



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 13, 2024 – 01:13 am BST

PDB ID : 7OH1
EMDB ID : EMD-12891
Title : Tetanus neurotoxin LC-HN domain in complex with TT110-Fab1
Authors : Grinzato, A.; Kandiah, E.; Zanotti, G.
Deposited on : 2021-05-07
Resolution : 8.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

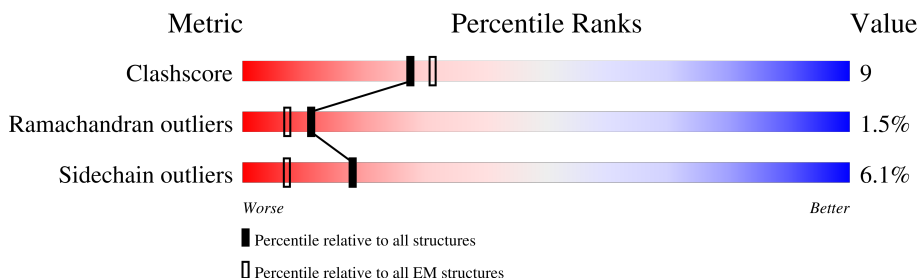
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 8.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	870	<div> <div>49%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>78%</div> <div>17%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>
2	E	228	<div> <div>65%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>64%</div> <div>31%</div> <div>5% •</div> </div> </div>
3	D	212	<div> <div>71%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>66%</div> <div>30%</div> <div>•</div> </div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10166 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Tetanus toxin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	845	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			6839	4386	1104	1323	26		

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	ILE	conflict	UNP Q93N27
A	12	ASP	VAL	conflict	UNP Q93N27
A	140	LEU	SER	conflict	UNP Q93N27
A	156	ASN	SER	conflict	UNP Q93N27
A	197	ALA	THR	conflict	UNP Q93N27
A	203	VAL	ILE	conflict	UNP Q93N27
A	458	SER	ALA	conflict	UNP Q93N27
A	476	THR	ILE	conflict	UNP Q93N27
A	514	VAL	LEU	conflict	UNP Q93N27
A	813	ALA	THR	conflict	UNP Q93N27

- Molecule 2 is a protein called FAB TT110.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	E	228	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1707	1076	287	334	10		

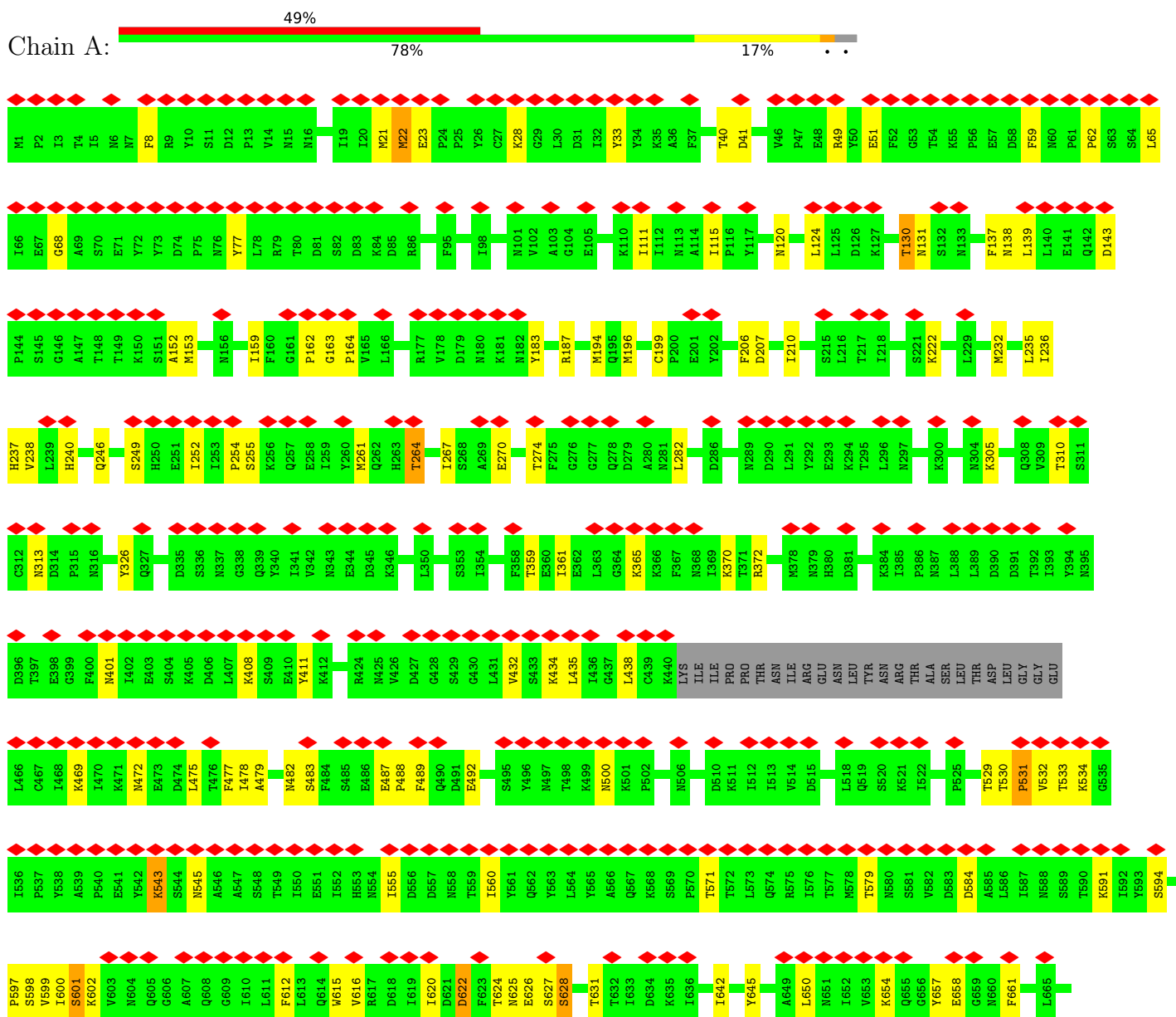
- Molecule 3 is a protein called FAB TT110.

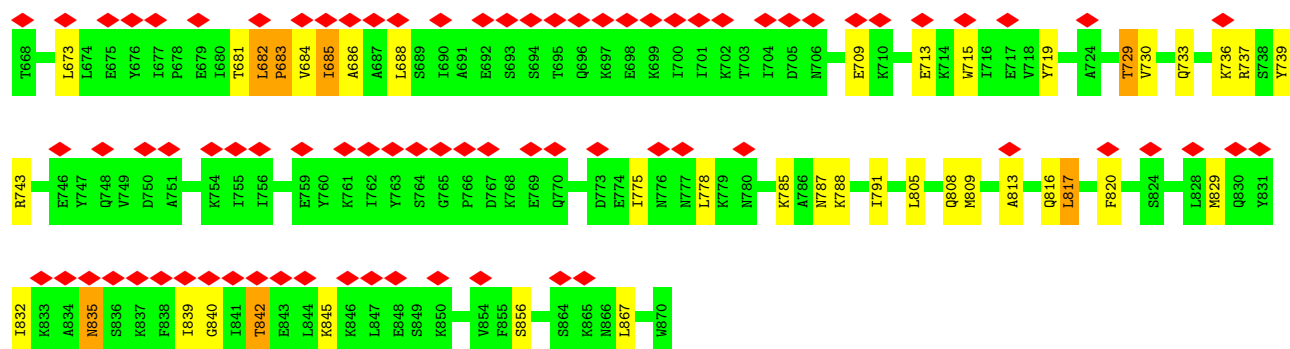
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	D	212	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1620	1012	277	326	5		

3 Residue-property plots

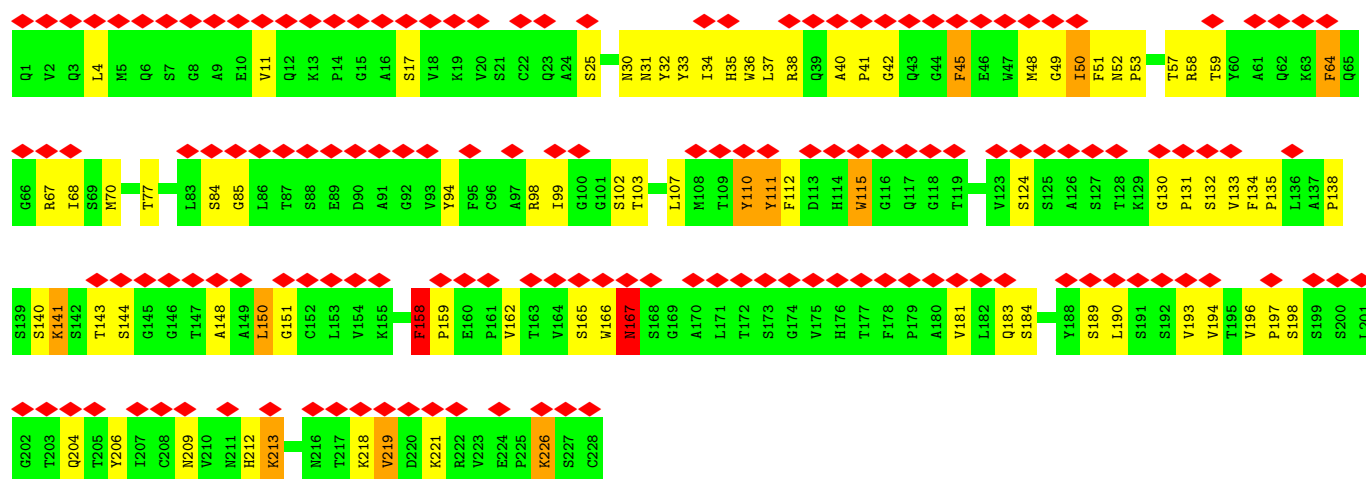
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Tetanus toxin

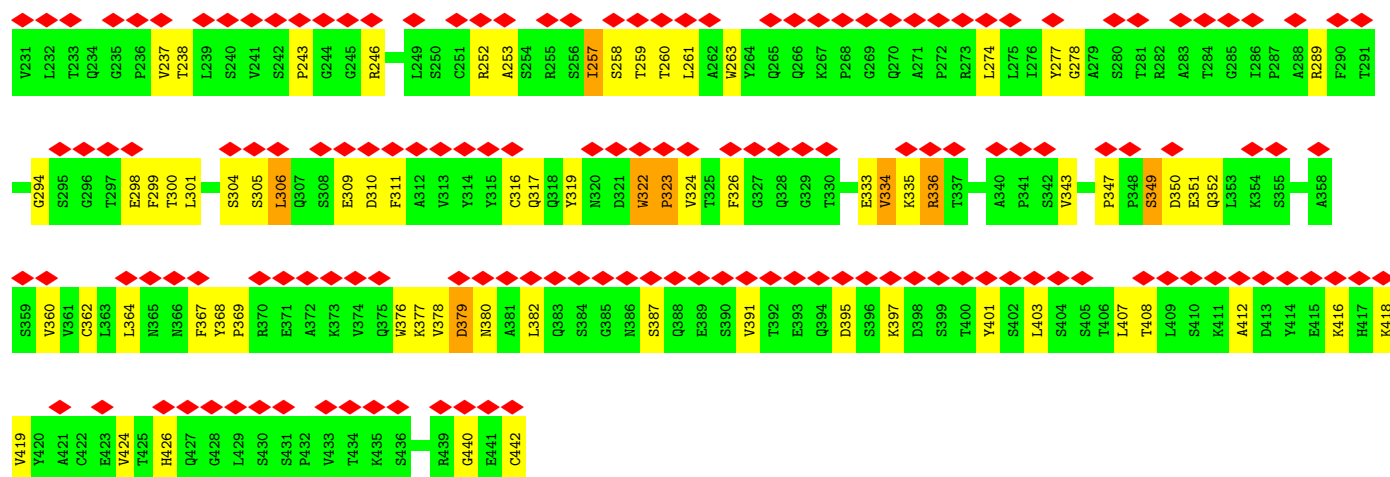




• Molecule 2: FAB TT110



• Molecule 3: FAB TT110



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	98170	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	40	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.056	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.406	Depositor
Average map value	0.002	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.046	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.18	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	248.1, 248.1, 248.1	wwPDB
Map dimensions	300, 300, 300	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	0.827, 0.827, 0.827	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.29	0/6980	0.48	1/9448 (0.0%)
2	E	0.39	1/1750 (0.1%)	0.67	0/2380
3	D	0.29	0/1655	0.56	0/2250
All	All	0.31	1/10385 (0.0%)	0.53	1/14078 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	E	0	3

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	E	158	PHE	C-N	5.38	1.44	1.34

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	682	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.23	129.64	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	E	111	TYR	Peptide
2	E	144	SER	Peptide
2	E	158	PHE	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6839	0	6824	89	0
2	E	1707	0	1657	67	0
3	D	1620	0	1573	44	0
All	All	10166	0	10054	191	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (191) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:E:148:ALA:HB2	2:E:198:SER:HB2	1.50	0.93
1:A:620:ILE:HG13	1:A:778:LEU:HB3	1.59	0.84
1:A:529:THR:OG1	1:A:530:THR:N	2.22	0.72
1:A:49:ARG:NH2	1:A:163:GLY:O	2.21	0.72
1:A:137:PHE:CE2	1:A:153:MET:HB3	2.25	0.71
2:E:99:ILE:HA	2:E:112:PHE:HA	1.71	0.71
3:D:261:LEU:HD11	3:D:316:CYS:HB2	1.71	0.71
2:E:138:PRO:O	2:E:226:LYS:NZ	2.24	0.70
1:A:475:LEU:O	1:A:736:LYS:NZ	2.25	0.69
2:E:167:ASN:OD1	2:E:167:ASN:N	2.23	0.69
1:A:683:PRO:O	1:A:816:GLN:NE2	2.27	0.67
1:A:254:PRO:HA	1:A:479:ALA:HA	1.77	0.67
2:E:196:VAL:HG11	2:E:206:TYR:HE1	1.62	0.65
1:A:130:THR:O	1:A:130:THR:OG1	2.07	0.64
2:E:36:TRP:N	2:E:49:GLY:O	2.19	0.64
2:E:141:LYS:HE2	3:D:347:PRO:HD3	1.78	0.63
1:A:729:THR:O	1:A:733:GLN:NE2	2.32	0.63
1:A:401:ASN:HB3	1:A:408:LYS:HA	1.79	0.62
1:A:627:SER:O	1:A:645:TYR:OH	2.05	0.61
1:A:626:GLU:HG2	2:E:57:THR:HG21	1.83	0.61
3:D:360:VAL:HB	3:D:407:LEU:HB3	1.82	0.61
3:D:252:ARG:NH2	3:D:298:GLU:OE2	2.30	0.60
2:E:133:VAL:O	2:E:221:LYS:NZ	2.28	0.60
2:E:112:PHE:HE2	2:E:115:TRP:CZ2	2.21	0.58

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:240:HIS:ND1	1:A:270:GLU:OE1	2.26	0.57
1:A:255:SER:OG	1:A:479:ALA:O	2.21	0.56
2:E:34:ILE:HB	2:E:51:PHE:CE1	2.41	0.56
2:E:31:ASN:O	2:E:102:SER:HB3	2.06	0.56
1:A:130:THR:HG23	1:A:313:ASN:HD21	1.70	0.56
2:E:35:HIS:HA	2:E:50:ILE:HA	1.88	0.56
2:E:181:VAL:HG12	2:E:189:SER:O	2.06	0.55
2:E:135:PRO:HD3	2:E:221:LYS:HE2	1.87	0.55
1:A:624:THR:OG1	1:A:785:LYS:HG3	2.07	0.55
3:D:259:THR:OG1	3:D:260:THR:N	2.39	0.55
2:E:130:GLY:HA2	2:E:212:HIS:HD2	1.71	0.55
1:A:472:ASN:ND2	1:A:472:ASN:O	2.40	0.55
1:A:631:THR:HG23	1:A:642:ILE:HB	1.88	0.55
2:E:150:LEU:HD11	2:E:206:TYR:CD1	2.42	0.54
3:D:260:THR:HB	3:D:278:GLY:HA2	1.90	0.54
3:D:412:ALA:O	3:D:416:LYS:N	2.40	0.54
1:A:715:TRP:NE1	1:A:817:LEU:HD22	2.23	0.53
3:D:349:SER:OG	3:D:352:GLN:NE2	2.41	0.53
1:A:685:ILE:HD12	1:A:817:LEU:HG	1.90	0.53
1:A:805:LEU:HD12	1:A:809:MET:HE3	1.90	0.53
1:A:124:LEU:O	1:A:305:LYS:NZ	2.42	0.53
2:E:196:VAL:HG11	2:E:206:TYR:CE1	2.44	0.53
1:A:187:ARG:HG2	1:A:246:GLN:HB3	1.90	0.52
1:A:733:GLN:O	1:A:737:ARG:HG2	2.08	0.52
1:A:120:ASN:HB2	1:A:183:TYR:OH	2.10	0.52
2:E:140:SER:HA	2:E:143:THR:HG22	1.90	0.52
3:D:317:GLN:HG3	3:D:326:PHE:CZ	2.45	0.52
1:A:111:ILE:CD1	1:A:235:LEU:HB3	2.40	0.51
3:D:364:LEU:HB2	3:D:403:LEU:HG	1.91	0.51
1:A:111:ILE:HD11	1:A:235:LEU:HB3	1.91	0.51
1:A:207:ASP:HA	1:A:222:LYS:HA	1.93	0.51
1:A:709:GLU:O	1:A:713:GLU:HG3	2.11	0.51
3:D:252:ARG:HA	3:D:298:GLU:HG2	1.92	0.51
1:A:736:LYS:HD3	1:A:739:TYR:HD2	1.76	0.50
1:A:739:TYR:O	1:A:743:ARG:HG3	2.11	0.50
2:E:51:PHE:HB3	2:E:70:MET:HE1	1.93	0.50
3:D:253:ALA:HB1	3:D:257:ILE:HG13	1.93	0.50
2:E:32:TYR:OH	2:E:103:THR:OG1	2.29	0.50
2:E:48:MET:HG3	2:E:64:PHE:CE2	2.46	0.50
2:E:133:VAL:HG21	2:E:219:VAL:HG21	1.94	0.50
1:A:612:PHE:HA	1:A:615:TRP:HB3	1.94	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:E:150:LEU:O	2:E:193:VAL:HG13	2.12	0.49
2:E:37:LEU:HD22	2:E:115:TRP:HZ3	1.78	0.49
2:E:115:TRP:CD1	2:E:115:TRP:N	2.81	0.49
2:E:165:SER:O	2:E:209:ASN:N	2.35	0.49
3:D:322:TRP:HB2	3:D:323:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.49
3:D:306:LEU:HD13	3:D:310:ASP:HB2	1.94	0.49
1:A:616:VAL:HG21	1:A:775:ILE:HD12	1.95	0.49
1:A:194:MET:HB2	1:A:238:VAL:HG13	1.95	0.49
1:A:62:PRO:HG2	1:A:432:VAL:HG11	1.95	0.48
2:E:32:TYR:N	2:E:53:PRO:HB3	2.28	0.48
3:D:377:LYS:HG2	3:D:382:LEU:HD23	1.95	0.48
3:D:263:TRP:CE2	3:D:301:LEU:HB2	2.49	0.48
1:A:534:LYS:O	1:A:534:LYS:HG2	2.14	0.48
1:A:626:GLU:CG	2:E:57:THR:HG21	2.43	0.47
3:D:289:ARG:NH2	3:D:310:ASP:OD2	2.44	0.47
1:A:785:LYS:HD3	1:A:788:LYS:HD3	1.96	0.47
2:E:150:LEU:HD11	2:E:206:TYR:HD1	1.80	0.47
3:D:378:VAL:O	3:D:380:ASN:N	2.48	0.47
2:E:48:MET:SD	2:E:94:TYR:HE2	2.38	0.47
3:D:263:TRP:CD2	3:D:301:LEU:HB2	2.49	0.47
3:D:322:TRP:CB	3:D:323:PRO:HD3	2.45	0.47
1:A:487:GLU:C	1:A:489:PHE:H	2.17	0.47
1:A:500:ASN:ND2	1:A:709:GLU:HG2	2.30	0.47
3:D:311:PHE:HE2	3:D:333:GLU:HG3	1.79	0.46
1:A:131:ASN:O	1:A:534:LYS:HB3	2.15	0.46
2:E:110:TYR:O	3:D:277:TYR:OH	2.19	0.46
3:D:343:VAL:HG22	3:D:364:LEU:HG	1.97	0.46
1:A:597:PRO:HB3	3:D:322:TRP:HA	1.98	0.46
1:A:22:MET:HG2	1:A:137:PHE:CE1	2.50	0.46
1:A:560:ILE:HD11	1:A:650:LEU:HD22	1.97	0.46
2:E:33:TYR:HD2	2:E:50:ILE:HD11	1.80	0.46
1:A:839:ILE:HG13	1:A:845:LYS:HB2	1.97	0.46
3:D:369:PRO:HD2	3:D:426:HIS:CE1	2.51	0.45
3:D:379:ASP:HA	3:D:419:VAL:HG13	1.97	0.45
1:A:813:ALA:O	1:A:817:LEU:HB2	2.16	0.45
2:E:33:TYR:HB2	2:E:99:ILE:HG23	1.98	0.45
1:A:254:PRO:HB3	1:A:477:PHE:CE2	2.50	0.45
2:E:32:TYR:HH	2:E:103:THR:HG1	1.61	0.45
2:E:33:TYR:HB2	2:E:99:ILE:CG2	2.47	0.45
1:A:23:GLU:HB3	1:A:138:ASN:HB2	1.97	0.45
3:D:294:GLY:HA2	3:D:299:PHE:HA	1.97	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:49:ARG:NH1	1:A:77:TYR:HB3	2.32	0.45
1:A:661:PHE:HZ	1:A:673:LEU:HD21	1.82	0.45
2:E:67:ARG:O	2:E:84:SER:OG	2.32	0.45
2:E:110:TYR:HB3	3:D:319:TYR:CZ	2.52	0.45
3:D:418:LYS:HG3	3:D:419:VAL:HG12	1.97	0.45
1:A:152:ALA:HB2	1:A:531:PRO:HA	1.97	0.45
2:E:196:VAL:HB	2:E:197:PRO:HD2	1.99	0.45
1:A:654:LYS:HD3	1:A:657:TYR:CE1	2.52	0.45
1:A:835:ASN:OD1	1:A:835:ASN:N	2.50	0.45
2:E:213:LYS:HD2	2:E:213:LYS:HA	1.59	0.45
3:D:336:ARG:HB2	3:D:368:TYR:CE1	2.52	0.45
1:A:492:GLU:HB2	1:A:688:LEU:HD23	1.99	0.44
3:D:367:PHE:CZ	3:D:403:LEU:HD23	2.53	0.44
1:A:59:PHE:HA	1:A:164:PRO:HB3	1.99	0.44
2:E:37:LEU:HD22	2:E:115:TRP:CZ3	2.53	0.44
2:E:131:PRO:HD3	2:E:212:HIS:CD2	2.52	0.44
2:E:40:ALA:O	2:E:42:GLY:N	2.49	0.44
1:A:210:ILE:HD11	1:A:739:TYR:CE2	2.52	0.44
1:A:787:ASN:O	1:A:791:ILE:HG13	2.17	0.44
3:D:243:PRO:CG	3:D:335:LYS:HB3	2.47	0.44
2:E:45:PHE:HD1	2:E:45:PHE:HA	1.67	0.43
1:A:487:GLU:O	1:A:489:PHE:N	2.51	0.43
3:D:368:TYR:CE2	3:D:401:TYR:HE1	2.37	0.43
1:A:159:ILE:HA	1:A:196:MET:HB3	2.01	0.43
2:E:33:TYR:CD2	2:E:50:ILE:HD11	2.52	0.43
2:E:51:PHE:N	2:E:70:MET:HE1	2.33	0.43
1:A:68:GLY:HA2	1:A:264:THR:HG22	2.00	0.43
1:A:252:ILE:HD12	1:A:267:ILE:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:206:PHE:HB3	1:A:372:ARG:HH21	1.84	0.43
1:A:829:MET:HA	1:A:832:ILE:HB	2.01	0.43
2:E:138:PRO:HD3	2:E:150:LEU:HB3	2.01	0.43
1:A:51:GLU:HG2	1:A:59:PHE:CZ	2.54	0.43
1:A:685:ILE:CD1	1:A:817:LEU:HG	2.49	0.43
1:A:438:LEU:HD22	1:A:555:ILE:HD13	2.01	0.43
1:A:599:VAL:HA	1:A:622:ASP:OD2	2.19	0.43
1:A:736:LYS:HD3	1:A:739:TYR:CD2	2.54	0.43
2:E:196:VAL:HG21	2:E:206:TYR:CE1	2.54	0.43
3:D:257:ILE:HG22	3:D:258:SER:N	2.34	0.42
1:A:162:PRO:HB3	1:A:199:CYS:HB2	2.00	0.42
1:A:602:LYS:HE2	2:E:58:ARG:HG2	2.01	0.42
2:E:198:SER:O	2:E:198:SER:OG	2.37	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:232:MET:O	1:A:236:ILE:HG13	2.19	0.42
2:E:124:SER:HB3	2:E:158:PHE:HZ	1.84	0.42
1:A:40:THR:OG1	1:A:41:ASP:N	2.50	0.42
2:E:11:VAL:HG21	2:E:159:PRO:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:A:115:ILE:HG13	1:A:326:TYR:HE1	1.83	0.42
1:A:598:SER:O	1:A:601:SER:HB2	2.20	0.42
2:E:111:TYR:O	2:E:112:PHE:HB3	2.20	0.42
2:E:141:LYS:HB3	2:E:141:LYS:HE3	1.88	0.42
3:D:368:TYR:CD1	3:D:369:PRO:HA	2.55	0.42
2:E:48:MET:HG3	2:E:64:PHE:CD2	2.54	0.42
1:A:274:THR:O	1:A:359:THR:HA	2.20	0.41
3:D:362:CYS:HB2	3:D:376:TRP:CH2	2.55	0.41
1:A:65:LEU:HD22	1:A:545:ASN:ND2	2.35	0.41
1:A:361:ILE:HG22	1:A:365:LYS:HE3	2.02	0.41
1:A:435:LEU:HD13	1:A:469:LYS:HD3	2.02	0.41
2:E:183:GLN:HB3	2:E:184:SER:H	1.56	0.41
3:D:311:PHE:CD2	3:D:333:GLU:HA	2.55	0.41
3:D:395:ASP:HB2	3:D:401:TYR:CE2	2.55	0.41
1:A:22:MET:HG2	1:A:137:PHE:HE1	1.85	0.41
1:A:543:LYS:H	1:A:543:LYS:HG2	1.70	0.41
1:A:840:GLY:O	1:A:842:THR:OG1	2.34	0.41
2:E:150:LEU:HB2	2:E:151:GLY:H	1.67	0.41
2:E:35:HIS:CG	2:E:50:ILE:HG13	2.55	0.41
2:E:32:TYR:CD2	2:E:102:SER:HB2	2.56	0.41
2:E:64:PHE:HB2	2:E:68:ILE:HD13	2.03	0.41
3:D:323:PRO:HB2	3:D:324:VAL:H	1.72	0.41
3:D:364:LEU:HD22	3:D:403:LEU:HD21	2.03	0.41
1:A:21:MET:O	1:A:139:LEU:HA	2.21	0.41
1:A:628:SER:C	2:E:107:LEU:HD22	2.41	0.41
2:E:110:TYR:HB3	3:D:319:TYR:CE1	2.56	0.41
2:E:166:TRP:CZ2	2:E:194:VAL:HG23	2.56	0.41
1:A:22:MET:O	1:A:33:TYR:HA	2.20	0.41
1:A:261:MET:HG2	1:A:478:ILE:HD12	2.02	0.41
1:A:579:THR:HG21	1:A:591:LYS:HE3	2.03	0.41
2:E:58:ARG:HD2	2:E:70:MET:HB2	2.03	0.41
2:E:36:TRP:HD1	2:E:70:MET:CE	2.35	0.40
2:E:132:SER:HB3	2:E:134:PHE:CE2	2.56	0.40
3:D:387:SER:HB3	3:D:408:THR:HB	2.03	0.40
1:A:594:SER:HB3	1:A:600:ILE:HD11	2.04	0.40
3:D:237:VAL:HG23	3:D:238:THR:HG23	2.02	0.40
3:D:274:LEU:HD11	3:D:277:TYR:HB2	2.03	0.40

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:370:LYS:HB2	1:A:411:TYR:CG	2.57	0.40
1:A:584:ASP:HB3	1:A:591:LYS:HE2	2.04	0.40
2:E:52:ASN:HB2	2:E:57:THR:N	2.37	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	841/870 (97%)	778 (92%)	57 (7%)	6 (1%)	19	57
2	E	226/228 (99%)	189 (84%)	31 (14%)	6 (3%)	4	25
3	D	210/212 (99%)	181 (86%)	22 (10%)	7 (3%)	3	21
All	All	1277/1310 (98%)	1148 (90%)	110 (9%)	19 (2%)	11	40

All (19) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	658	GLU
1	A	808	GLN
2	E	158	PHE
2	E	167	ASN
3	D	323	PRO
3	D	440	GLY
1	A	683	PRO
1	A	686	ALA
3	D	322	TRP
3	D	379	ASP
2	E	110	TYR
1	A	531	PRO
3	D	257	ILE
3	D	305	SER

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	D	334	VAL
2	E	30	ASN
1	A	488	PRO
2	E	41	PRO
2	E	85	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	777/799 (97%)	743 (96%)	34 (4%)	24	45
2	E	189/189 (100%)	167 (88%)	22 (12%)	4	16
3	D	182/182 (100%)	168 (92%)	14 (8%)	10	30
All	All	1148/1170 (98%)	1078 (94%)	70 (6%)	18	37

All (70) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	8	PHE
1	A	22	MET
1	A	28	LYS
1	A	130	THR
1	A	143	ASP
1	A	237	HIS
1	A	249	SER
1	A	264	THR
1	A	282	LEU
1	A	310	THR
1	A	434	LYS
1	A	482	ASN
1	A	483	SER
1	A	532	VAL
1	A	533	THR
1	A	543	LYS
1	A	571	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	601	SER
1	A	622	ASP
1	A	625	ASN
1	A	628	SER
1	A	681	THR
1	A	682	LEU
1	A	684	VAL
1	A	685	ILE
1	A	719	TYR
1	A	729	THR
1	A	730	VAL
1	A	817	LEU
1	A	820	PHE
1	A	835	ASN
1	A	842	THR
1	A	856	SER
1	A	867	LEU
2	E	4	LEU
2	E	17	SER
2	E	25	SER
2	E	38	ARG
2	E	45	PHE
2	E	50	ILE
2	E	59	THR
2	E	64	PHE
2	E	77	THR
2	E	98	ARG
2	E	115	TRP
2	E	141	LYS
2	E	150	LEU
2	E	158	PHE
2	E	162	VAL
2	E	167	ASN
2	E	190	LEU
2	E	204	GLN
2	E	213	LYS
2	E	218	LYS
2	E	219	VAL
2	E	226	LYS
3	D	246	ARG
3	D	300	THR
3	D	304	SER

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	D	306	LEU
3	D	309	GLU
3	D	334	VAL
3	D	336	ARG
3	D	349	SER
3	D	350	ASP
3	D	351	GLU
3	D	391	VAL
3	D	397	LYS
3	D	424	VAL
3	D	442	CYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (13) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	131	ASN
1	A	237	HIS
1	A	348	GLN
1	A	506	ASN
1	A	696	GLN
1	A	733	GLN
1	A	770	GLN
1	A	780	ASN
2	E	31	ASN
2	E	183	GLN
2	E	212	HIS
3	D	317	GLN
3	D	352	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

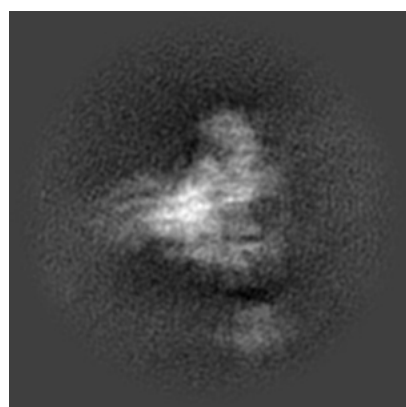
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-12891. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

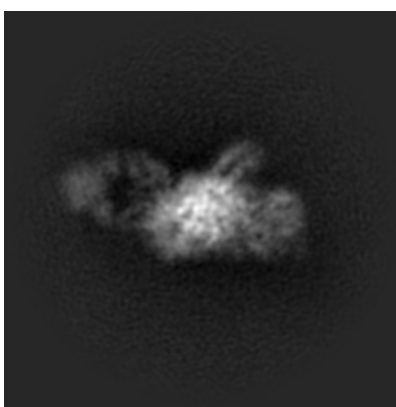
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

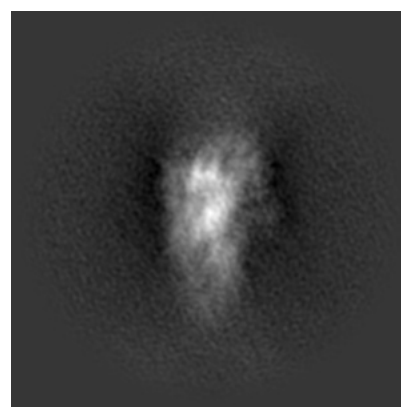
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

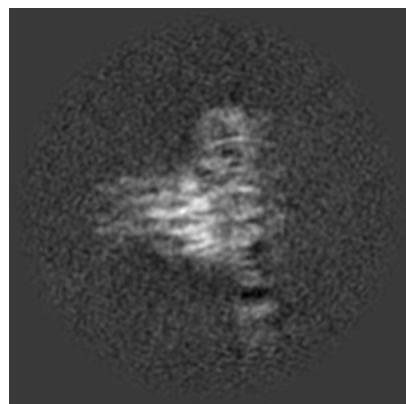


Z

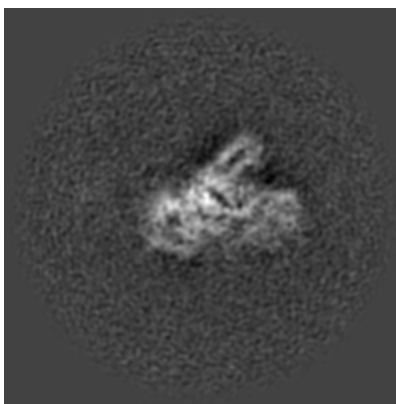
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

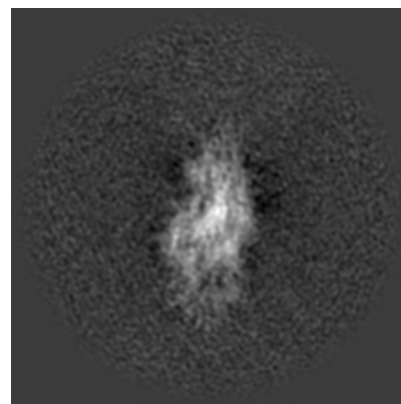
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 150



Y Index: 150

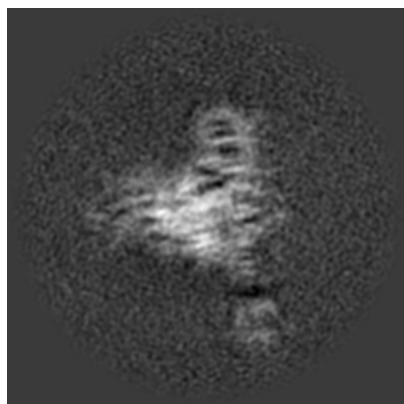


Z Index: 150

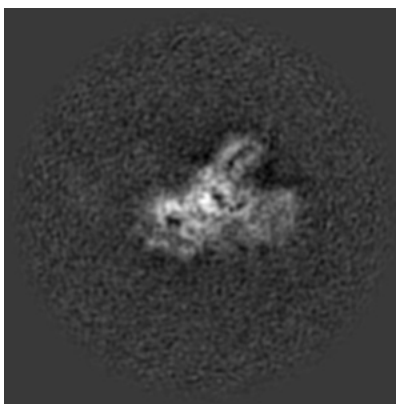
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

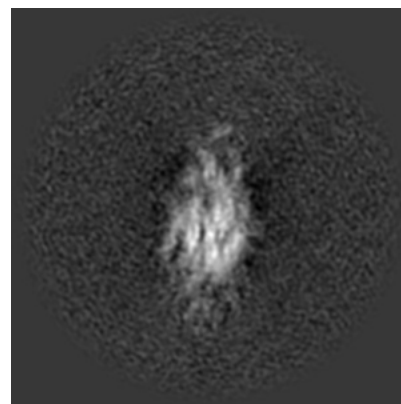
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 152



Y Index: 147

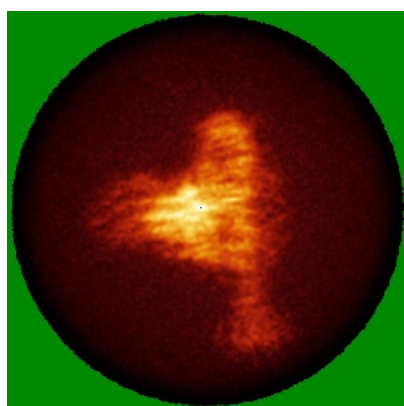


Z Index: 146

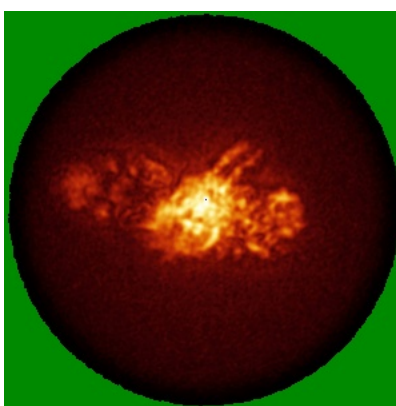
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

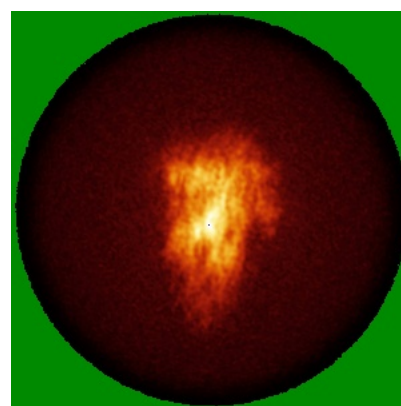
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.18. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

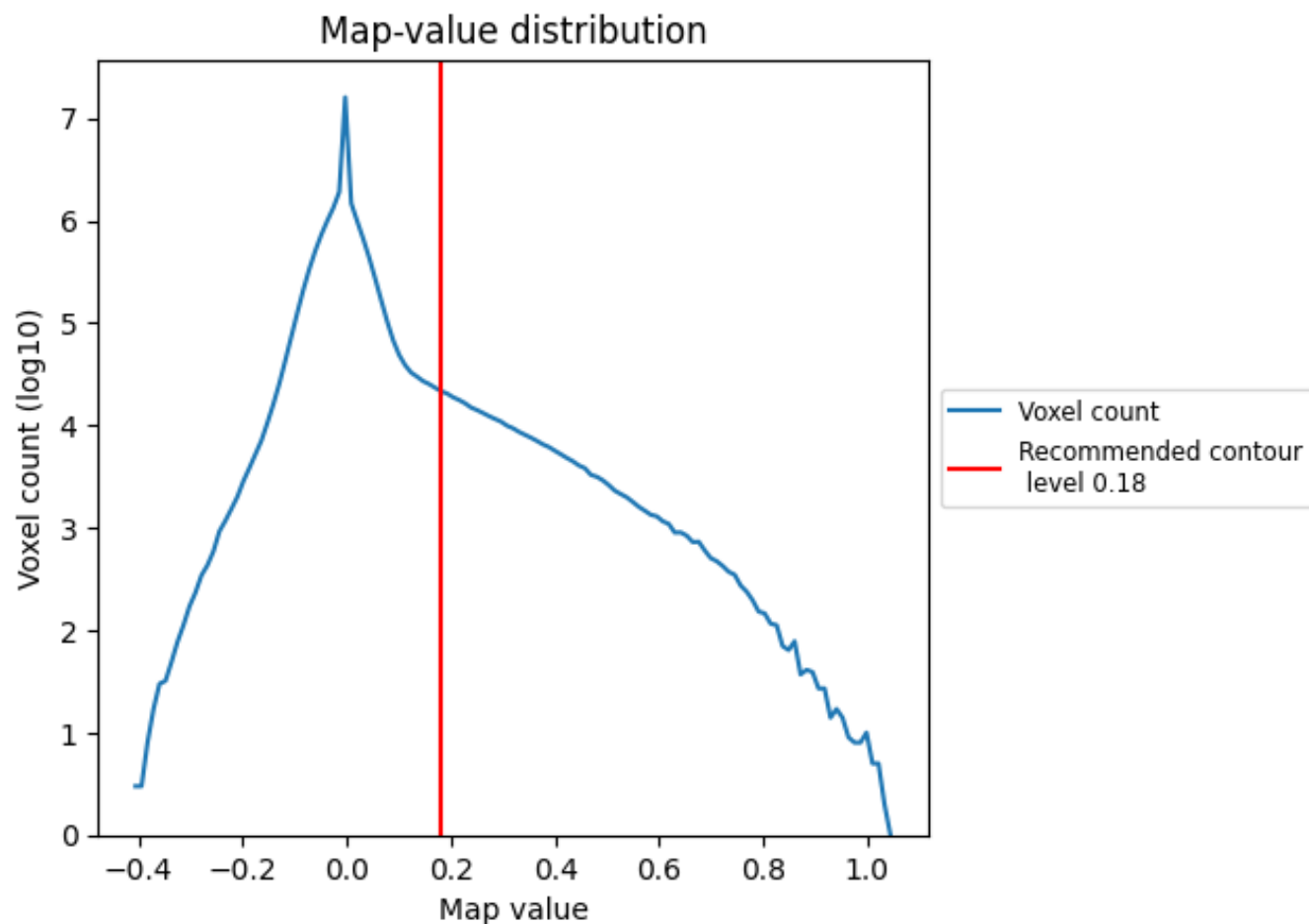
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

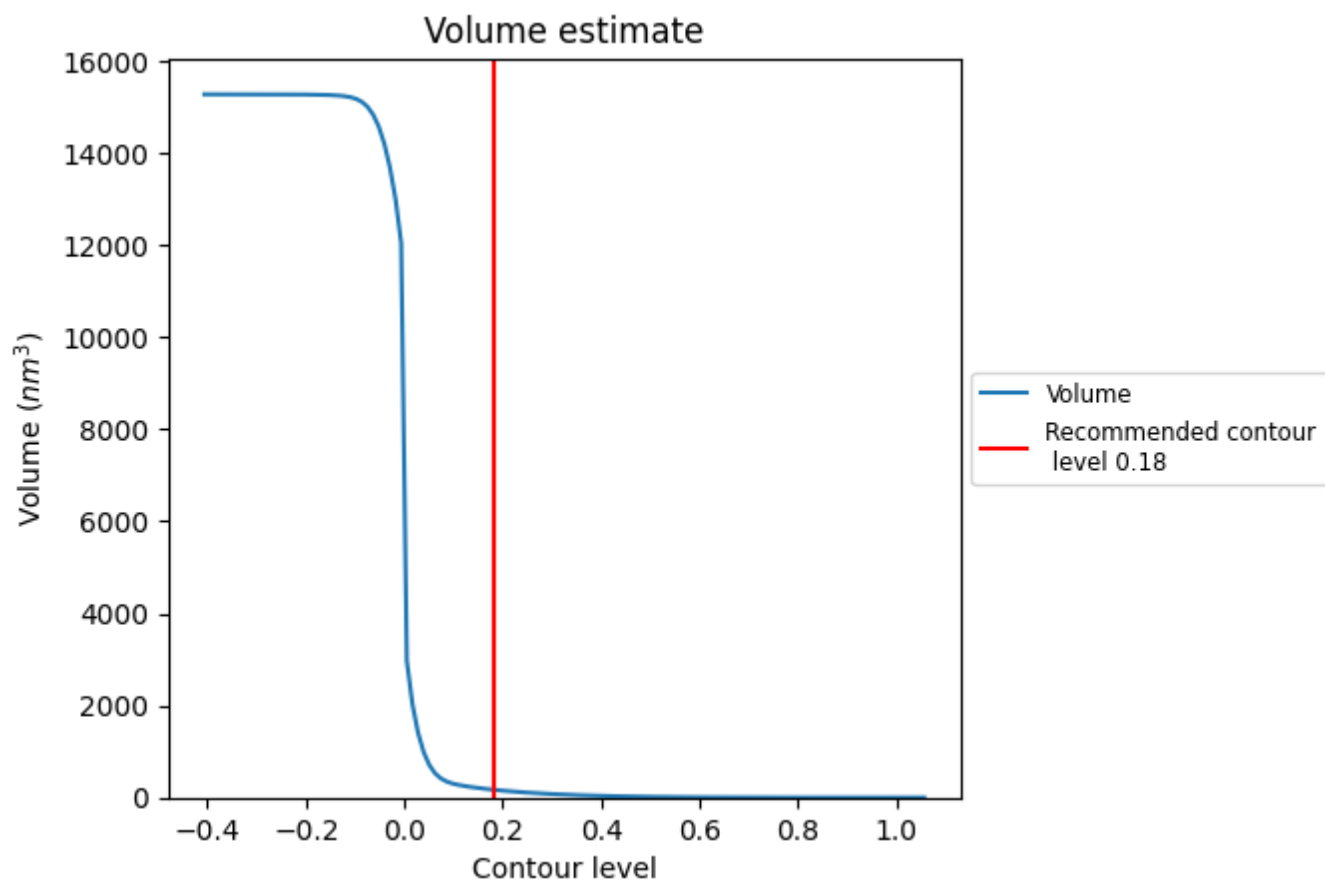
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

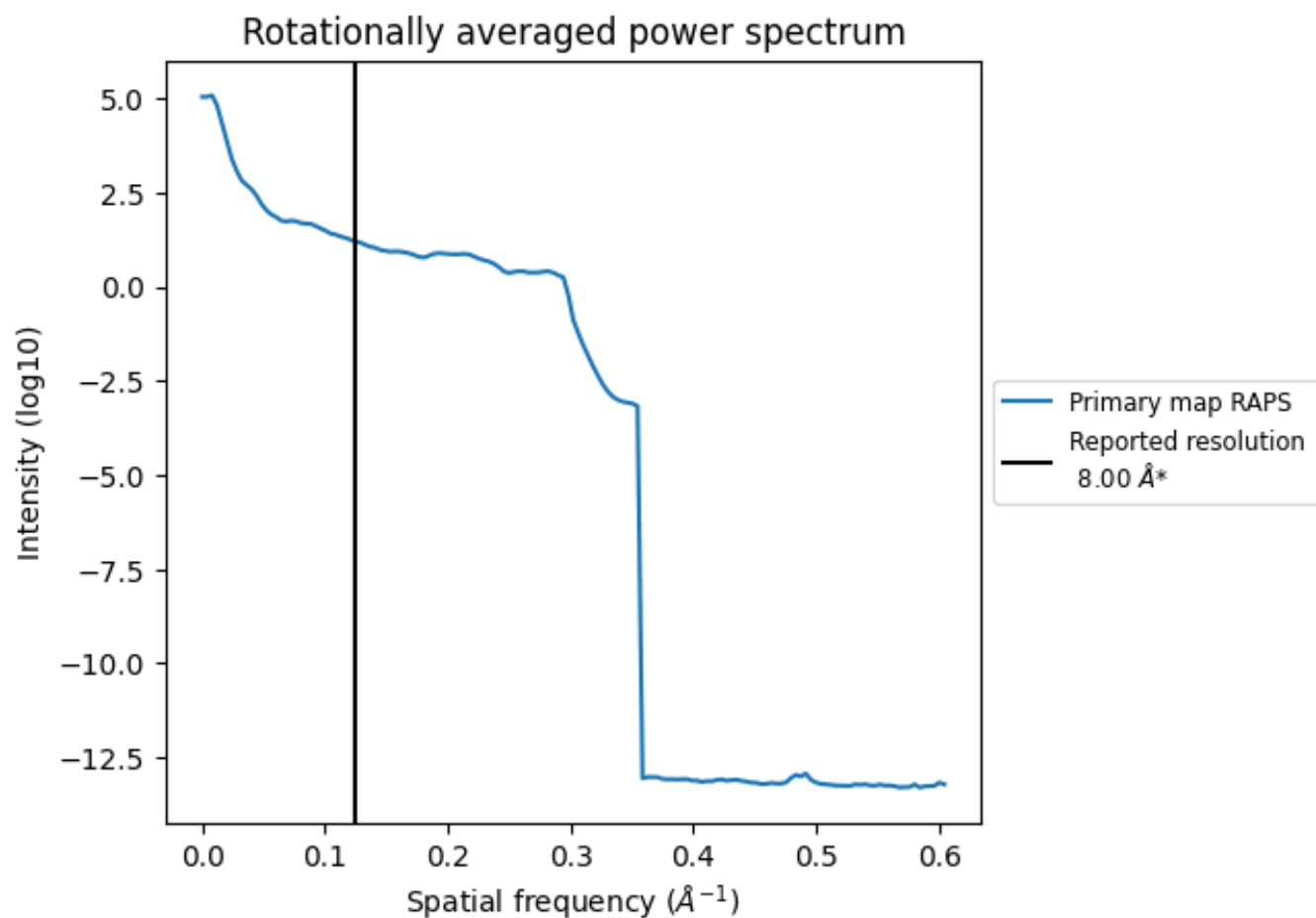
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 171 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 154 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.125 Å⁻¹

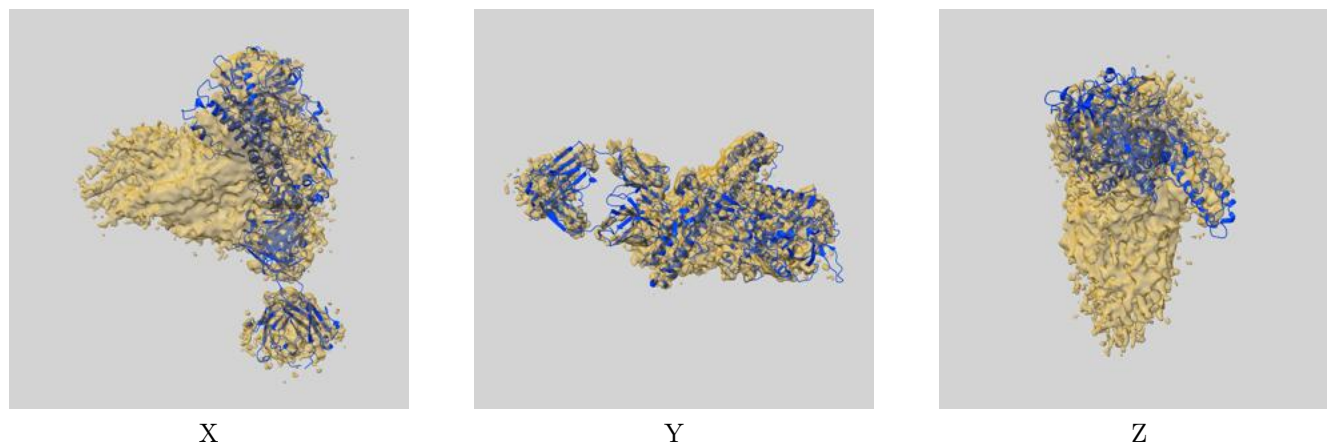
8 Fourier-Shell correlation ⓘ

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

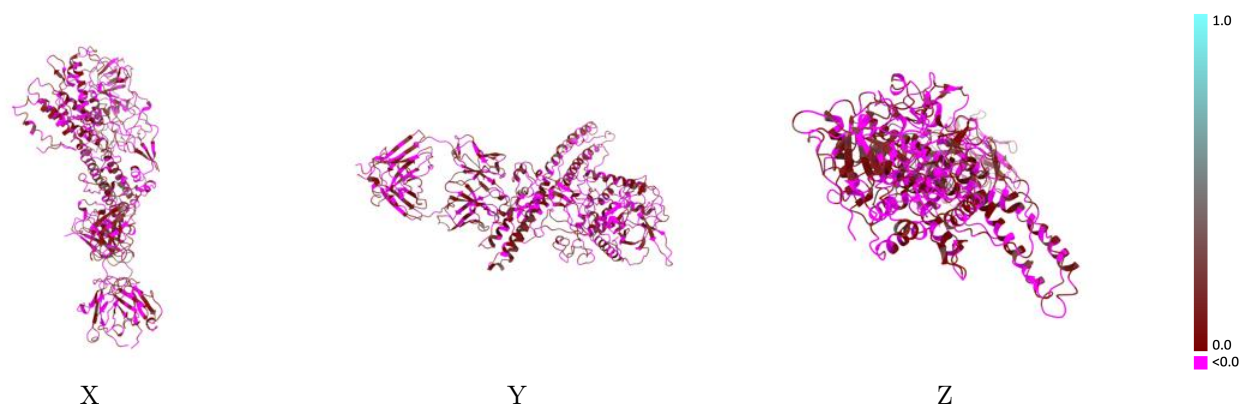
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-12891 and PDB model 7OH1. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 4](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



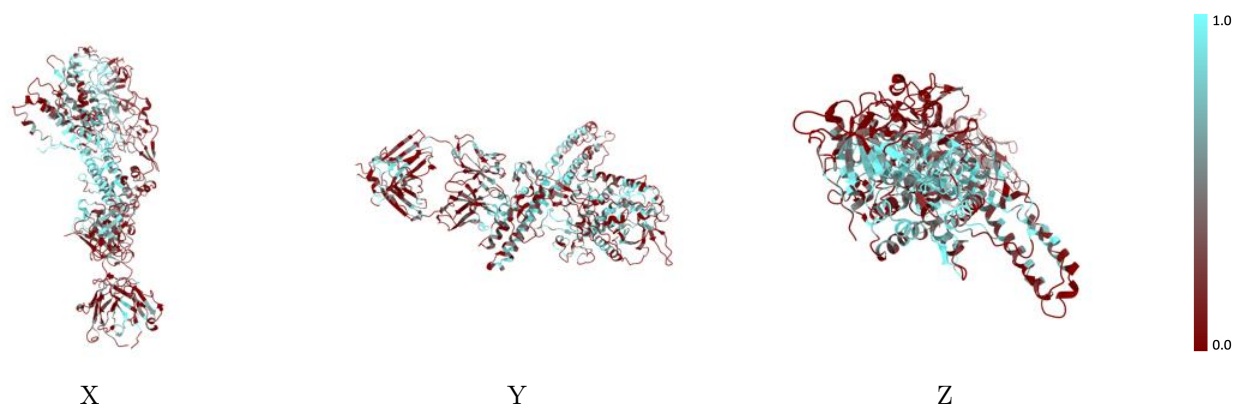
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.18 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



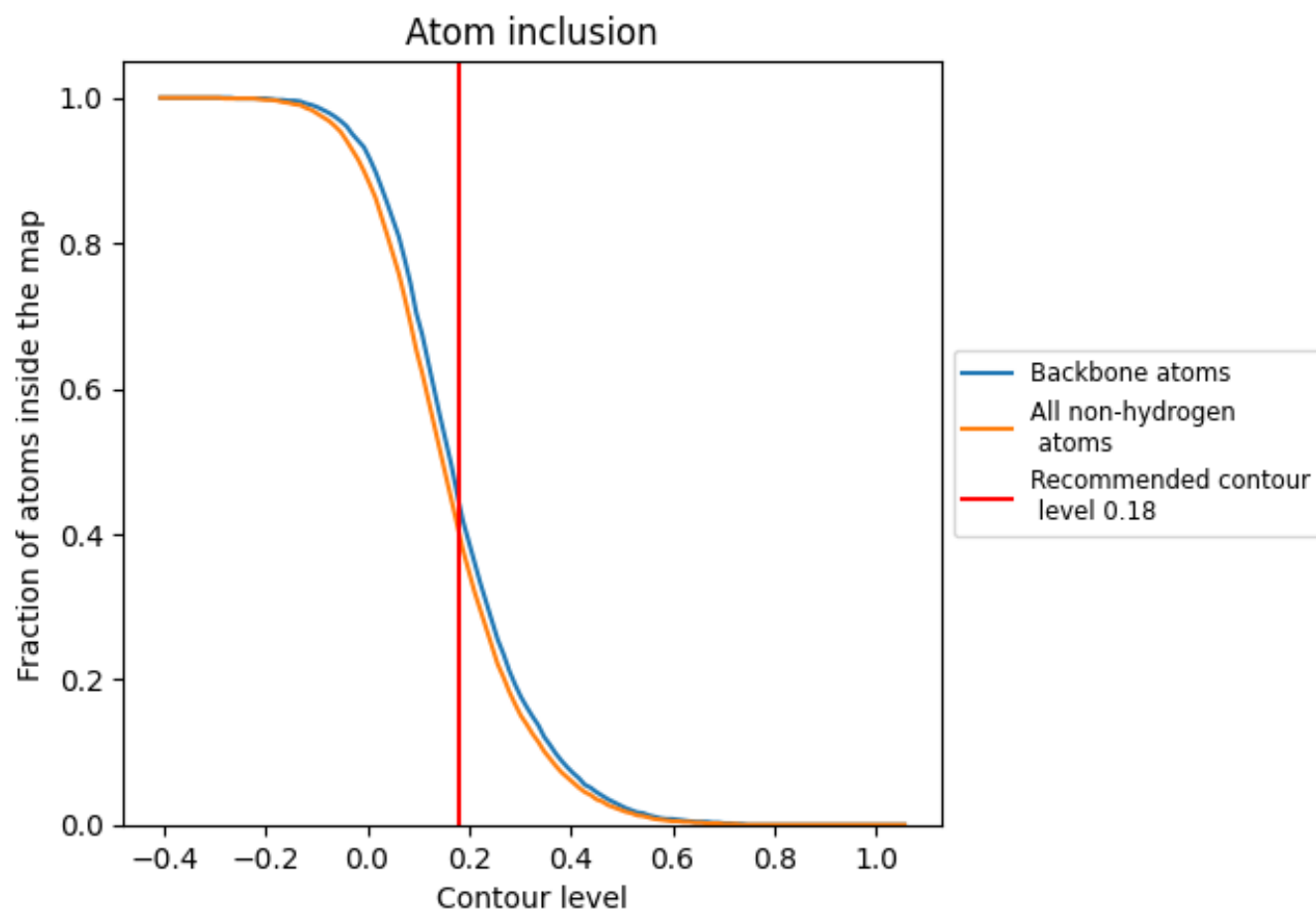
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.18).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 44% of all backbone atoms, 40% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.18) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.4030	<div></div> 0.0390
A	<div></div> 0.4510	<div></div> 0.0350
D	<div></div> 0.2820	<div></div> 0.0500
E	<div></div> 0.3260	<div></div> 0.0410

