



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Oct 22, 2024 – 06:46 PM EDT

PDB ID : 4NKQ
Title : Structure of a Cytokine Receptor Complex
Authors : Parker, M.W.; Broughton, S.E.
Deposited on : 2013-11-13
Resolution : 3.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.20.1
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4	:	9.0.003 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

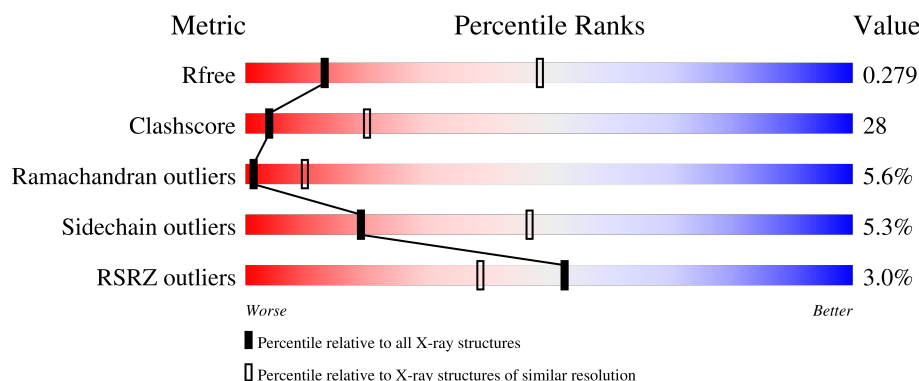
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	164625	1085 (3.32-3.28)
Clashscore	180529	1128 (3.32-3.28)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1125 (3.32-3.28)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1124 (3.32-3.28)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1085 (3.32-3.28)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	414	 62% 34% 4%
2	C	127	 36% 39% 6% 17% 2%
3	B	305	 30% 26% 5% 37% 4%

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5706 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cytokine receptor common subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	412	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3306	2068	588	632	18			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	346	GLN	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P32927

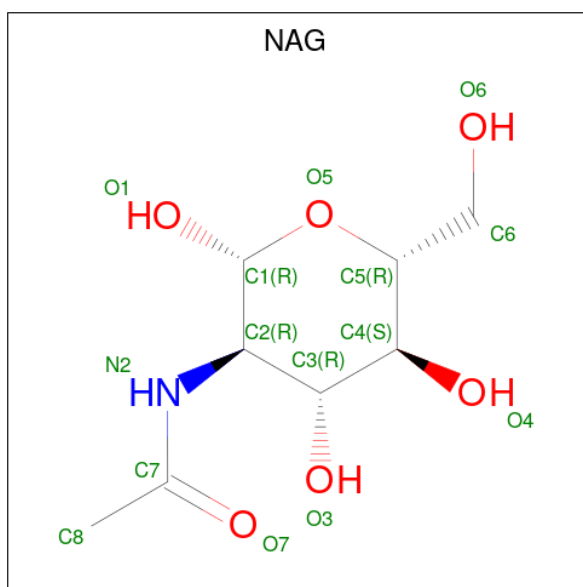
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	105	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			836	526	142	161	7			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor receptor subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	B	191	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1508	945	274	282	7			

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).

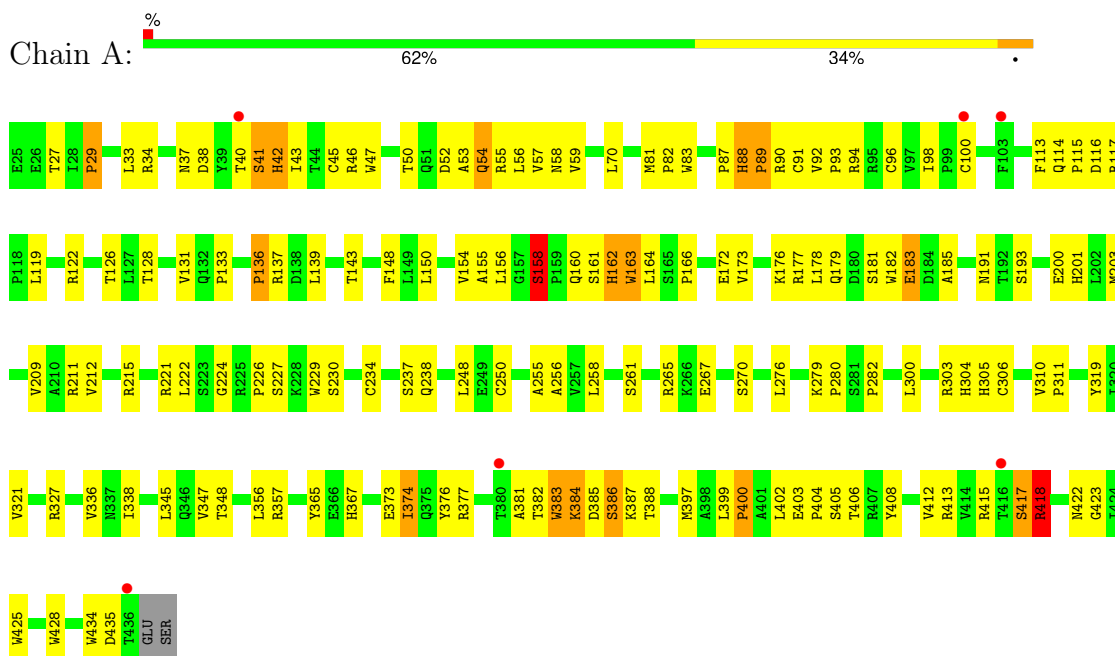


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0
4	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0
4	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0
4	B	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

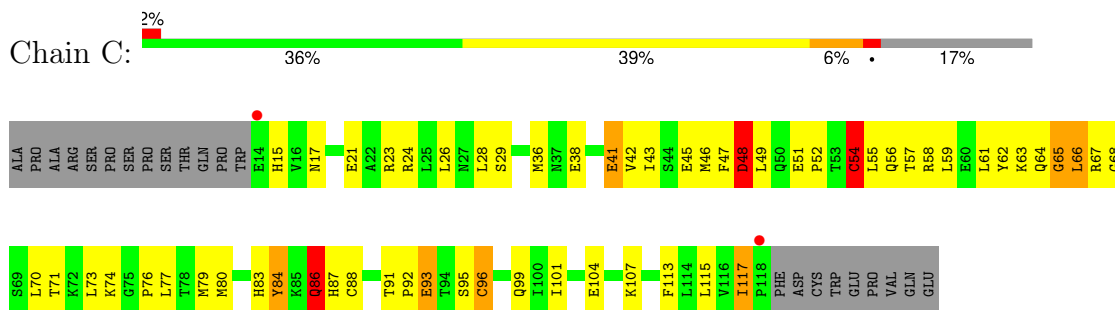
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

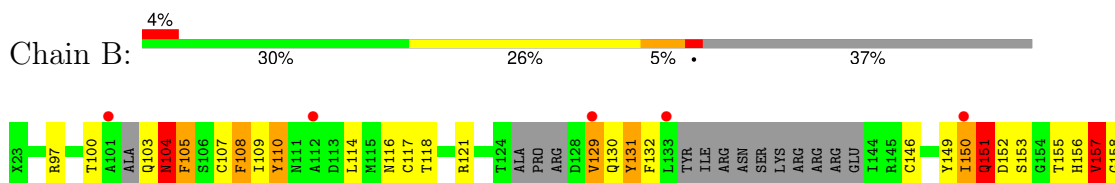
- Molecule 1: Cytokine receptor common subunit beta

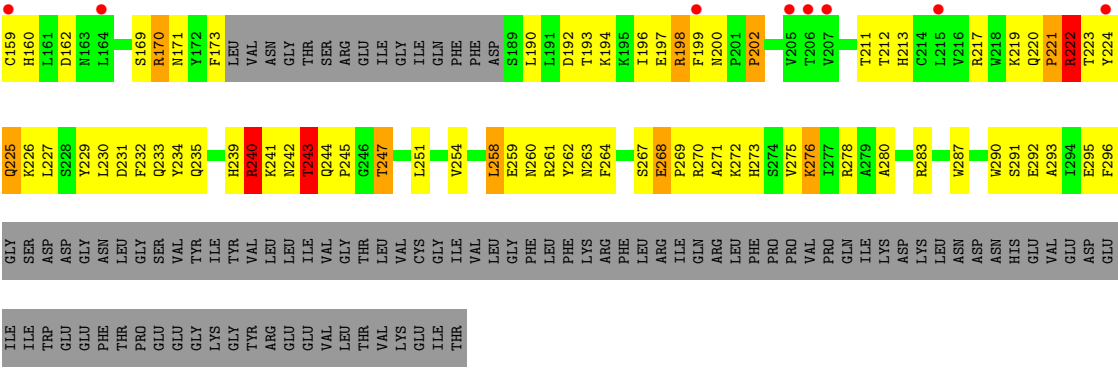


- Molecule 2: Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor



- Molecule 3: Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor receptor subunit alpha





4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 63 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	166.66Å 166.66Å 213.13Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	36.08 – 3.30 36.08 – 3.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.5 (36.08-3.30) 99.5 (36.08-3.30)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.10 (at 3.32Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.8_1069)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.229 , 0.273 0.237 , 0.279	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1349 reflections (5.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	117.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.184	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.30 , 112.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.47$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	5706	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	139.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.80% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.64	0/3401	0.79	2/4645 (0.0%)
2	C	0.53	0/850	0.83	1/1149 (0.1%)
3	B	0.66	0/1456	1.06	9/1971 (0.5%)
All	All	0.63	0/5707	0.87	12/7765 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3
2	C	0	2
3	B	0	3
All	All	0	8

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	B	258	LEU	CA-CB-CG	8.07	133.85	115.30
3	B	110	TYR	CA-CB-CG	8.05	128.69	113.40
3	B	240	ARG	CG-CD-NE	7.63	127.83	111.80
3	B	151	GLN	CA-CB-CG	7.11	129.04	113.40
2	C	86	GLN	CA-CB-CG	6.75	128.25	113.40

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	158	SER	Peptide
1	A	383	TRP	Peptide
1	A	418	ARG	Peptide
2	C	48	ASP	Peptide
2	C	84	TYR	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3306	0	3158	114	0
2	C	836	0	842	53	0
3	B	1508	0	1390	147	0
4	A	42	0	39	5	0
4	B	14	0	13	2	0
All	All	5706	0	5442	309	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 28.

The worst 5 of 309 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:B:150:ILE:HG13	3:B:157:VAL:HG21	1.25	1.19
3:B:240:ARG:HD2	3:B:273:HIS:CD2	1.95	1.02
3:B:239:HIS:O	3:B:244:GLN:NE2	2.02	0.92
3:B:240:ARG:HH21	3:B:242:ASN:HB3	1.32	0.90
3:B:150:ILE:HG13	3:B:157:VAL:CG2	2.04	0.88

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries

of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	410/414 (99%)	343 (84%)	48 (12%)	19 (5%)	2	13
2	C	103/127 (81%)	77 (75%)	20 (19%)	6 (6%)	1	9
3	B	164/305 (54%)	121 (74%)	30 (18%)	13 (8%)	1	5
All	All	677/846 (80%)	541 (80%)	98 (14%)	38 (6%)	1	10

5 of 38 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	42	HIS
1	A	163	TRP
1	A	185	ALA
1	A	311	PRO
1	A	384	LYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	373/375 (100%)	360 (96%)	13 (4%)	31	58
2	C	96/116 (83%)	87 (91%)	9 (9%)	7	25
3	B	159/261 (61%)	148 (93%)	11 (7%)	13	38
All	All	628/752 (84%)	595 (95%)	33 (5%)	19	47

5 of 33 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	B	240	ARG
3	B	243	THR
3	B	276	LYS
1	A	435	ASP
1	A	418	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 12 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	B	213	HIS
3	B	220	GLN
3	B	244	GLN
3	B	225	GLN
2	C	64	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
4	NAG	A	503	-	14,14,15	0.39	0	17,19,21	0.79	1 (5%)
4	NAG	A	502	-	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	1.36	1 (5%)
4	NAG	A	501	-	14,14,15	0.67	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.51	0
4	NAG	B	401	-	14,14,15	0.47	0	17,19,21	0.88	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral

centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	503	-	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	502	-	-	6/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	501	-	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	B	401	-	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	501	NAG	C1-C2	-2.03	1.49	1.52

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	502	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.53	128.97	122.90
4	B	401	NAG	C3-C4-C5	2.06	113.96	110.23
4	A	503	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.05	114.94	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 11 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	502	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	502	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	A	501	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	A	502	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	A	502	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	503	NAG	1	0
4	A	502	NAG	1	0
4	A	501	NAG	3	0
4	B	401	NAG	2	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
3	B	3

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	B	25:UNK	C	44:UNK	N	15.58
1	B	74:UNK	C	94:ASN	N	15.37
1	B	50:UNK	C	68:UNK	N	11.84

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	412/414 (99%)	-0.13	6 (1%) 71 58	65, 105, 154, 203	0
2	C	105/127 (82%)	-0.01	2 (1%) 66 51	113, 163, 201, 219	0
3	B	174/305 (57%)	0.57	13 (7%) 22 19	130, 193, 243, 268	0
All	All	691/846 (81%)	0.06	21 (3%) 52 39	65, 130, 220, 268	0

The worst 5 of 21 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	B	129	VAL	4.5
3	B	101	ALA	4.2
3	B	199	PHE	3.7
3	B	112	ALA	3.4
3	B	133	LEU	3.4

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
4	NAG	A	503	14/15	0.17	0.16	147,161,183,188	0
4	NAG	A	502	14/15	0.65	0.18	155,169,191,192	0
4	NAG	B	401	14/15	0.68	0.10	146,183,211,218	0
4	NAG	A	501	14/15	0.83	0.20	154,157,164,200	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.