



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 24, 2025 – 03:04 PM JST

PDB ID : 9UST / pdb_00009ust
EMDB ID : EMD-64464
Title : MRGPRES-Gq-scFv16-complex
Authors : Zhong, Y.N.
Deposited on : 2025-05-02
Resolution : 3.02 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev118
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.44

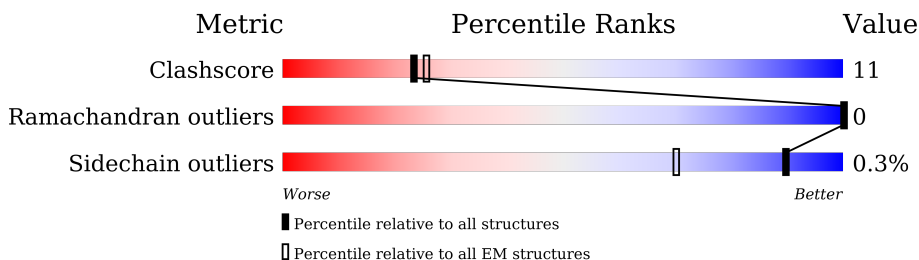
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.02 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	359	 49% 17% 34%
2	B	344	 75% 22% ..
3	G	70	 69% . 27%
4	R	330	 53% 15% . 29%
5	S	267	 67% 19% 14%

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7794 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Gq protein alpha subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	236	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1783	1143	315	317	8		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	337	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2437	1521	428	471	17		

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	-3	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P54311
B	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P54311
B	-1	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P54311
B	0	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P54311
B	1	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P54311

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	G	51	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			334	209	58	66	1		

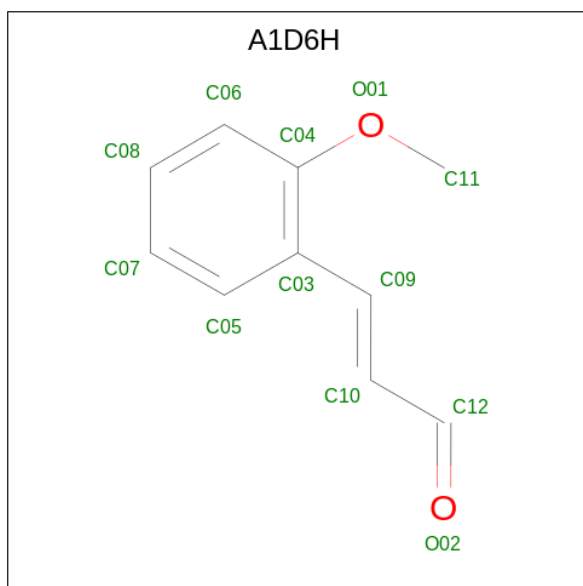
- Molecule 4 is a protein called MRGPRE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	R	233	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1573	1026	270	265	12		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called scFv16.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	S	230	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1655	1061	274	312	8		

- Molecule 6 is ({E})-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-enal (CCD ID: A1D6H) (formula: C₁₀H₁₀O₂).

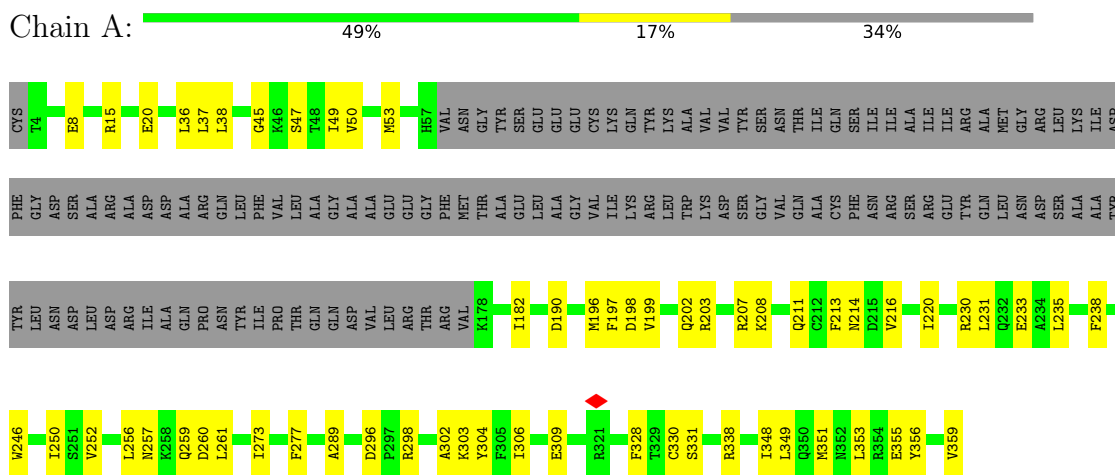


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
6	R	1	Total	C	O	0
			12	10	2	

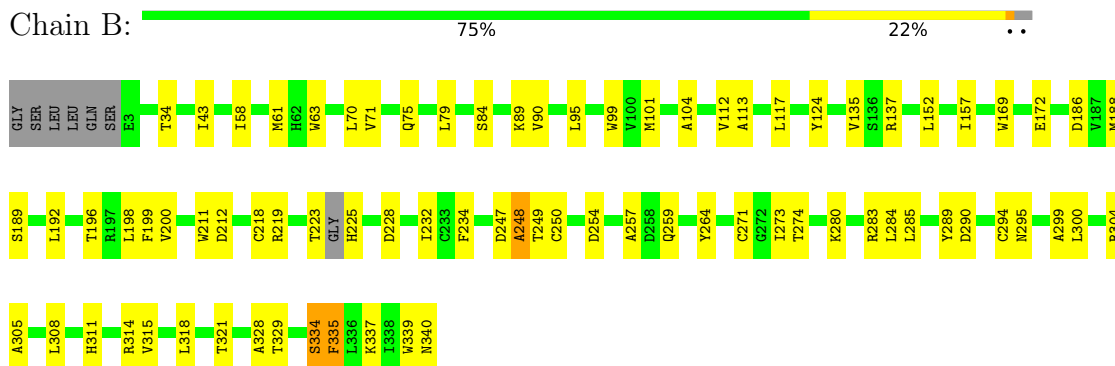
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

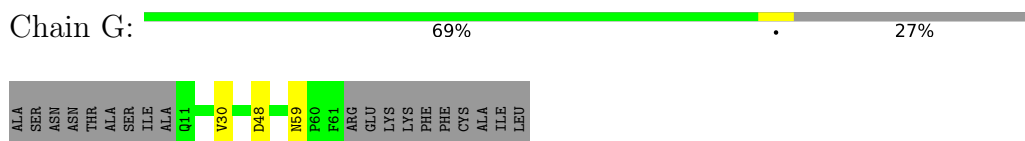
- Molecule 1: Gq protein alpha subunit



- Molecule 2: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1



- Molecule 3: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2



- Molecule 4: MRGPRE

[illegible]

Chain S:  67% 19% 14%

PHE	GLY	MET
GLN	GLY	Q3
GLY	GLY	V2
ALA	SER	L4
SER	GLY	V5
HIS	GLY	E6
HIS	GLY	L11
HIS	GLY	V12
HIS	SER	C22
HIS	GLY	F27
HIS	GLY	A28
HIS	SER	F29
HIS	D125	F30
HIS	S142	G33
HIS	I145	M34
HIS	L162	V37
HIS	Y163	Y60
HIS	L166	T63
HIS	R179	V64
HIS	M180	K65
HIS	L183	G66
HIS	V187	R67
HIS	P188	F68
HIS	D189	L79
HIS	R190	M83
HIS	F200	L86
HIS	I204	Y94
HIS	Y215	Y95
HIS	Q219	C96
HIS	H220	V97
HIS	L221	R98
HIS	E222	S99
HIS	L225	I100
HIS	G230	Y101
HIS	L233	Y102
HIS	F234	S105
HIS	L235	F108
HIS	LEU	W111
HIS	GLU	G114
HIS	GLU	T118
HIS	ASN	V119
HIS	TVS	S120
HIS	TVS	ALA
HIS	TVS	GLY

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	64460	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TALOS ARCTICA	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.912	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.803	Depositor
Average map value	0.002	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.076	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.25	Depositor
Map size (Å)	235.52, 235.52, 235.52	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.92, 0.92, 0.92	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: A1D6H

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.38	1/1817 (0.1%)	0.51	2/2466 (0.1%)
2	B	0.35	0/2483	0.48	3/3389 (0.1%)
3	G	0.26	0/340	0.30	0/470
4	R	0.90	3/1602 (0.2%)	1.31	32/2196 (1.5%)
5	S	0.35	0/1698	0.46	1/2318 (0.0%)
All	All	0.51	4/7940 (0.1%)	0.73	38/10839 (0.4%)

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	R	98	PHE	C-O	-5.73	1.17	1.24
4	R	98	PHE	CA-C	-5.42	1.45	1.52
4	R	128	THR	CA-C	-5.24	1.45	1.52
1	A	355	GLU	CA-C	-5.10	1.46	1.52

All (38) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	R	119	VAL	N-CA-C	-11.30	97.70	113.07
4	R	133	LEU	N-CA-C	-10.26	100.10	111.28
4	R	100	PHE	N-CA-C	-10.12	100.08	111.82
4	R	171	LEU	N-CA-C	-10.08	99.52	112.93
4	R	115	ARG	N-CA-C	-9.72	92.77	108.41
4	R	192	PHE	N-CA-C	9.61	127.22	111.37
4	R	99	ALA	N-CA-C	9.59	121.81	111.36
4	R	189	PHE	N-CA-C	-9.23	98.62	110.53
2	B	248	ALA	N-CA-C	-9.14	91.34	110.80
1	A	356	TYR	N-CA-C	-8.14	95.95	109.46
2	B	335	PHE	N-CA-C	8.03	122.16	110.28
4	R	66	GLY	N-CA-C	-7.36	103.90	112.73

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	R	194	CYS	N-CA-C	-7.30	103.63	112.54
4	R	70	ASN	N-CA-C	-7.27	103.35	111.71
4	R	169	CYS	N-CA-C	-7.17	99.67	110.28
4	R	193	LEU	N-CA-C	-7.17	102.84	112.94
4	R	190	VAL	N-CA-C	7.10	118.58	108.42
4	R	177	LEU	N-CA-C	-6.79	103.80	111.14
4	R	98	PHE	N-CA-C	-6.76	103.91	111.28
4	R	192	PHE	CB-CA-C	-6.75	99.54	110.74
4	R	107	ARG	N-CA-C	-6.70	103.98	111.28
4	R	251	LEU	CA-C-N	-6.38	113.23	119.87
4	R	251	LEU	C-N-CA	-6.38	113.23	119.87
4	R	263	SER	CA-C-N	-6.38	113.06	119.56
4	R	263	SER	C-N-CA	-6.38	113.06	119.56
4	R	127	VAL	N-CA-C	-6.37	106.30	112.29
4	R	132	TYR	N-CA-C	6.12	120.51	112.13
4	R	90	ILE	N-CA-C	-5.91	104.75	110.42
4	R	168	ALA	N-CA-C	-5.79	104.66	110.97
1	A	214	ASN	N-CA-C	-5.57	106.48	113.28
4	R	170	ALA	CB-CA-C	-5.43	104.46	109.83
4	R	55	LEU	N-CA-C	5.37	117.13	111.28
4	R	131	SER	CA-CB-OG	5.36	121.81	111.10
5	S	64	VAL	N-CA-C	-5.21	108.76	113.71
2	B	334	SER	CB-CA-C	5.18	120.72	110.42
4	R	58	ALA	N-CA-C	5.16	116.98	111.36
4	R	201	TYR	N-CA-C	-5.06	105.77	111.28
4	R	128	THR	N-CA-C	-5.04	105.91	111.71

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1783	0	1671	46	0
2	B	2437	0	2213	59	0
3	G	334	0	272	3	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	R	1573	0	1414	31	0
5	S	1655	0	1507	39	0
6	R	12	0	0	0	0
All	All	7794	0	7077	160	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (160) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:248:ALA:O	2:B:249:THR:HG23	1.52	1.08
1:A:359:VAL:O	4:R:239:VAL:HG12	1.59	1.00
2:B:58:ILE:HD11	2:B:334:SER:O	1.65	0.95
4:R:67:LEU:HD21	4:R:98:PHE:CD1	2.09	0.88
2:B:248:ALA:O	2:B:249:THR:CG2	2.21	0.87
1:A:359:VAL:O	4:R:239:VAL:CG1	2.29	0.80
2:B:271:CYS:HB2	2:B:290:ASP:HB2	1.66	0.77
5:S:29:PHE:HE1	5:S:34:MET:HE2	1.52	0.74
5:S:32:PHE:CE2	5:S:100:ILE:HD12	2.27	0.70
1:A:190:ASP:OD2	1:A:338:ARG:NH1	2.20	0.70
2:B:43:ILE:HD13	2:B:284:LEU:HD21	1.73	0.69
1:A:353:LEU:HD11	4:R:150:VAL:HG12	1.75	0.68
1:A:259:GLN:HE22	1:A:328:PHE:HD1	1.40	0.68
1:A:20:GLU:OE2	2:B:89:LYS:NZ	2.19	0.67
1:A:348:ILE:HG13	4:R:154:ILE:HD13	1.76	0.66
1:A:8:GLU:OE2	5:S:163:TYR:OH	2.13	0.66
1:A:49:ILE:HG22	1:A:53:MET:HE3	1.78	0.66
4:R:130:SER:C	4:R:132:TYR:H	2.02	0.66
1:A:348:ILE:HG13	4:R:154:ILE:CD1	2.27	0.64
1:A:230:ARG:NH1	1:A:233:GLU:OE2	2.31	0.63
5:S:183:LEU:HG	5:S:187:VAL:HG13	1.81	0.63
2:B:137:ARG:NH1	2:B:172:GLU:O	2.29	0.63
2:B:223:THR:O	2:B:225:HIS:N	2.33	0.62
2:B:280:LYS:HB3	3:G:48:ASP:HB3	1.82	0.62
4:R:67:LEU:HD21	4:R:98:PHE:CE1	2.35	0.62
4:R:133:LEU:HD23	4:R:176:SER:HA	1.79	0.62
2:B:212:ASP:OD2	2:B:219:ARG:NH2	2.34	0.61
2:B:294:CYS:HB2	2:B:308:LEU:HD13	1.82	0.61
4:R:132:TYR:HB3	4:R:205:PHE:HE1	1.65	0.61
4:R:241:LEU:HD13	4:R:241:LEU:O	2.01	0.60

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:289:ALA:O	1:A:304:TYR:OH	2.12	0.60
2:B:58:ILE:CD1	2:B:334:SER:O	2.46	0.60
2:B:61:MET:HE3	2:B:328:ALA:HB3	1.84	0.60
1:A:207:ARG:NH1	2:B:228:ASP:OD2	2.35	0.59
1:A:330:CYS:SG	1:A:331:SER:N	2.74	0.59
4:R:130:SER:C	4:R:132:TYR:N	2.58	0.59
5:S:97:VAL:HG11	5:S:108:PHE:CD2	2.37	0.59
1:A:203:ARG:NH1	2:B:186:ASP:OD1	2.36	0.59
1:A:235:LEU:HD21	1:A:309:GLU:HB3	1.85	0.59
5:S:215:TYR:O	5:S:230:GLY:HA2	2.03	0.59
1:A:256:LEU:O	1:A:259:GLN:NE2	2.34	0.58
5:S:105:SER:O	5:S:179:ARG:NH2	2.36	0.58
1:A:296:ASP:OD2	1:A:298:ARG:NH1	2.36	0.58
5:S:145:ILE:HD11	5:S:233:LEU:HD11	1.85	0.57
4:R:71:GLY:O	4:R:74:ILE:HB	2.04	0.56
1:A:211:GLN:HG2	1:A:246:TRP:CD1	2.42	0.55
4:R:172:ILE:O	4:R:176:SER:CB	2.55	0.55
5:S:60:TYR:HB2	5:S:65:LYS:HD3	1.89	0.55
5:S:100:ILE:HD13	5:S:102:TYR:HE2	1.72	0.55
5:S:219:GLN:NE2	5:S:222:GLU:O	2.35	0.54
2:B:248:ALA:C	2:B:249:THR:HG23	2.29	0.54
2:B:90:VAL:HG13	5:S:102:TYR:HB2	1.90	0.54
2:B:192:LEU:HD23	2:B:199:PHE:HB3	1.90	0.54
5:S:29:PHE:CE1	5:S:34:MET:HE2	2.38	0.54
5:S:68:PHE:CE1	5:S:83:MET:HG2	2.42	0.54
2:B:271:CYS:SG	2:B:289:TYR:HB3	2.47	0.54
1:A:238:PHE:HE1	1:A:252:VAL:HG11	1.72	0.53
2:B:247:ASP:O	2:B:249:THR:N	2.42	0.53
5:S:37:VAL:HG21	5:S:111:TRP:CZ3	2.44	0.53
1:A:15:ARG:NH1	5:S:100:ILE:HD11	2.24	0.52
5:S:220:HIS:HA	5:S:225:LEU:HD22	1.90	0.52
2:B:340:ASN:ND2	3:G:59:ASN:OD1	2.43	0.52
2:B:274:THR:HG22	2:B:314:ARG:HH21	1.75	0.52
2:B:283:ARG:HH12	2:B:300:LEU:HB2	1.75	0.52
4:R:249:LEU:HD21	4:R:290:ILE:HD12	1.91	0.51
1:A:230:ARG:HG2	1:A:230:ARG:HH11	1.75	0.51
4:R:67:LEU:CD2	4:R:98:PHE:CD1	2.88	0.51
1:A:349:LEU:HD12	4:R:153:PRO:HG3	1.92	0.50
5:S:162:LEU:HD22	5:S:200:PHE:CG	2.46	0.50
2:B:200:VAL:HG22	2:B:234:PHE:CE2	2.46	0.50
2:B:274:THR:OG1	2:B:315:VAL:O	2.23	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:S:79:LEU:H	5:S:79:LEU:HD23	1.76	0.50
1:A:47:SER:HA	1:A:50:VAL:HG22	1.94	0.49
1:A:231:LEU:HD21	1:A:306:ILE:HD12	1.93	0.49
4:R:167:ILE:O	4:R:171:LEU:HB2	2.12	0.49
2:B:295:ASN:OD1	2:B:304:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.48
4:R:74:ILE:HD13	4:R:74:ILE:HA	1.62	0.48
4:R:259:ALA:O	4:R:263:SER:HB2	2.13	0.48
4:R:67:LEU:C	4:R:69:GLY:N	2.68	0.48
1:A:260:ASP:OD1	1:A:261:LEU:N	2.47	0.47
2:B:254:ASP:OD1	2:B:254:ASP:N	2.46	0.47
5:S:32:PHE:HD1	5:S:98:ARG:CG	2.27	0.47
5:S:4:LEU:HD11	5:S:34:MET:HE1	1.96	0.47
1:A:37:LEU:HD22	1:A:213:PHE:CG	2.49	0.47
4:R:101:LEU:HD11	4:R:284:SER:HB3	1.96	0.47
5:S:2:VAL:HG12	5:S:27:PHE:HB3	1.95	0.47
2:B:34:THR:HG21	2:B:300:LEU:C	2.39	0.47
1:A:45:GLY:O	1:A:257:ASN:ND2	2.46	0.47
2:B:70:LEU:HD22	2:B:84:SER:OG	2.15	0.46
5:S:83:MET:HB3	5:S:86:LEU:HD11	1.97	0.46
2:B:152:LEU:HD22	2:B:196:THR:HB	1.96	0.46
2:B:63:TRP:CD2	2:B:321:THR:HG22	2.51	0.46
2:B:198:LEU:HD23	2:B:212:ASP:HA	1.97	0.46
1:A:198:ASP:OD1	1:A:199:VAL:N	2.49	0.46
1:A:182:ILE:HD11	1:A:197:PHE:HB3	1.98	0.45
5:S:6:GLU:HA	5:S:22:CYS:HA	1.97	0.45
5:S:100:ILE:HG23	5:S:105:SER:HB2	1.97	0.45
5:S:142:SER:HA	5:S:204:ILE:O	2.16	0.45
5:S:63:THR:O	5:S:67:ARG:NH1	2.49	0.45
1:A:36:LEU:HD23	1:A:220:ILE:HD11	1.97	0.45
2:B:211:TRP:CZ3	2:B:218:CYS:HB2	2.52	0.45
1:A:196:MET:HE2	1:A:196:MET:HB3	1.78	0.45
2:B:318:LEU:HD13	2:B:329:THR:HG22	1.99	0.45
2:B:250:CYS:SG	2:B:273:ILE:HG12	2.57	0.44
2:B:264:TYR:OH	2:B:299:ALA:O	2.33	0.44
4:R:67:LEU:C	4:R:69:GLY:H	2.26	0.44
1:A:273:ILE:HG22	1:A:277:PHE:HB2	2.00	0.44
2:B:259:GLN:HG3	3:G:30:VAL:HG22	2.00	0.44
1:A:302:ALA:O	1:A:306:ILE:HG12	2.18	0.44
1:A:256:LEU:HD12	1:A:328:PHE:HE1	1.83	0.43
5:S:162:LEU:HD22	5:S:200:PHE:CD2	2.53	0.43
1:A:256:LEU:HD12	1:A:328:PHE:CE1	2.53	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:R:194:CYS:O	4:R:197:VAL:HB	2.18	0.43
5:S:11:LEU:HD23	5:S:118:THR:OG1	2.18	0.43
2:B:249:THR:H	2:B:273:ILE:CD1	2.32	0.43
2:B:104:ALA:HB3	2:B:113:ALA:HB3	2.01	0.43
2:B:247:ASP:O	2:B:248:ALA:C	2.60	0.43
5:S:183:LEU:HG	5:S:187:VAL:CG1	2.48	0.43
5:S:79:LEU:HD21	5:S:96:CYS:SG	2.58	0.43
2:B:43:ILE:HD12	2:B:305:ALA:HB1	2.00	0.43
2:B:311:HIS:CE1	2:B:337:LYS:HG3	2.54	0.43
5:S:4:LEU:HD21	5:S:96:CYS:SG	2.59	0.43
1:A:199:VAL:CG1	1:A:202:GLN:HG3	2.49	0.43
5:S:166:LEU:HD13	5:S:215:TYR:CZ	2.54	0.43
1:A:348:ILE:HD13	1:A:351:MET:CE	2.49	0.42
2:B:157:ILE:HG22	2:B:169:TRP:HB2	1.99	0.42
5:S:12:VAL:HG11	5:S:86:LEU:HD22	2.01	0.42
2:B:71:VAL:HG21	2:B:112:VAL:HG21	2.01	0.42
4:R:67:LEU:CD2	4:R:98:PHE:CE1	3.01	0.42
5:S:180:MET:O	5:S:180:MET:HG2	2.18	0.42
1:A:348:ILE:HG13	4:R:154:ILE:HD11	2.01	0.42
2:B:34:THR:HG21	2:B:300:LEU:HB3	2.01	0.42
5:S:188:PRO:HB2	5:S:190:ARG:HG2	2.01	0.42
4:R:244:LEU:O	4:R:248:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.42
1:A:199:VAL:HG12	1:A:202:GLN:HG3	2.02	0.42
2:B:99:TRP:HB3	2:B:117:LEU:HD23	2.02	0.42
2:B:308:LEU:HD23	2:B:339:TRP:CD1	2.54	0.42
4:R:143:SER:HA	4:R:146:ARG:HG2	2.02	0.42
1:A:216:VAL:O	1:A:250:ILE:HD12	2.20	0.42
4:R:67:LEU:HA	4:R:67:LEU:HD23	1.32	0.42
4:R:213:CYS:SG	4:R:247:LEU:HD11	2.59	0.41
2:B:101:MET:HE3	2:B:117:LEU:HD22	2.03	0.41
2:B:189:SER:OG	2:B:232:ILE:HG22	2.20	0.41
2:B:75:GLN:OE1	2:B:99:TRP:HA	2.20	0.41
2:B:254:ASP:OD2	2:B:257:ALA:HB3	2.20	0.41
1:A:38:LEU:HD12	1:A:220:ILE:HB	2.02	0.41
2:B:264:TYR:CE2	2:B:285:LEU:HD13	2.56	0.41
5:S:63:THR:HG23	5:S:64:VAL:HG23	2.02	0.41
5:S:83:MET:HE2	5:S:86:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:A:182:ILE:HG12	2:B:99:TRP:CD1	2.56	0.41
1:A:303:LYS:HG2	1:A:328:PHE:CE1	2.56	0.41
2:B:124:TYR:CE2	2:B:135:VAL:HG22	2.55	0.41
2:B:318:LEU:CD1	2:B:329:THR:HG22	2.51	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:335:PHE:CD1	2:B:335:PHE:N	2.86	0.41
4:R:110:LEU:O	4:R:114:ASN:N	2.53	0.41
5:S:94:TYR:O	5:S:114:GLY:HA2	2.21	0.41
1:A:230:ARG:NH1	1:A:230:ARG:HG2	2.34	0.40
2:B:101:MET:HE3	2:B:117:LEU:CD2	2.52	0.40
1:A:208:LYS:HD2	2:B:188:MET:HE2	2.03	0.40
2:B:79:LEU:HB2	2:B:95:LEU:HD21	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	232/359 (65%)	225 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
2	B	333/344 (97%)	316 (95%)	17 (5%)	0	100	100
3	G	49/70 (70%)	45 (92%)	4 (8%)	0	100	100
4	R	229/330 (69%)	215 (94%)	14 (6%)	0	100	100
5	S	226/267 (85%)	211 (93%)	15 (7%)	0	100	100
All	All	1069/1370 (78%)	1012 (95%)	57 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	169/315 (54%)	169 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	235/286 (82%)	235 (100%)	0	100	100
3	G	25/57 (44%)	25 (100%)	0	100	100
4	R	131/283 (46%)	129 (98%)	2 (2%)	60	82
5	S	161/217 (74%)	161 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	721/1158 (62%)	719 (100%)	2 (0%)	90	96

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	R	77	LEU
4	R	119	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	232	GLN
2	B	220	GLN
5	S	182	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and

the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	A1D6H	R	401	-	12,12,12	1.61	2 (16%)	14,14,14	1.68	4 (28%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	A1D6H	R	401	-	-	3/6/6/6	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	R	401	A1D6H	C03-C09	3.55	1.52	1.47
6	R	401	A1D6H	C10-C12	2.71	1.52	1.44

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	R	401	A1D6H	O01-C04-C03	3.30	120.38	115.92
6	R	401	A1D6H	C03-C09-C10	-3.04	119.81	126.10
6	R	401	A1D6H	O01-C04-C06	-2.70	119.74	124.37
6	R	401	A1D6H	C11-O01-C04	-2.43	113.87	117.53

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	R	401	A1D6H	C09-C10-C12-O02
6	R	401	A1D6H	C06-C04-O01-C11
6	R	401	A1D6H	C03-C04-O01-C11

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

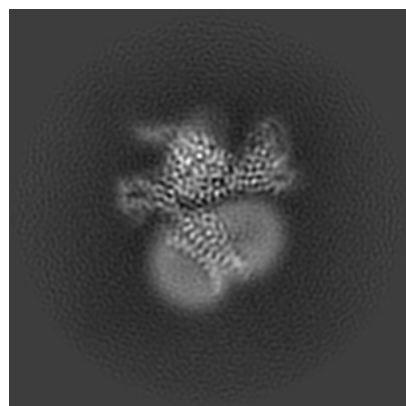
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-64464. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

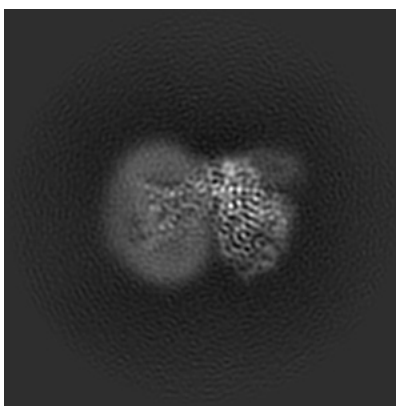
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

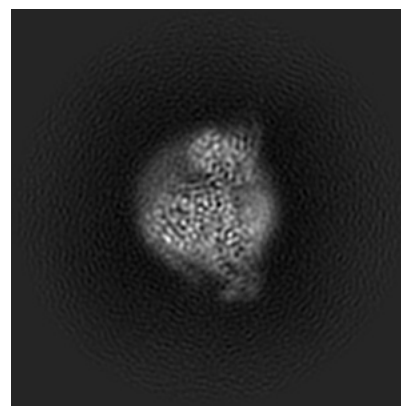
6.1.1 Primary map



X

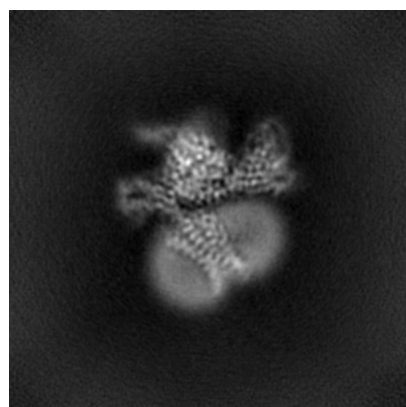


Y

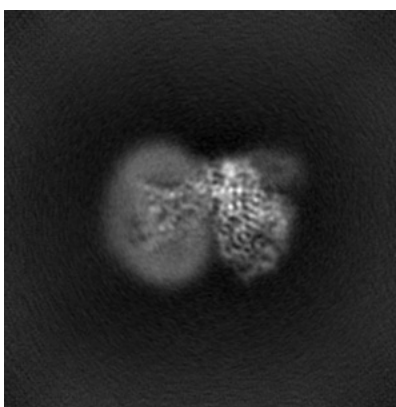


Z

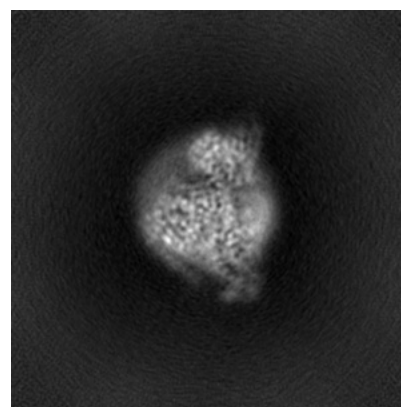
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

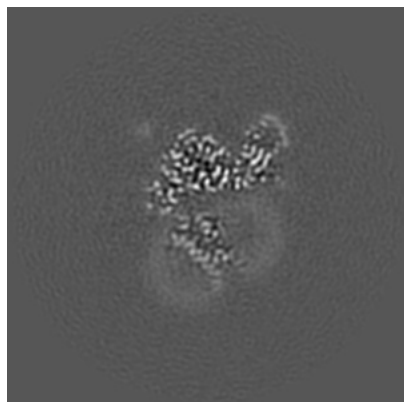


Z

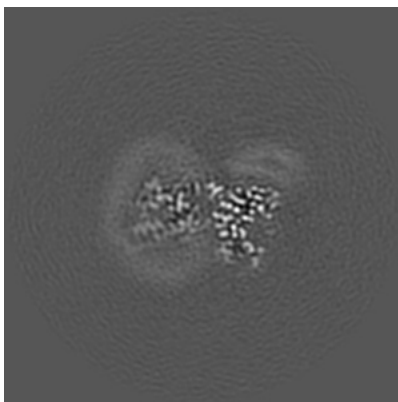
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

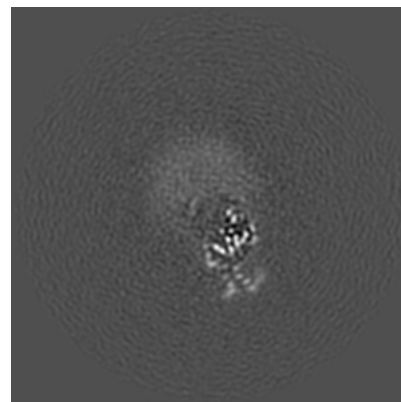
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128

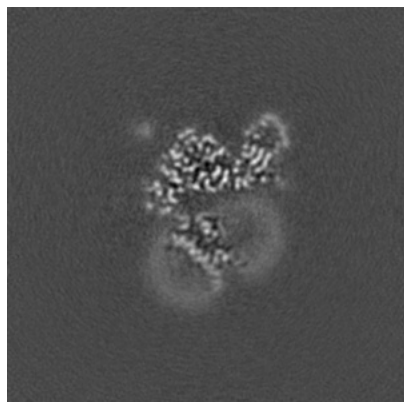


Y Index: 128

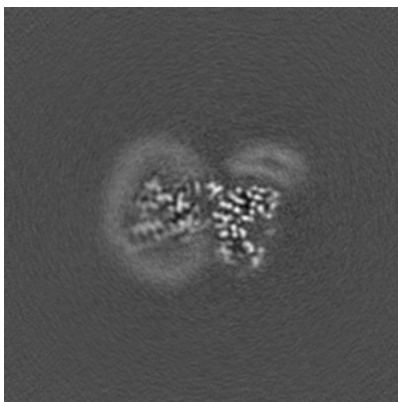


Z Index: 128

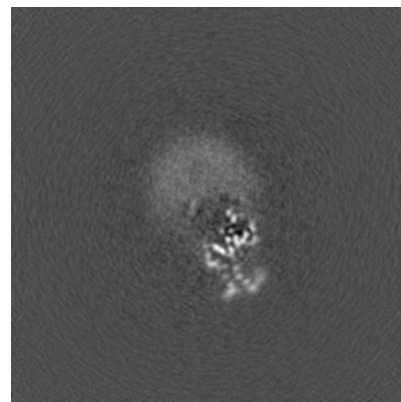
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

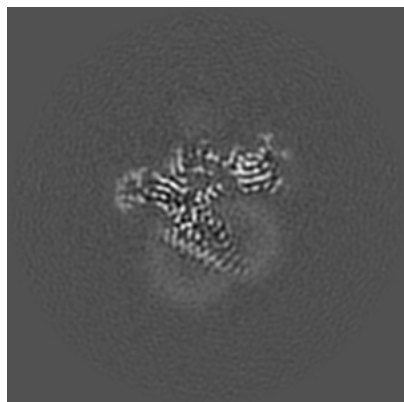


Z Index: 128

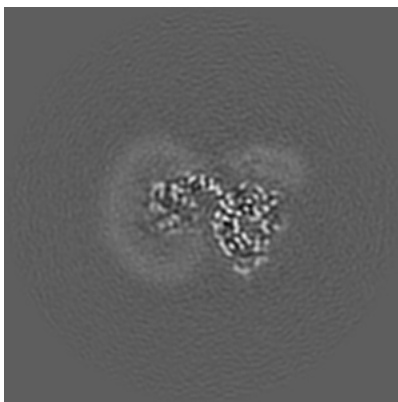
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

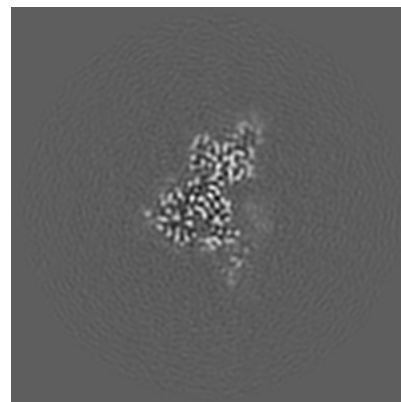
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 140

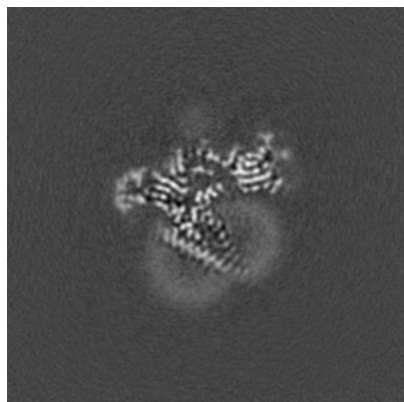


Y Index: 122

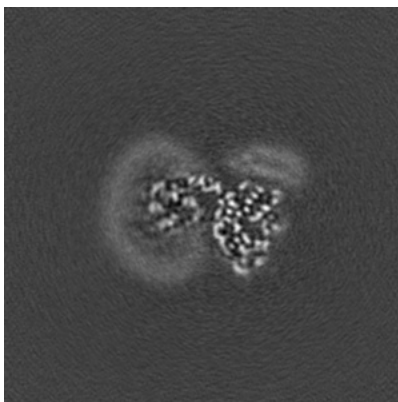


Z Index: 150

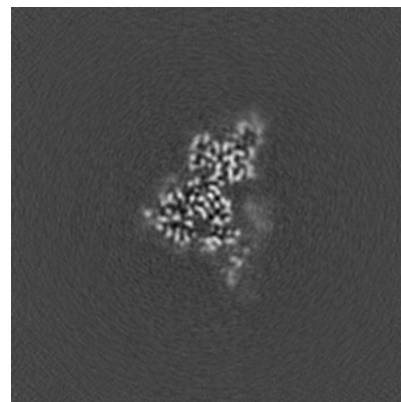
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 140



Y Index: 123

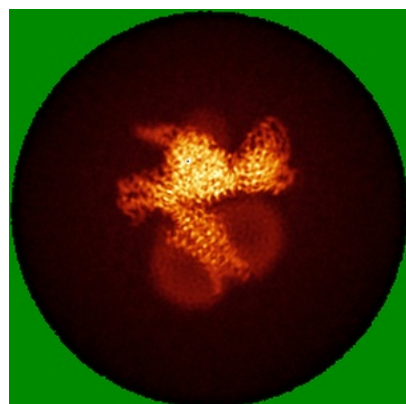


Z Index: 150

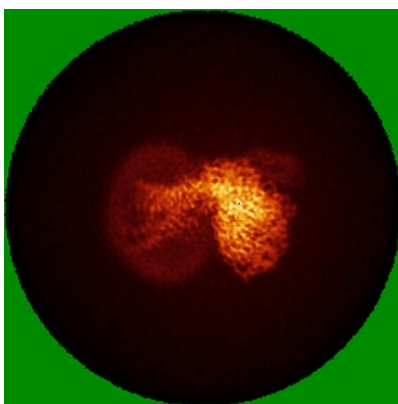
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

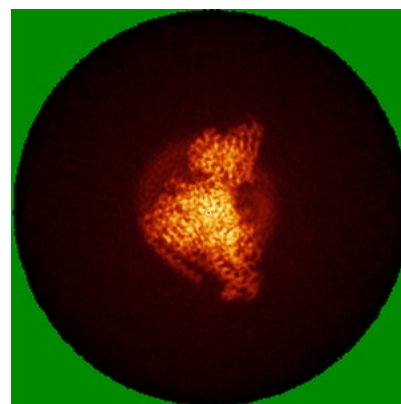
6.4.1 Primary map



X

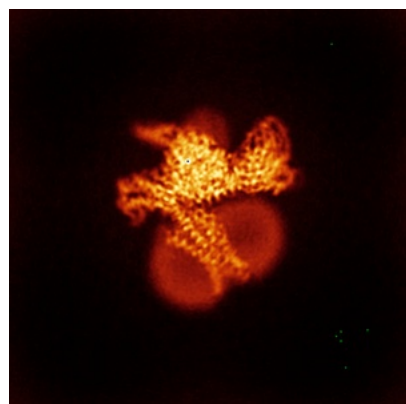


Y

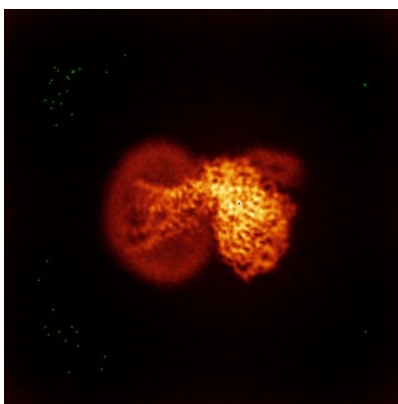


Z

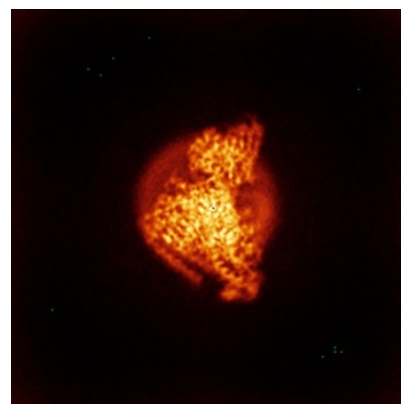
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

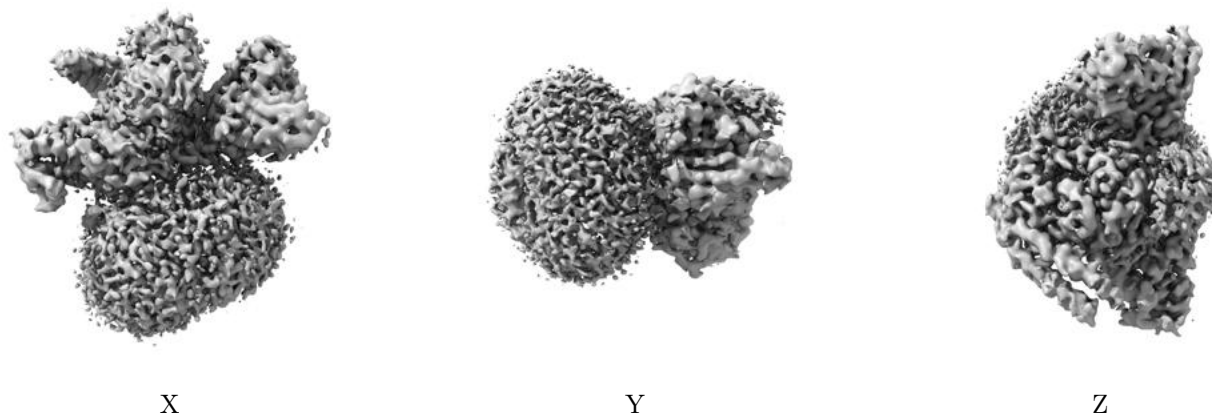


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

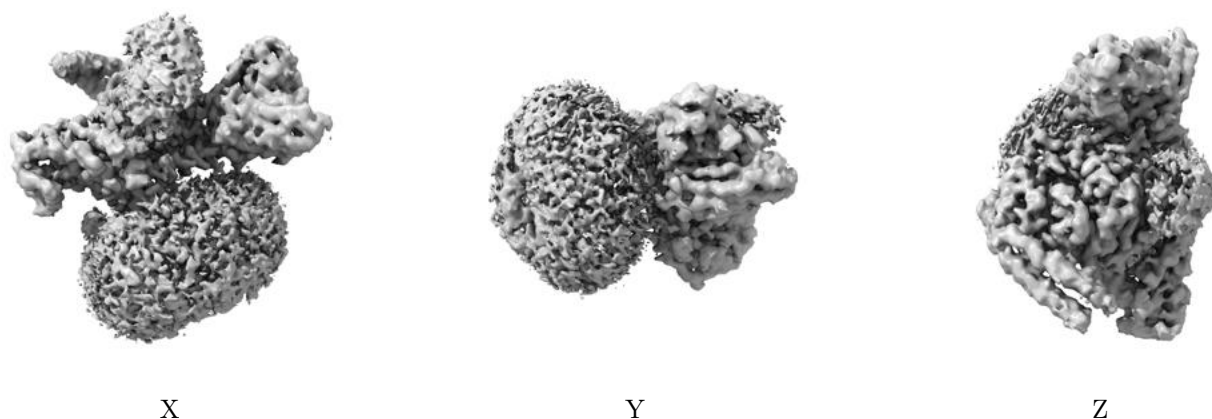
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.25. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

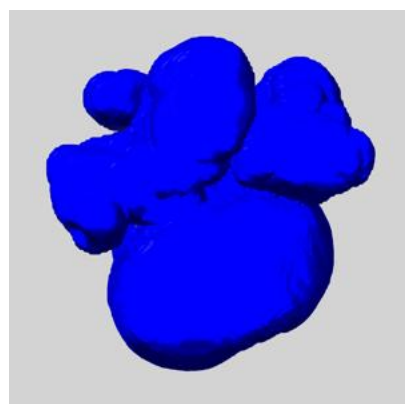
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

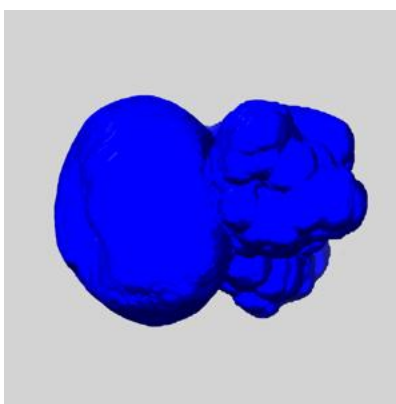
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

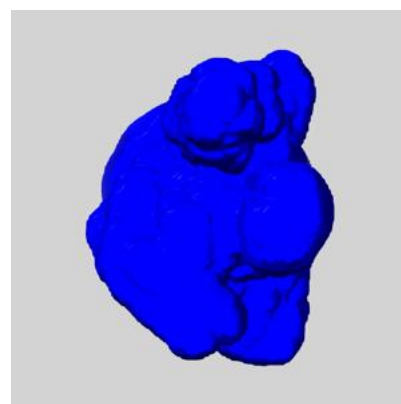
6.6.1 emd_64464_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

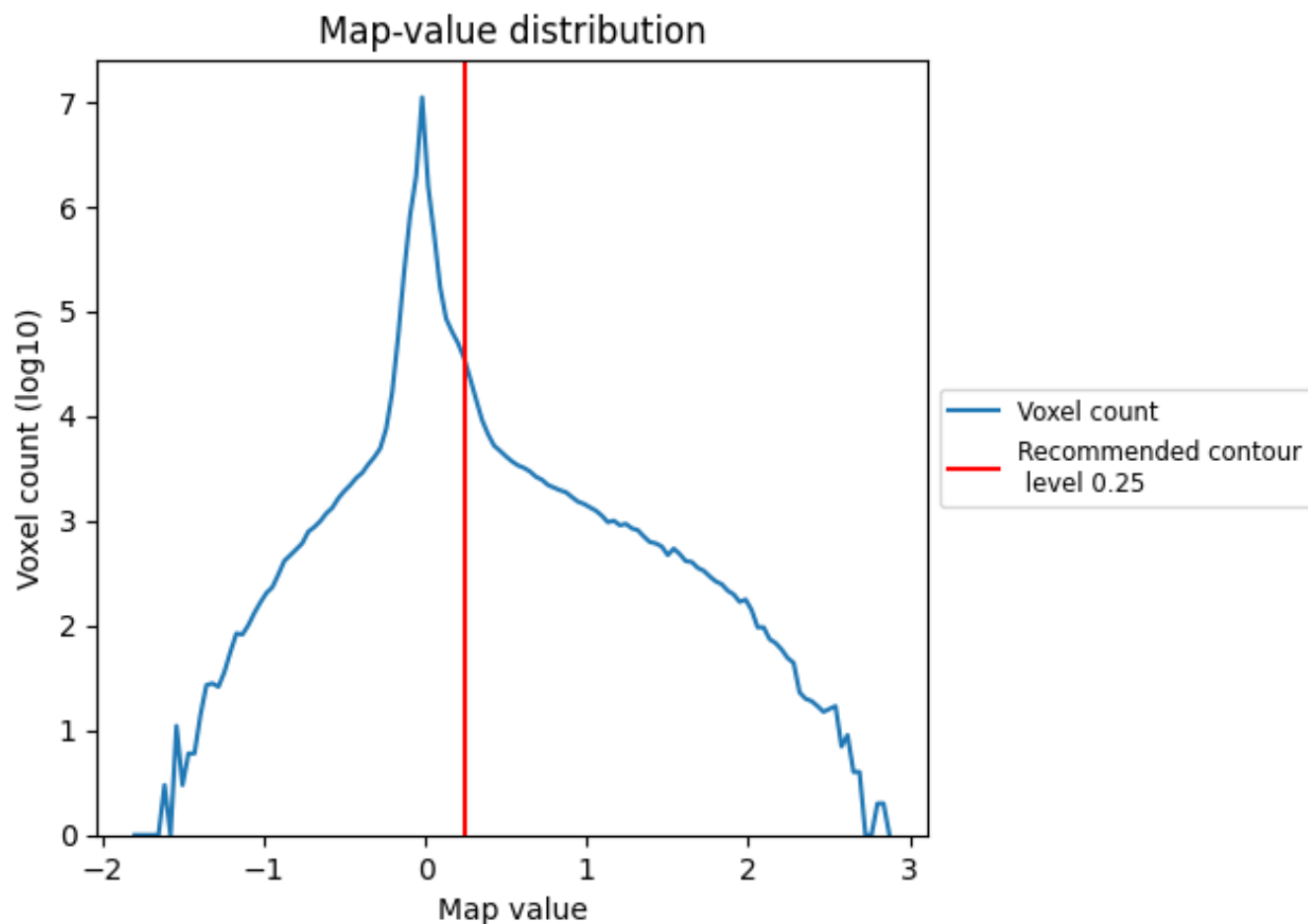


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

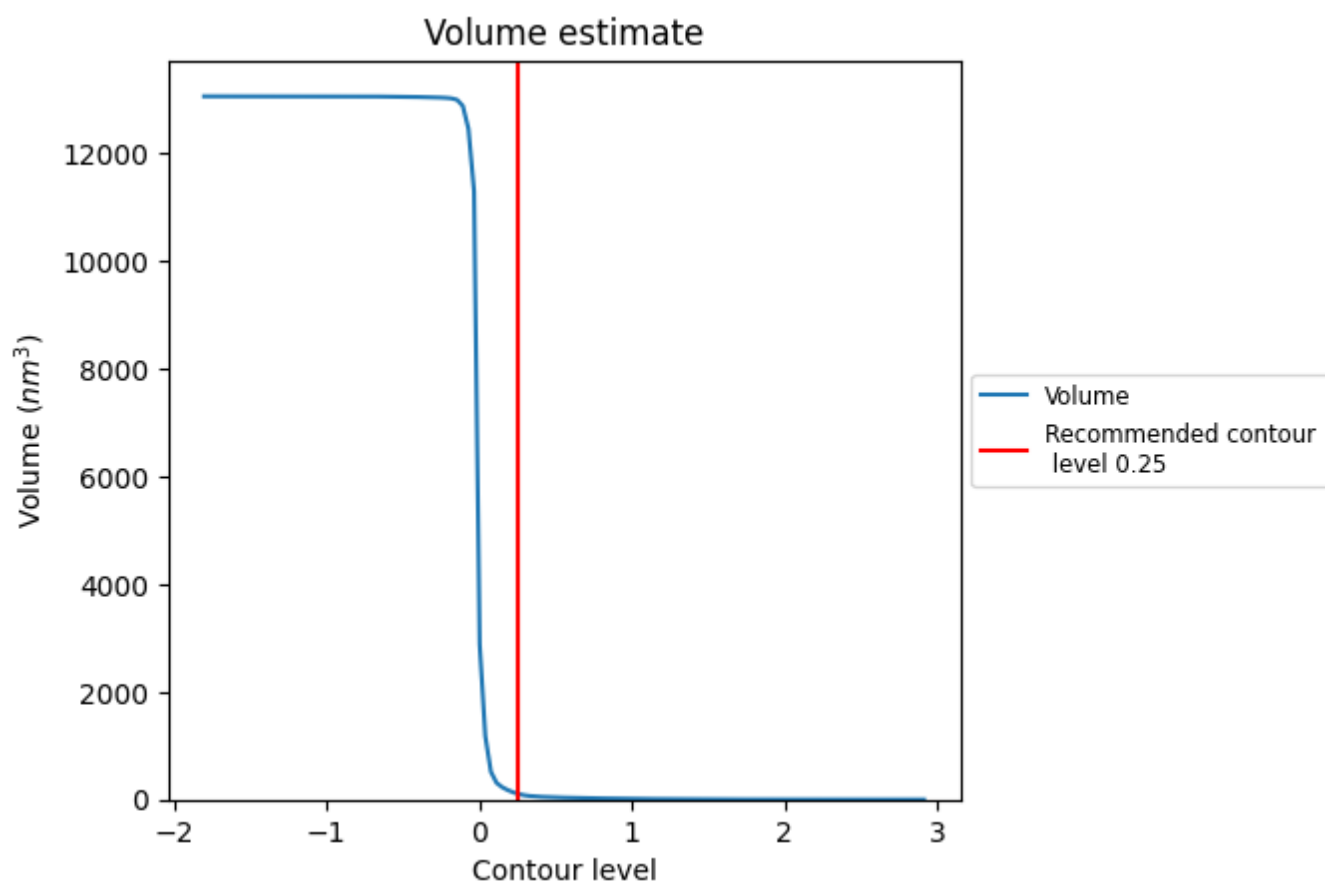
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

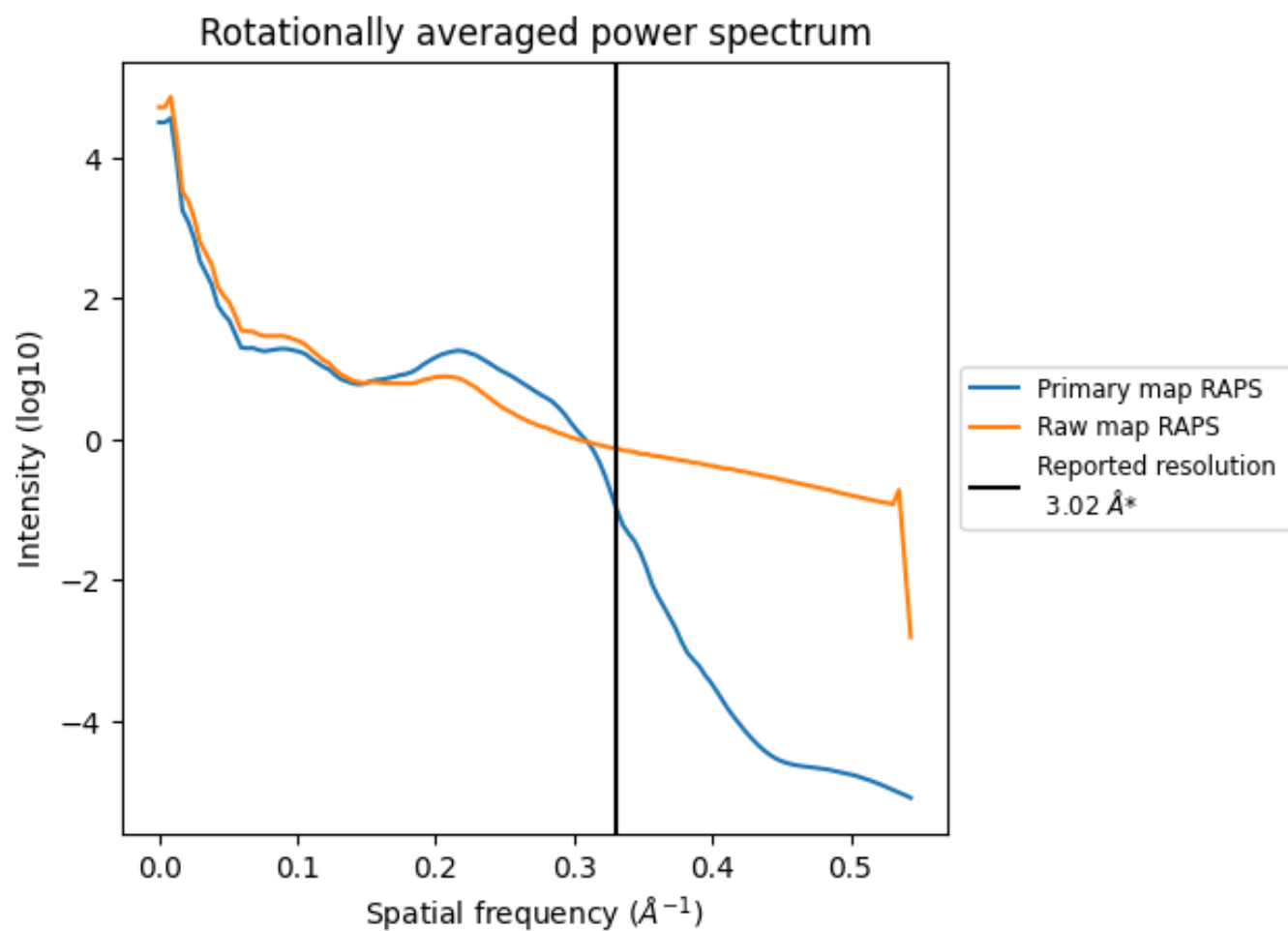
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 109 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 99 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

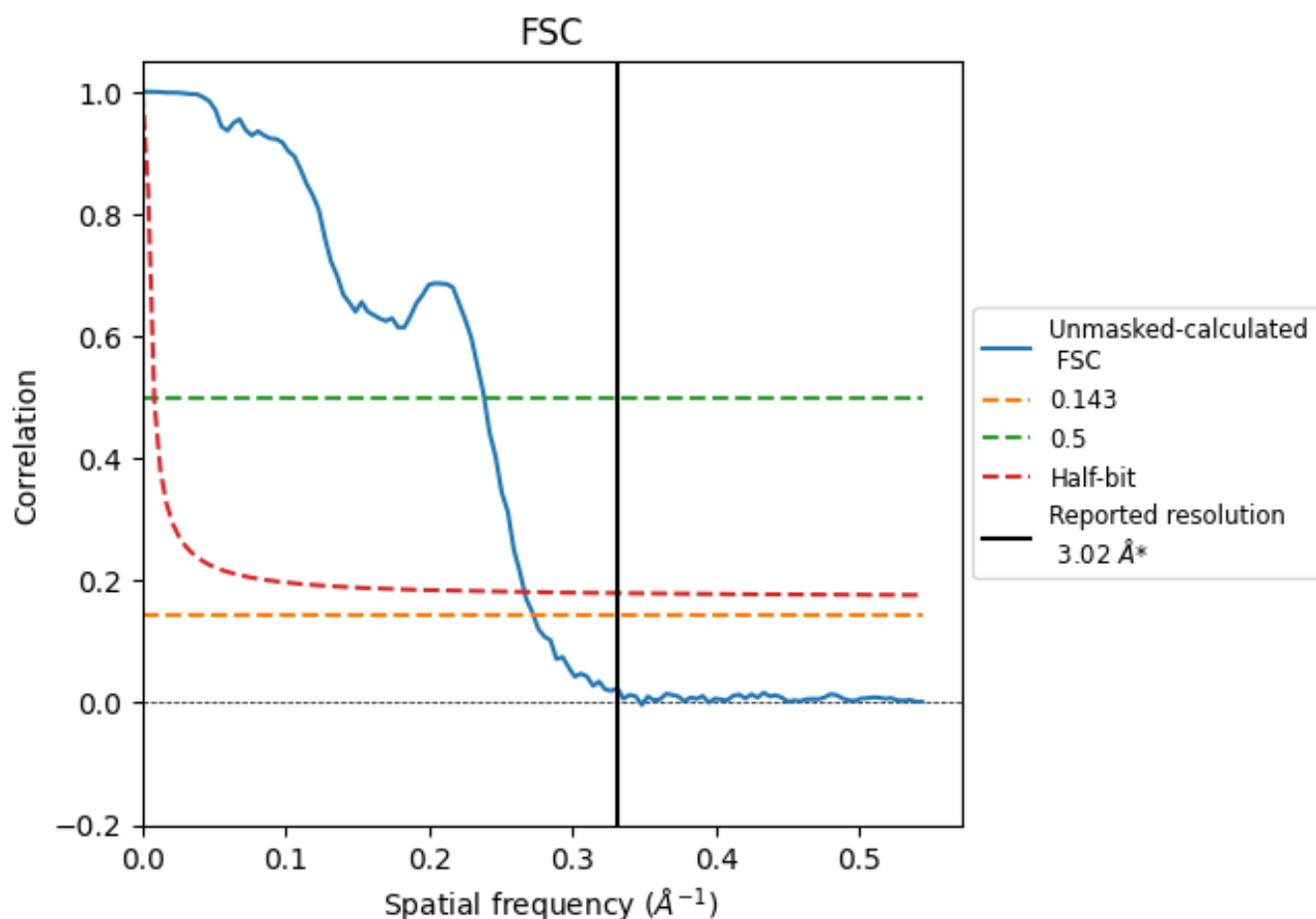


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.331 \AA^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.331 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

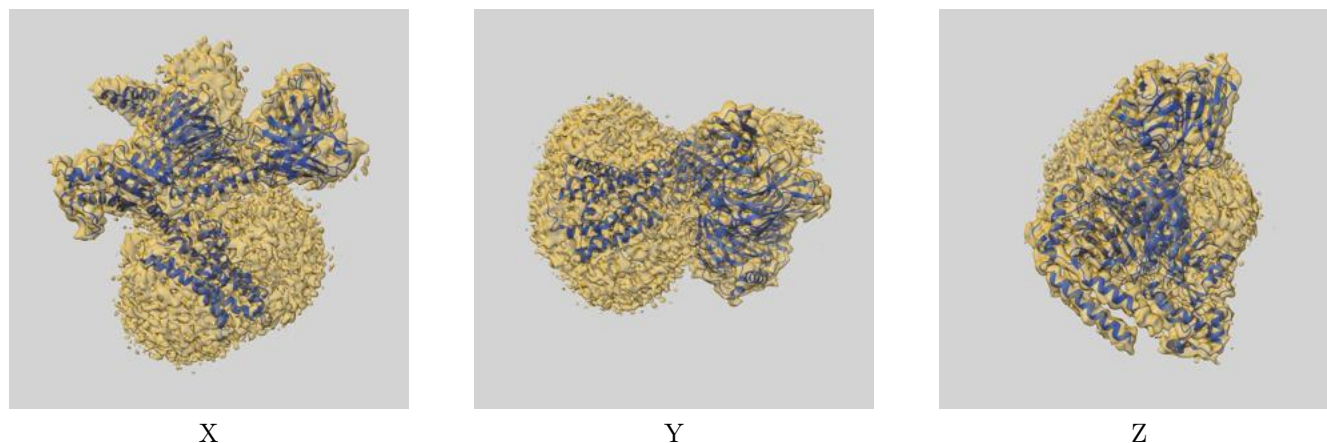
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.02	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.67	4.20	3.75

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.67 differs from the reported value 3.02 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

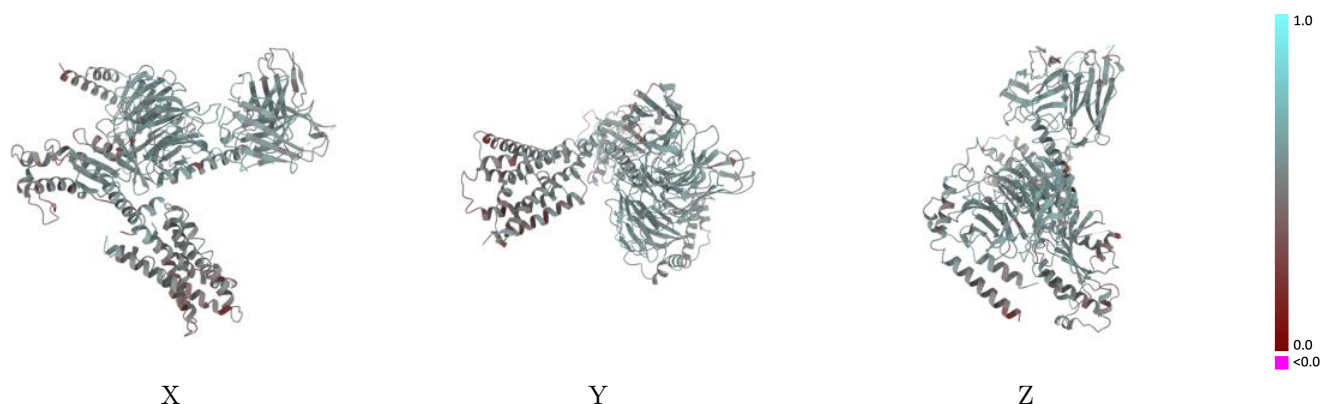
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-64464 and PDB model 9UST. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 5](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



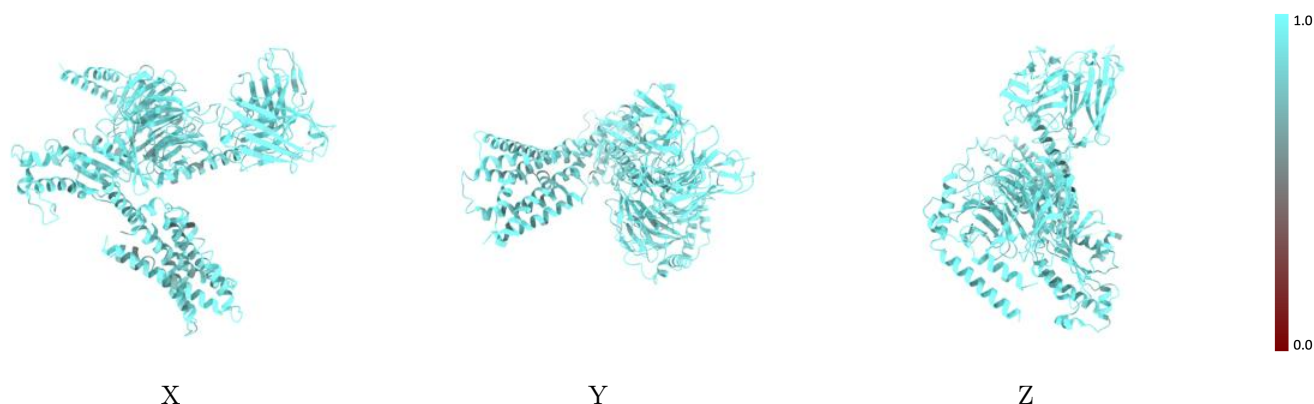
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.25 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



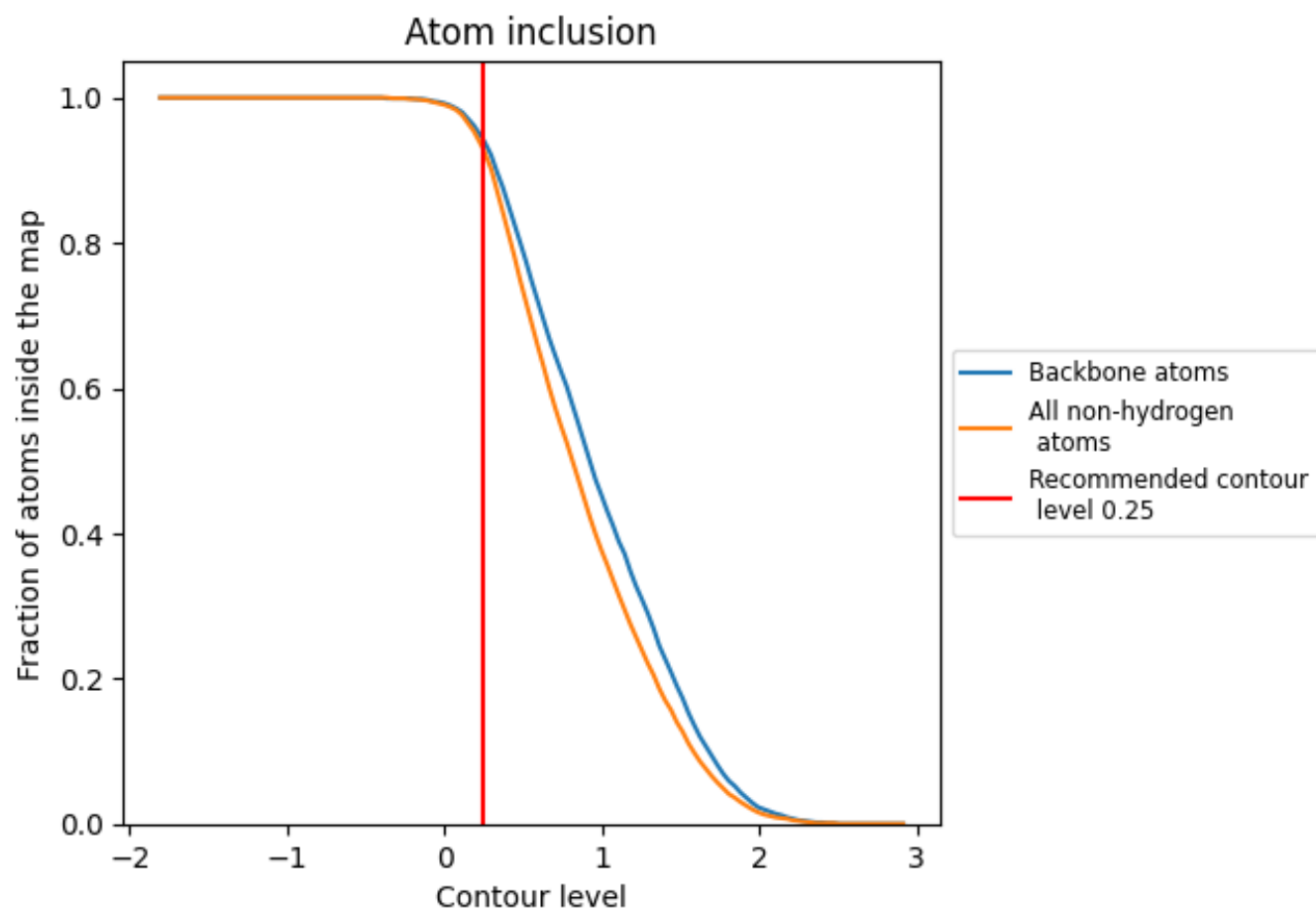
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.25).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 94% of all backbone atoms, 93% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.25) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.9280	<div></div> 0.5240
A	<div></div> 0.9160	<div></div> 0.5100
B	<div></div> 0.9420	<div></div> 0.5530
G	<div></div> 0.9400	<div></div> 0.5160
R	<div></div> 0.8970	<div></div> 0.4790
S	<div></div> 0.9470	<div></div> 0.5410

