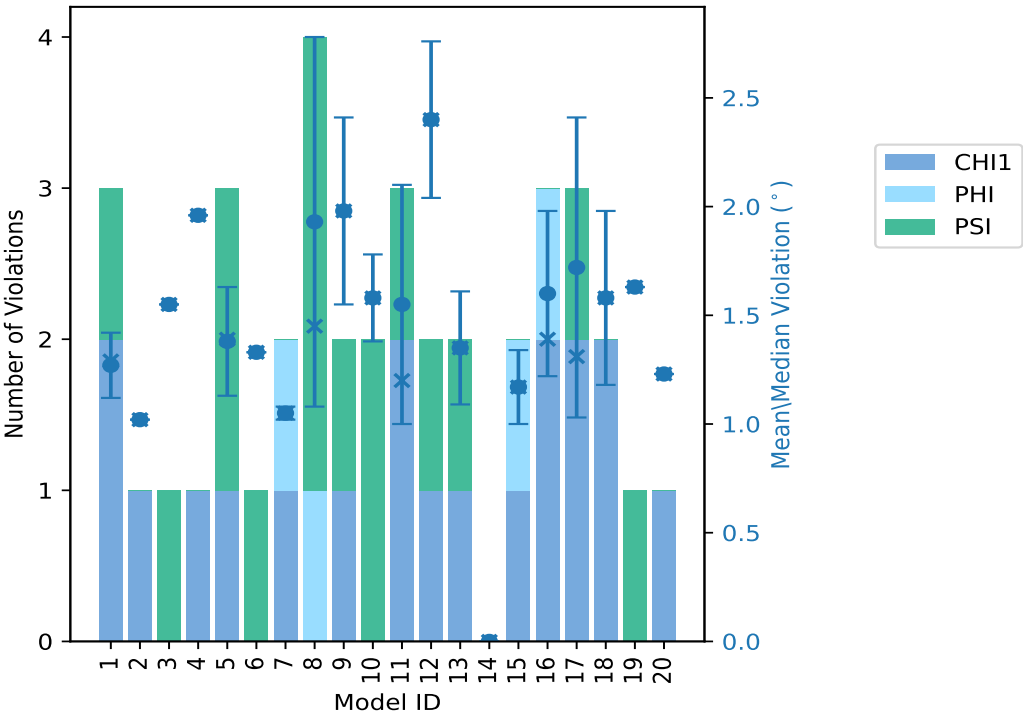
Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations				Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
	CHI1	PHI	PSI	Total				
1	2	0	1	3	1.27	1.44	0.15	1.29
2	1	0	0	1	1.02	1.02	0.0	1.02
3	0	0	1	1	1.55	1.55	0.0	1.55
4	1	0	0	1	1.96	1.96	0.0	1.96
5	1	0	2	3	1.38	1.69	0.25	1.39
6	0	0	1	1	1.33	1.33	0.0	1.33
7	1	1	0	2	1.05	1.08	0.03	1.05
8	0	1	3	4	1.93	3.41	0.85	1.45
9	1	0	1	2	1.98	2.41	0.43	1.98
10	0	0	2	2	1.58	1.78	0.2	1.58
11	2	0	1	3	1.55	2.32	0.55	1.2
12	1	0	1	2	2.4	2.76	0.36	2.4
13	1	0	1	2	1.35	1.6	0.26	1.35
14	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	1	1	0	2	1.17	1.34	0.17	1.17
16	2	1	0	3	1.6	2.14	0.38	1.39
17	2	0	1	3	1.72	2.69	0.69	1.31
18	2	0	0	2	1.58	1.98	0.4	1.58
19	0	0	1	1	1.63	1.63	0.0	1.63
20	1	0	0	1	1.23	1.23	0.0	1.23

10.2.1 Bar graph : Dihedral violation statistics for each model [i](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Number of violated restraints				Fraction of the ensemble	
CHI1	PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
1	2	3	6	1	5.0
0	1	1	2	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	5	25.0
1	0	0	1	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	1	1	11	55.0

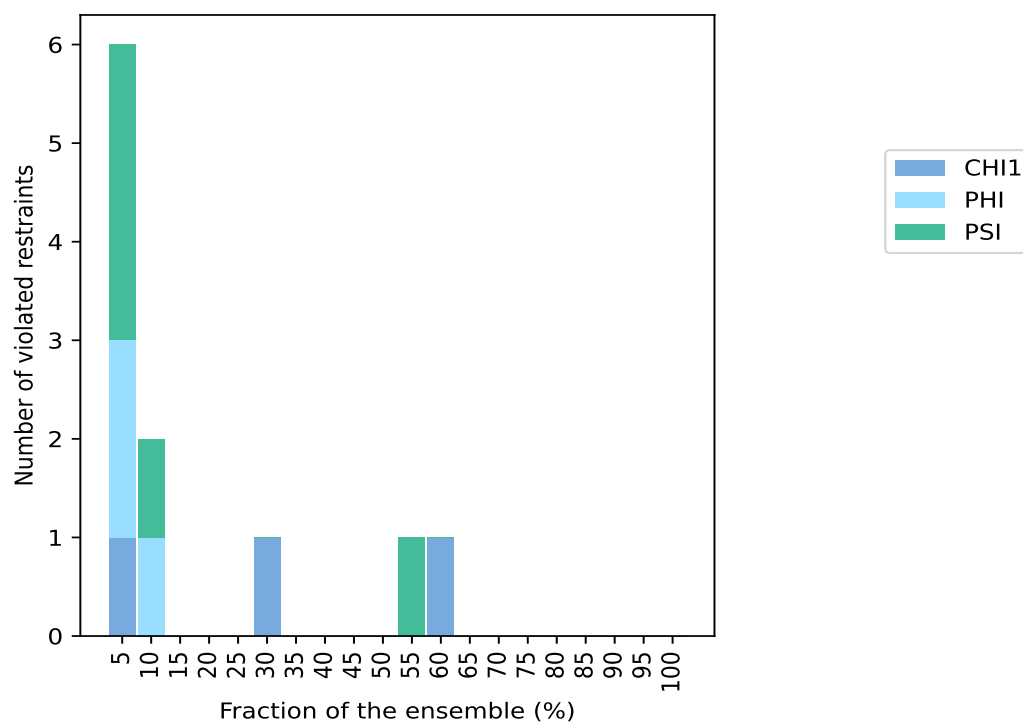
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Number of violated restraints				Fraction of the ensemble	
CHI1	PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
1	0	0	1	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	20	100.0

¹ Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph : Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

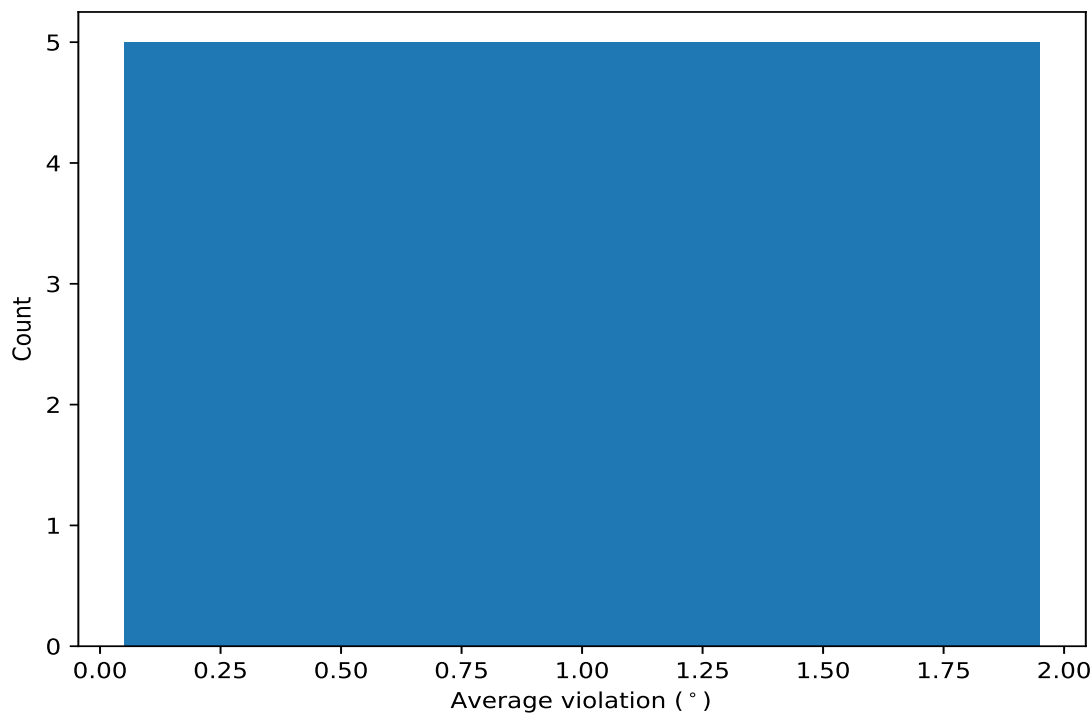


10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

10.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models

in the ensemble



10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

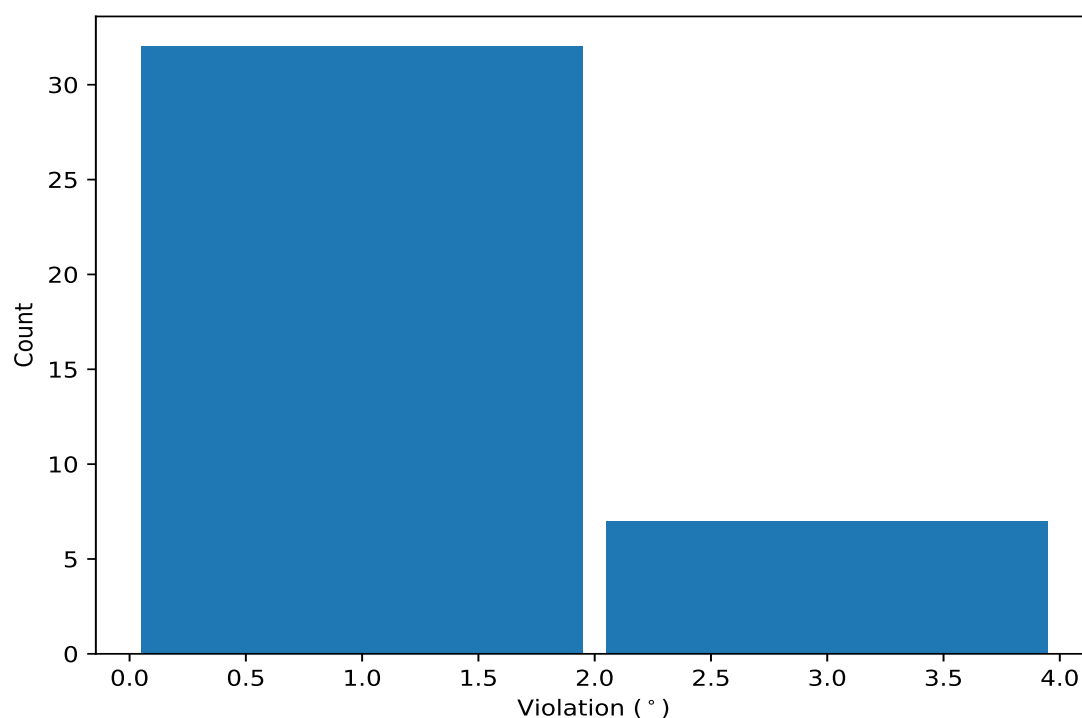
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Models ¹	Mean	SD ²	Median
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	12	1.76	0.63	1.82
(1,91)	1:140:A:ASP:N	1:140:A:ASP:CA	1:140:A:ASP:C	1:141:A:PHE:N	11	1.65	0.29	1.55
(1,110)	1:141:A:PHE:N	1:141:A:PHE:CA	1:141:A:PHE:CB	1:141:A:PHE:CG	6	1.21	0.11	1.19
(1,38)	1:108:A:VAL:C	1:109:A:TYR:N	1:109:A:TYR:CA	1:109:A:TYR:C	2	1.31	0.03	1.31
(1,37)	1:108:A:VAL:N	1:108:A:VAL:CA	1:108:A:VAL:C	1:109:A:TYR:N	2	1.25	0.18	1.25

¹ Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,5)	1:89:A:GLY:C	1:90:A:TRP:N	1:90:A:TRP:CA	1:90:A:TRP:C	8	3.41
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	12	2.76
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	17	2.69
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	9	2.41
(1,91)	1:140:A:ASP:N	1:140:A:ASP:CA	1:140:A:ASP:C	1:141:A:PHE:N	11	2.32
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	16	2.14
(1,91)	1:140:A:ASP:N	1:140:A:ASP:CA	1:140:A:ASP:C	1:141:A:PHE:N	12	2.05
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	18	1.98
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	4	1.96
(1,91)	1:140:A:ASP:N	1:140:A:ASP:CA	1:140:A:ASP:C	1:141:A:PHE:N	10	1.78
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	5	1.69
(1,91)	1:140:A:ASP:N	1:140:A:ASP:CA	1:140:A:ASP:C	1:141:A:PHE:N	19	1.63
(1,91)	1:140:A:ASP:N	1:140:A:ASP:CA	1:140:A:ASP:C	1:141:A:PHE:N	13	1.6
(1,91)	1:140:A:ASP:N	1:140:A:ASP:CA	1:140:A:ASP:C	1:141:A:PHE:N	3	1.55
(1,91)	1:140:A:ASP:N	1:140:A:ASP:CA	1:140:A:ASP:C	1:141:A:PHE:N	9	1.55
(1,91)	1:140:A:ASP:N	1:140:A:ASP:CA	1:140:A:ASP:C	1:141:A:PHE:N	8	1.46
(1,91)	1:140:A:ASP:N	1:140:A:ASP:CA	1:140:A:ASP:C	1:141:A:PHE:N	1	1.44
(1,4)	1:89:A:GLY:N	1:89:A:GLY:CA	1:89:A:GLY:C	1:90:A:TRP:N	8	1.44
(1,37)	1:108:A:VAL:N	1:108:A:VAL:CA	1:108:A:VAL:C	1:109:A:TYR:N	8	1.43
(1,110)	1:141:A:PHE:N	1:141:A:PHE:CA	1:141:A:PHE:CB	1:141:A:PHE:CG	16	1.39
(1,91)	1:140:A:ASP:N	1:140:A:ASP:CA	1:140:A:ASP:C	1:141:A:PHE:N	5	1.39

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,27)	1:103:A:ALA:N	1:103:A:ALA:CA	1:103:A:ALA:C	1:104:A:GLY:N	10	1.38
(1,38)	1:108:A:VAL:C	1:109:A:TYR:N	1:109:A:TYR:CA	1:109:A:TYR:C	15	1.34
(1,91)	1:140:A:ASP:N	1:140:A:ASP:CA	1:140:A:ASP:C	1:141:A:PHE:N	6	1.33
(1,89)	1:139:A:GLU:N	1:139:A:GLU:CA	1:139:A:GLU:C	1:140:A:ASP:N	17	1.31
(1,110)	1:141:A:PHE:N	1:141:A:PHE:CA	1:141:A:PHE:CB	1:141:A:PHE:CG	1	1.29
(1,38)	1:108:A:VAL:C	1:109:A:TYR:N	1:109:A:TYR:CA	1:109:A:TYR:C	16	1.28
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	20	1.23
(1,110)	1:141:A:PHE:N	1:141:A:PHE:CA	1:141:A:PHE:CB	1:141:A:PHE:CG	11	1.2
(1,110)	1:141:A:PHE:N	1:141:A:PHE:CA	1:141:A:PHE:CB	1:141:A:PHE:CG	18	1.19
(1,110)	1:141:A:PHE:N	1:141:A:PHE:CA	1:141:A:PHE:CB	1:141:A:PHE:CG	17	1.17
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	11	1.12
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	13	1.09
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	1	1.08
(1,82)	1:135:A:SER:C	1:136:A:LEU:N	1:136:A:LEU:CA	1:136:A:LEU:C	7	1.08
(1,37)	1:108:A:VAL:N	1:108:A:VAL:CA	1:108:A:VAL:C	1:109:A:TYR:N	5	1.07
(1,110)	1:141:A:PHE:N	1:141:A:PHE:CA	1:141:A:PHE:CB	1:141:A:PHE:CG	2	1.02
(1,97)	1:90:A:TRP:N	1:90:A:TRP:CA	1:90:A:TRP:CB	1:90:A:TRP:CG	7	1.02
(1,99)	1:98:A:LEU:N	1:98:A:LEU:CA	1:98:A:LEU:CB	1:98:A:LEU:CG	15	1.0