



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jul 7, 2024 – 09:20 am BST

PDB ID : 7QJ0
EMDB ID : EMD-14005
Title : Structure of recombinant human gamma-Tubulin Ring Complex 6-spoked assembly intermediate (spokes 7-12)
Authors : Zupa, E.; Pfeffer, S.
Deposited on : 2021-12-16
Resolution : 5.32 Å (reported)
Based on initial models : 6V6S, 6X0U, 6L81, 7AS4

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev92
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

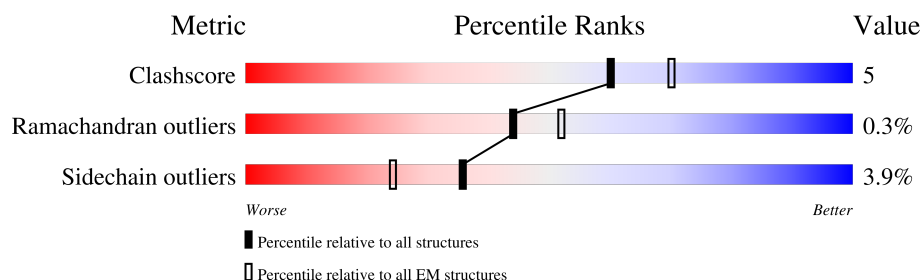
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 5.32 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.









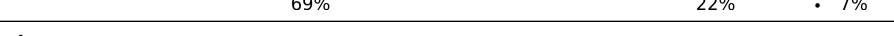
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	b	82	<div> <div>39%</div> <div>66%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>21%</div> </div>
1	m	82	<div> <div>66%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>21%</div> </div>
2	H	907	<div> <div>60%</div> <div>5%</div> <div>35%</div> </div>
2	a	907	<div> <div>7%</div> <div>13%</div> <div>87%</div> </div>
3	J	1024	<div> <div>49%</div> <div>48%</div> </div>
3	l	1024	<div> <div>10%</div> <div>89%</div> </div>
4	G	902	<div> <div>63%</div> <div>7%</div> <div>29%</div> </div>
5	I	667	<div> <div>70%</div> <div>7%</div> <div>22%</div> </div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	K	667	 76%7%16%
6	L	1819	 28%69%
7	U	451	 71%21%7%
7	V	451	 70%21%7%
7	W	451	 70%22%7%
7	X	451	 71%21%7%
7	Y	451	 69%22%7%
7	Z	451	 70%22%7%

2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 50927 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Mitotic-spindle organizing protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	m	65	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			484	299	85	96	4		
1	b	65	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			484	299	85	96	4		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Gamma-tubulin complex component 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	a	116	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			933	591	171	169	2		
2	H	594	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4907	3130	864	888	25		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Gamma-tubulin complex component 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	l	108	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			875	556	151	167	1		
3	J	534	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4429	2893	737	776	23		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Gamma-tubulin complex component 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	G	636	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5186	3342	871	940	33		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Gamma-tubulin complex component 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	I	521	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4225	2737	720	750	18		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	K	562	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4579	2964	781	816	18		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Gamma-tubulin complex component 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	L	566	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4587	3000	773	789	25		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Tubulin gamma-1 chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	U	420	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3373	2134	586	638	15		
7	V	420	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3373	2134	586	638	15		
7	W	420	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3373	2134	586	638	15		
7	X	420	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3373	2134	586	638	15		
7	Y	420	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3373	2134	586	638	15		
7	Z	420	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3373	2134	586	638	15		

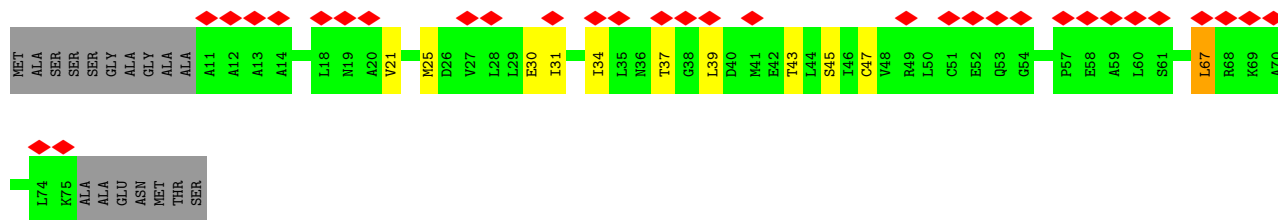
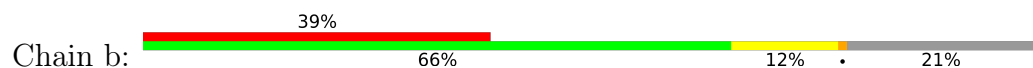
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

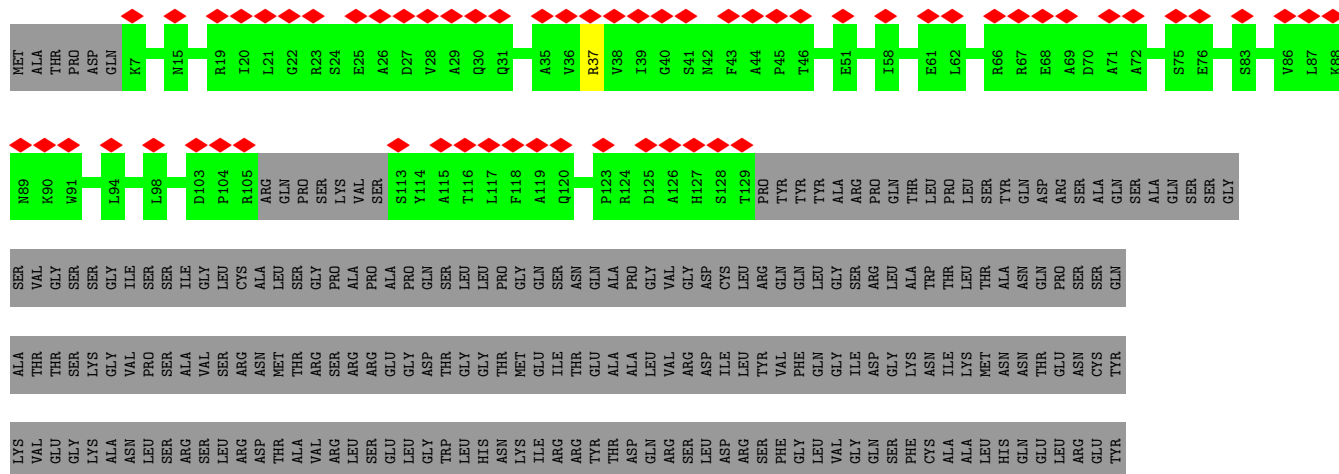
- Molecule 1: Mitotic-spindle organizing protein 1



- Molecule 1: Mitotic-spindle organizing protein 1



- Molecule 2: Gamma-tubulin complex component 3



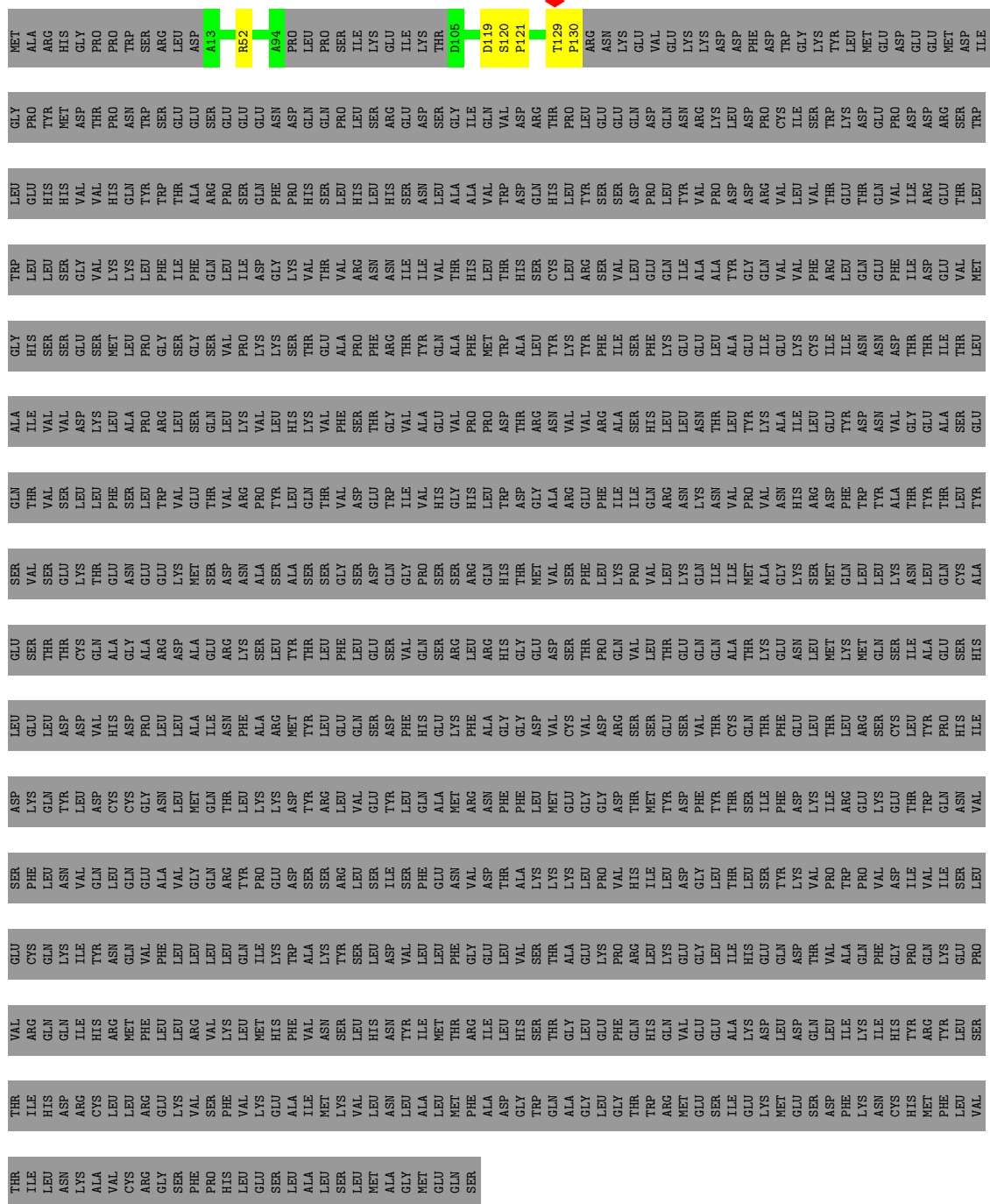
[illegible]

- Molecule 2: Gamma-tubulin complex component 3

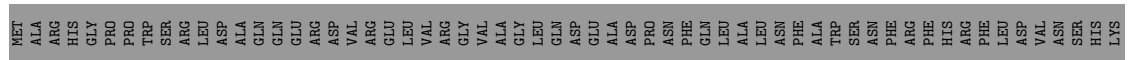
Chain H: 60% 5% 35%

THR	GLY	LEU	ALA	GLU	MET
V651	V454	PRO	LEU	ALA	ALA
K632	K455	GLY	GLY	ILE	THR
C636	R467	GLN	ARG	GLN	PRO
N637	R467	ASP	ASP	ASP	ASP
	D478	ASN	ALA	ARG	GLN
H702		GLN	HIS	ARG	LYS
H705	K482	ALA	SER	GLU	SER
	V483	PRO	THR	ALA	PRO
	L494	GLY	PRO	ASP	ASN
Y720		VAL	TVR	ALA	VAL
	G487	GLY	TVR	ALA	LEU
Q781		ASP	TVR	LEU	LEU
E784	I490	CYS	ALA	PHE	GLN
	L287	LEU	ARG	SER	ASN
K611	L287	ARG	PRO	LEU	LEU
GLN	A326	GLN	GLN	HIS	CYS
ARG	K505	LEU	THR	ARG	CYS
MET	K347	GLY	PRO	ARG	ARG
ILE	ILE	SER	LEU	LYS	ILE
ALA	GLU	ARG	SER	LEU	GLY
VAL	ASP	LEU	TVR	SER	ARG
THR	ASP	ALA	GLN	GLN	SER
LYS	GLN	TRP	ASP	GLY	GLU
SER	GLY	THR	ARG	VAL	ALA
ALA	VAL	LEU	SER	LEU	ASP
GLU	ASN	THR	ALA	LYS	VAL
THR	LEU	ALA	GLN	ASN	ALA
PRO	GLY	ASN	SER	LYS	GLN
ALA	LEU	GLN	ALA	TRP	GLN
ASP	GLU	PRO	GLN	SER	PHE
ALA	SER	SER	SER	ILE	GLN
ALA	A361	SER	SER	LEU	TVR
ASP	A361	GLN	GLY	TYR	ALA
LEU	L364	ALA	SER	LEU	VAL
PHE	R365	THR	VAL	LEU	ARG
T524	R366	THR	GLY	LEU	ARG
D525	L367	SER	SER	LEU	ILE
		LYS	SER	GLY	GLY
	W370	GLY	GLY	SER	SER
D535		VAL	ILE	GLU	ASN
	L555	PRO	SER	ASP	ASN
	L592	SER	PRO	PHE	PHE
Y593	P409	ALA	ILE	ARG	PRO
Q594	R412	VAL	GLY	ARG	THR
		SER	LEU	GLN	VAL
	V415	ARG	CYS	PRO	GLU
L597		ASN	ALA	SER	ARG
L601	L419	MET	LEU	LYS	GLU
		THR	SER	VAL	GLU
V623	V422	ARG	PRO	SER	PHE
		SER	ALA	LEU	VAL
GLY		GLY	ALA	TYR	VAL
ARG		ARG	PRO	ALA	ALA
VAL	W433	ARG	PRO	GLU	THR
SER		THR	ALA	LYS	GLU
LEU	L439	GLY	PRO	PHE	ILE
THR		ASP	GLN	ILE	ILE
V637		THR	SER	ALA	LYS
N645	F447	GLY	LEU	THR	LYS
		THR	LEU	THR	LYS

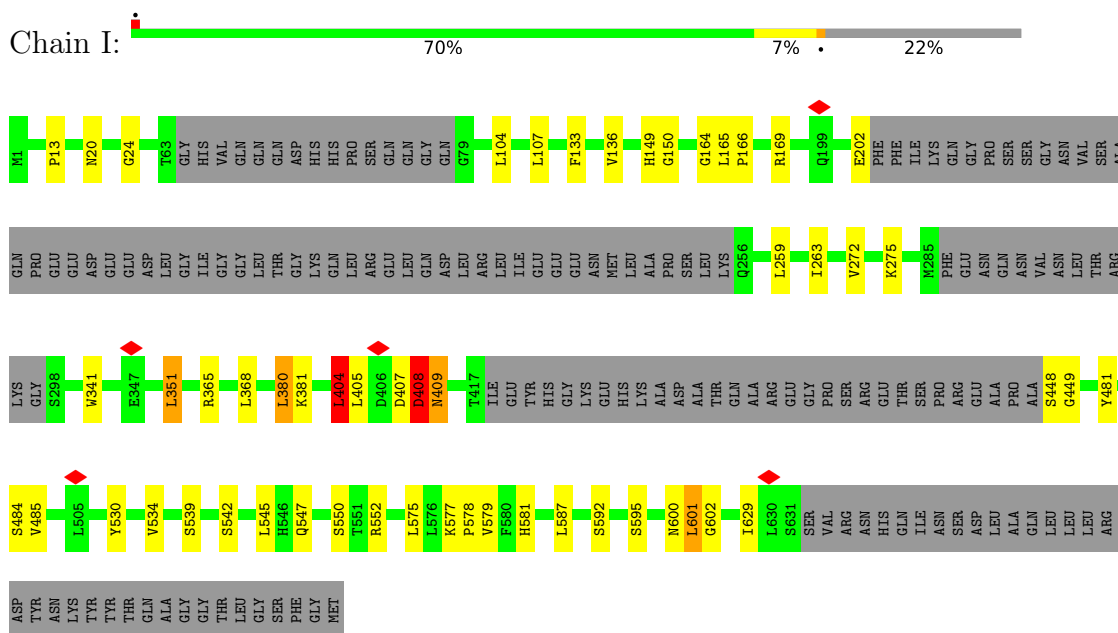
Chain 1: 10% . 89%



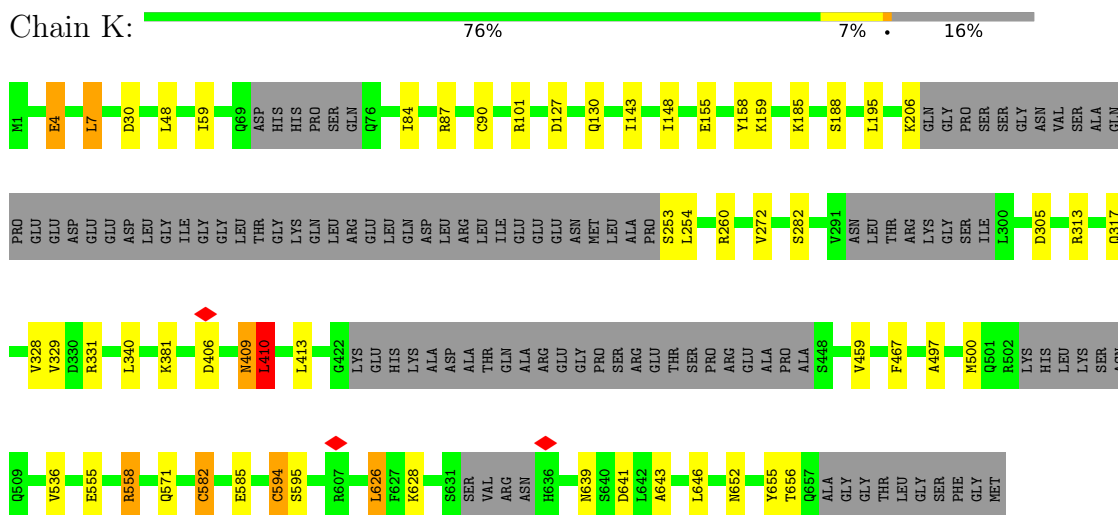
Chain J: 49% . 48%



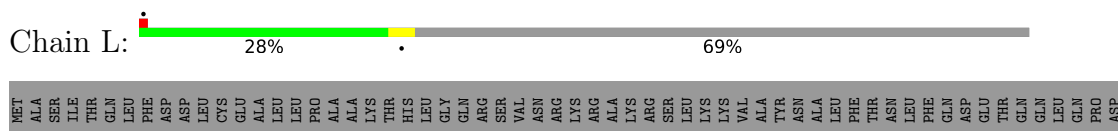
- Molecule 5: Gamma-tubulin complex component 4



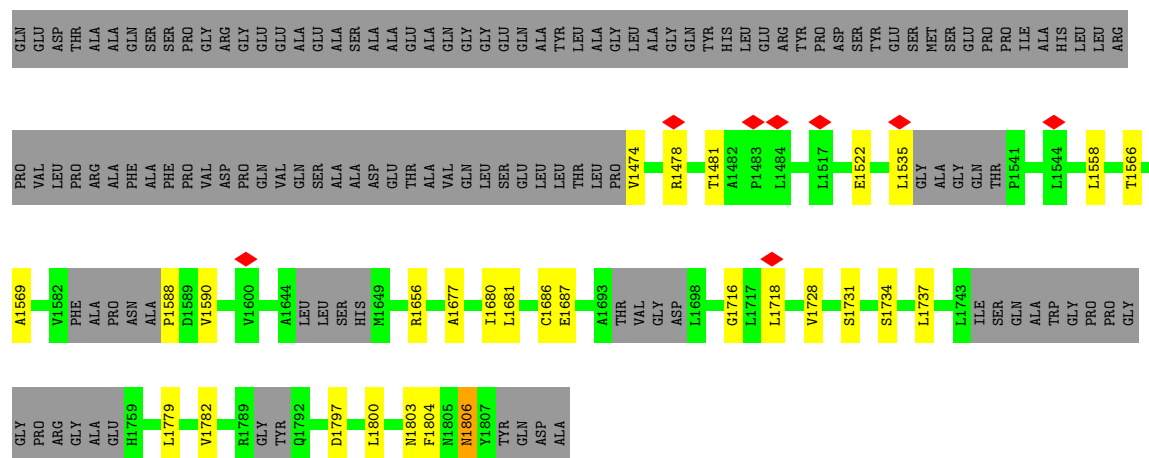
- Molecule 5: Gamma-tubulin complex component 4



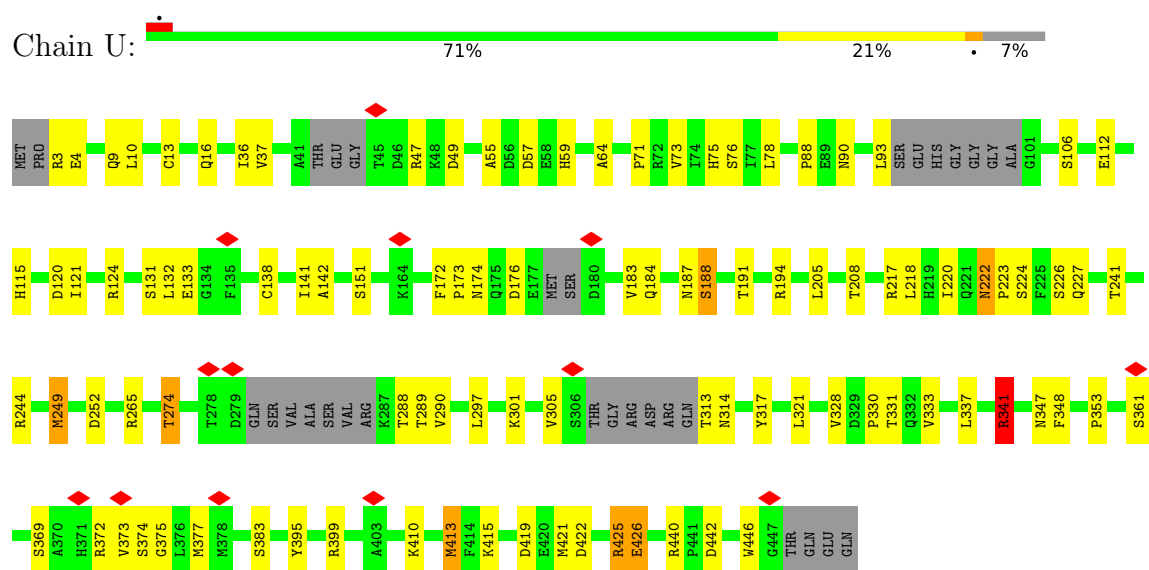
- Molecule 6: Gamma-tubulin complex component 6



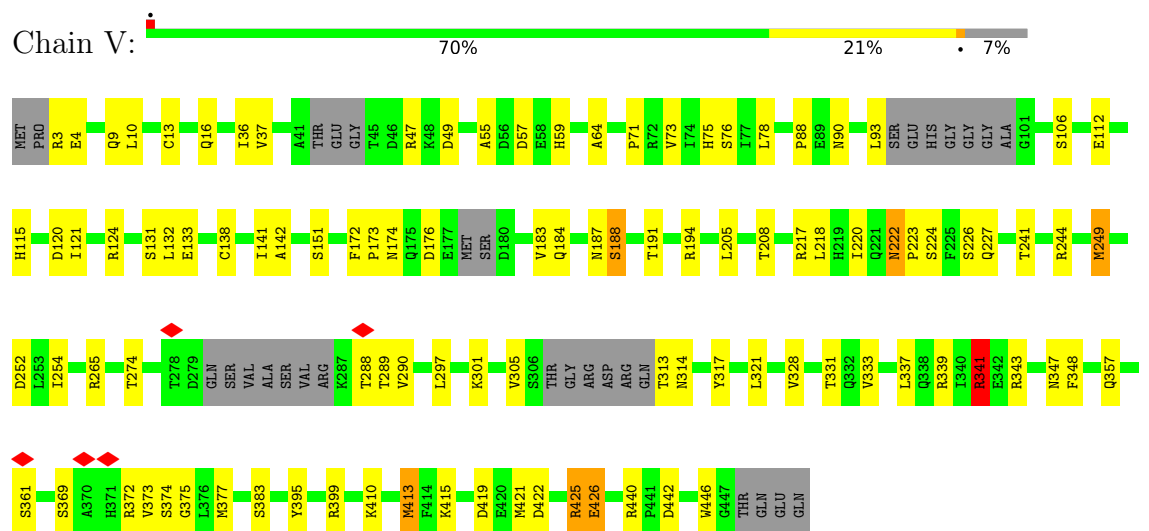




• Molecule 7: Tubulin gamma-1 chain

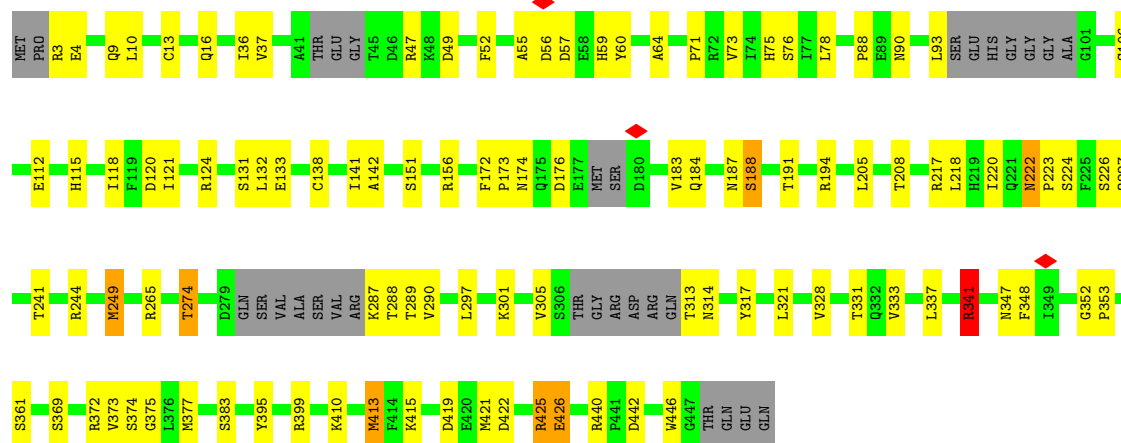


• Molecule 7: Tubulin gamma-1 chain



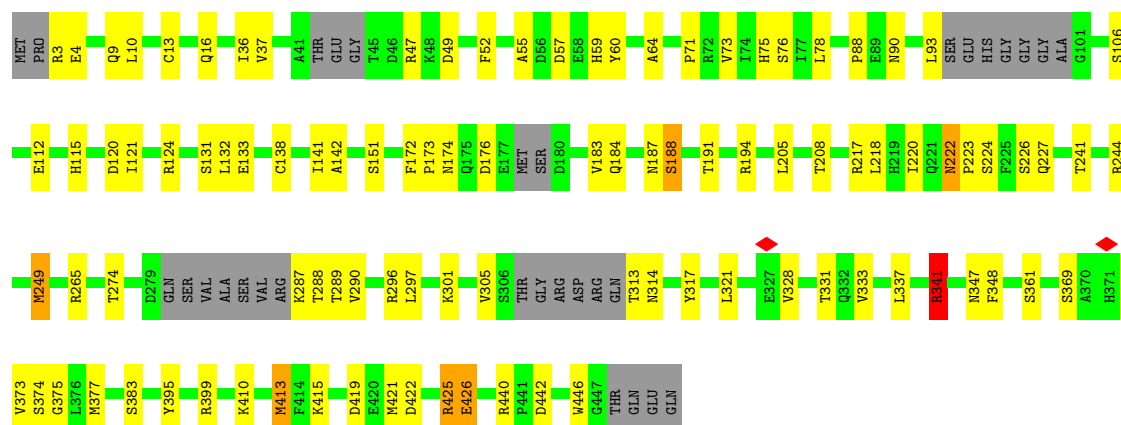
• Molecule 7: Tubulin gamma-1 chain

Chain W:  70% 22% 7%



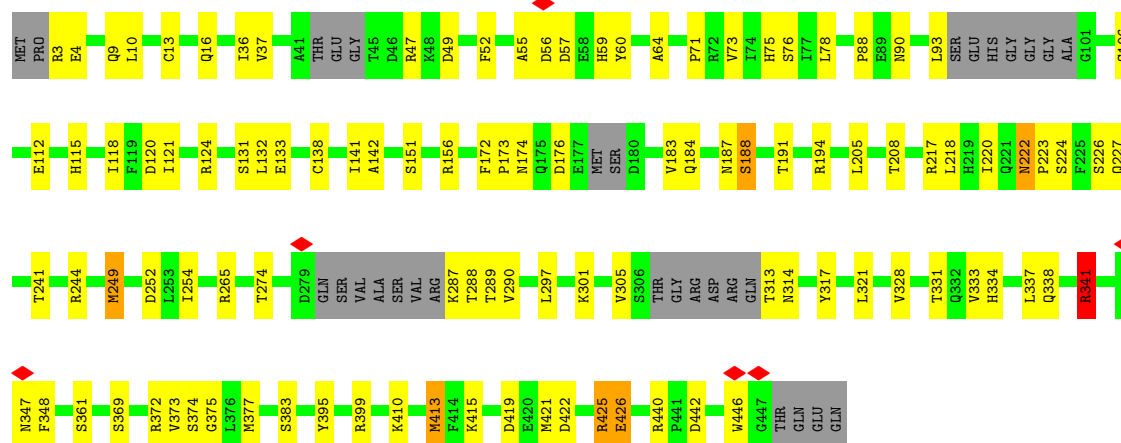
• Molecule 7: Tubulin gamma-1 chain

Chain X:  71% 21% 7%

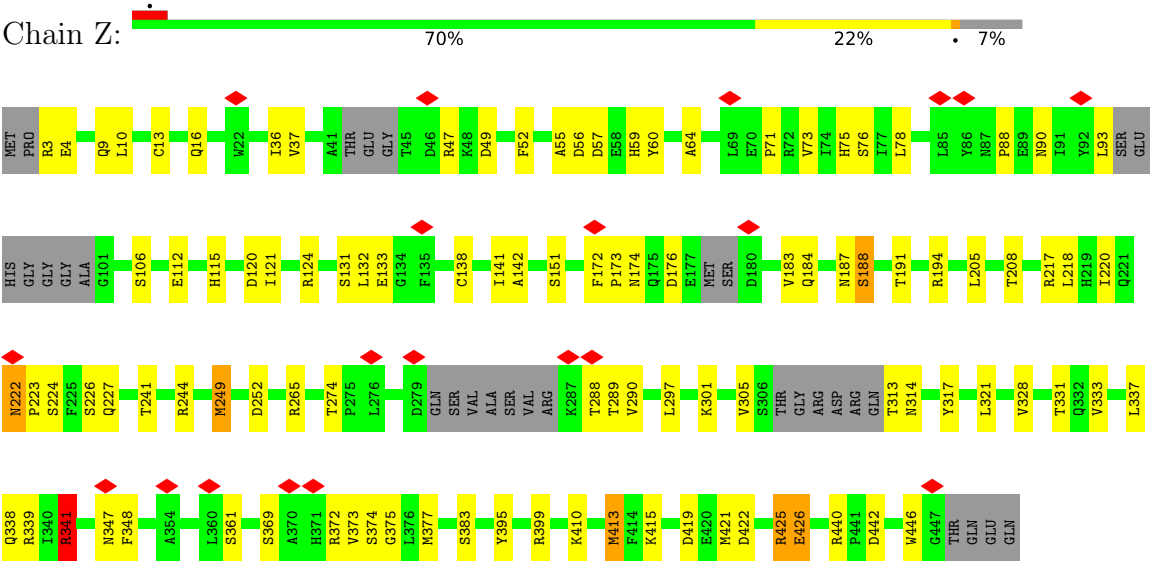


• Molecule 7: Tubulin gamma-1 chain

Chain Y:  69% 22% 7%



● Molecule 7: Tubulin gamma-1 chain



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	92149	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	35	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.255	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.033	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.007	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0468	Depositor
Map size (Å)	532.0, 532.0, 532.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	200, 200, 200	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	2.66, 2.66, 2.66	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	b	0.38	0/484	0.73	1/653 (0.2%)
1	m	0.37	0/484	0.73	1/653 (0.2%)
2	H	0.38	1/5009 (0.0%)	0.56	0/6761
2	a	0.32	0/948	0.61	0/1277
3	J	0.38	0/4525	0.63	1/6119 (0.0%)
3	l	0.40	0/894	0.62	3/1209 (0.2%)
4	G	0.37	0/5295	0.60	4/7147 (0.1%)
5	I	0.37	0/4322	0.58	4/5853 (0.1%)
5	K	0.43	3/4683 (0.1%)	0.63	8/6338 (0.1%)
6	L	0.53	4/4697 (0.1%)	0.68	9/6348 (0.1%)
7	U	0.35	0/3441	0.61	3/4661 (0.1%)
7	V	0.35	0/3441	0.61	3/4661 (0.1%)
7	W	0.35	0/3441	0.61	3/4661 (0.1%)
7	X	0.35	0/3441	0.61	3/4661 (0.1%)
7	Y	0.35	0/3441	0.61	3/4661 (0.1%)
7	Z	0.35	0/3441	0.61	3/4661 (0.1%)
All	All	0.39	8/51987 (0.0%)	0.61	49/70324 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	H	0	1
3	J	0	5
4	G	0	3
5	I	0	6
6	L	0	3
All	All	0	18

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	L	320	PHE	CE2-CZ	20.67	1.76	1.37
6	L	320	PHE	CG-CD1	9.93	1.53	1.38
5	K	4	GLU	CB-CG	9.63	1.70	1.52
6	L	320	PHE	CD1-CE1	7.95	1.55	1.39
5	K	4	GLU	CD-OE1	-7.87	1.17	1.25

The worst 5 of 49 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
7	W	341	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.47	125.54	120.30
7	Z	341	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.45	125.53	120.30
7	U	341	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.45	125.53	120.30
7	X	341	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.45	125.53	120.30
7	V	341	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.40	125.50	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 18 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
4	G	240	GLY	Peptide
4	G	580	HIS	Peptide
4	G	581	ASP	Mainchain
2	H	454	VAL	Peptide
5	I	407	ASP	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	b	484	0	512	0	0
1	m	484	0	512	0	0
2	H	4907	0	4896	29	0
2	a	933	0	953	0	0
3	J	4429	0	4482	19	0
3	l	875	0	841	0	0
4	G	5186	0	5219	42	0
5	I	4225	0	4259	27	0
5	K	4579	0	4586	38	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	L	4587	0	4636	33	0
7	U	3373	0	3325	46	0
7	V	3373	0	3325	45	0
7	W	3373	0	3325	47	0
7	X	3373	0	3325	43	0
7	Y	3373	0	3325	50	0
7	Z	3373	0	3325	48	0
All	All	50927	0	50846	442	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 442 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:L:320:PHE:CZ	6:L:320:PHE:CE2	1.76	1.66
7:W:56:ASP:HB2	7:X:296:ARG:HG2	1.61	0.82
4:G:574:LYS:HB2	4:G:619:ASP:HB3	1.72	0.72
6:L:1677:ALA:HA	6:L:1681:LEU:HD12	1.73	0.70
3:J:884:PHE:O	3:J:887:ARG:HB3	1.93	0.69

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	b	63/82 (77%)	62 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
1	m	63/82 (77%)	62 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
2	H	584/907 (64%)	566 (97%)	17 (3%)	1 (0%)	47	81
2	a	112/907 (12%)	108 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	J	506/1024 (49%)	474 (94%)	30 (6%)	2 (0%)	34	72
3	I	104/1024 (10%)	100 (96%)	2 (2%)	2 (2%)	8	40
4	G	624/902 (69%)	593 (95%)	29 (5%)	2 (0%)	41	76
5	I	511/667 (77%)	486 (95%)	19 (4%)	6 (1%)	13	50
5	K	548/667 (82%)	533 (97%)	13 (2%)	2 (0%)	34	72
6	L	540/1819 (30%)	507 (94%)	29 (5%)	4 (1%)	22	62
7	U	408/451 (90%)	387 (95%)	21 (5%)	0	100	100
7	V	408/451 (90%)	387 (95%)	21 (5%)	0	100	100
7	W	408/451 (90%)	387 (95%)	21 (5%)	0	100	100
7	X	408/451 (90%)	387 (95%)	21 (5%)	0	100	100
7	Y	408/451 (90%)	387 (95%)	21 (5%)	0	100	100
7	Z	408/451 (90%)	387 (95%)	21 (5%)	0	100	100
All	All	6103/10787 (57%)	5813 (95%)	271 (4%)	19 (0%)	44	76

5 of 19 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	G	241	ARG
4	G	581	ASP
5	I	408	ASP
5	I	601	LEU
3	J	236	LEU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	b	53/62 (86%)	42 (79%)	11 (21%)	1	7
1	m	53/62 (86%)	42 (79%)	11 (21%)	1	7
2	H	539/798 (68%)	539 (100%)	0	100	100
2	a	101/798 (13%)	100 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	86

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	J	498/933 (53%)	498 (100%)	0	100	100
3	I	96/933 (10%)	95 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	86
4	G	572/791 (72%)	570 (100%)	2 (0%)	92	95
5	I	472/594 (80%)	472 (100%)	0	100	100
5	K	509/594 (86%)	506 (99%)	3 (1%)	86	91
6	L	501/1546 (32%)	500 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	96
7	U	376/400 (94%)	344 (92%)	32 (8%)	10	35
7	V	376/400 (94%)	345 (92%)	31 (8%)	11	36
7	W	376/400 (94%)	344 (92%)	32 (8%)	10	35
7	X	376/400 (94%)	345 (92%)	31 (8%)	11	36
7	Y	376/400 (94%)	345 (92%)	31 (8%)	11	36
7	Z	376/400 (94%)	345 (92%)	31 (8%)	11	36
All	All	5650/9511 (59%)	5432 (96%)	218 (4%)	36	56

5 of 218 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	W	373	VAL
7	X	341	ARG
7	Z	301	LYS
7	W	422	ASP
7	X	183	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 96 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
6	L	1805	ASN
7	W	16	GLN
7	U	102	ASN
7	V	16	GLN
7	W	227	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

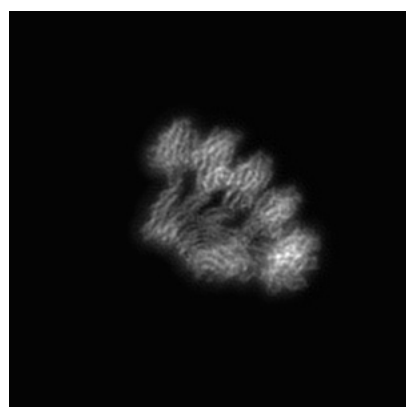
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-14005. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

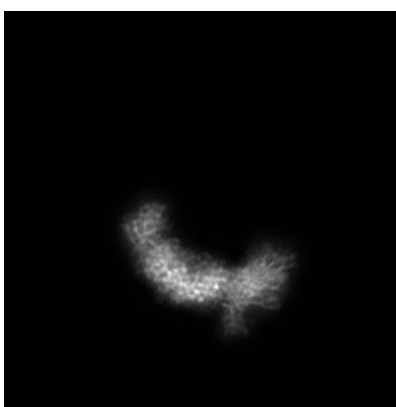
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

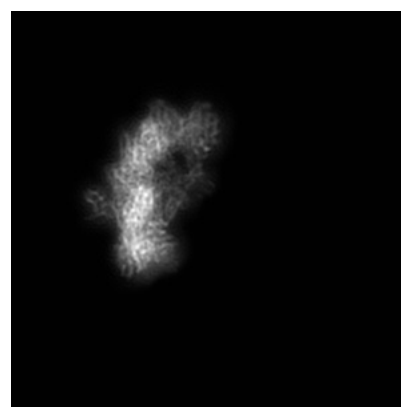
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

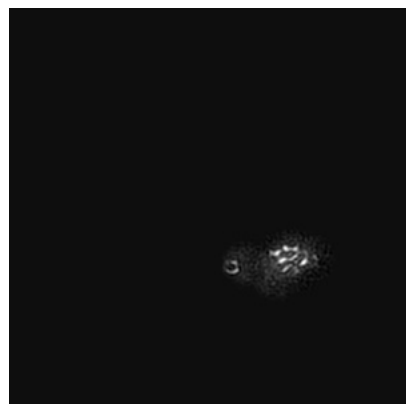


Z

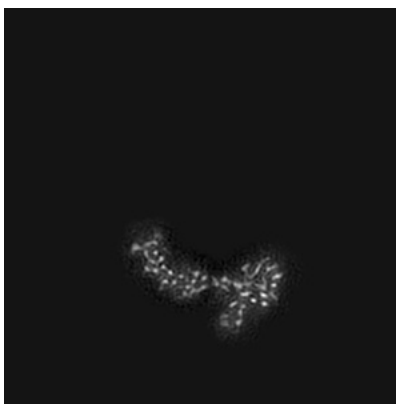
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

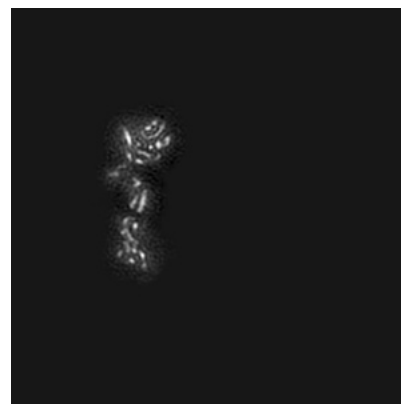
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 100



Y Index: 100

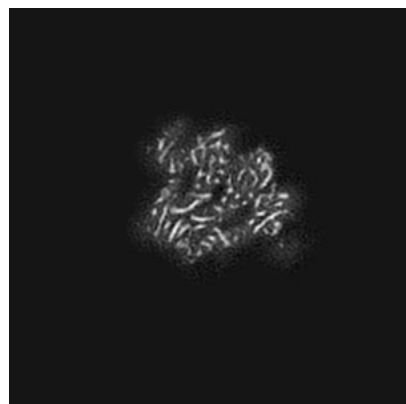


Z Index: 100

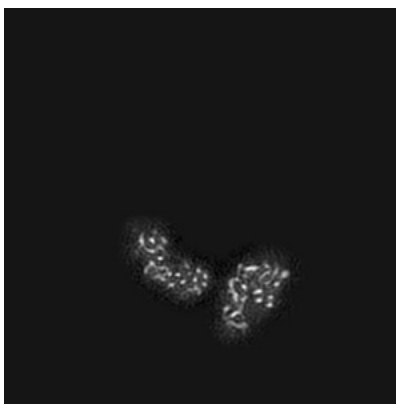
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

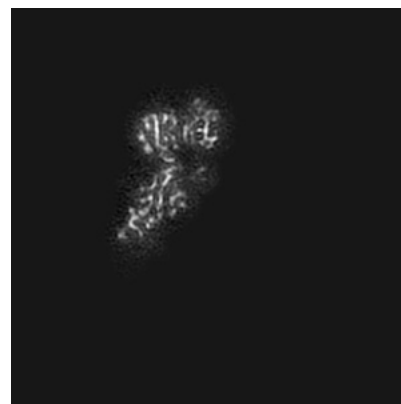
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 62



Y Index: 103

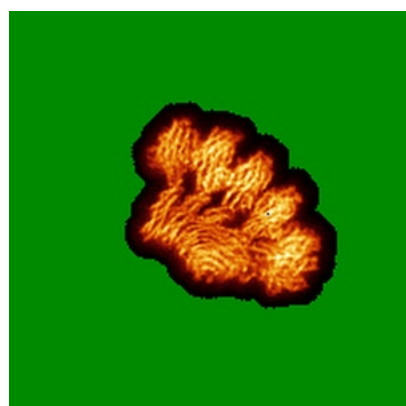


Z Index: 77

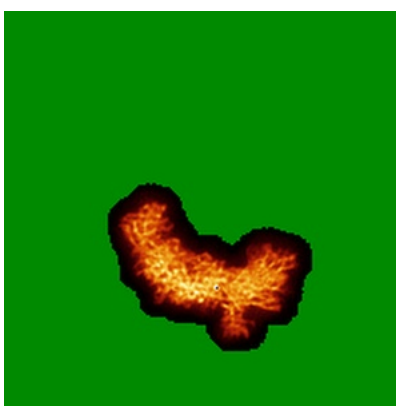
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

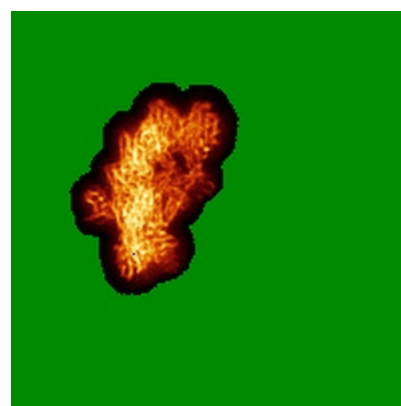
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

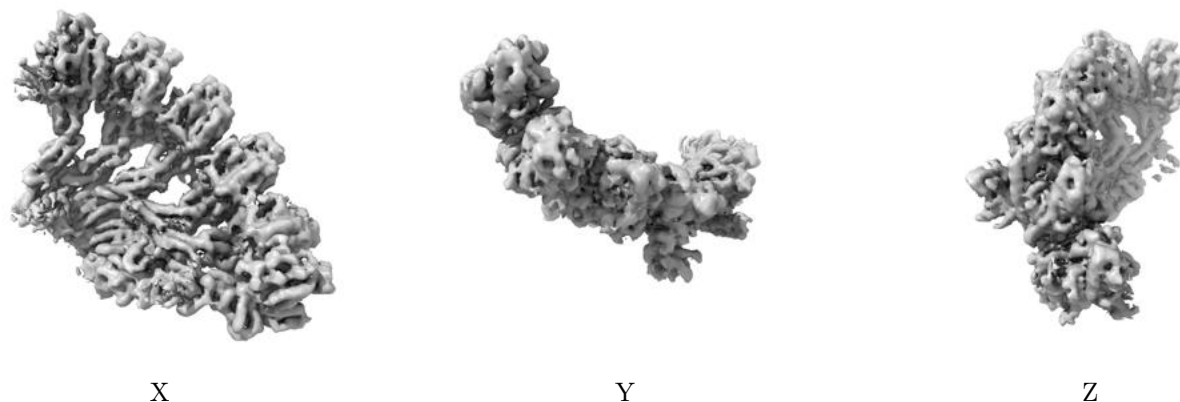


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0468. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

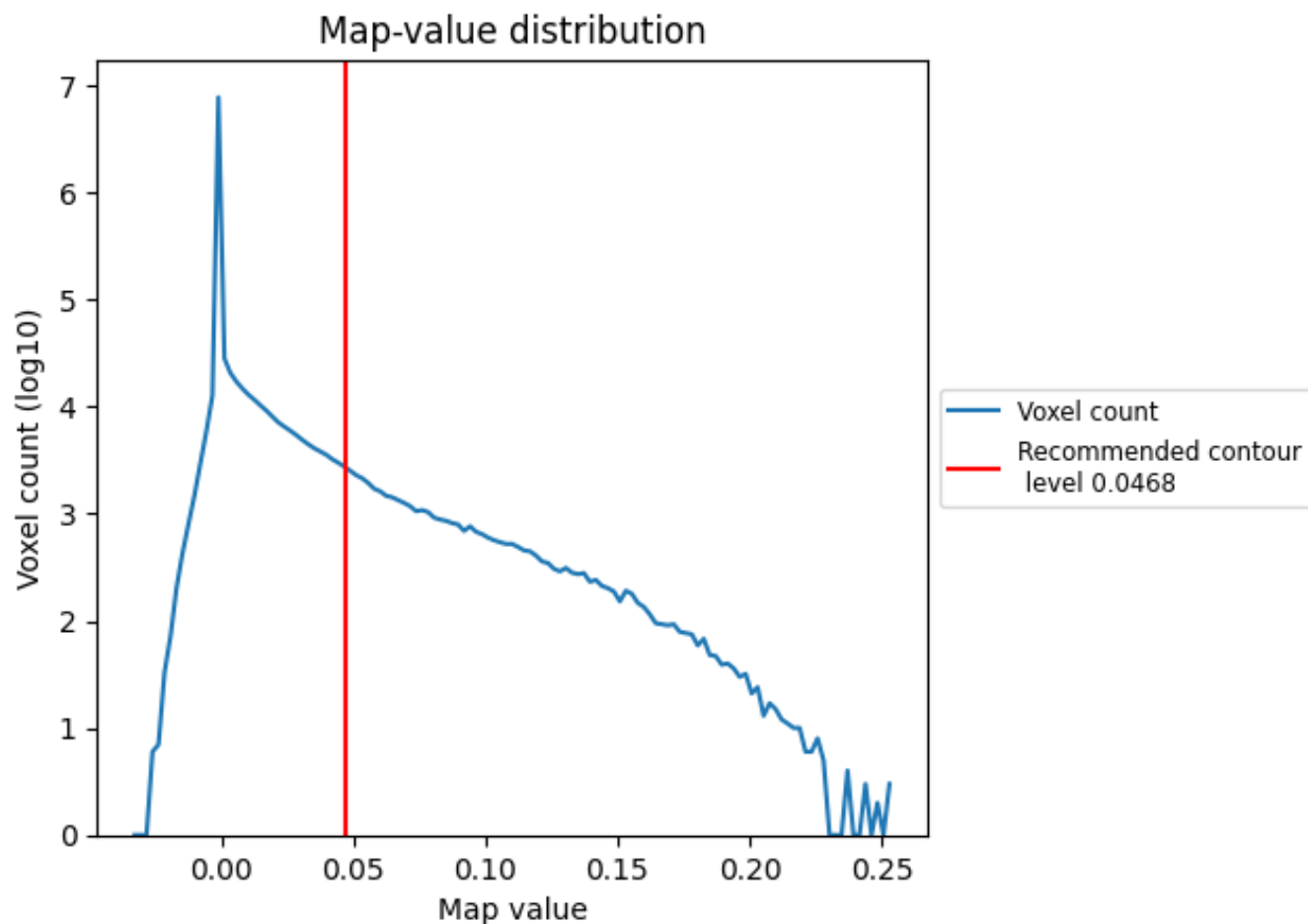
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

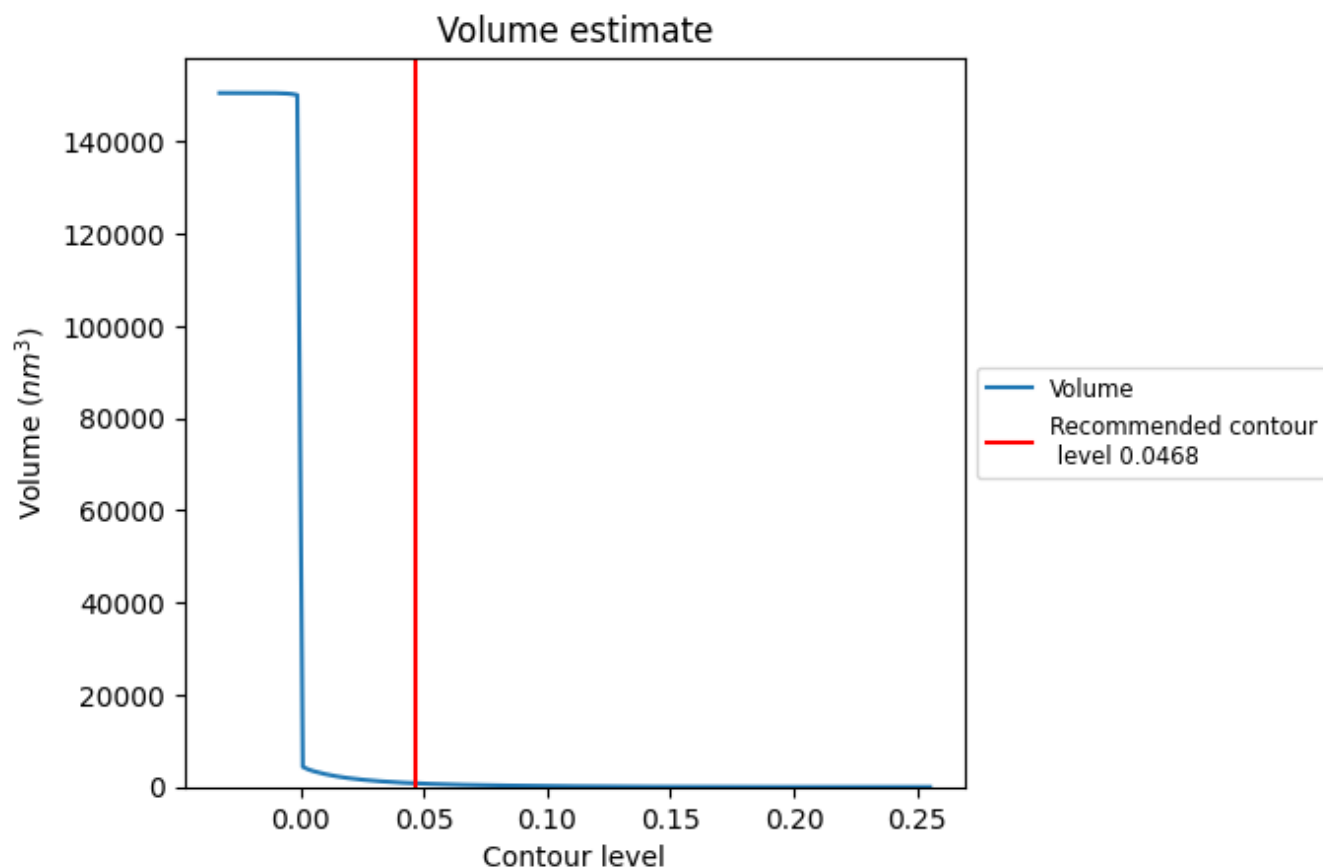
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

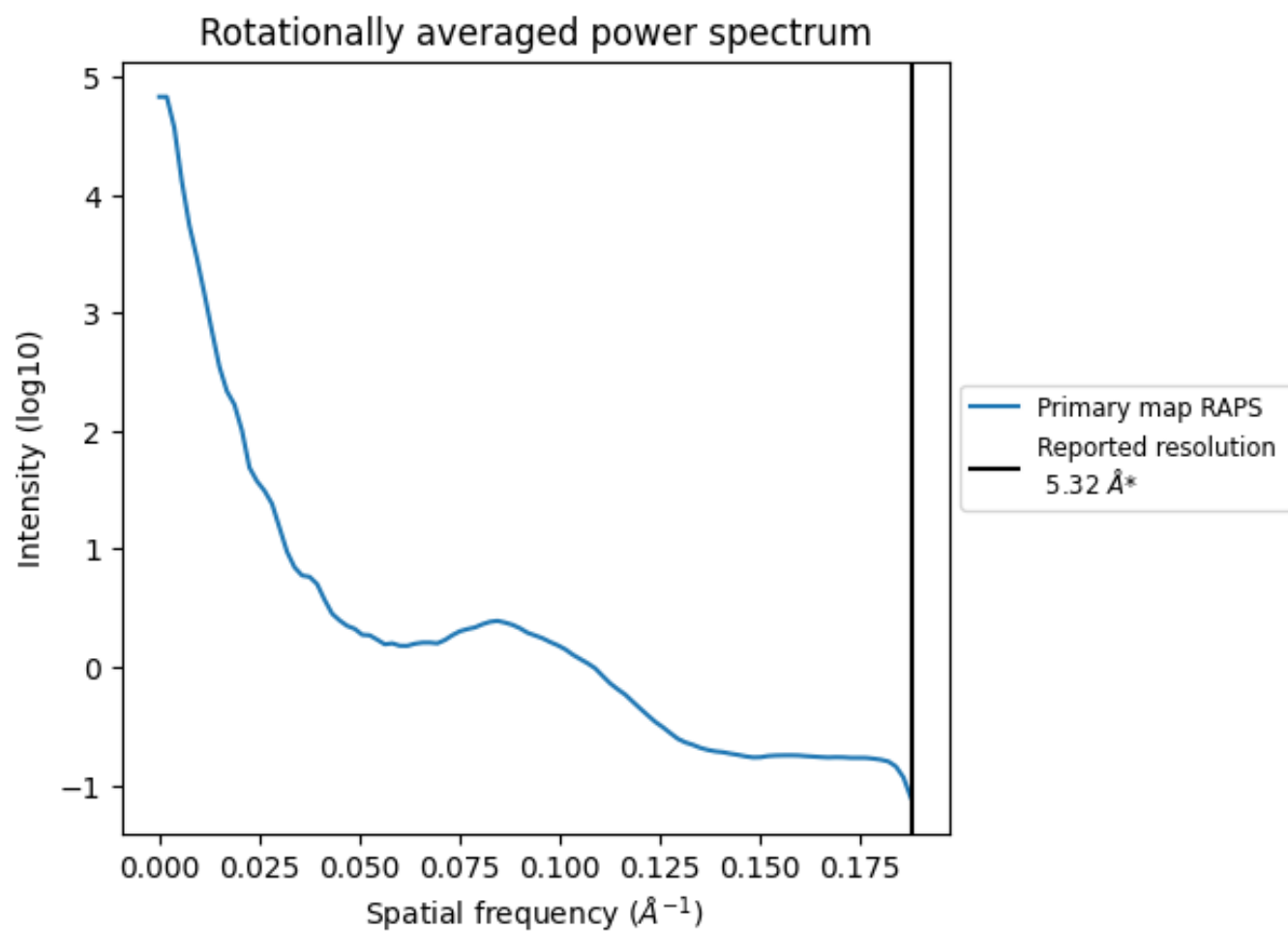
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 786 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 710 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.188 Å⁻¹

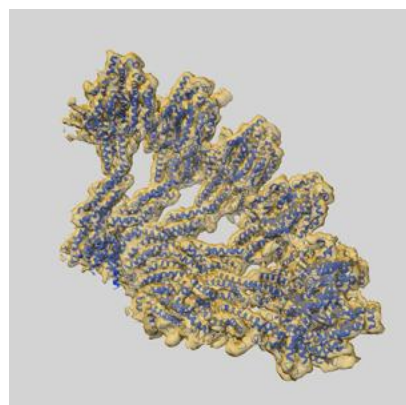
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

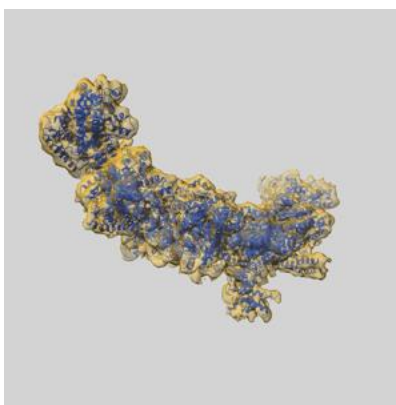
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-14005 and PDB model 7QJ0. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 6](#).

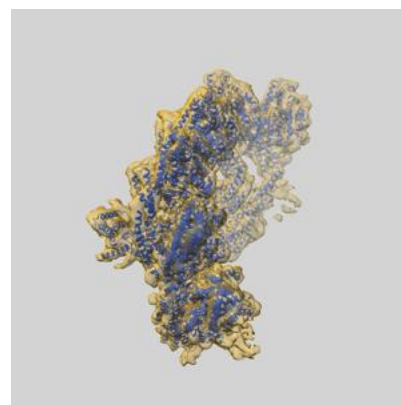
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



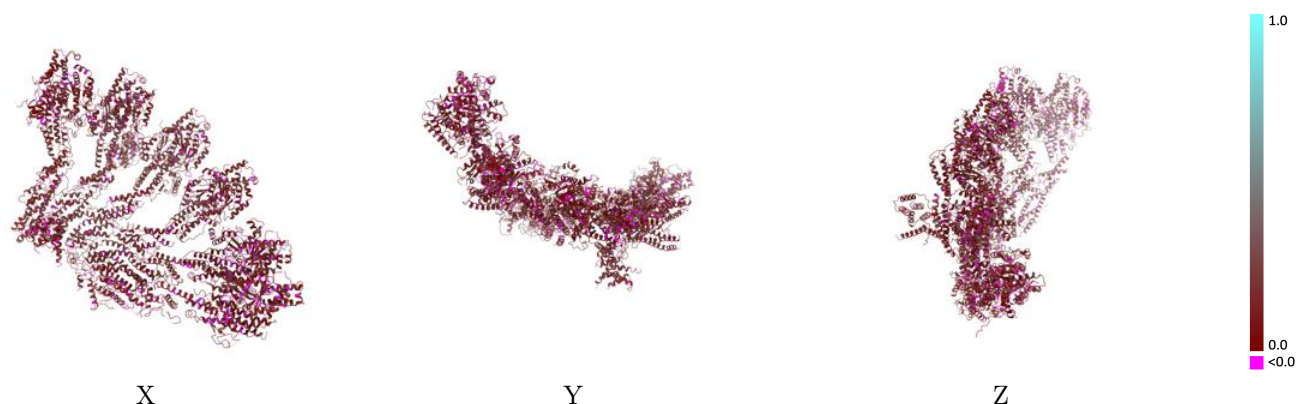
Y



Z

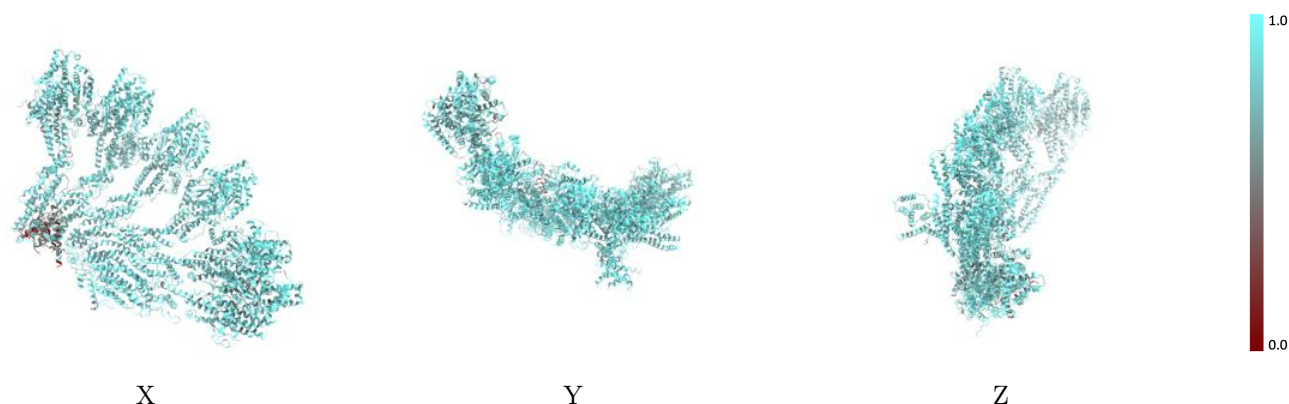
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0468 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



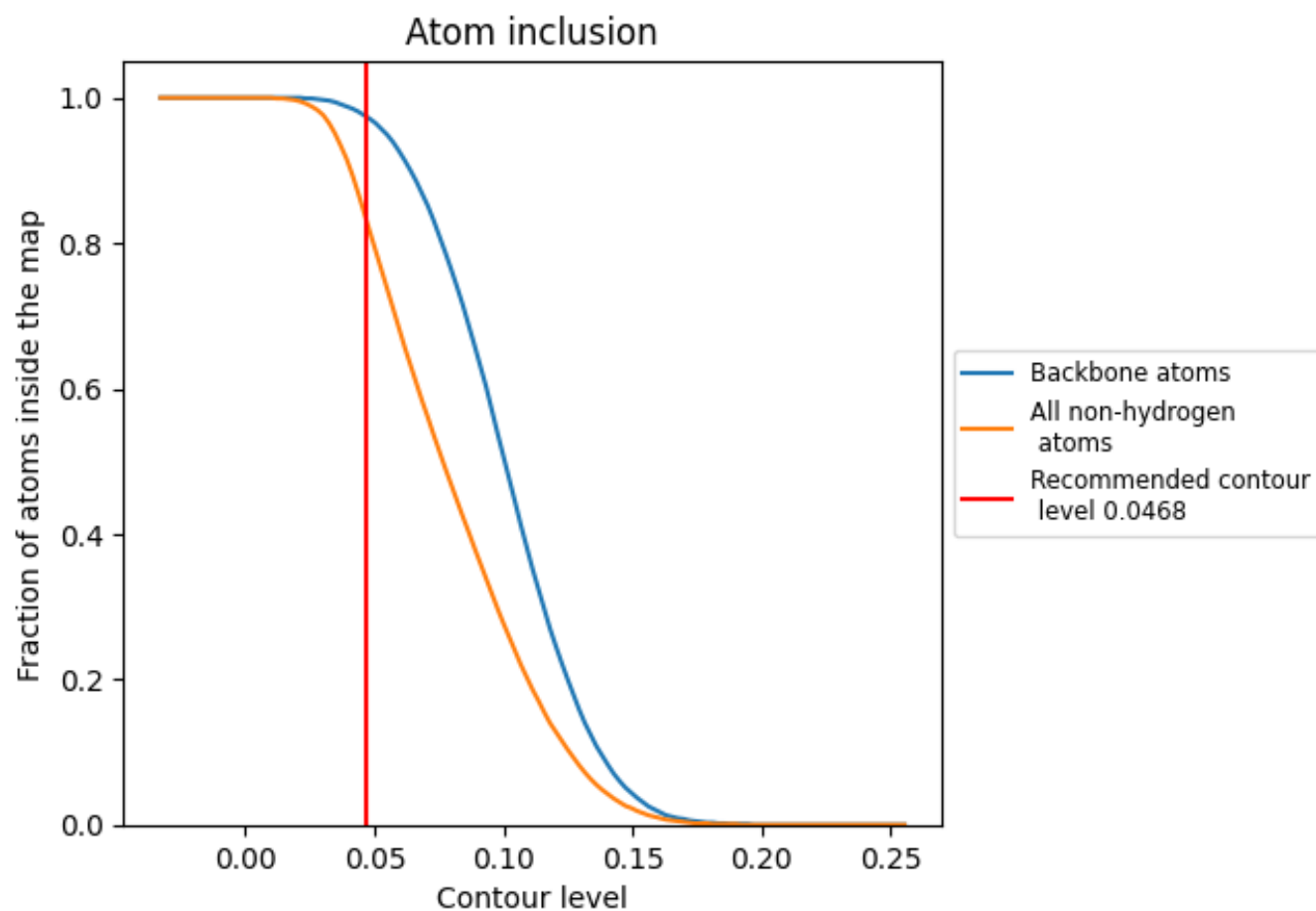
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0468).



































9.4 Atom inclusion ⓘ



At the recommended contour level, 97% of all backbone atoms, 83% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0468) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8320	 0.1450
G	 0.7950	 0.1460
H	 0.8490	 0.1530
I	 0.8510	 0.1550
J	 0.8750	 0.1540
K	 0.8670	 0.1470
L	 0.8140	 0.1440
U	 0.8000	 0.1290
V	 0.8740	 0.1440
W	 0.8990	 0.1620
X	 0.8870	 0.1460
Y	 0.8800	 0.1210
Z	 0.7720	 0.1270
a	 0.3530	 0.1320
b	 0.4220	 0.1370
l	 0.8150	 0.1610
m	 0.8130	 0.1650

