



# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jun 16, 2024 – 08:56 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5MPG  
BMRB ID : 34079  
Title : Solution NMR structure of hnRNP A1 RRM1 in complex with 5'-UUAGGUC-3' RNA  
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Deposited on : 2016-12-16

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

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<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

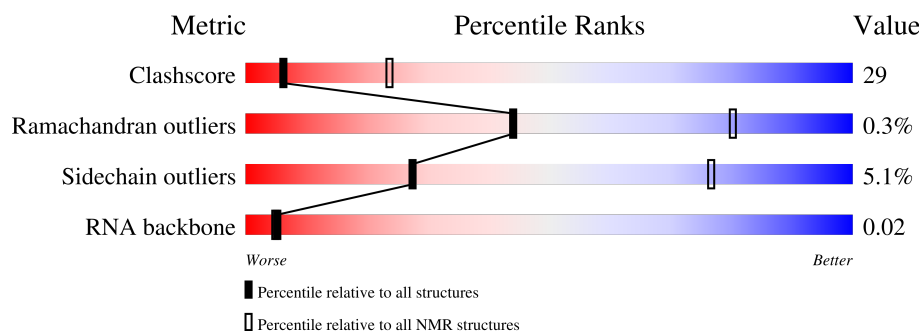
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 76%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428
RNA backbone	4643	676

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	97	
2	B	7	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 15 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:11-A:46, A:55-A:90 (72)	0.33	15

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 5, 8, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18
2	4, 7, 9, 19
3	1, 12, 14
4	2, 13, 20
5	6, 11

### 3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1748 atoms, of which 831 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein A1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	97	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1527	474	755	143	152	3	

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P09651

- Molecule 2 is a RNA chain called RNA UUAGGUC.

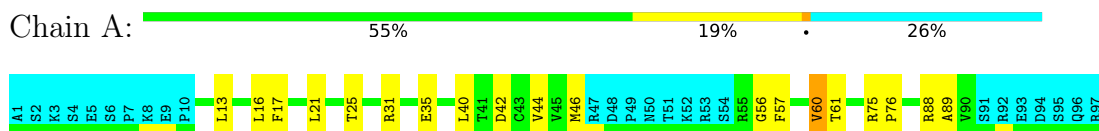
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	B	7	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			221	66	76	24	49	6	

## 4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein A1



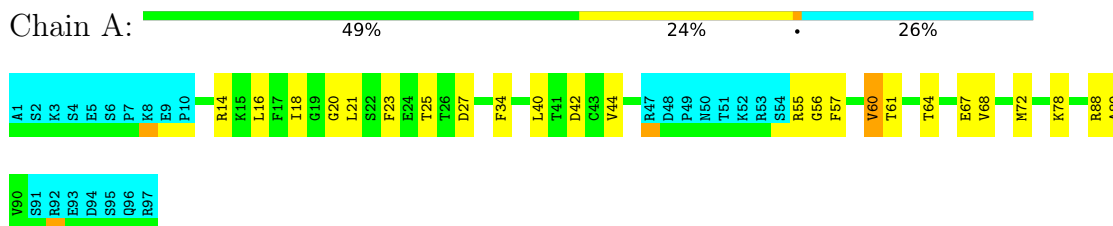
- Molecule 2: RNA UUAGGUC



### 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 15. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein A1



- Molecule 2: RNA UUAGGUC



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	
CNS	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1023
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1023
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	76%

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.32±0.01	0±0/583 ( 0.0± 0.0%)	0.40±0.01	0±0/788 ( 0.0± 0.0%)
2	B	0.21±0.01	0±0/161 ( 0.0± 0.0%)	0.86±0.05	0±0/249 ( 0.1± 0.2%)
All	All	0.30	0/14880 ( 0.0%)	0.55	5/20740 ( 0.0%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	4	G	C1'-O4'-C4'	-6.56	104.65	109.90	8	3
2	B	4	G	C3'-C2'-C1'	-5.59	97.03	101.50	12	1
2	B	3	A	C3'-C2'-C1'	-5.01	97.49	101.50	17	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	571	559	559	21±3
2	B	145	76	76	28±5
All	All	14320	12700	12700	780

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 29.

5 of 272 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:B:5:G:H5'	2:B:6:U:H5''	1.06	1.27	10	7
2:B:6:U:H3'	2:B:7:C:H5''	1.06	1.09	19	1
2:B:4:G:H4'	2:B:5:G:H5'	1.04	1.18	16	1
2:B:5:G:H3'	2:B:6:U:H5'	1.04	1.25	9	5
2:B:1:U:H3'	2:B:2:U:C5'	0.97	1.88	4	18

## 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	72/97 (74%)	68±1 (94±2%)	4±1 (6±2%)	0±0 (0±1%)	44	80
All	All	1440/1940 (74%)	1353 (94%)	83 (6%)	4 (0%)	44	80

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	81	GLY	4

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	61/85 (72%)	58±1 (95±2%)	3±1 (5±2%)	27	77
All	All	1220/1700 (72%)	1158 (95%)	62 (5%)	27	77

5 of 11 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	88	ARG	19
1	A	60	VAL	16
1	A	13	LEU	7
1	A	79	VAL	4
1	A	75	ARG	3

### 6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers	Suiteness
2	B	6/7 (86%)	6±1 (92±11%)	1±1 (22±12%)	0.04±0.07
All	All	126/140 (90%)	111 (88%)	27 (21%)	0.04

The overall RNA backbone suiteness is 0.02.

5 of 6 unique RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	4	G	20
2	B	5	G	20
2	B	2	U	19
2	B	7	C	19
2	B	6	U	18

All unique RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	4	G	14
2	B	1	U	6
2	B	5	G	6
2	B	6	U	1

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 76% for the well-defined parts and 70% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *RRM1-RNA.bmrB*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1023
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1023
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	90	$-0.17 \pm 0.27$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	77	$0.20 \pm 0.19$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{15}\text{N}$	85	$0.05 \pm 0.31$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 76%, i.e. 847 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1116. 0 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	288/362 (80%)	147/148 (99%)	72/144 (50%)	69/70 (99%)
Sidechain	439/540 (81%)	299/350 (85%)	135/166 (81%)	5/24 (21%)

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	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Aromatic	72/85 (85%)	36/43 (84%)	35/39 (90%)	1/3 (33%)
Sugar	38/77 (49%)	38/42 (90%)	0/35 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Base	10/52 (19%)	10/31 (32%)	0/12 (0%)	0/9 (0%)
Overall	847/1116 (76%)	530/614 (86%)	242/396 (61%)	75/106 (71%)

### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	30	LEU	CG	36.46	21.37 – 32.19	8.9
1	A	36	GLN	HB2	0.50	0.80 – 3.29	-6.2

### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

