



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jun 20, 2024 – 02:19 AM JST

PDB ID : 7W1Y
EMDB ID : EMD-32258
Title : Human MCM double hexamer bound to natural DNA duplex
(polyAT/polyTA)
Authors : Li, J.; Dong, J.; Dang, S.; Zhai, Y.
Deposited on : 2021-11-21
Resolution : 2.59 Å(reported)
Based on initial model : 3JA8

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev92
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

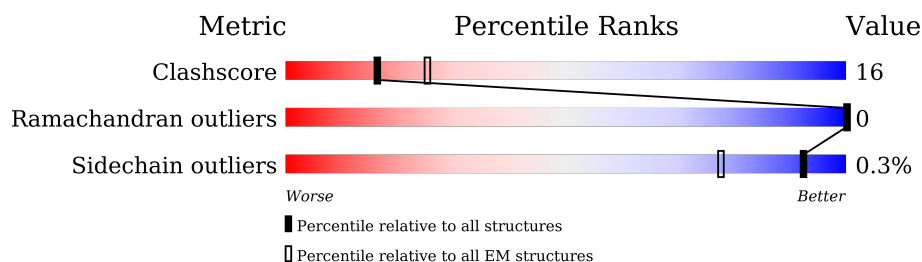
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.59 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	2	904	<div> <div>5%</div> <div>53%</div> <div>25%</div> <div>22%</div> </div>
1	A	904	<div> <div>53%</div> <div>24%</div> <div>22%</div> </div>
2	3	853	<div> <div>58%</div> <div>17%</div> <div>24%</div> </div>
2	B	853	<div> <div>59%</div> <div>17%</div> <div>24%</div> </div>
3	4	863	<div> <div>55%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>24%</div> </div>
3	C	863	<div> <div>57%</div> <div>18%</div> <div>25%</div> </div>
4	5	734	<div> <div>13%</div> <div>73%</div> <div>23%</div> <div>.</div> </div>
4	D	734	<div> <div>11%</div> <div>73%</div> <div>23%</div> <div>.</div> </div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	6	821	<div><div>5%</div><div><div></div><div>62%</div><div>25%</div><div>13%</div></div></div>
5	E	821	<div><div>•</div><div><div></div><div>64%</div><div>22%</div><div>13%</div></div></div>
6	7	719	<div><div>•</div><div><div></div><div>65%</div><div>23%</div><div>•</div><div>12%</div></div></div>
6	F	719	<div><div>•</div><div><div></div><div>66%</div><div>23%</div><div>•</div><div>11%</div></div></div>
7	O	98	<div><div>8%</div><div><div>14%</div><div>55%</div><div>31%</div></div></div>
8	S	98	<div><div>12%</div><div><div>6%</div><div>37%</div><div>55%</div><div>•</div></div></div>

2 Entry composition

There are 12 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 68655 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor MCM2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	2	706	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5591	3517	999	1043	32		
1	A	702	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5556	3499	991	1034	32		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Isoform 2 of DNA replication licensing factor MCM3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	3	650	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5080	3174	892	988	26		
2	B	651	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5100	3189	896	989	26		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor MCM4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	4	653	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5187	3265	925	971	26		
3	C	651	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5184	3262	924	972	26		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor MCM5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	5	710	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5500	3451	979	1033	37		
4	D	705	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5474	3438	974	1024	38		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor MCM6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	6	716	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5726	3593	1018	1088	27		
5	E	711	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5694	3575	1011	1081	27		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor MCM7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	7	636	Total	C	N	O	S	1	0
			5065	3170	905	958	32		
6	F	643	Total	C	N	O	S	1	0
			5102	3189	911	970	32		

- Molecule 7 is a DNA chain called DNA (49-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	O	49	Total	C	N	O	P	49	0
			2009	980	343	588	98		

- Molecule 8 is a DNA chain called DNA (49-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	S	49	Total	C	N	O	P	49	0
			2009	980	343	588	98		

- Molecule 9 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
9	2	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	
9	4	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	
9	5	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	
9	6	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	
9	7	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	
9	A	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	
9	C	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	

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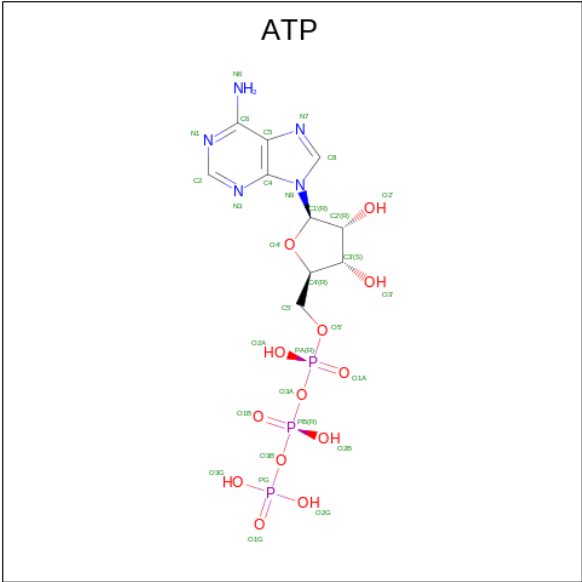
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
9	D	1	Total 1	Zn 1	0
9	E	1	Total 1	Zn 1	0
9	F	1	Total 1	Zn 1	0

- Molecule 10 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

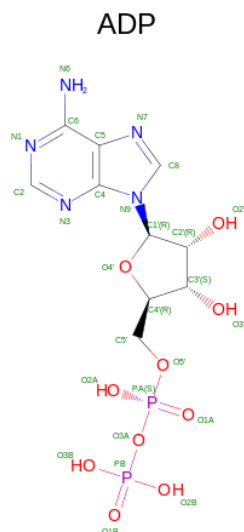
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
10	2	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0
10	3	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0
10	4	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0
10	5	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0
10	6	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0
10	7	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0
10	A	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0
10	B	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0
10	C	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0
10	D	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0
10	E	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0
10	F	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0

- Molecule 11 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₆N₅O₁₃P₃).

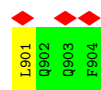


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
11	2	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	
11	3	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	
11	4	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	
11	7	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	
11	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	
11	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	
11	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	
11	F	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	

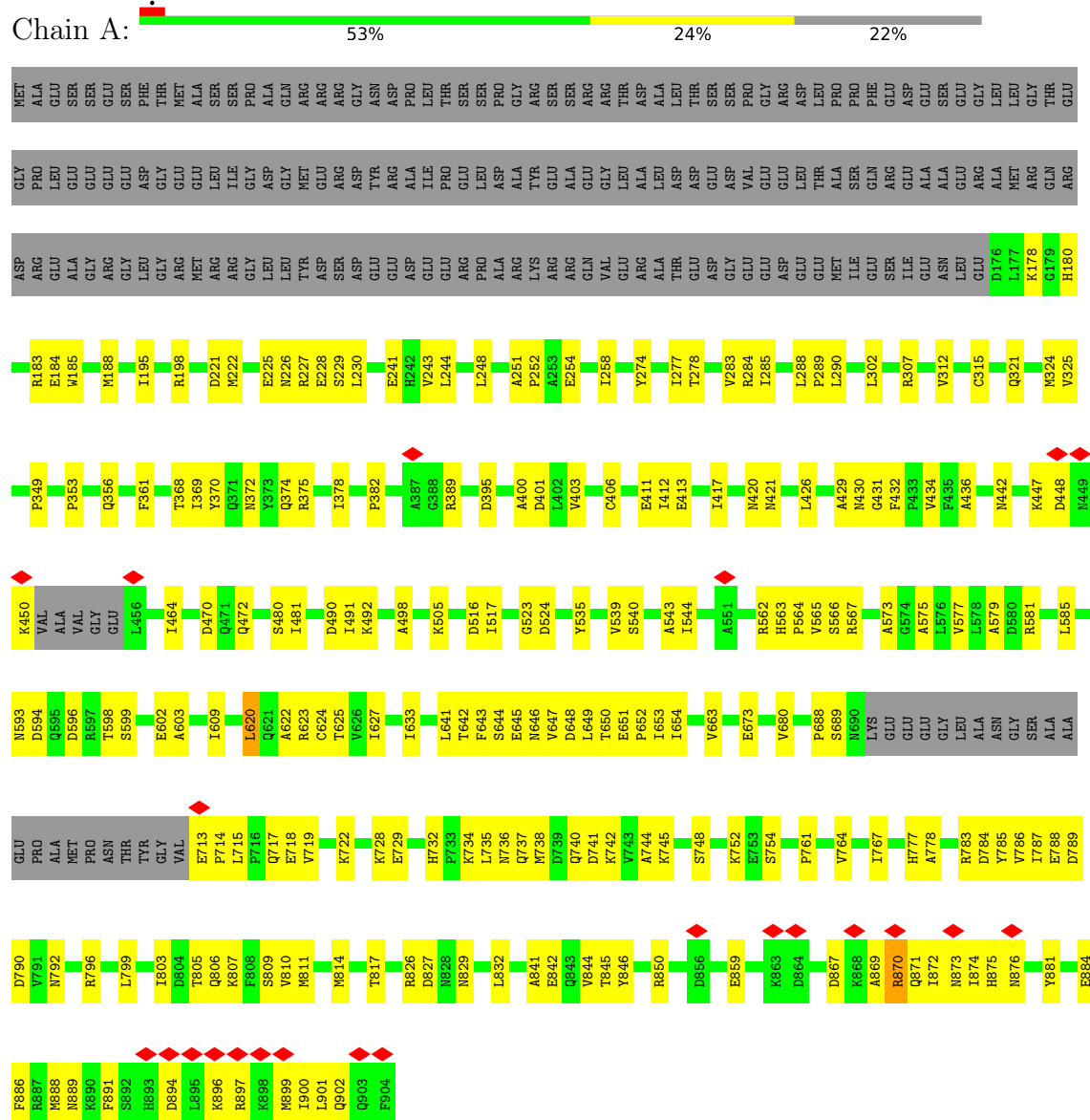
- Molecule 12 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ADP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$).



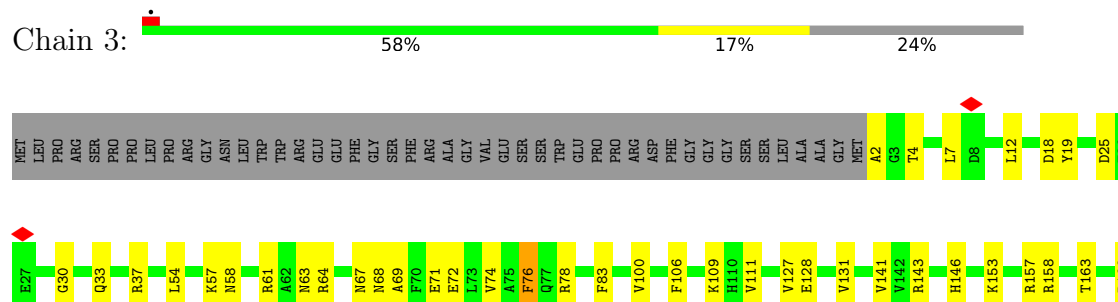
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
12	5	1	Total 27	C 10	N 5	O 10	P 2	0
12	6	1	Total 27	C 10	N 5	O 10	P 2	0
12	D	1	Total 27	C 10	N 5	O 10	P 2	0
12	E	1	Total 27	C 10	N 5	O 10	P 2	0

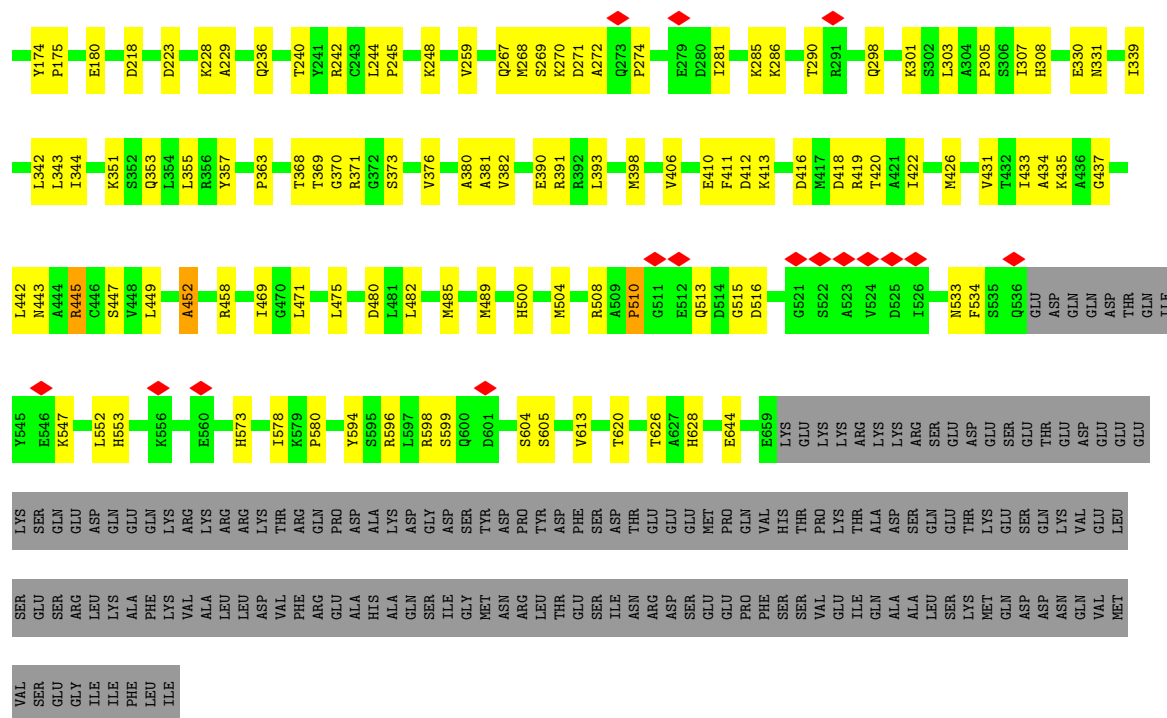


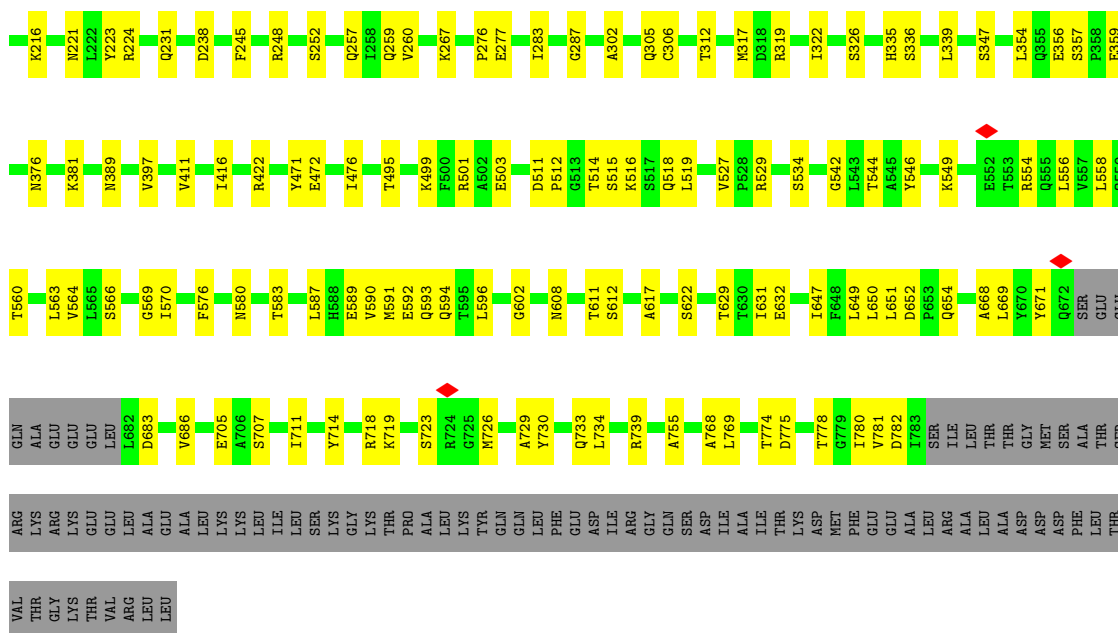
• Molecule 1: DNA replication licensing factor MCM2



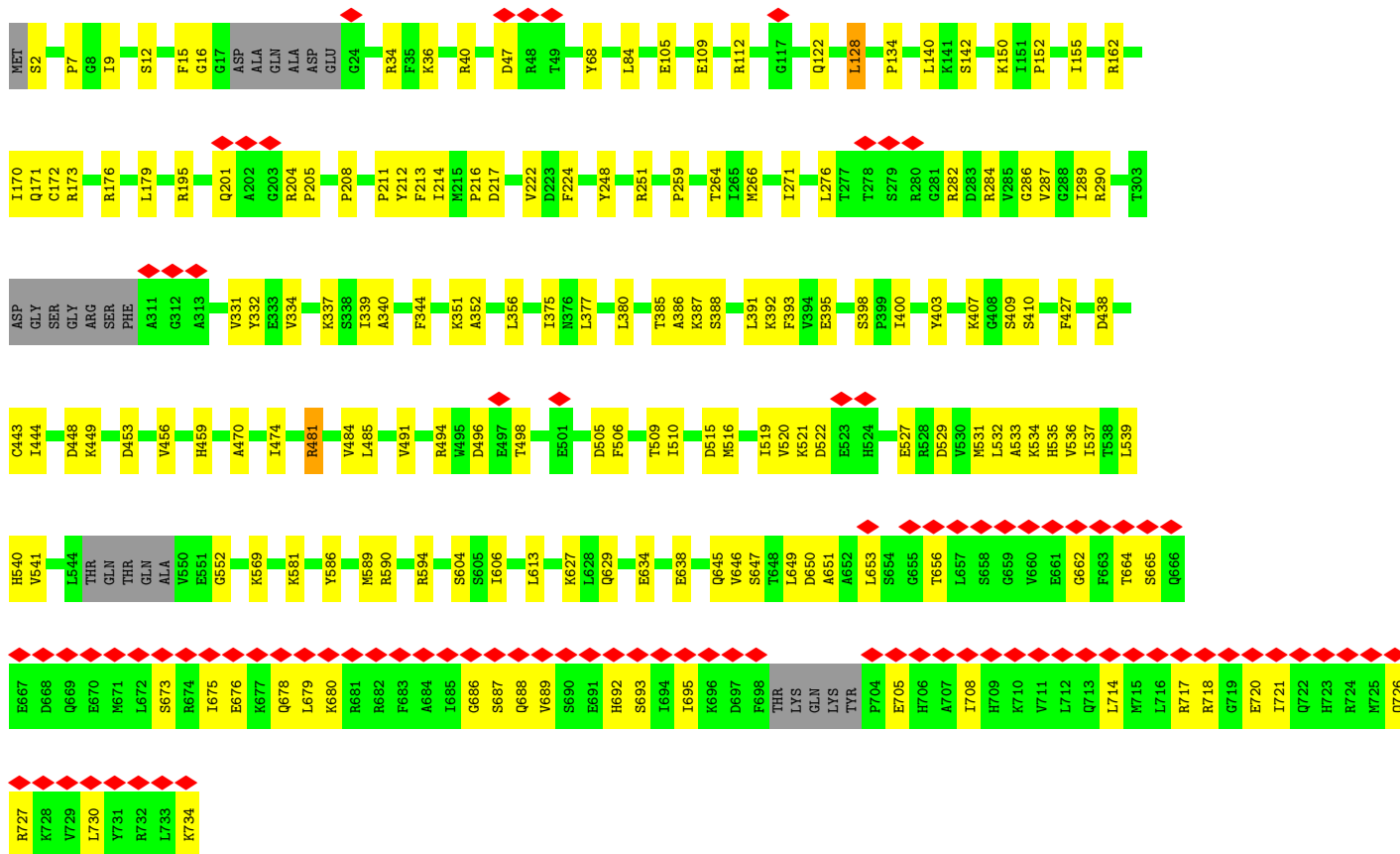
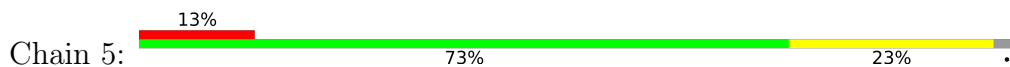
• Molecule 2: Isoform 2 of DNA replication licensing factor MCM3







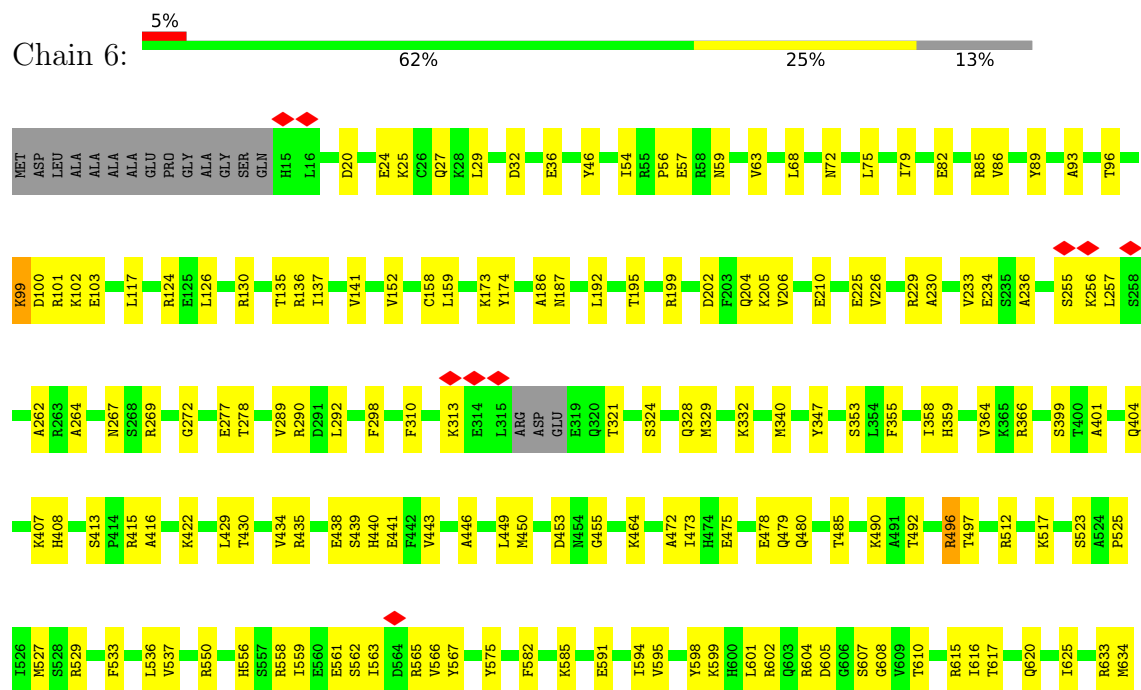
• Molecule 4: DNA replication licensing factor MCM5

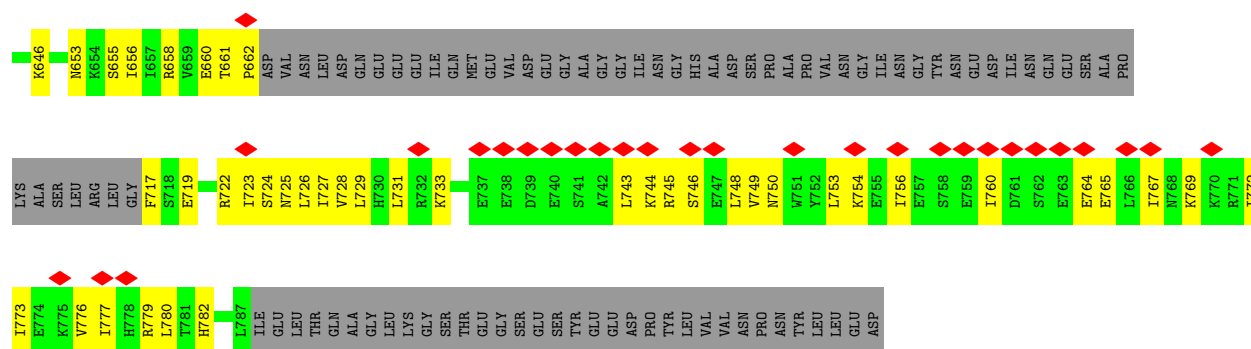


• Molecule 4: DNA replication licensing factor MCM5



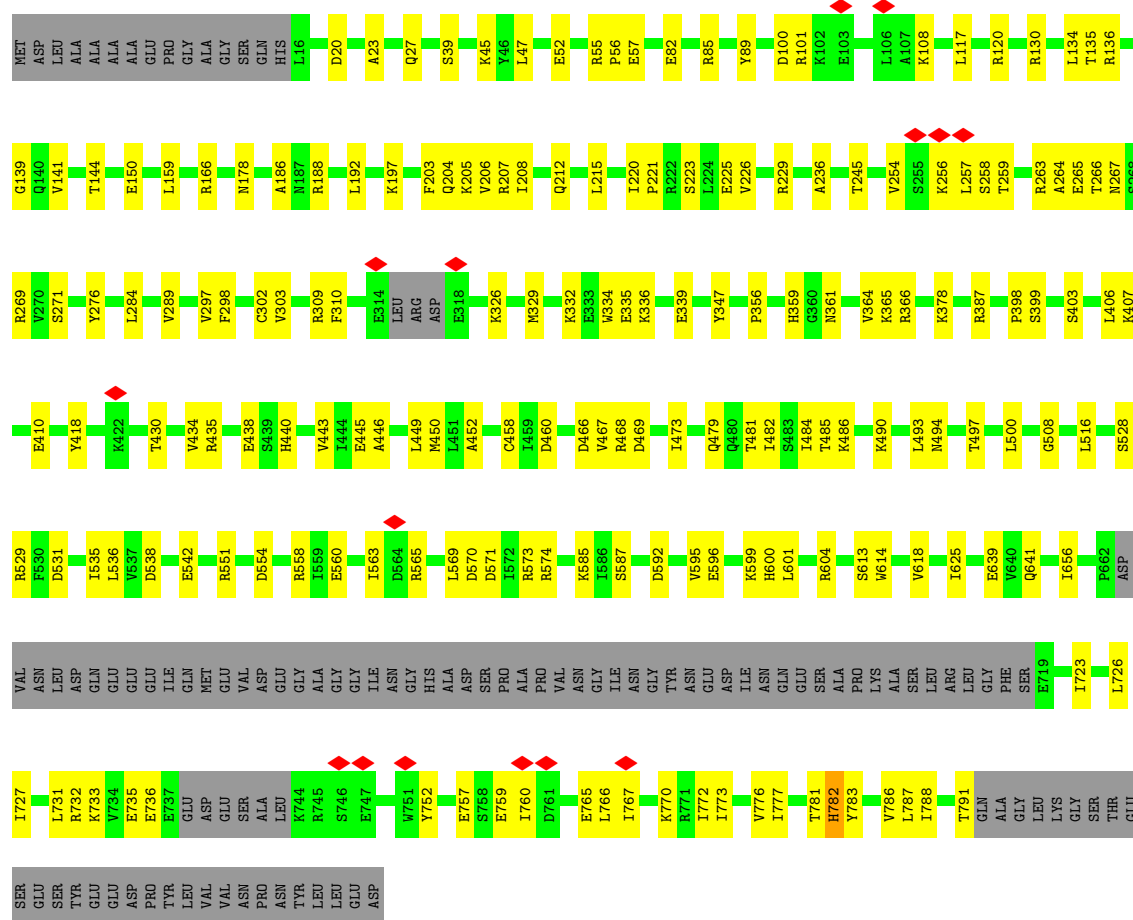
• Molecule 5: DNA replication licensing factor MCM6





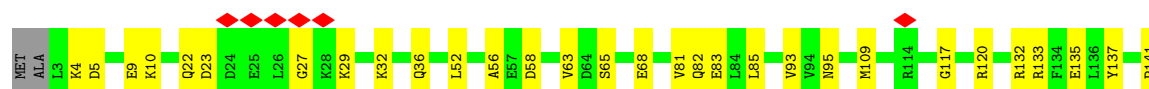
• Molecule 5: DNA replication licensing factor MCM6

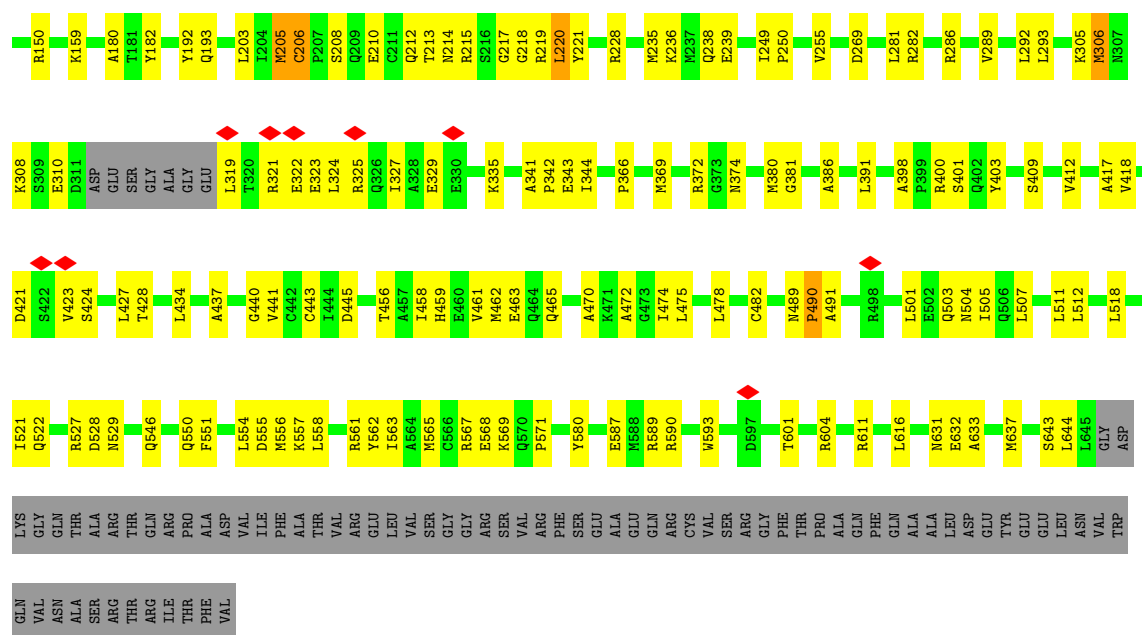
Chain E: 64% 22% 13%



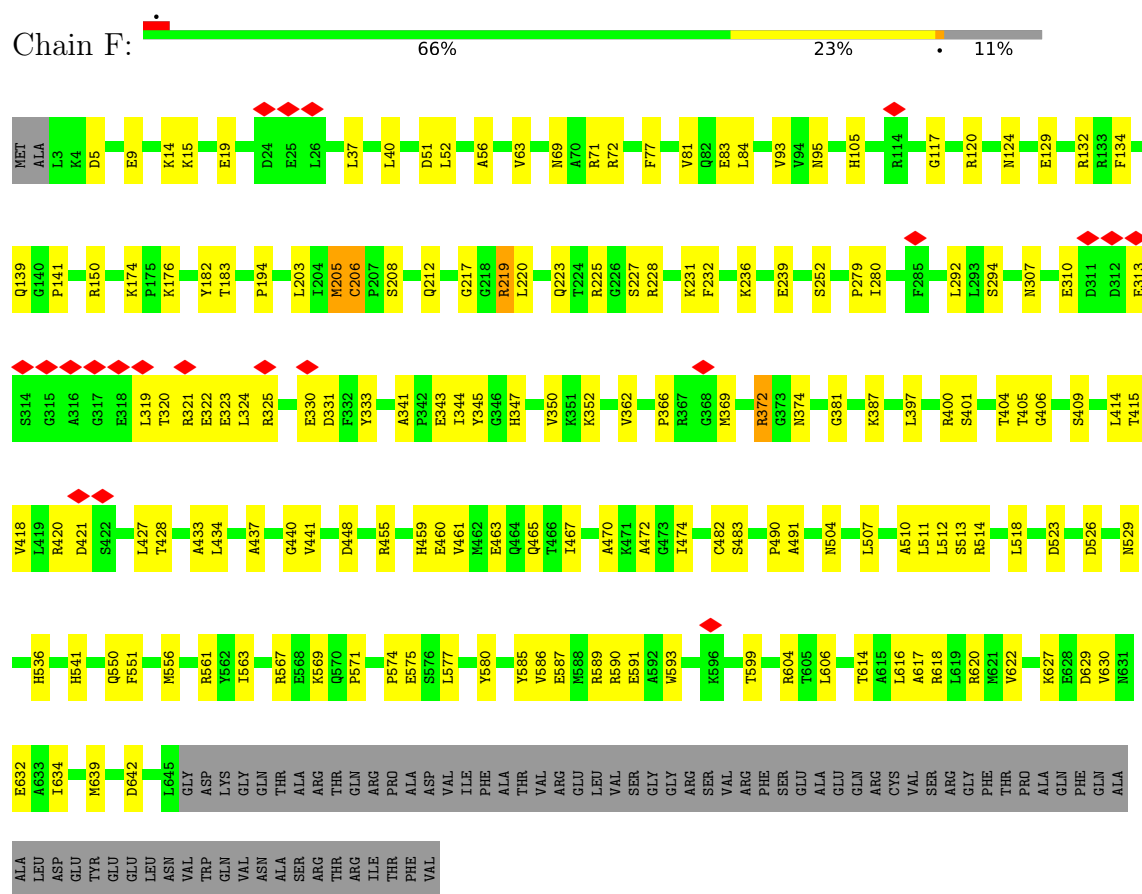
• Molecule 6: DNA replication licensing factor MCM7

Chain 7: 65% 23% 12%

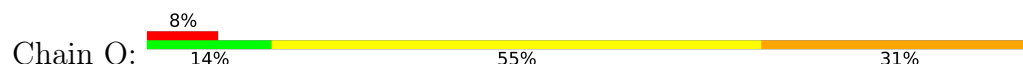


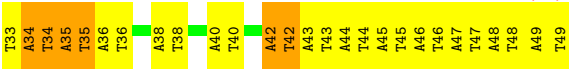


- Molecule 6: DNA replication licensing factor MCM7



- Molecule 7: DNA (49-MER)





• Molecule 8: DNA (49-MER)



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	329847	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	51.78	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1200	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	81000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	4.638	Depositor
Minimum map value	-2.141	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.115	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.5	Depositor
Map size (Å)	423.99997, 423.99997, 423.99997	wwPDB
Map dimensions	400, 400, 400	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.06, 1.06, 1.06	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, ATP, ADP, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	2	0.57	1/5693 (0.0%)	0.57	1/7686 (0.0%)
1	A	0.57	1/5658 (0.0%)	0.56	1/7640 (0.0%)
2	3	0.65	1/5159 (0.0%)	0.60	2/6970 (0.0%)
2	B	0.62	0/5179	0.58	3/6993 (0.0%)
3	4	0.63	0/5278	0.58	1/7137 (0.0%)
3	C	0.61	0/5275	0.57	1/7131 (0.0%)
4	5	0.60	0/5585	0.59	2/7511 (0.0%)
4	D	0.60	0/5558	0.58	1/7472 (0.0%)
5	6	0.56	0/5817	0.56	0/7845
5	E	0.56	0/5783	0.56	0/7798
6	7	0.65	2/5145 (0.0%)	0.61	3/6946 (0.0%)
6	F	0.64	1/5183 (0.0%)	0.59	2/7000 (0.0%)
7	O	1.26	21/2204 (1.0%)	0.89	5/3279 (0.2%)
8	S	1.27	35/2204 (1.6%)	0.89	2/3279 (0.1%)
All	All	0.67	62/69721 (0.1%)	0.61	24/94687 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	3	0	1
4	D	0	1
5	6	0	1
5	E	0	2
6	7	0	1
8	S	0	1
All	All	0	7

The worst 5 of 62 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
7	O	16[B]	DT	O3'-P	-16.28	1.41	1.61
8	S	-12[B]	DA	C1'-N9	-9.71	1.33	1.47
8	S	-40[B]	DA	O3'-P	-9.12	1.50	1.61
7	O	42[A]	DA	C1'-N9	-8.45	1.35	1.47
8	S	-24[B]	DA	C1'-N9	-8.29	1.35	1.47

The worst 5 of 24 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	3	510	PRO	CA-N-CD	-10.71	96.50	111.50
6	7	205	MET	C-N-CA	-8.90	99.45	121.70
1	2	351	SER	C-N-CA	-8.72	99.89	121.70
7	O	16[B]	DT	P-O3'-C3'	8.50	129.91	119.70
7	O	16[B]	DT	OP1-P-O3'	6.89	120.37	105.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	3	76	PHE	Sidechain
5	6	229	ARG	Peptide
6	7	306	MET	Peptide
4	D	528	ARG	Peptide
5	E	229	ARG	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	2	5591	0	5588	187	0
1	A	5556	0	5552	166	0
2	3	5080	0	5086	128	0
2	B	5100	0	5129	110	0
3	4	5187	0	5230	136	0
3	C	5184	0	5231	129	0
4	5	5500	0	5523	148	0
4	D	5474	0	5516	139	0
5	6	5726	0	5748	167	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	E	5694	0	5726	148	0
6	7	5065	0	5111	132	0
6	F	5102	0	5129	126	0
7	O	2009	0	1113	112	0
8	S	2009	0	1110	176	0
9	2	1	0	0	0	0
9	4	1	0	0	0	0
9	5	1	0	0	0	0
9	6	1	0	0	0	0
9	7	1	0	0	0	0
9	A	1	0	0	0	0
9	C	1	0	0	0	0
9	D	1	0	0	0	0
9	E	1	0	0	0	0
9	F	1	0	0	0	0
10	2	1	0	0	0	0
10	3	1	0	0	0	0
10	4	1	0	0	0	0
10	5	1	0	0	0	0
10	6	1	0	0	0	0
10	7	1	0	0	0	0
10	A	1	0	0	0	0
10	B	1	0	0	0	0
10	C	1	0	0	0	0
10	D	1	0	0	0	0
10	E	1	0	0	0	0
10	F	1	0	0	0	0
11	2	31	0	12	5	0
11	3	31	0	12	3	0
11	4	31	0	12	2	0
11	7	31	0	12	1	0
11	A	31	0	12	1	0
11	B	31	0	12	1	0
11	C	31	0	12	2	0
11	F	31	0	12	0	0
12	5	27	0	12	3	0
12	6	27	0	12	3	0
12	D	27	0	12	1	0
12	E	27	0	12	0	0
All	All	68655	0	66936	1784	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 1784 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
8:S:-36[A]:DT:C6	8:S:-35[A]:DT:H72	1.23	1.67
8:S:-41[A]:DT:H1'	8:S:-40[A]:DT:C5	1.56	1.40
8:S:-48[A]:DT:H72	8:S:-47[A]:DT:O4	1.18	1.30
8:S:-36[A]:DT:C6	8:S:-35[A]:DT:C7	2.19	1.26
8:S:-41[A]:DT:H1'	8:S:-40[A]:DT:C6	1.72	1.23

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	2	700/904 (77%)	643 (92%)	57 (8%)	0	100	100
1	A	696/904 (77%)	646 (93%)	50 (7%)	0	100	100
2	3	646/853 (76%)	601 (93%)	45 (7%)	0	100	100
2	B	647/853 (76%)	613 (95%)	34 (5%)	0	100	100
3	4	647/863 (75%)	598 (92%)	49 (8%)	0	100	100
3	C	645/863 (75%)	602 (93%)	43 (7%)	0	100	100
4	5	700/734 (95%)	640 (91%)	60 (9%)	0	100	100
4	D	693/734 (94%)	649 (94%)	44 (6%)	0	100	100
5	6	710/821 (86%)	668 (94%)	42 (6%)	0	100	100
5	E	703/821 (86%)	666 (95%)	37 (5%)	0	100	100
6	7	633/719 (88%)	588 (93%)	45 (7%)	0	100	100
6	F	642/719 (89%)	601 (94%)	41 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	8062/9788 (82%)	7515 (93%)	547 (7%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	2	615/781 (79%)	611 (99%)	4 (1%)	84	94
1	A	610/781 (78%)	607 (100%)	3 (0%)	88	96
2	3	557/742 (75%)	556 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	98
2	B	561/742 (76%)	558 (100%)	3 (0%)	88	96
3	4	574/753 (76%)	571 (100%)	3 (0%)	88	96
3	C	575/753 (76%)	575 (100%)	0	100	100
4	5	589/625 (94%)	588 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	98
4	D	589/625 (94%)	588 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	98
5	6	639/724 (88%)	636 (100%)	3 (0%)	88	96
5	E	636/724 (88%)	636 (100%)	0	100	100
6	7	554/619 (90%)	552 (100%)	2 (0%)	91	97
6	F	556/619 (90%)	554 (100%)	2 (0%)	91	97
All	All	7055/8488 (83%)	7032 (100%)	23 (0%)	92	98

5 of 23 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	784	ASP
2	B	93	LYS
1	A	896	LYS
2	B	157	ARG
3	4	554	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 18 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	594	GLN
6	F	196	GLN
5	E	212	GLN
4	5	726	GLN

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	376	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 34 ligands modelled in this entry, 22 are monoatomic - leaving 12 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
12	ADP	E	903	10	24,29,29	1.01	0	29,45,45	1.40	4 (13%)
11	ATP	C	903	10	26,33,33	0.99	1 (3%)	31,52,52	1.33	4 (12%)
11	ATP	F	803	10	26,33,33	0.93	0	31,52,52	1.47	5 (16%)
12	ADP	6	903	10	24,29,29	1.01	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.30	2 (6%)
11	ATP	7	803	10	26,33,33	1.07	1 (3%)	31,52,52	1.65	6 (19%)
11	ATP	3	1101	10	26,33,33	1.02	2 (7%)	31,52,52	1.26	2 (6%)
11	ATP	4	903	10	26,33,33	1.06	1 (3%)	31,52,52	1.42	4 (12%)
12	ADP	5	803	10	24,29,29	1.05	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.40	4 (13%)
11	ATP	2	1003	10	26,33,33	0.97	1 (3%)	31,52,52	1.33	4 (12%)
12	ADP	D	803	10	24,29,29	1.02	0	29,45,45	1.28	2 (6%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
11	ATP	A	1003	10	26,33,33	0.94	0	31,52,52	1.56	5 (16%)
11	ATP	B	1101	10	26,33,33	0.95	0	31,52,52	1.40	5 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
12	ADP	E	903	10	-	6/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
11	ATP	C	903	10	-	3/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
11	ATP	F	803	10	-	0/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
12	ADP	6	903	10	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
11	ATP	7	803	10	-	4/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
11	ATP	3	1101	10	-	5/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
11	ATP	4	903	10	-	4/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
12	ADP	5	803	10	-	4/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
11	ATP	2	1003	10	-	3/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
12	ADP	D	803	10	-	4/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
11	ATP	A	1003	10	-	3/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
11	ATP	B	1101	10	-	1/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
11	3	1101	ATP	C5-C4	2.28	1.47	1.40
11	4	903	ATP	C5-C4	2.25	1.46	1.40
12	6	903	ADP	C5-C4	2.24	1.46	1.40
11	7	803	ATP	C5-C4	2.22	1.46	1.40
12	5	803	ADP	C5-C4	2.22	1.46	1.40

The worst 5 of 47 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
11	7	803	ATP	C5'-C4'-C3'	-4.49	98.35	115.18
11	F	803	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-3.78	122.77	128.68
12	5	803	ADP	O4'-C1'-C2'	-3.78	101.41	106.93
12	D	803	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-3.35	123.45	128.68
11	4	903	ATP	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.30	105.94	100.98

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 37 torsion outliers are listed below:

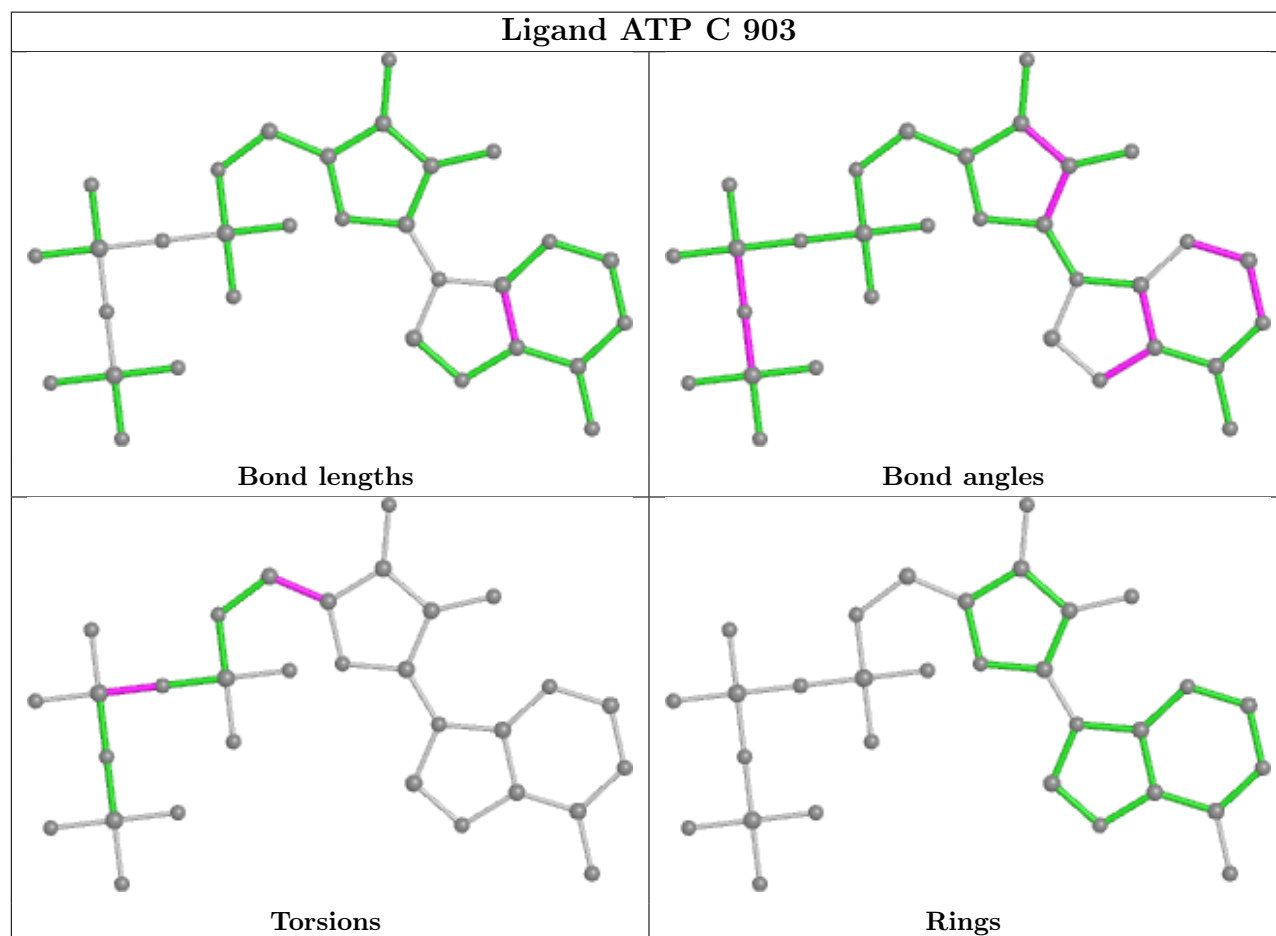
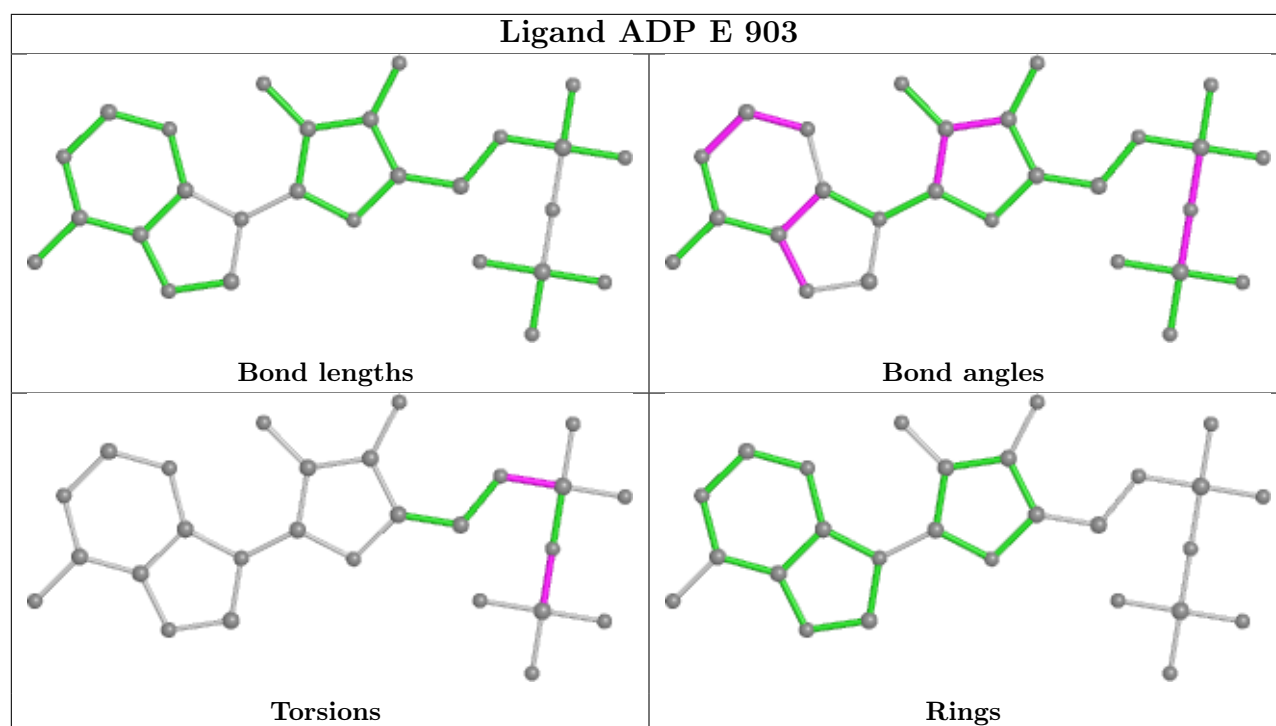
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
11	3	1101	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
11	7	803	ATP	PB-O3B-PG-O3G
11	7	803	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
11	7	803	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
12	5	803	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A

There are no ring outliers.

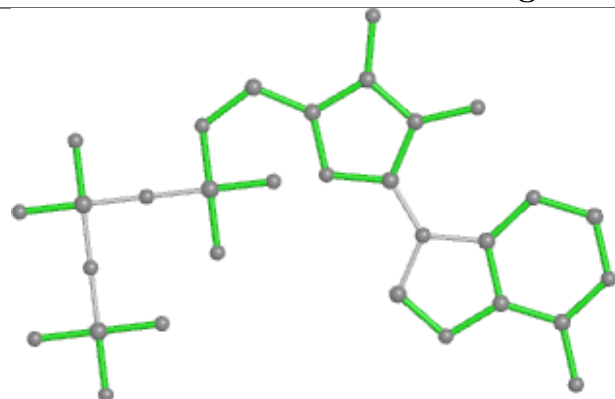
10 monomers are involved in 22 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
11	C	903	ATP	2	0
12	6	903	ADP	3	0
11	7	803	ATP	1	0
11	3	1101	ATP	3	0
11	4	903	ATP	2	0
12	5	803	ADP	3	0
11	2	1003	ATP	5	0
12	D	803	ADP	1	0
11	A	1003	ATP	1	0
11	B	1101	ATP	1	0

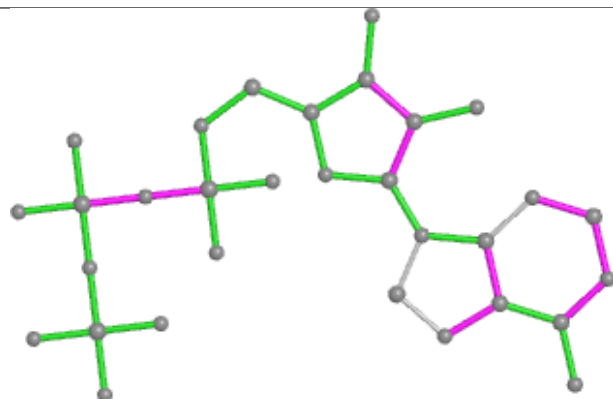
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



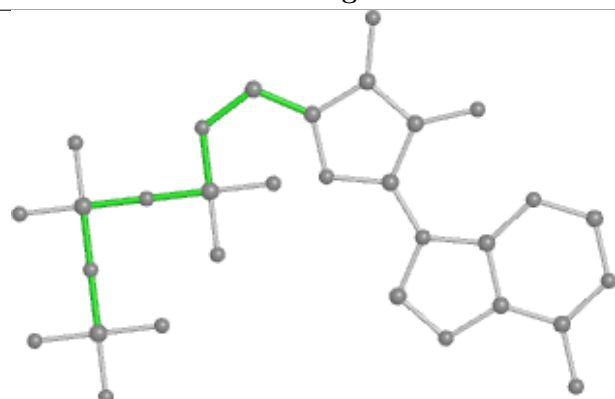
Ligand ATP F 803



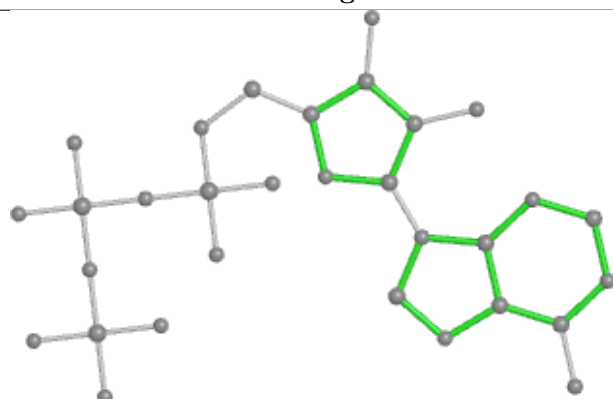
Bond lengths



Bond angles

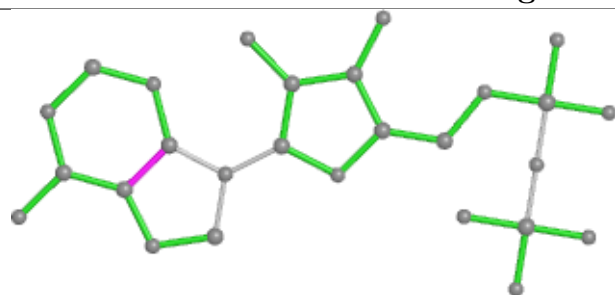


Torsions

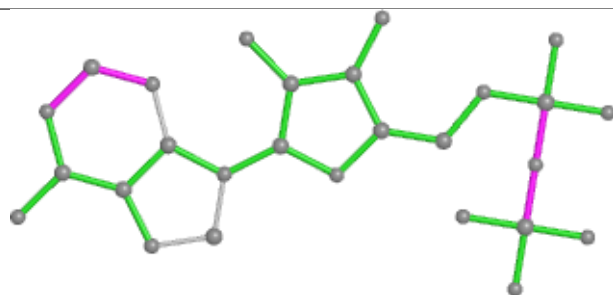


Rings

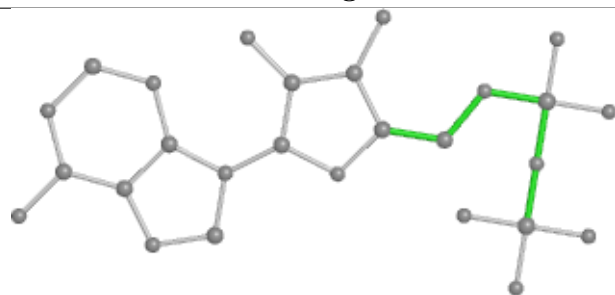
Ligand ADP 6 903



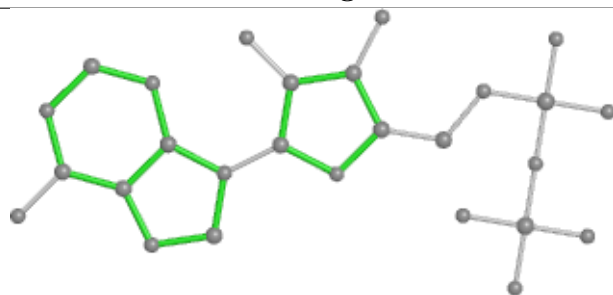
Bond lengths



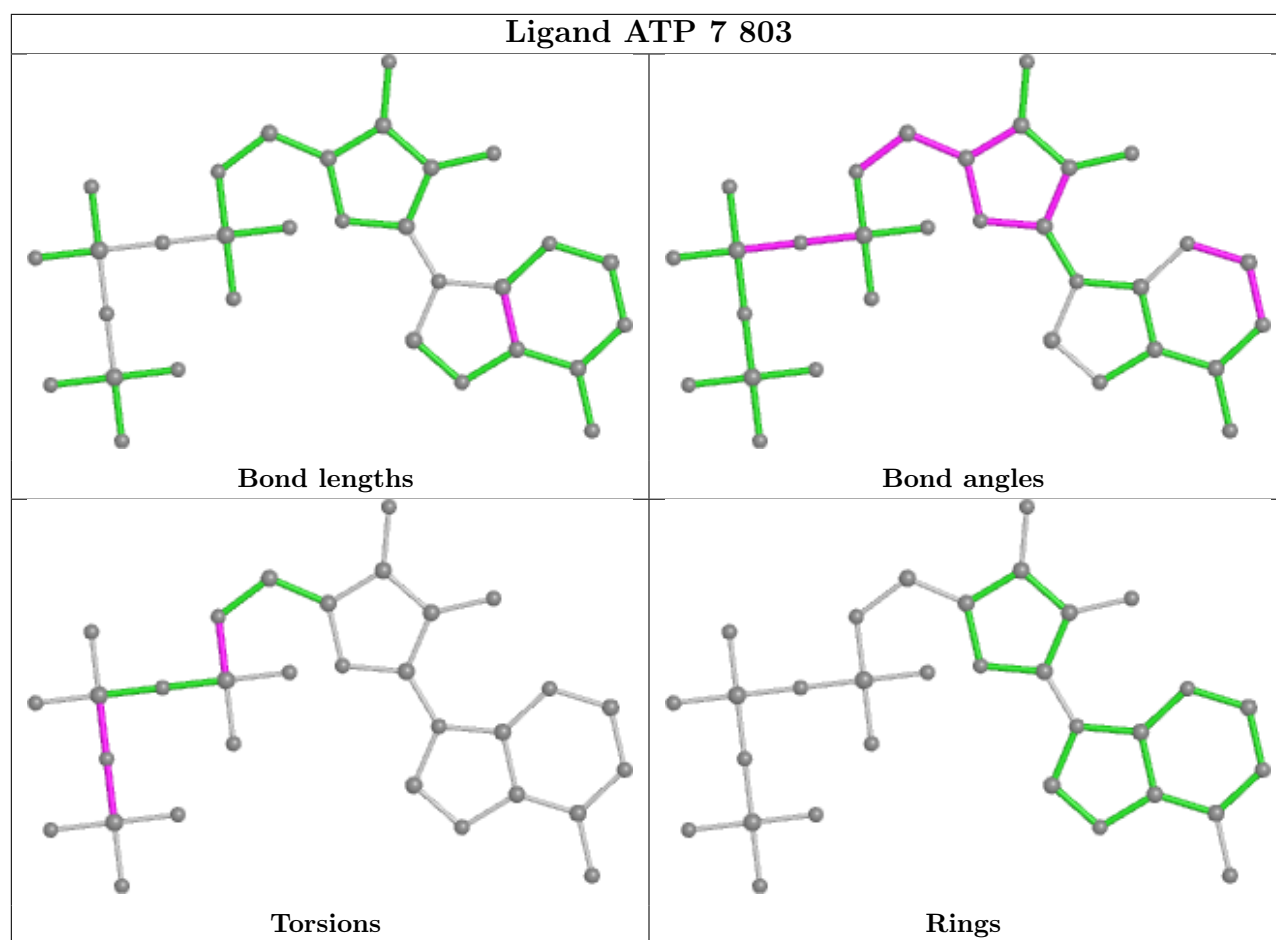
Bond angles

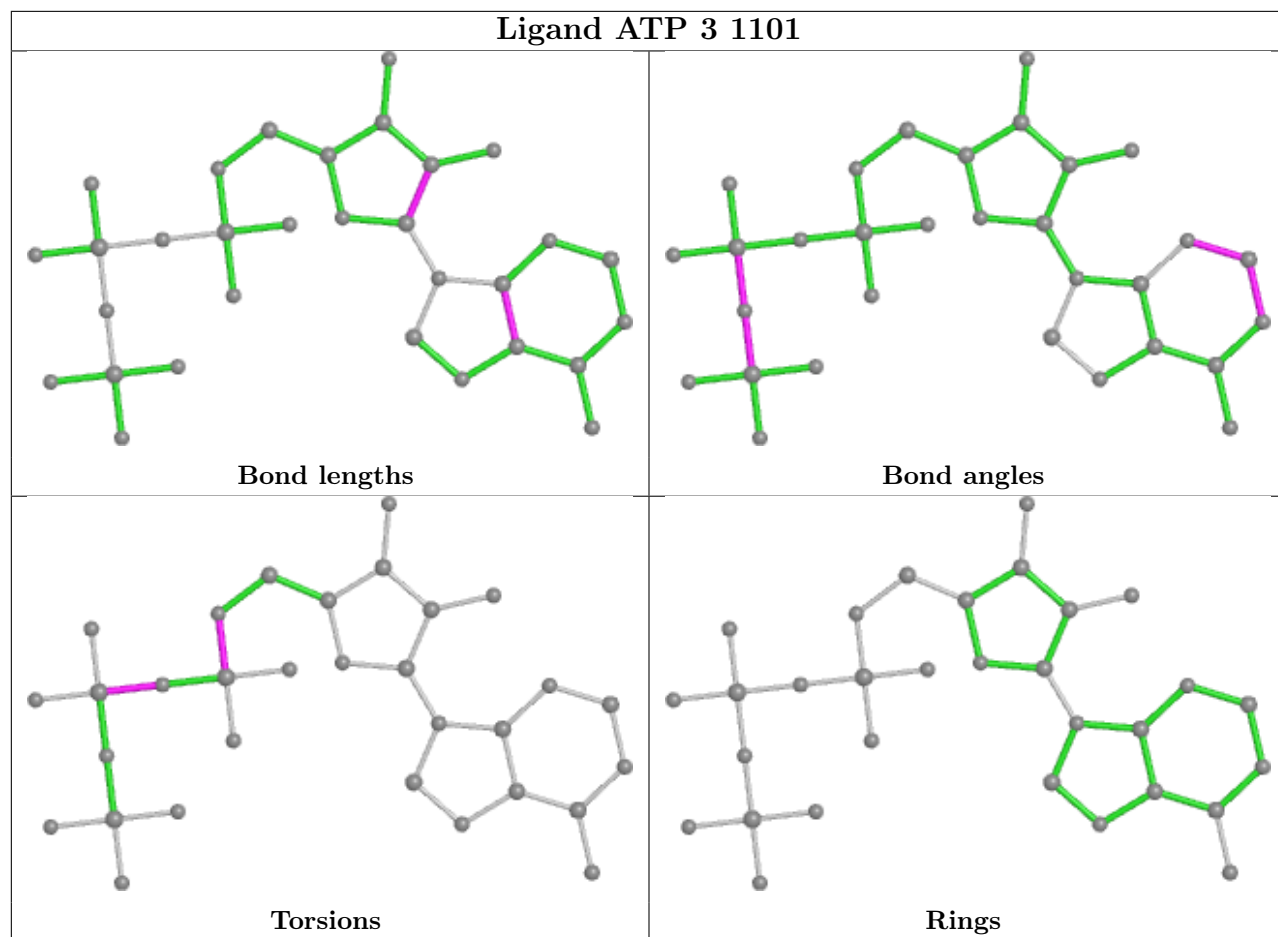


Torsions

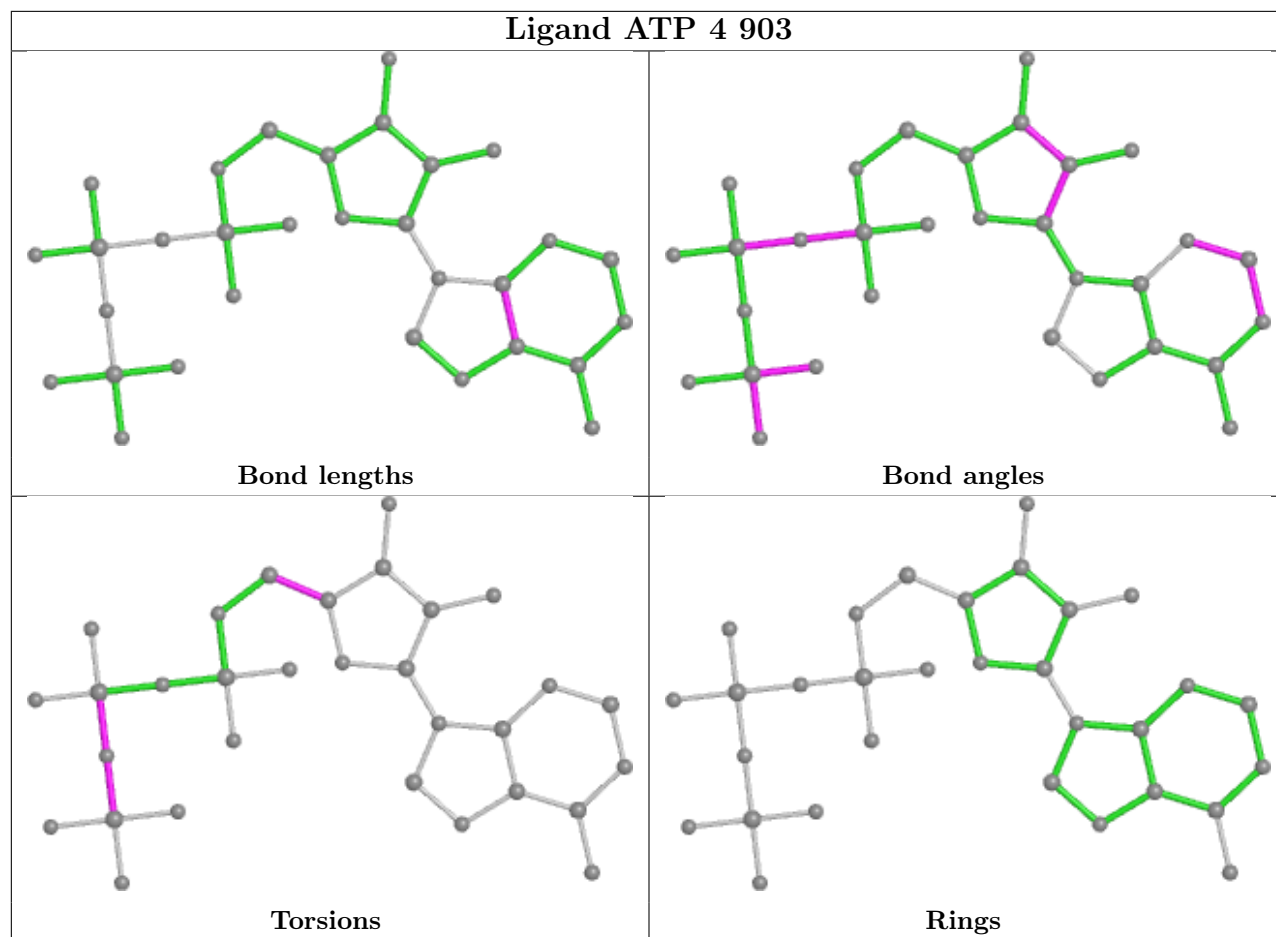


Rings

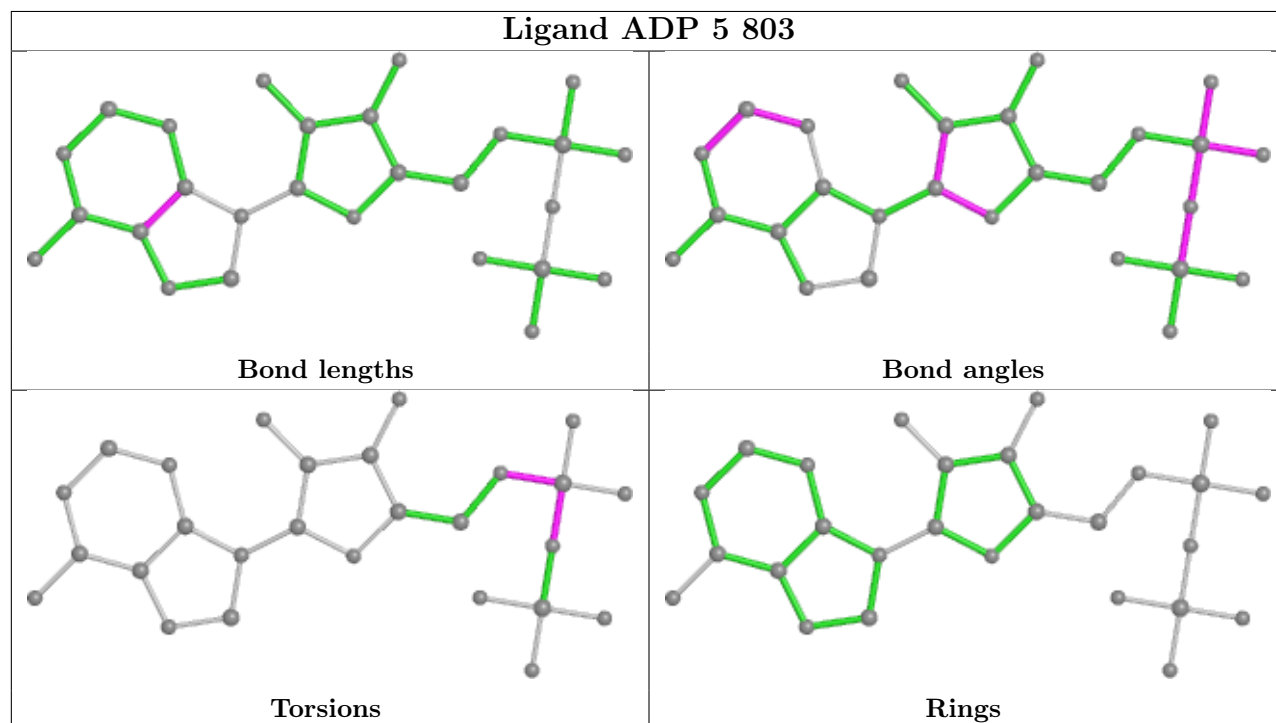


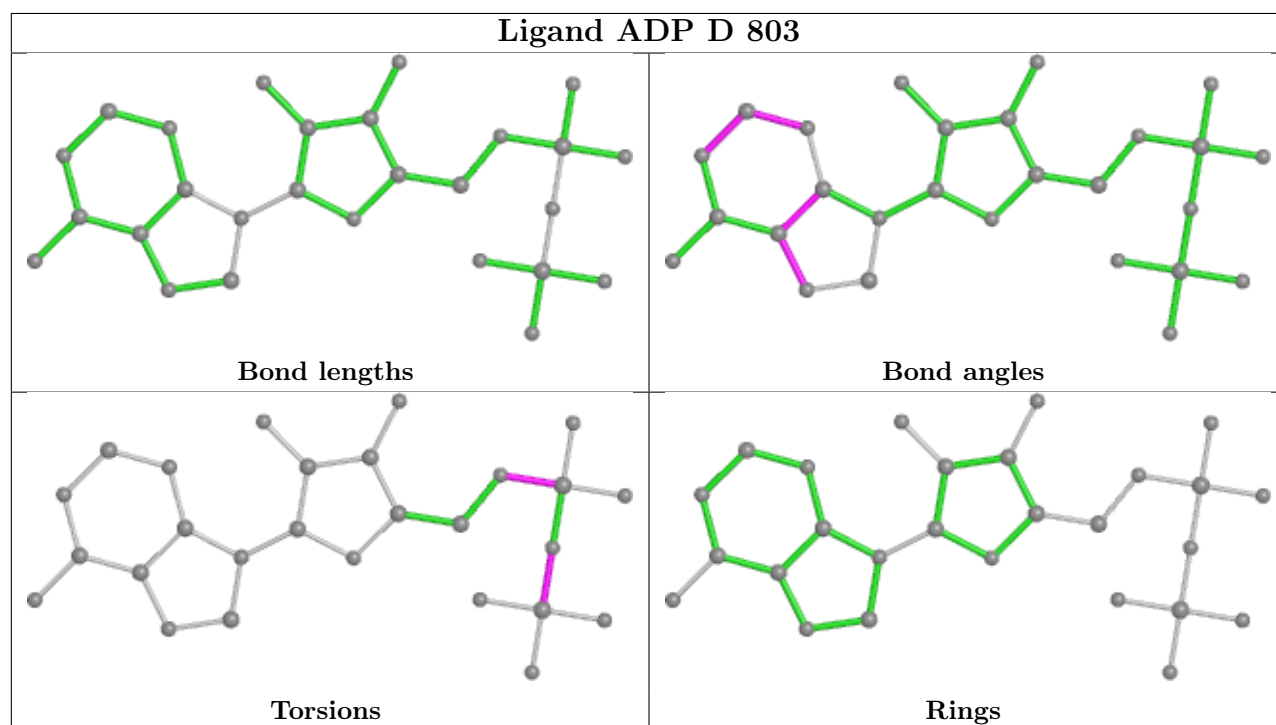
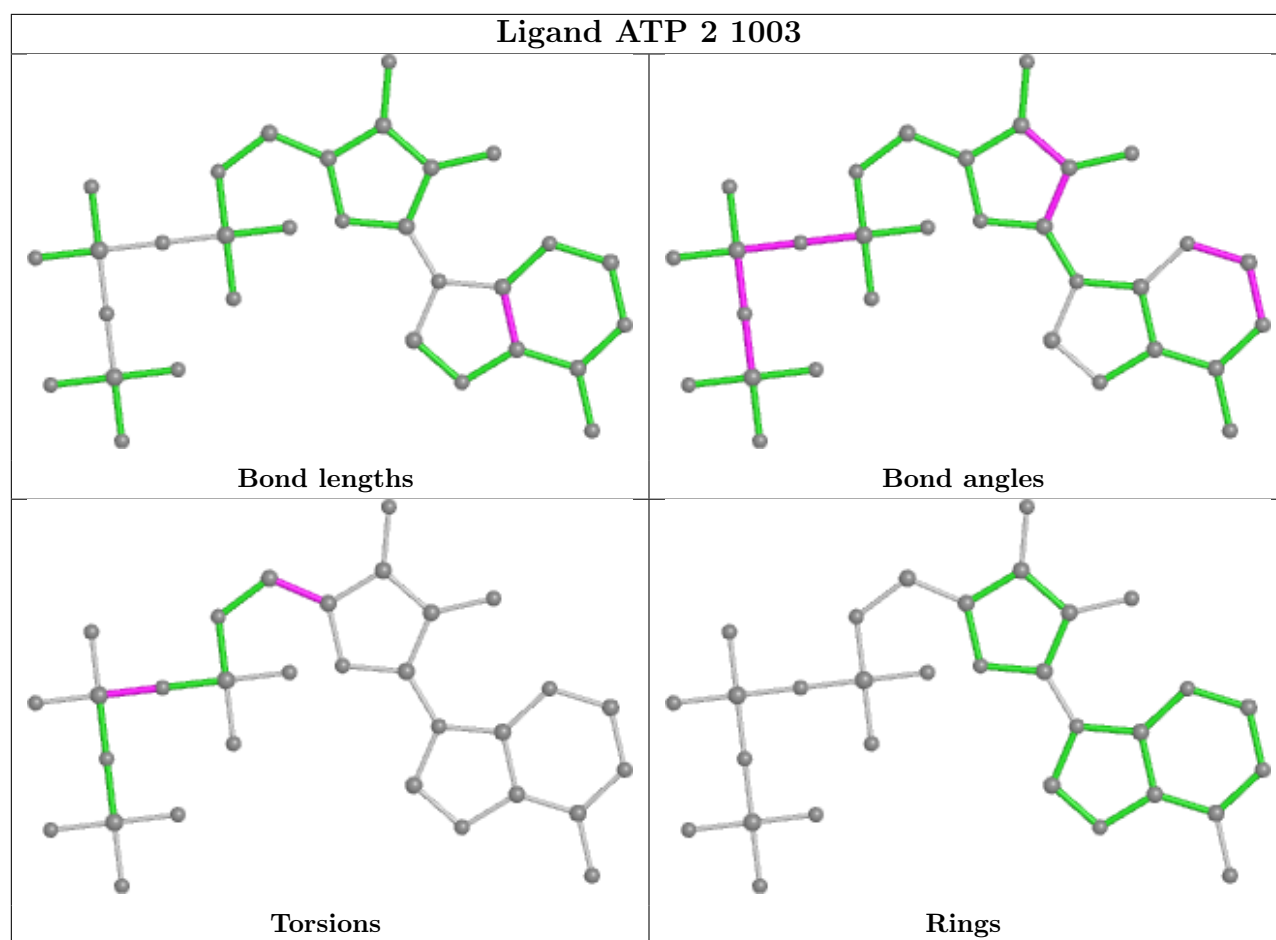


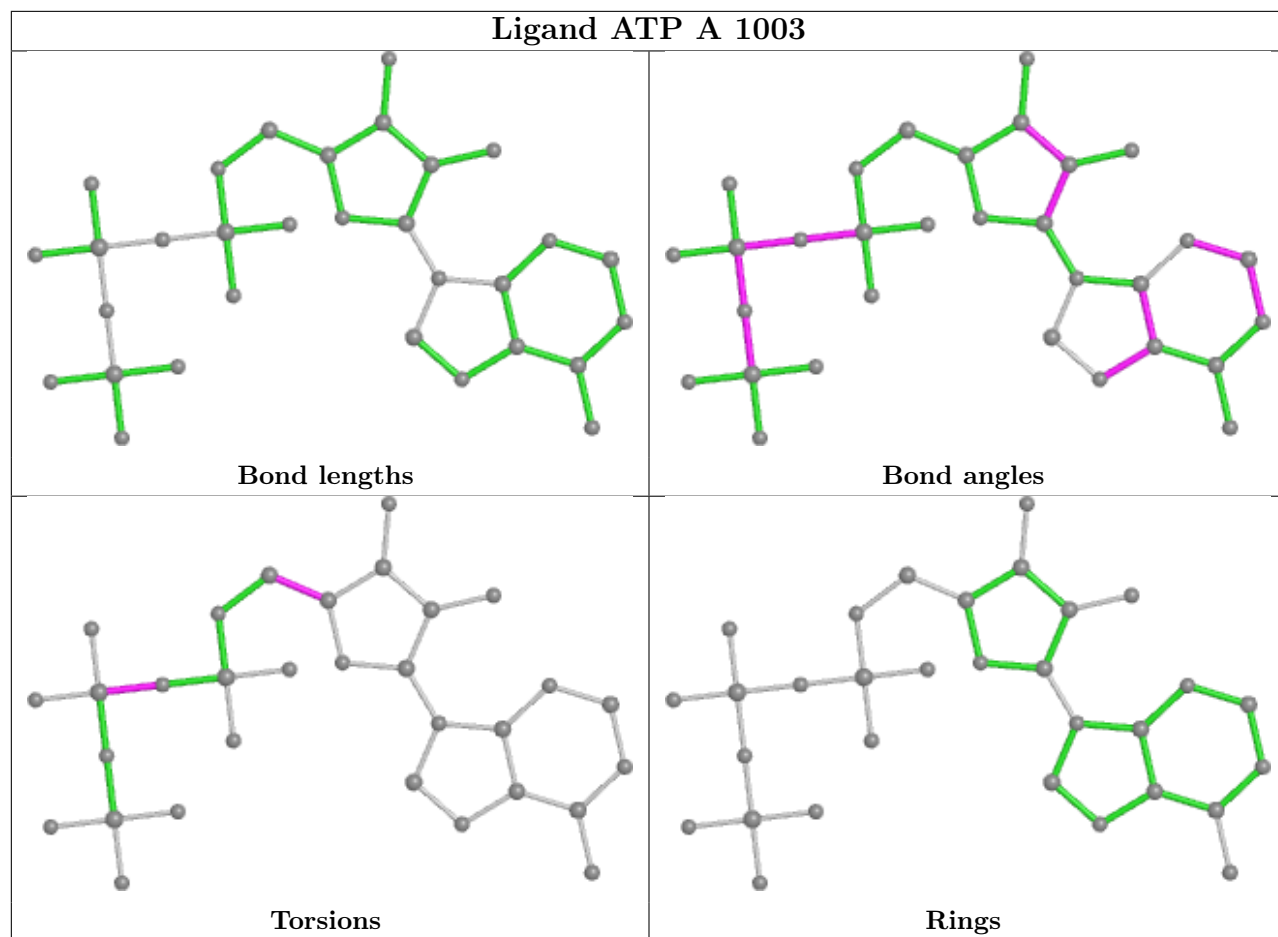
Ligand ATP 4 903

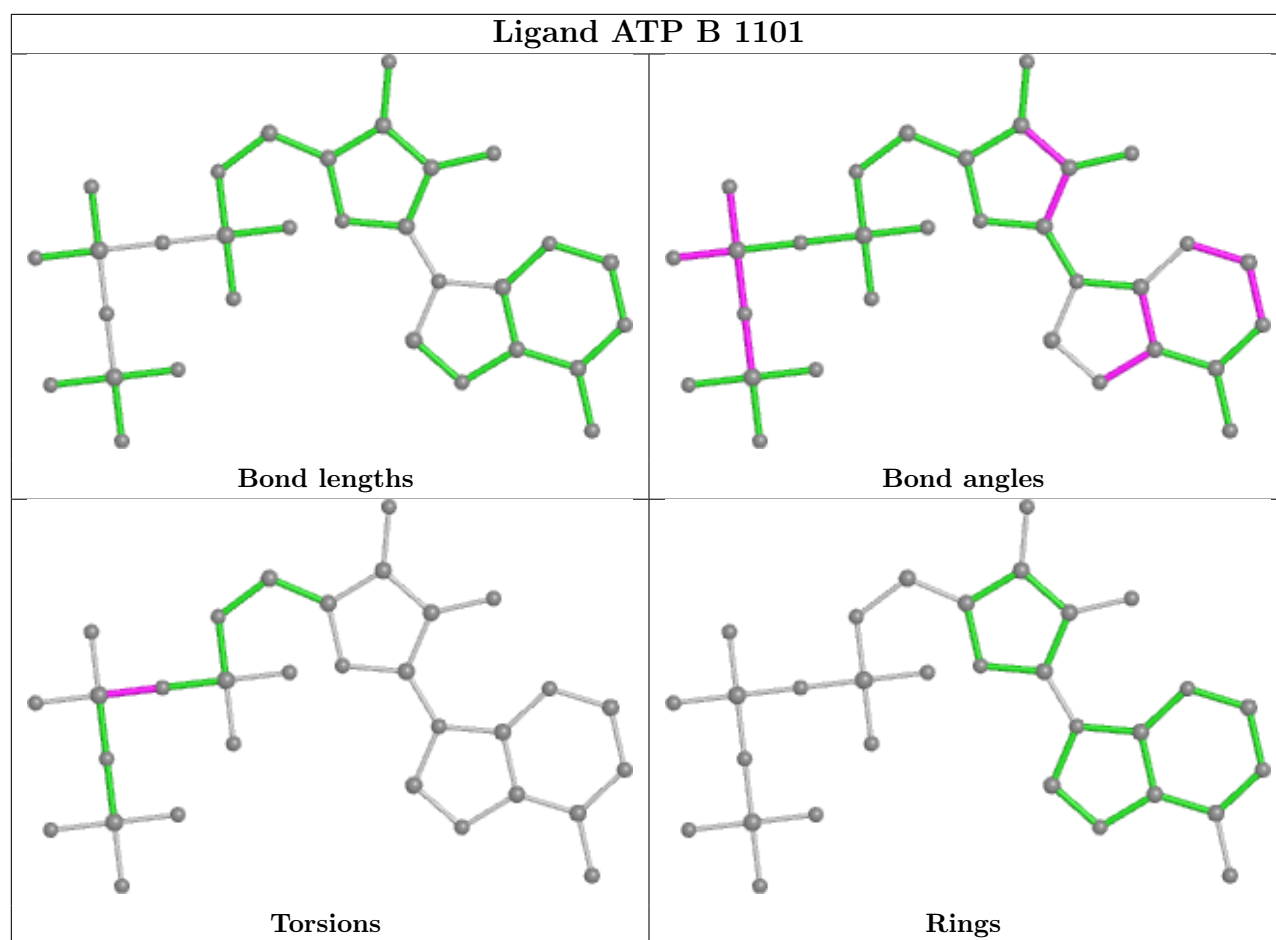


Ligand ADP 5 803









5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

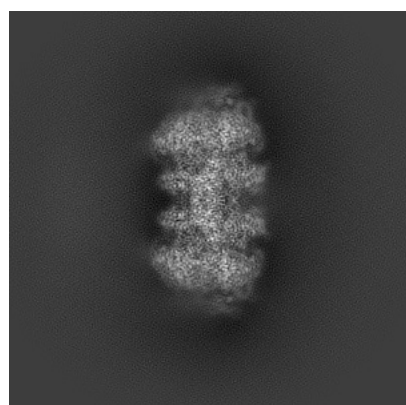
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-32258. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

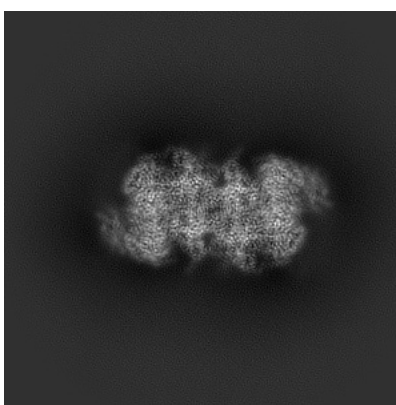
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

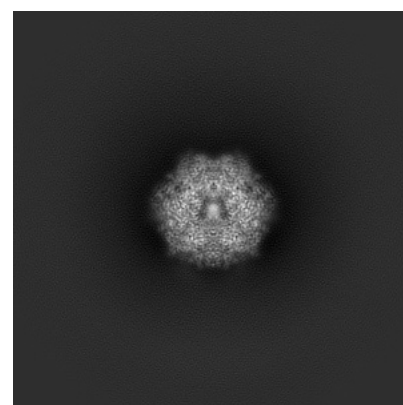
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

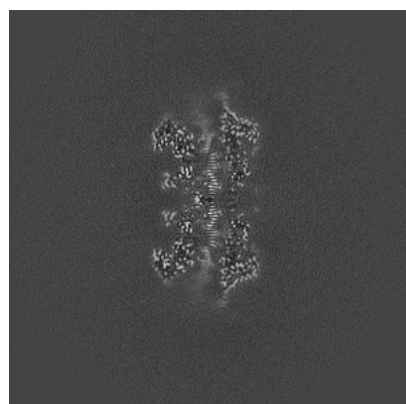


Z

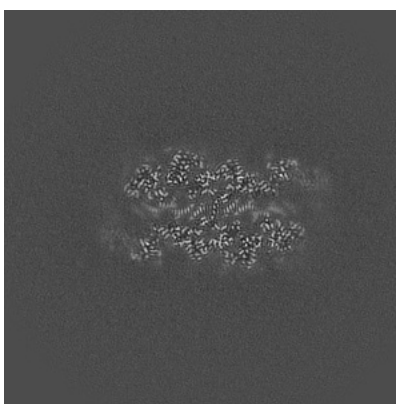
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

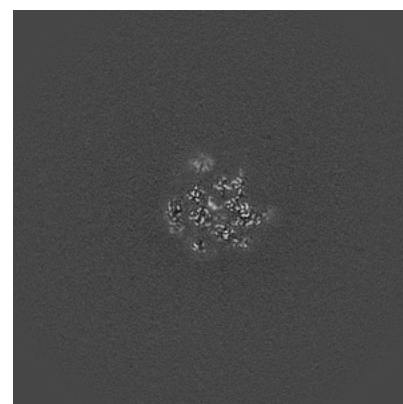
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 200



Y Index: 200

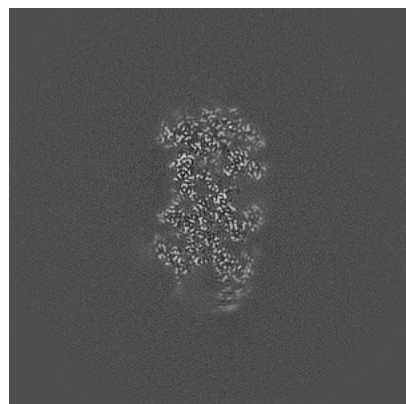


Z Index: 200

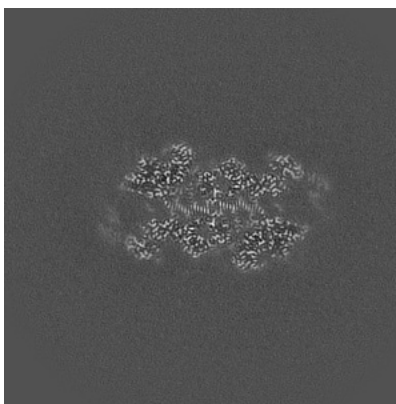
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

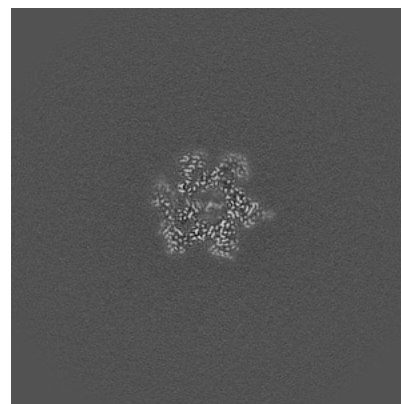
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 183



Y Index: 205

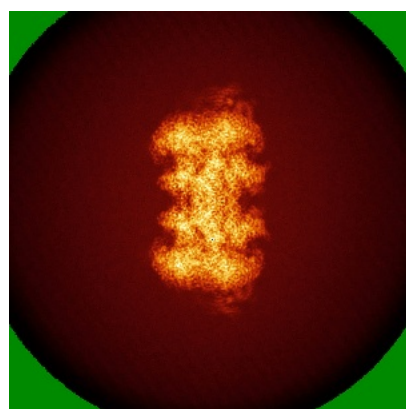


Z Index: 233

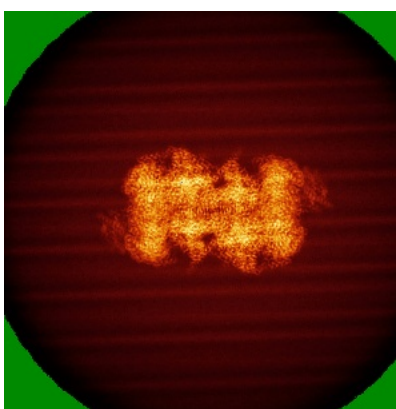
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

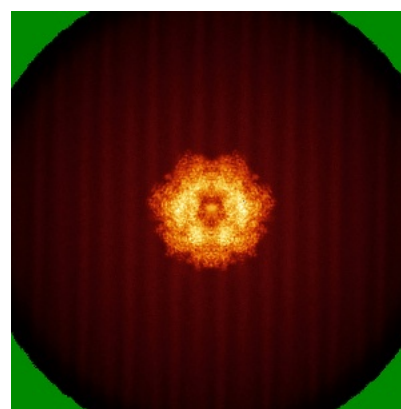
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

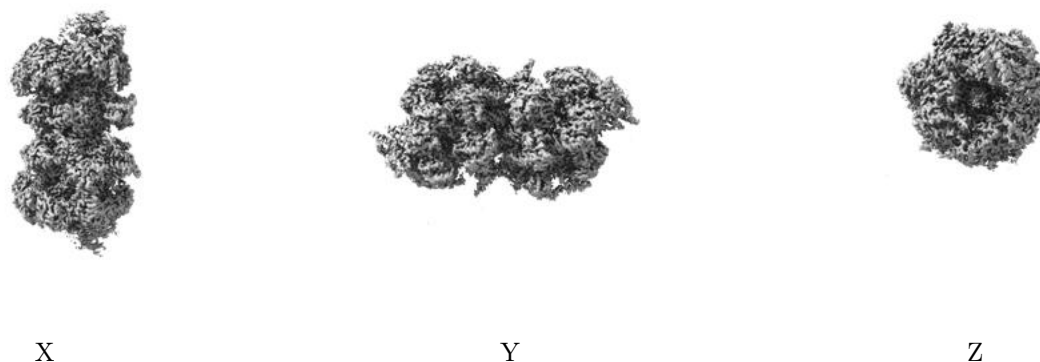


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.5. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

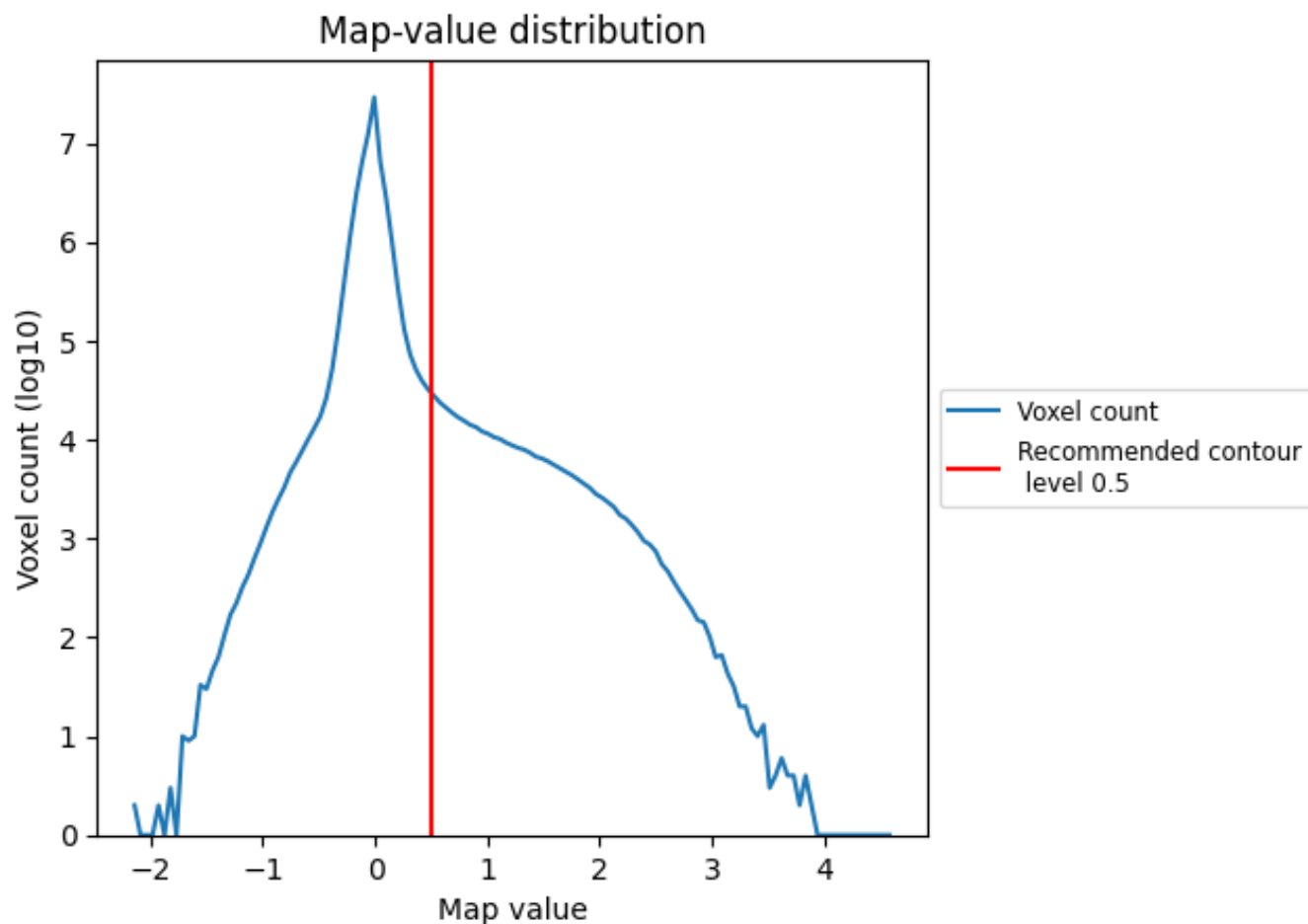
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

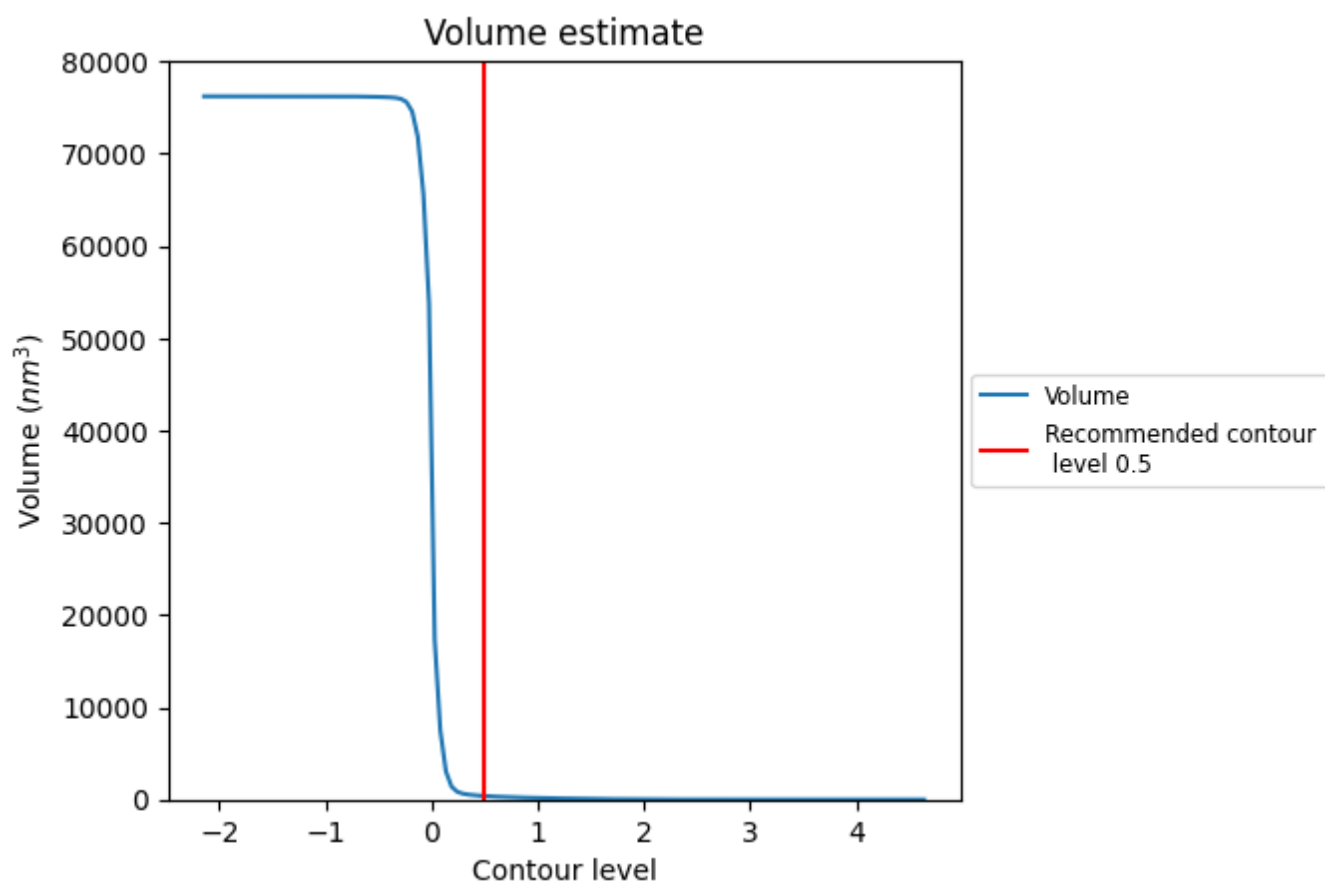
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

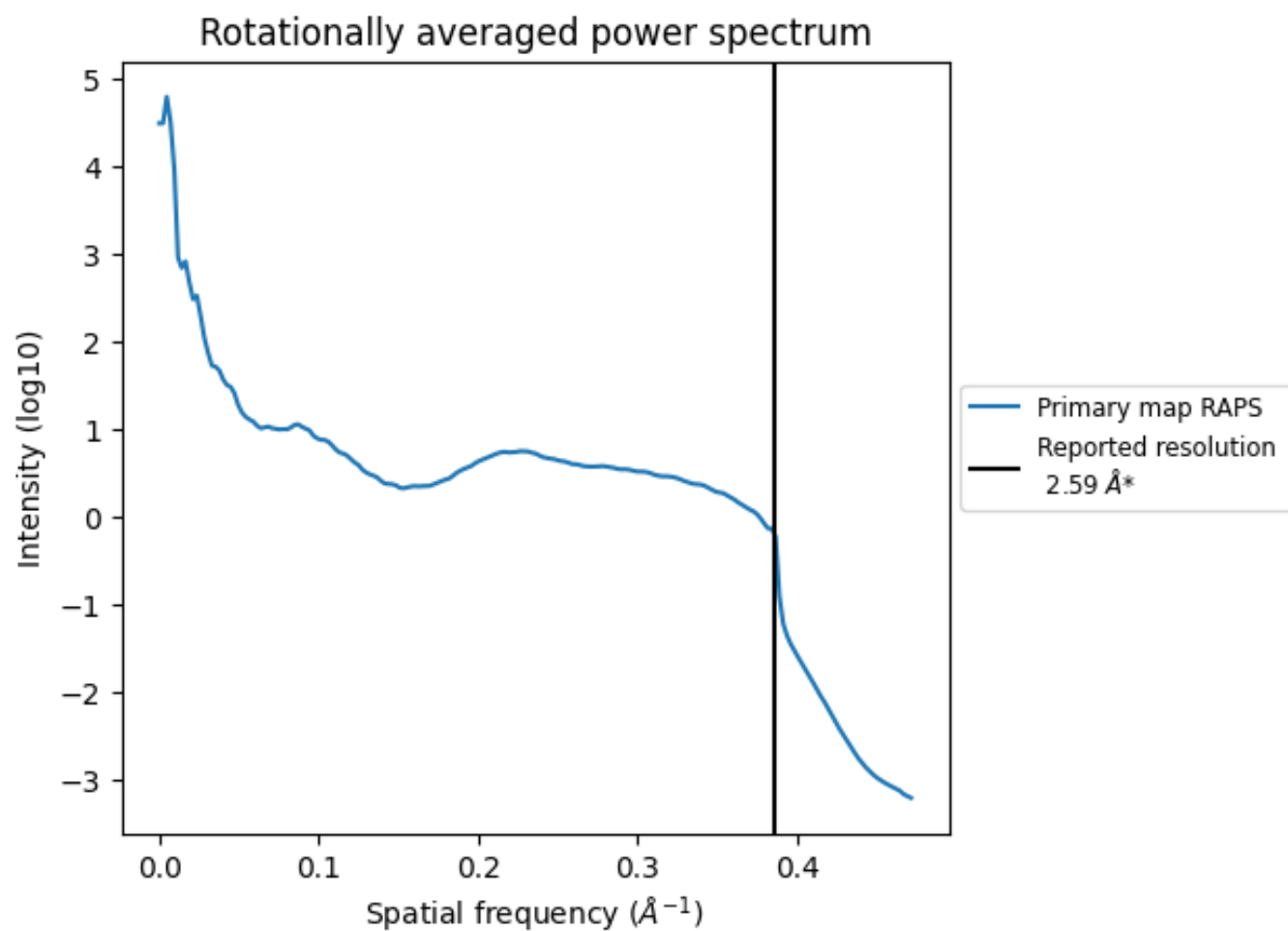
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 385 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 348 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.386 Å⁻¹

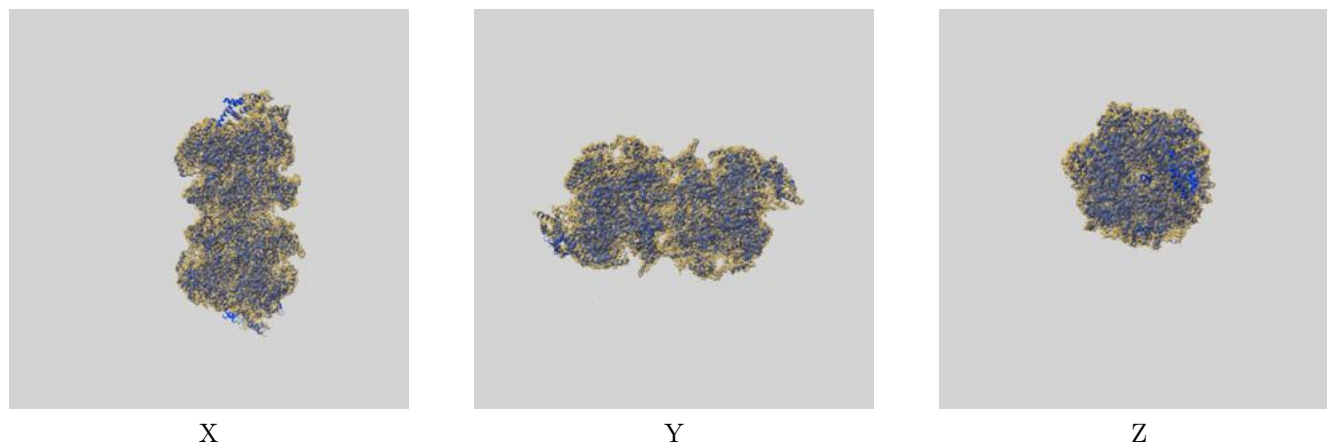
8 Fourier-Shell correlation ⓘ

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

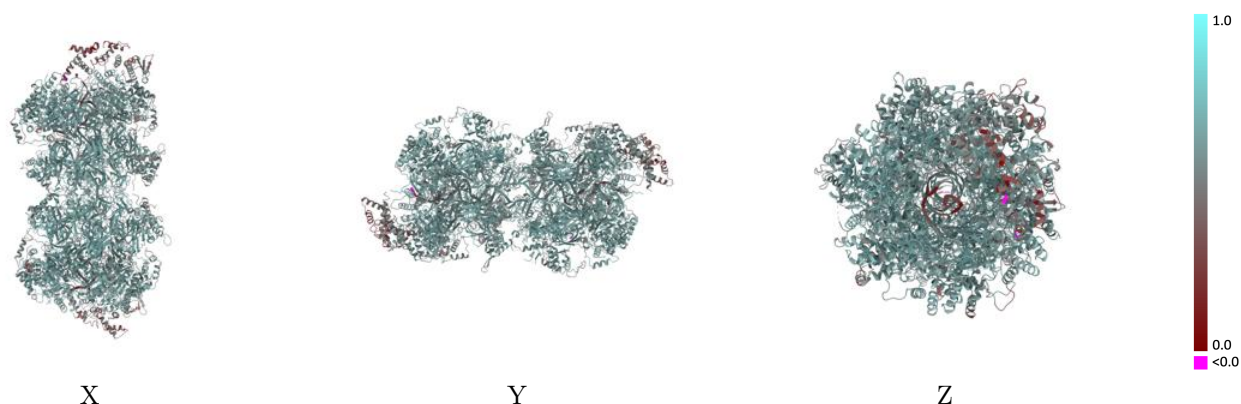
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-32258 and PDB model 7W1Y. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 9](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



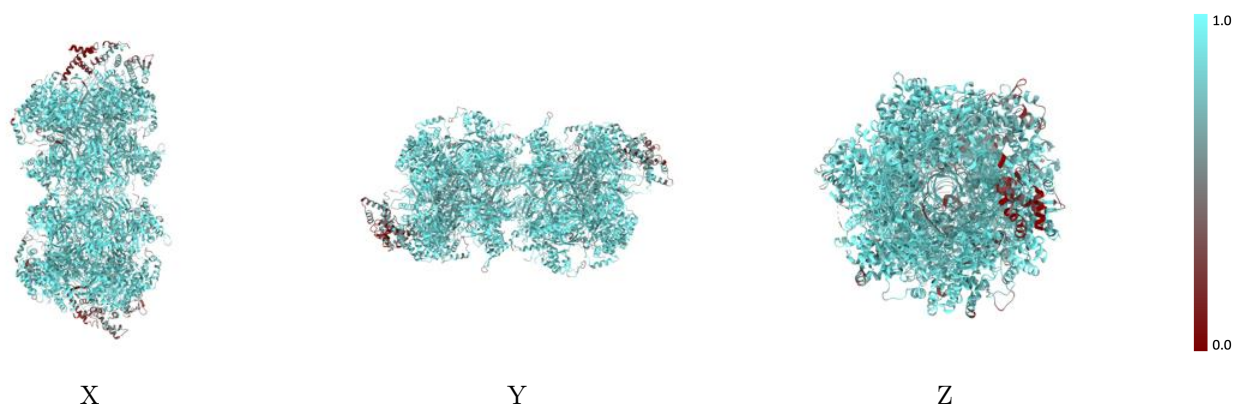
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.5 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



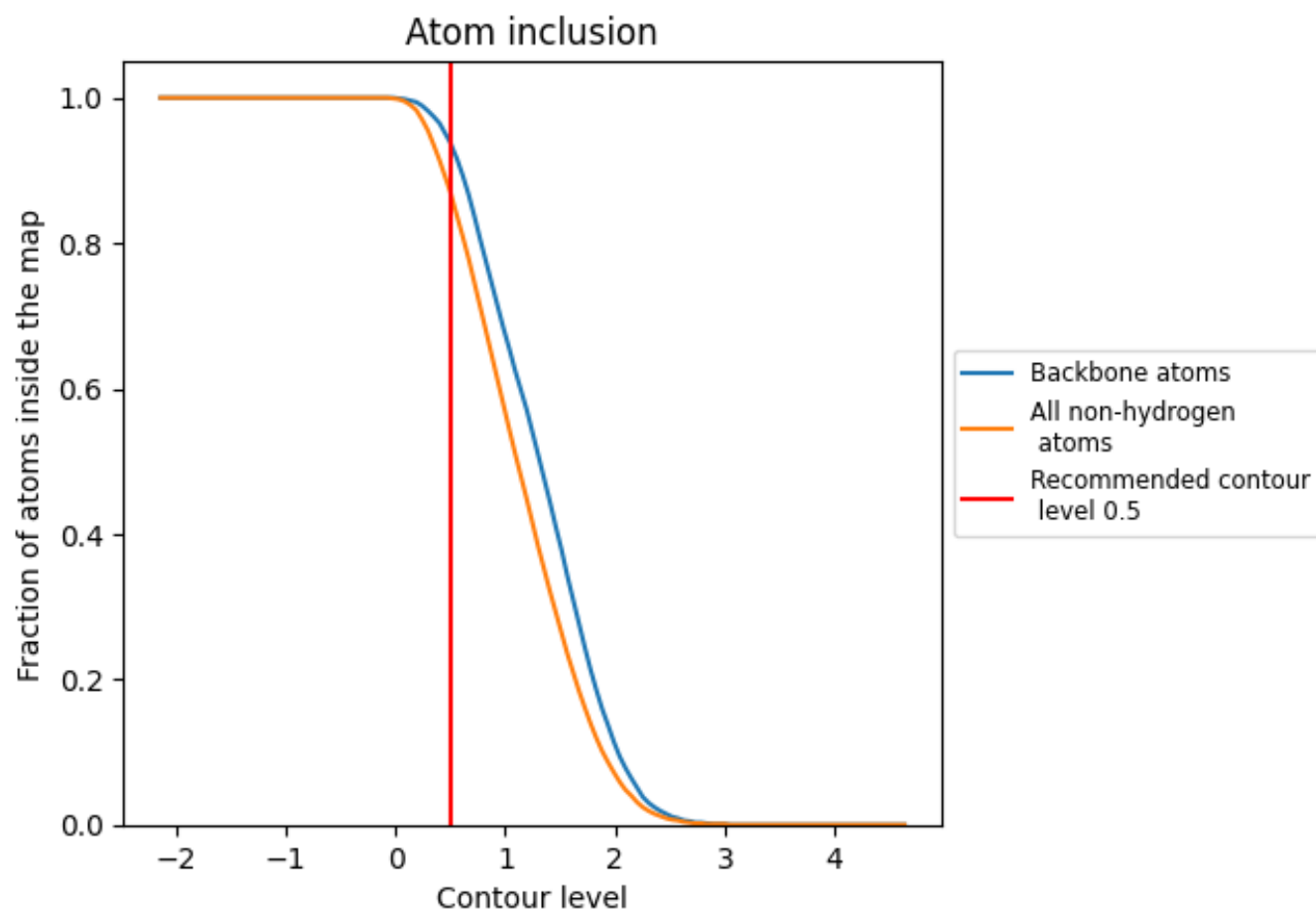
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.5).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 94% of all backbone atoms, 87% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.5) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.8700	<div></div> 0.5950
2	<div></div> 0.8420	<div></div> 0.5760
3	<div></div> 0.8930	<div></div> 0.6120
4	<div></div> 0.9100	<div></div> 0.6170
5	<div></div> 0.8110	<div></div> 0.5810
6	<div></div> 0.8530	<div></div> 0.5870
7	<div></div> 0.9060	<div></div> 0.6190
A	<div></div> 0.8570	<div></div> 0.5760
B	<div></div> 0.8890	<div></div> 0.6080
C	<div></div> 0.9130	<div></div> 0.6170
D	<div></div> 0.8300	<div></div> 0.5870
E	<div></div> 0.8720	<div></div> 0.5900
F	<div></div> 0.9030	<div></div> 0.6160
O	<div></div> 0.8220	<div></div> 0.5120
S	<div></div> 0.7670	<div></div> 0.5190

