



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jun 13, 2024 – 01:34 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1OIR
Title : Imidazopyridines: a potent and selective class of Cyclin-dependent Kinase inhibitors identified through Structure-based hybridisation
Authors : Beattie, J.F.; Breault, G.A.; Byth, K.F.; Culshaw, J.D.; Ellston, R.P.A.; Green, S.; Minshull, C.A.; Norman, R.A.; Paupit, R.A.; Thomas, A.P.; Jewsbury, P.J.
Deposited on : 2003-06-24
Resolution : 1.91 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) ①) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36.2
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

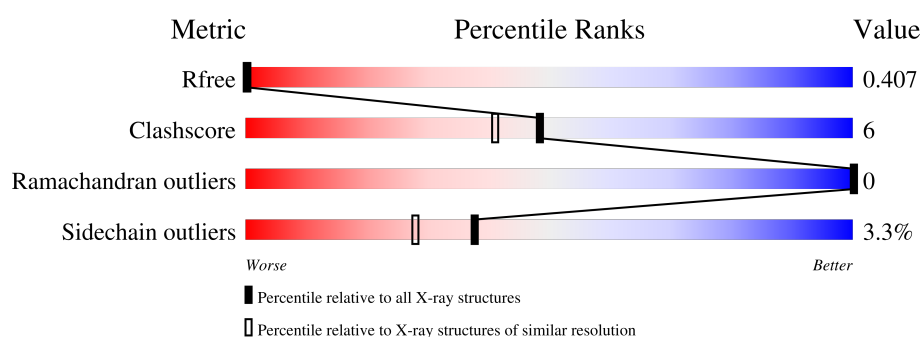
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.91 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	7937 (1.94-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	8644 (1.94-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	8530 (1.94-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	8530 (1.94-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	299	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

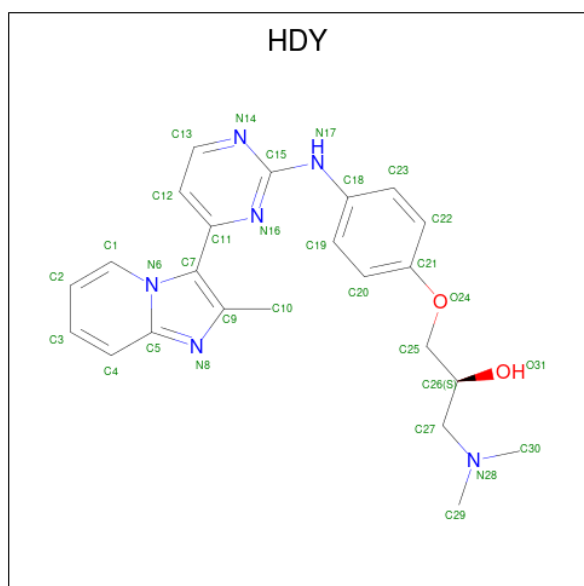
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2439 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CELL DIVISION PROTEIN KINASE 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	287	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2285	1490	383	404	8			

- Molecule 2 is 1-(DIMETHYLAMINO)-3-(4-{4-(2-METHYLIMIDAZO[1,2-A]PYRIDIN-3-YL)PYRIMIDIN-2-YL}AMINO}PHENOXY)PROPAN-2-OL (three-letter code: HDY) (formula: C₂₃H₂₆N₆O₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			31	23	6	2		

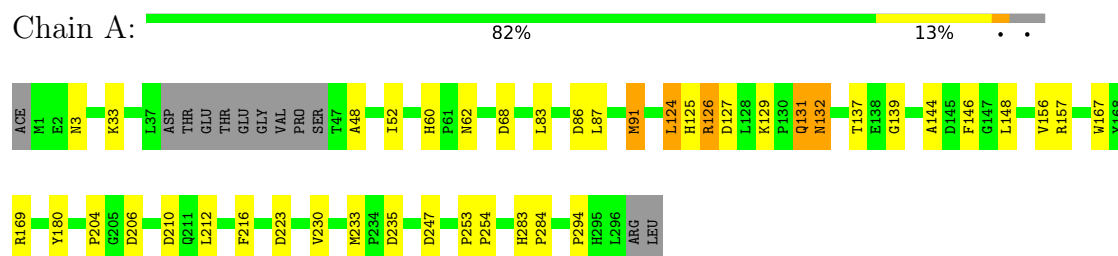
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	123	Total	O	0	0
			123	123		

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: CELL DIVISION PROTEIN KINASE 2



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	53.53Å 72.24Å 72.14Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	43.03 – 1.91 36.94 – 1.89	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	87.4 (43.03-1.91) 83.6 (36.94-1.89)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	10.76 (at 1.89Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.204 , 0.241 0.396 , 0.407	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	979 reflections (5.13%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	20.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.378	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.37 , 28.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.025 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.75	EDS
Total number of atoms	2439	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.86% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HDY, KCX

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.56	1/2332 (0.0%)	0.82	7/3169 (0.2%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	91	MET	SD-CE	-7.16	1.37	1.77

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	223	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	7.71	125.24	118.30
1	A	68	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.95	123.65	118.30
1	A	235	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.89	123.60	118.30
1	A	86	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.74	123.47	118.30
1	A	247	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.54	123.28	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2285	0	2295	26	0
2	A	31	0	26	2	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	123	0	0	4	0
All	All	2439	0	2321	28	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 28 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:126:ARG:O	3:A:2039:HOH:O	1.94	0.84
1:A:137:THR:O	3:A:2046:HOH:O	1.99	0.78
1:A:125:HIS:HD2	1:A:127:ASP:H	1.37	0.72
2:A:1298:HDY:H101	2:A:1298:HDY:H12	1.71	0.71
1:A:60:HIS:CD2	1:A:62:ASN:H	2.10	0.70

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	282/299 (94%)	277 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	245/262 (94%)	237 (97%)	8 (3%)	38 28

5 of 8 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	180	TYR
1	A	146	PHE
1	A	131	GLN
1	A	126	ARG
1	A	132	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	59	ASN
1	A	60	HIS
1	A	125	HIS
1	A	131	GLN
1	A	132	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
1	KCX	A	33	1	9,11,12	1.09	1 (11%)	5,12,14	1.64	1 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	KCX	A	33	1	-	0/9/10/12	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	33	KCX	CE-NZ	2.39	1.51	1.46

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	33	KCX	OQ1-CX-NZ	-3.31	119.82	124.96

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	HDY	A	1298	-	31,34,34	1.74	5 (16%)	31,47,47	2.72	7 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	HDY	A	1298	-	-	6/13/17/17	0/4/4/4

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	1298	HDY	C7-N6	4.71	1.44	1.40
2	A	1298	HDY	C9-C7	4.28	1.50	1.43
2	A	1298	HDY	C5-N8	4.09	1.37	1.33
2	A	1298	HDY	C12-C13	2.21	1.39	1.36
2	A	1298	HDY	C1-N6	-2.18	1.34	1.38

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	1298	HDY	C13-N14-C15	8.05	122.59	115.45
2	A	1298	HDY	N14-C15-N16	-7.79	119.00	126.52
2	A	1298	HDY	C25-O24-C21	5.95	130.56	117.93
2	A	1298	HDY	C12-C13-N14	-4.80	119.08	123.81
2	A	1298	HDY	C15-N16-C11	3.02	120.52	115.60

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	1298	HDY	O24-C25-C26-O31
2	A	1298	HDY	O24-C25-C26-C27
2	A	1298	HDY	C20-C21-O24-C25
2	A	1298	HDY	C22-C21-O24-C25
2	A	1298	HDY	C26-C27-N28-C30

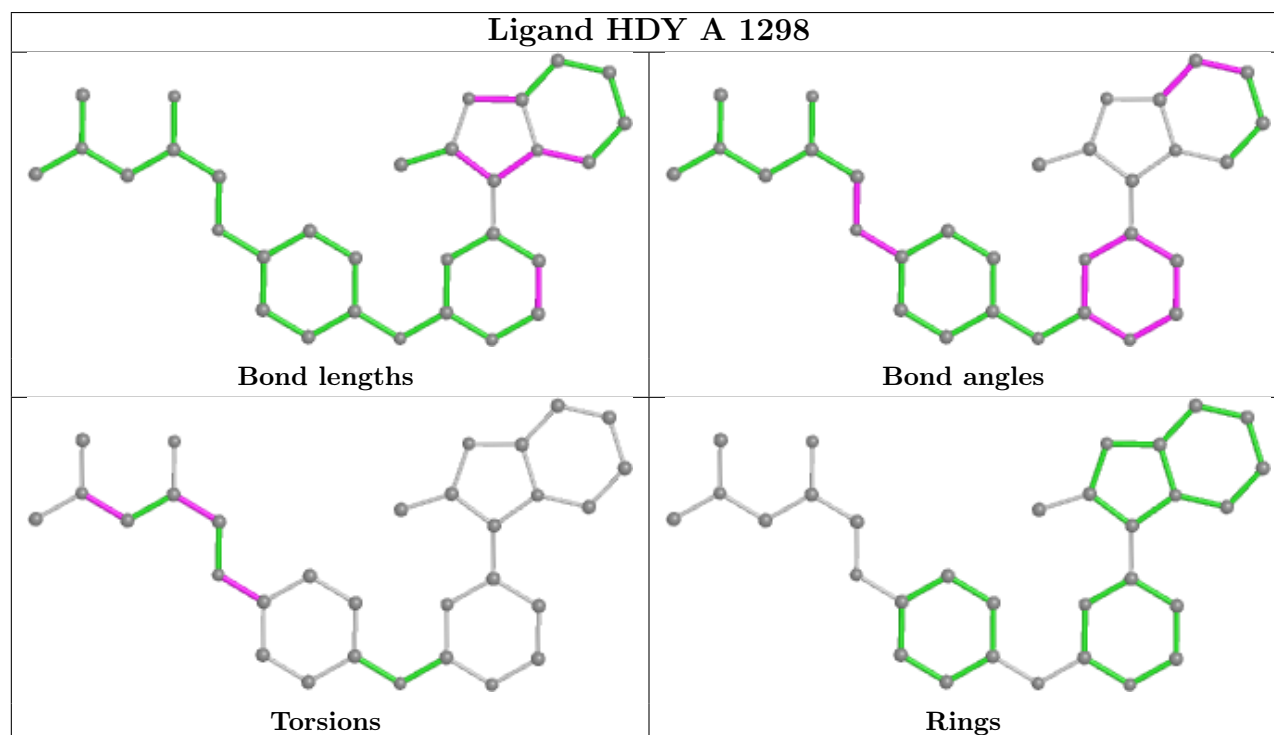
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1298	HDY	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,

bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

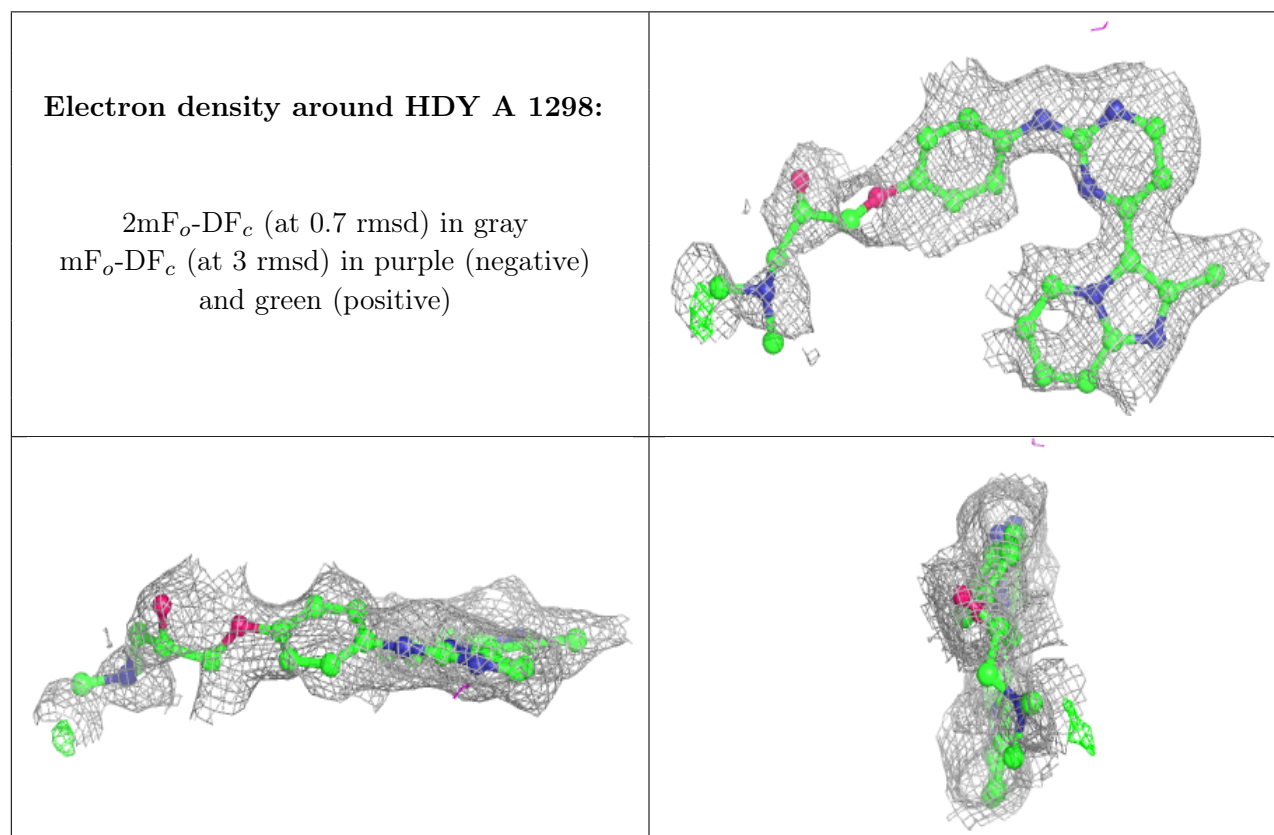
6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands ⓘ

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.