



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jun 15, 2024 – 07:24 PM EDT

PDB ID : 4RID
Title : Human FAN1 nuclease
Authors : Pavletich, N.P.; Wang, R.
Deposited on : 2014-10-05
Resolution : 3.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.37.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

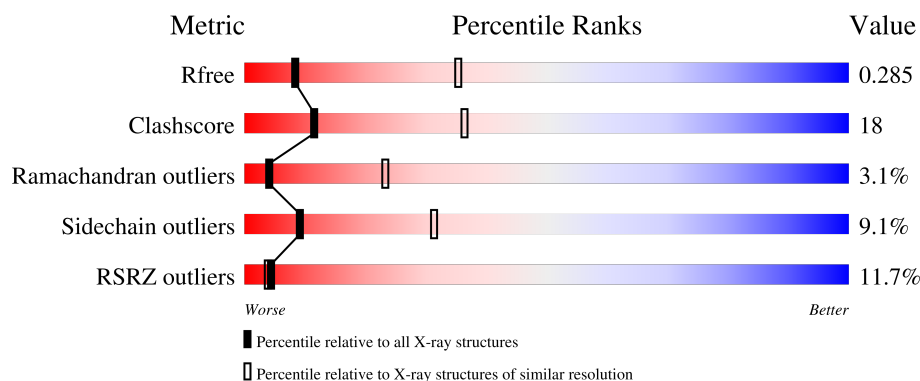
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

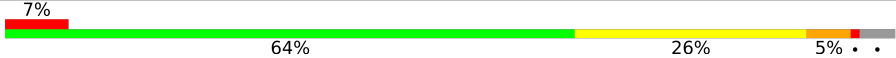

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1149 (3.34-3.26)
Clashscore	141614	1205 (3.34-3.26)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1183 (3.34-3.26)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1182 (3.34-3.26)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1115 (3.34-3.26)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	640	
1	B	640	

2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 9981 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

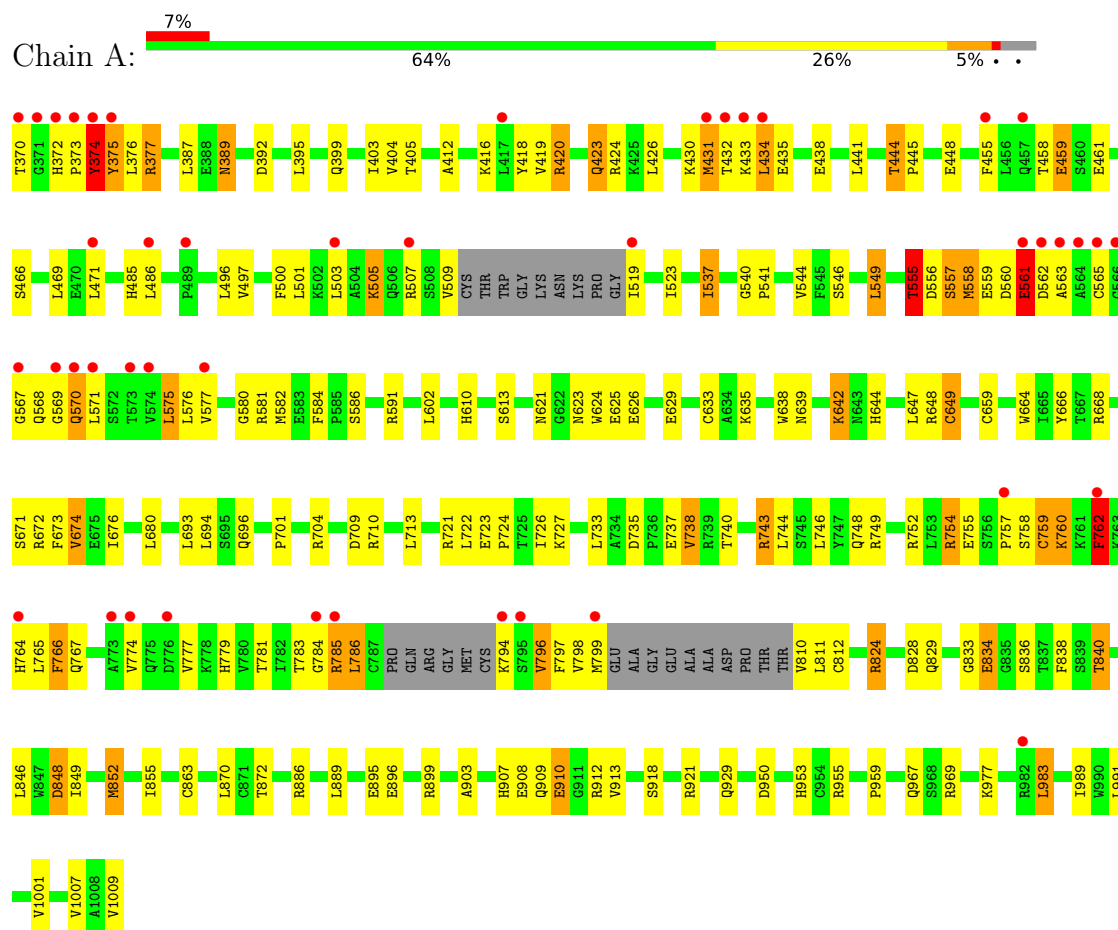
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Fanconi-associated nuclease 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	615	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			4944	3147	880	890	27			
1	B	628	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			5037	3201	897	912	27			

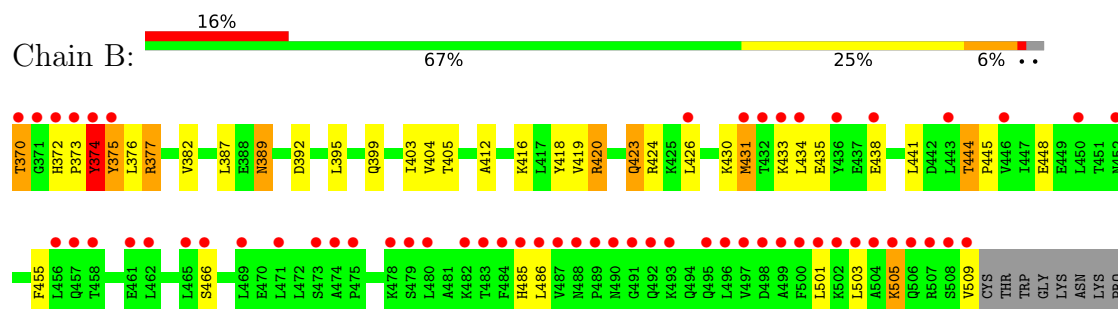
3 Residue-property plots

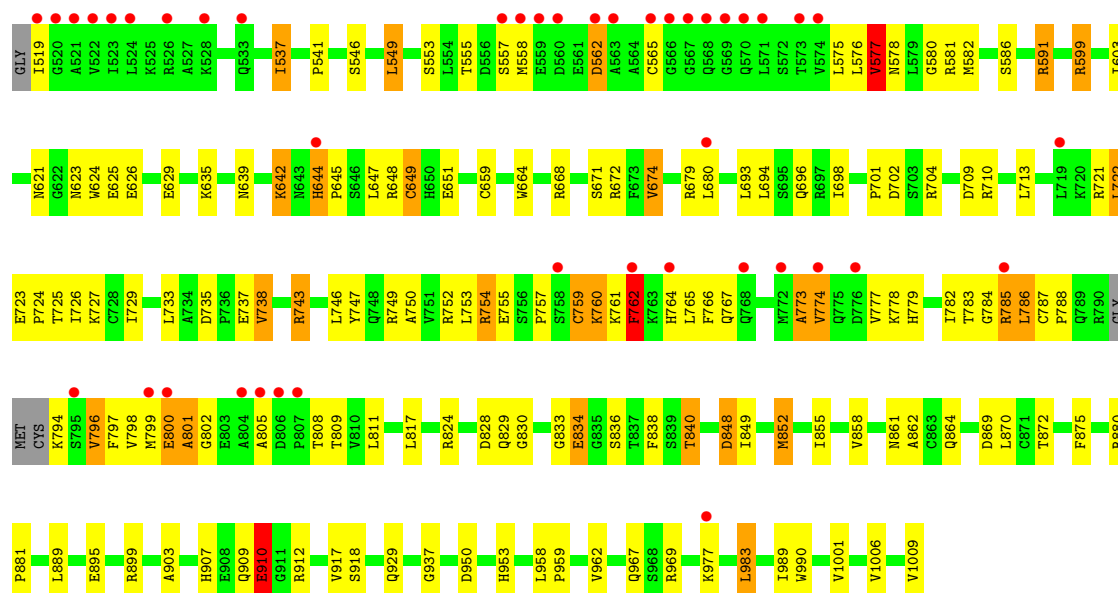
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Fanconi-associated nuclease 1



• Molecule 1: Fanconi-associated nuclease 1





4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	146.88Å 156.88Å 205.40Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 3.30 49.27 – 3.09	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.0 (30.00-3.30) 93.3 (49.27-3.09)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.03 (at 3.07Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0032	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.246 , 0.288 0.246 , 0.285	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1341 reflections (3.10%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	91.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.402	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.32 , 70.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	9981	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	115.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 19.85 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 9.8977e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.45	0/5045	0.68	2/6818 (0.0%)
1	B	0.44	0/5141	0.67	1/6952 (0.0%)
All	All	0.44	0/10186	0.67	3/13770 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	B	983	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.52	128.00	115.30
1	A	434	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.08	126.98	115.30
1	A	983	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.03	126.88	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	766	PHE	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4944	0	4981	197	0
1	B	5037	0	5065	186	0
All	All	9981	0	10046	353	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 18.

The worst 5 of 353 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:784:GLY:O	1:B:1009:VAL:HG21	1.36	1.26
1:A:784:GLY:O	1:A:1009:VAL:HG21	1.47	1.15
1:B:785:ARG:HB2	1:B:798:VAL:HB	1.28	1.15
1:B:553:SER:HB2	1:B:557:SER:HB2	1.30	1.11
1:A:785:ARG:HB2	1:A:798:VAL:HB	1.27	1.08

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	607/640 (95%)	531 (88%)	58 (10%)	18 (3%)	4	24
1	B	622/640 (97%)	534 (86%)	68 (11%)	20 (3%)	4	22
All	All	1229/1280 (96%)	1065 (87%)	126 (10%)	38 (3%)	4	23

5 of 38 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	557	SER
1	A	649	CYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	766	PHE
1	A	785	ARG
1	A	910	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	539/557 (97%)	490 (91%)	49 (9%)	9	31
1	B	548/557 (98%)	498 (91%)	50 (9%)	9	31
All	All	1087/1114 (98%)	988 (91%)	99 (9%)	9	31

5 of 99 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	424	ARG
1	B	591	ARG
1	B	438	GLU
1	B	549	LEU
1	B	722	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 28 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	389	ASN
1	B	995	GLN
1	B	506	GLN
1	B	821	HIS
1	B	485	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	615/640 (96%)	0.42	44 (7%) 15 15	69, 97, 161, 189	0
1	B	628/640 (98%)	0.94	102 (16%) 1 2	65, 116, 221, 266	0
All	All	1243/1280 (97%)	0.68	146 (11%) 4 4	65, 104, 200, 266	0

The worst 5 of 146 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	491	GLY	16.2
1	B	506	GLN	14.1
1	B	372	HIS	13.5
1	B	503	LEU	12.5
1	A	795	SER	10.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.