



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 10, 2024 – 04:37 AM EST

PDB ID : 6XE6
EMDB ID : EMD-22144
Title : Structure of Human Dispatched-1 (DISP1)
Authors : Chen, H.; Liu, Y.; Li, X.
Deposited on : 2020-06-12
Resolution : 4.53 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev113
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

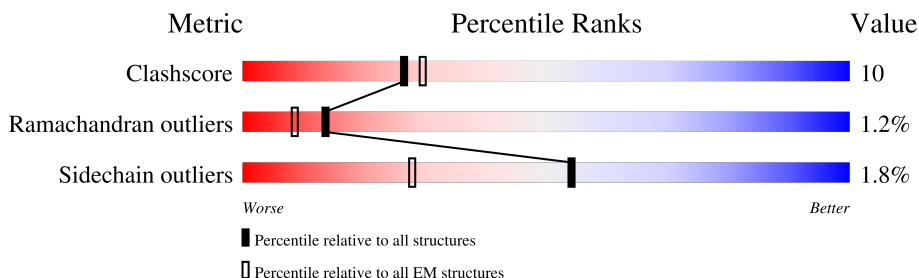
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.53 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1096	<div> <div>21%</div> <div>63%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>25%</div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6530 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

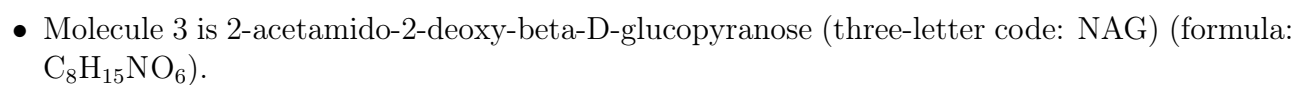
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein dispatched homolog 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	826	6340	4135	1021	1130	54	0	0

There are 18 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	162	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	163	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	164	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	165	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	166	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	167	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	168	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	169	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	170	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	171	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	1250	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	1251	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	1252	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	1253	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	1254	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	1255	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	1256	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81
A	1257	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q96F81

- Molecule 2 is CHOLESTEROL HEMISUCCINATE (three-letter code: Y01) (formula: C₃₁H₅₀O₄).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
2	A	1	Total 35	C 31	O 4	0
2	A	1	Total 35	C 31	O 4	0
2	A	1	Total 35	C 31	O 4	0
2	A	1	Total 35	C 31	O 4	0
2	A	1	Total 35	C 31	O 4	0

- Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_6$).

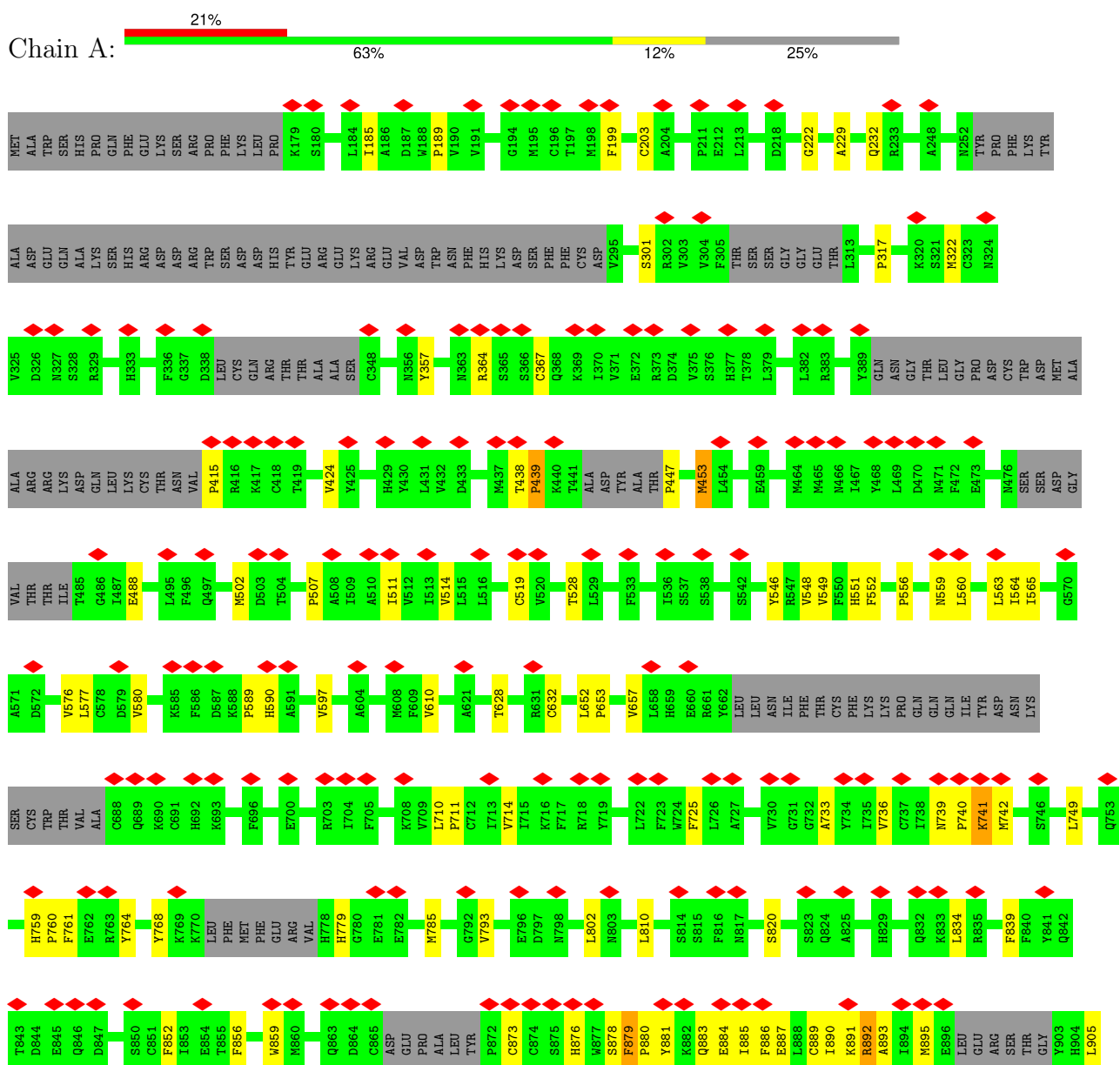


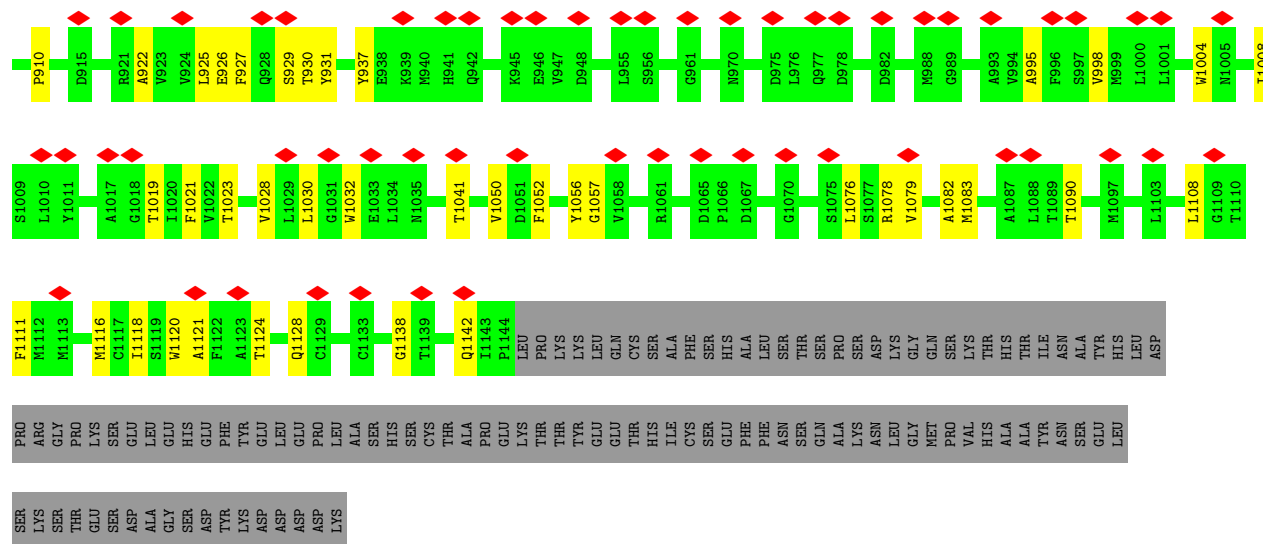
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	
3	A	1	15	8	1	6	0

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Protein dispatched homolog 1





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	400432	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	62	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.067	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.047	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0175	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	213.248, 213.248, 213.248	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	0.833, 0.833, 0.833	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: Y01, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.48	0/6493	0.61	3/8832 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	439	PRO	N-CA-CB	6.55	111.16	103.30
1	A	447	PRO	N-CA-CB	5.66	110.09	103.30
1	A	415	PRO	N-CA-CB	5.34	109.71	103.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6340	0	6130	123	0
2	A	175	0	245	17	0
3	A	15	0	14	0	0
All	All	6530	0	6389	127	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (127) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:741:LYS:HE3	1:A:1028:VAL:CG1	1.47	1.41
1:A:820:SER:O	1:A:883:GLN:NE2	1.73	1.21
1:A:742:MET:HG2	1:A:1028:VAL:HG21	1.19	1.16
1:A:741:LYS:CE	1:A:1028:VAL:HG13	1.74	1.16
1:A:742:MET:CG	1:A:1028:VAL:HG21	1.76	1.15
1:A:876:HIS:CE1	1:A:886:PHE:CD2	2.39	1.11
1:A:488:GLU:HG3	1:A:764:TYR:CG	1.92	1.02
1:A:742:MET:HG2	1:A:1028:VAL:CG2	1.89	1.02
1:A:759:HIS:CG	1:A:760:PRO:HD2	1.94	1.02
1:A:910:PRO:O	1:A:922:ALA:O	1.77	1.01
1:A:741:LYS:HE3	1:A:1028:VAL:HG13	1.01	1.00
1:A:895:MET:SD	1:A:905:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.99
1:A:741:LYS:HE3	1:A:1028:VAL:HG11	1.44	0.98
1:A:736:VAL:HB	1:A:741:LYS:HD2	1.43	0.98
1:A:839:PHE:HB2	1:A:930:THR:HG21	1.49	0.93
1:A:1082:ALA:HB2	2:A:1303:Y01:CAA	1.99	0.92
1:A:736:VAL:CB	1:A:741:LYS:HD2	2.02	0.89
1:A:741:LYS:CE	1:A:1028:VAL:CG1	2.41	0.83
1:A:714:VAL:HG11	1:A:1076:LEU:HD21	1.61	0.83
1:A:1082:ALA:HB2	2:A:1303:Y01:HAA1	1.59	0.82
1:A:736:VAL:CG1	1:A:741:LYS:HD2	2.09	0.81
1:A:839:PHE:HB2	1:A:930:THR:CG2	2.12	0.80
1:A:736:VAL:HB	1:A:741:LYS:CD	2.12	0.78
1:A:742:MET:HG3	1:A:1028:VAL:HG21	1.66	0.78
1:A:488:GLU:HG3	1:A:764:TYR:CD1	2.21	0.76
1:A:488:GLU:HG3	1:A:764:TYR:CD2	2.21	0.75
1:A:714:VAL:HG11	1:A:1076:LEU:CD2	2.17	0.73
1:A:880:PRO:HB2	1:A:883:GLN:HE21	1.53	0.72
1:A:930:THR:OG1	1:A:931:TYR:CD2	2.42	0.72
1:A:488:GLU:OE2	1:A:761:PHE:HA	1.89	0.72
1:A:488:GLU:CG	1:A:764:TYR:CG	2.72	0.70
1:A:925:LEU:HD21	1:A:927:PHE:CE2	2.27	0.69
1:A:759:HIS:CD2	1:A:760:PRO:HD2	2.29	0.67
1:A:576:VAL:O	1:A:580:VAL:CG2	2.43	0.67
1:A:1082:ALA:HB2	2:A:1303:Y01:HAA2	1.75	0.67
1:A:576:VAL:O	1:A:580:VAL:HG23	1.96	0.66
1:A:1030:LEU:HD21	2:A:1304:Y01:HAR1	1.80	0.64
2:A:1303:Y01:HAU2	2:A:1303:Y01:HAC1	1.81	0.62
1:A:879:PHE:CG	1:A:880:PRO:HD3	2.33	0.61
1:A:546:TYR:OH	1:A:632:CYS:SG	2.43	0.61

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1118:ILE:HD11	2:A:1304:Y01:HAC2	1.81	0.61
1:A:880:PRO:HB2	1:A:883:GLN:NE2	2.16	0.61
1:A:1030:LEU:CD2	2:A:1304:Y01:HAR1	2.32	0.60
1:A:925:LEU:HD21	1:A:927:PHE:CZ	2.38	0.59
1:A:1082:ALA:CB	2:A:1303:Y01:HAA1	2.32	0.58
1:A:322:MET:CE	1:A:367:CYS:HB2	2.33	0.58
1:A:1076:LEU:HD13	1:A:1128:GLN:HG3	1.85	0.58
1:A:1124:THR:O	1:A:1128:GLN:HG2	2.05	0.57
1:A:589:PRO:O	1:A:590:HIS:ND1	2.38	0.57
1:A:736:VAL:HG12	1:A:741:LYS:HD2	1.85	0.56
1:A:876:HIS:CE1	1:A:886:PHE:CE2	2.93	0.56
1:A:876:HIS:ND1	1:A:886:PHE:CD2	2.71	0.56
1:A:714:VAL:CG1	1:A:1076:LEU:HD21	2.34	0.56
1:A:1078:ARG:HB3	2:A:1303:Y01:HAN1	1.87	0.55
1:A:453:MET:N	1:A:453:MET:SD	2.80	0.55
1:A:759:HIS:ND1	1:A:760:PRO:HD2	2.21	0.55
1:A:852:PHE:CG	1:A:910:PRO:HG3	2.43	0.54
1:A:820:SER:HA	1:A:883:GLN:OE1	2.08	0.53
1:A:1004:TRP:HB3	1:A:1142:GLN:HG2	1.89	0.53
1:A:1078:ARG:NE	1:A:1078:ARG:HA	2.23	0.53
1:A:1082:ALA:CB	2:A:1303:Y01:CAA	2.80	0.53
1:A:189:PRO:HB3	1:A:657:VAL:HG21	1.92	0.52
1:A:876:HIS:ND1	1:A:886:PHE:CE2	2.78	0.52
1:A:876:HIS:HE1	1:A:886:PHE:CD2	2.21	0.51
1:A:1052:PHE:CE1	1:A:1083:MET:HB3	2.46	0.51
1:A:995:ALA:HB1	1:A:1050:VAL:HG21	1.93	0.51
1:A:876:HIS:CE1	1:A:886:PHE:HD2	2.20	0.50
1:A:1118:ILE:CD1	2:A:1304:Y01:HAC2	2.42	0.50
1:A:741:LYS:NZ	1:A:1028:VAL:HG13	2.22	0.50
1:A:839:PHE:O	1:A:930:THR:HG23	2.11	0.50
1:A:185:ILE:HG23	1:A:653:PRO:HB3	1.93	0.49
1:A:222:GLY:O	1:A:628:THR:OG1	2.31	0.49
1:A:556:PRO:HD2	1:A:559:ASN:HD21	1.78	0.49
1:A:892:ARG:C	1:A:892:ARG:HD3	2.33	0.49
1:A:839:PHE:O	1:A:930:THR:CG2	2.61	0.49
1:A:610:VAL:HG23	1:A:998:VAL:HG22	1.95	0.48
1:A:322:MET:HE3	1:A:367:CYS:HB2	1.96	0.48
1:A:873:CYS:SG	1:A:885:ILE:HG22	2.54	0.48
1:A:199:PHE:O	1:A:203:CYS:SG	2.71	0.48
1:A:760:PRO:HG2	1:A:761:PHE:CD1	2.49	0.47
1:A:879:PHE:CG	1:A:880:PRO:CD	2.96	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1019:THR:O	1:A:1023:THR:HG23	2.14	0.47
1:A:548:VAL:HG13	1:A:549:VAL:HG23	1.97	0.47
1:A:589:PRO:O	1:A:590:HIS:CG	2.67	0.47
1:A:887:GLU:O	1:A:891:LYS:HG3	2.15	0.47
1:A:1078:ARG:HA	1:A:1078:ARG:CZ	2.45	0.47
1:A:507:PRO:HG3	1:A:564:ILE:HD11	1.97	0.47
1:A:1056:TYR:HA	1:A:1079:VAL:HG11	1.97	0.47
1:A:834:LEU:CD2	1:A:927:PHE:CZ	2.98	0.46
1:A:793:VAL:HG21	1:A:810:LEU:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:A:926:GLU:O	1:A:927:PHE:CD1	2.68	0.46
2:A:1303:Y01:HAN2	2:A:1303:Y01:HAC2	1.96	0.46
1:A:1052:PHE:CE1	1:A:1120:TRP:HB2	2.51	0.46
1:A:856:PHE:CD1	1:A:890:ILE:HD13	2.50	0.46
1:A:565:ILE:HB	1:A:1108:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.45
1:A:879:PHE:CD1	1:A:880:PRO:HD3	2.52	0.45
1:A:930:THR:OG1	1:A:931:TYR:CE2	2.68	0.45
1:A:891:LYS:O	1:A:895:MET:HG2	2.17	0.45
1:A:879:PHE:O	1:A:881:TYR:CD2	2.70	0.45
1:A:1120:TRP:CG	1:A:1121:ALA:N	2.85	0.45
1:A:560:LEU:HD22	2:A:1305:Y01:HAJ1	1.98	0.44
1:A:185:ILE:HG21	1:A:597:VAL:HG21	2.00	0.44
1:A:741:LYS:CE	1:A:1028:VAL:HG11	2.31	0.44
1:A:733:ALA:HB2	1:A:1021:PHE:HB3	2.00	0.44
1:A:519:CYS:HA	1:A:528:THR:HG21	2.01	0.43
1:A:552:PHE:CE1	1:A:802:LEU:HG	2.54	0.43
1:A:1090:THR:HB	1:A:1116:MET:HG2	2.00	0.43
1:A:839:PHE:CB	1:A:930:THR:CG2	2.91	0.43
1:A:859:TRP:CE2	1:A:893:ALA:HB2	2.53	0.43
1:A:576:VAL:O	1:A:576:VAL:HG12	2.19	0.43
1:A:1008:ILE:HD11	1:A:1057:GLY:HA2	2.01	0.43
1:A:563:LEU:HD23	2:A:1305:Y01:HAB2	2.00	0.43
2:A:1305:Y01:HAE2	2:A:1305:Y01:HBB	1.95	0.43
1:A:742:MET:HG2	1:A:1028:VAL:HG23	1.93	0.42
1:A:357:TYR:OH	1:A:424:VAL:O	2.37	0.42
1:A:876:HIS:CE1	1:A:886:PHE:CG	3.04	0.42
1:A:834:LEU:HD22	1:A:927:PHE:CE2	2.55	0.41
1:A:739:ASN:HB2	1:A:740:PRO:CD	2.49	0.41
1:A:1041:THR:HB	1:A:1111:PHE:CZ	2.54	0.41
2:A:1305:Y01:HAO2	2:A:1305:Y01:HAP1	1.97	0.41
1:A:749:LEU:O	1:A:749:LEU:HG	2.21	0.41
1:A:785:MET:O	1:A:929:SER:HB3	2.21	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:710:LEU:N	1:A:711:PRO:HD2	2.36	0.41
1:A:739:ASN:HB2	1:A:740:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.41
1:A:563:LEU:CD2	2:A:1305:Y01:HAA3	2.51	0.41
1:A:577:LEU:HD11	1:A:652:LEU:HD13	2.04	0.40
1:A:511:ILE:HA	1:A:514:VAL:HG12	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	804/1096 (73%)	703 (87%)	91 (11%)	10 (1%)	11 44

All (10) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	301	SER
1	A	439	PRO
1	A	878	SER
1	A	317	PRO
1	A	229	ALA
1	A	551	HIS
1	A	884	GLU
1	A	364	ARG
1	A	1138	GLY
1	A	438	THR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM

entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	665/969 (69%)	653 (98%)	12 (2%)	54 71

All (12) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	232	GLN
1	A	453	MET
1	A	502	MET
1	A	725	PHE
1	A	741	LYS
1	A	768	TYR
1	A	779	HIS
1	A	879	PHE
1	A	889	CYS
1	A	892	ARG
1	A	937	TYR
1	A	1032	TRP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	363	ASN
1	A	559	ASN
1	A	759	HIS
1	A	876	HIS
1	A	883	GLN
1	A	941	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	A	1306	-	15,15,15	0.68	0	21,21,21	0.78	0
2	Y01	A	1305	-	38,38,38	0.77	1 (2%)	57,57,57	1.24	5 (8%)
2	Y01	A	1301	-	38,38,38	0.69	0	57,57,57	1.11	2 (3%)
2	Y01	A	1302	-	38,38,38	0.69	0	57,57,57	1.37	7 (12%)
2	Y01	A	1303	-	38,38,38	0.63	0	57,57,57	1.23	4 (7%)
2	Y01	A	1304	-	38,38,38	0.69	1 (2%)	57,57,57	1.27	8 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	A	1306	-	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
2	Y01	A	1305	-	-	13/19/77/77	0/4/4/4
2	Y01	A	1301	-	-	5/19/77/77	0/4/4/4
2	Y01	A	1302	-	-	6/19/77/77	0/4/4/4
2	Y01	A	1303	-	-	9/19/77/77	0/4/4/4
2	Y01	A	1304	-	-	6/19/77/77	0/4/4/4

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	1305	Y01	CBB-CBE	2.53	1.58	1.54

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	1304	Y01	CBB-CBE	2.06	1.57	1.54

All (26) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	1303	Y01	CAC-CBB-CAO	3.82	116.24	110.34
2	A	1305	Y01	CAO-CBB-CBE	3.27	117.11	110.33
2	A	1302	Y01	CAU-CBI-CBG	-3.21	102.44	107.25
2	A	1302	Y01	OAW-CAY-CAM	3.17	118.33	111.48
2	A	1302	Y01	CAT-CAR-CBC	2.99	115.22	110.33
2	A	1302	Y01	CAR-CBC-CAV	2.93	115.05	110.97
2	A	1302	Y01	CAK-CBD-CBF	-2.79	106.49	109.72
2	A	1303	Y01	OAW-CAY-CAM	2.77	117.47	111.48
2	A	1304	Y01	CBD-CAK-CAI	-2.76	108.93	112.76
2	A	1304	Y01	CAT-CAR-CBC	2.76	114.83	110.33
2	A	1304	Y01	CAU-CBI-CBG	-2.70	103.20	107.25
2	A	1305	Y01	OAW-CAY-CAM	2.61	117.13	111.48
2	A	1304	Y01	CAU-CAS-CBF	2.60	117.56	113.14
2	A	1301	Y01	CAU-CBI-CBG	-2.58	103.39	107.25
2	A	1303	Y01	CAC-CBB-CBE	-2.56	109.04	112.88
2	A	1302	Y01	CBH-CBF-CBD	-2.48	109.09	112.71
2	A	1303	Y01	CAQ-CBG-CBD	-2.47	115.16	119.10
2	A	1301	Y01	OAW-CAY-CAM	2.46	116.80	111.48
2	A	1304	Y01	OAW-CAY-CAM	2.45	116.78	111.48
2	A	1304	Y01	CBH-CBF-CBD	-2.32	109.32	112.71
2	A	1305	Y01	CAU-CBI-CBG	-2.26	103.87	107.25
2	A	1304	Y01	CBI-CBG-CBD	-2.22	111.27	114.41
2	A	1302	Y01	CBD-CAK-CAI	-2.12	109.82	112.76
2	A	1305	Y01	CAQ-CBG-CBD	-2.06	115.81	119.10
2	A	1305	Y01	CBD-CAK-CAI	-2.02	109.96	112.76
2	A	1304	Y01	CAK-CBD-CBF	-2.02	107.39	109.72

There are no chirality outliers.

All (39) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	1302	Y01	OAG-CAY-OAW-CBC
2	A	1302	Y01	CAM-CAY-OAW-CBC
2	A	1303	Y01	CAM-CAY-OAW-CBC
2	A	1303	Y01	OAG-CAY-OAW-CBC
2	A	1303	Y01	CAJ-CAO-CBB-CAC
2	A	1305	Y01	CAC-CBB-CBE-CAP

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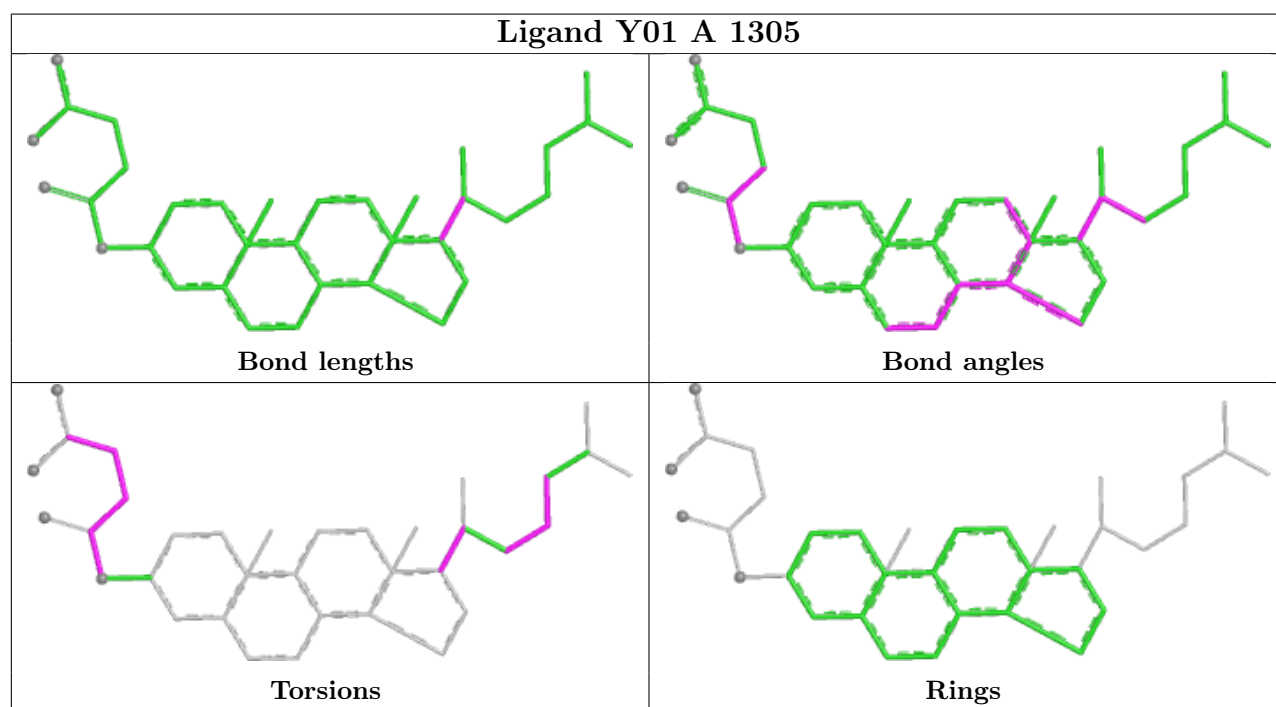
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	1305	Y01	CAC-CBB-CBE-CBI
2	A	1305	Y01	CAO-CBB-CBE-CBI
2	A	1303	Y01	CAJ-CAO-CBB-CBE
2	A	1305	Y01	CAX-CAL-CAM-CAY
2	A	1305	Y01	CAO-CBB-CBE-CAP
2	A	1302	Y01	CAO-CAJ-CAN-CBA
2	A	1304	Y01	CAO-CBB-CBE-CBI
2	A	1302	Y01	CAX-CAL-CAM-CAY
2	A	1305	Y01	CAO-CAJ-CAN-CBA
2	A	1304	Y01	CAX-CAL-CAM-CAY
2	A	1304	Y01	CAC-CBB-CBE-CBI
2	A	1301	Y01	CAM-CAY-OAW-CBC
2	A	1305	Y01	CAM-CAY-OAW-CBC
2	A	1301	Y01	CAN-CAJ-CAO-CBB
2	A	1301	Y01	OAG-CAY-OAW-CBC
2	A	1304	Y01	CAC-CBB-CBE-CAP
2	A	1304	Y01	CAO-CBB-CBE-CAP
2	A	1305	Y01	OAG-CAY-OAW-CBC
2	A	1303	Y01	CAJ-CAN-CBA-CAB
2	A	1303	Y01	CAJ-CAN-CBA-CAA
2	A	1302	Y01	CAM-CAL-CAX-OAF
2	A	1303	Y01	CAM-CAL-CAX-OAH
2	A	1305	Y01	CAM-CAL-CAX-OAF
2	A	1303	Y01	CAM-CAL-CAX-OAF
2	A	1303	Y01	CAO-CAJ-CAN-CBA
2	A	1305	Y01	CAM-CAL-CAX-OAH
2	A	1302	Y01	CAM-CAL-CAX-OAH
2	A	1301	Y01	CAM-CAL-CAX-OAF
2	A	1304	Y01	CAN-CAJ-CAO-CBB
2	A	1301	Y01	CAM-CAL-CAX-OAH
2	A	1305	Y01	CAL-CAM-CAY-OAW
2	A	1305	Y01	CAN-CAJ-CAO-CBB
2	A	1305	Y01	CAL-CAM-CAY-OAG

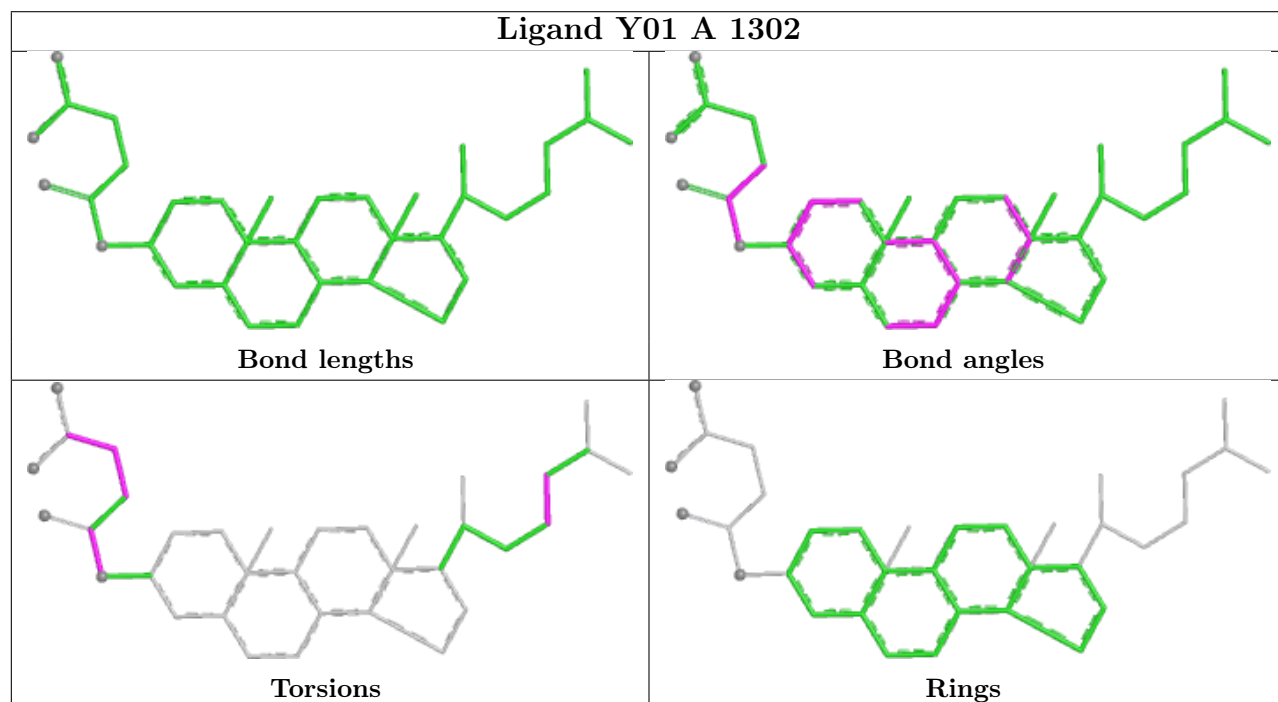
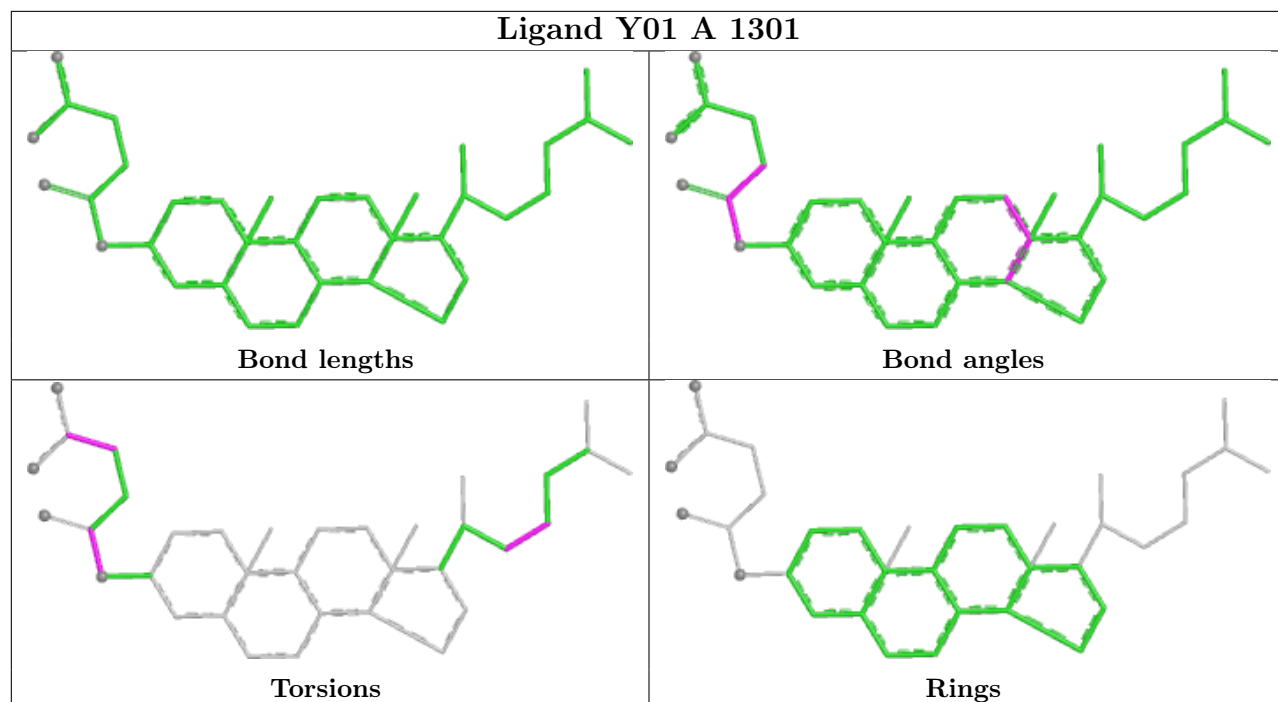
There are no ring outliers.

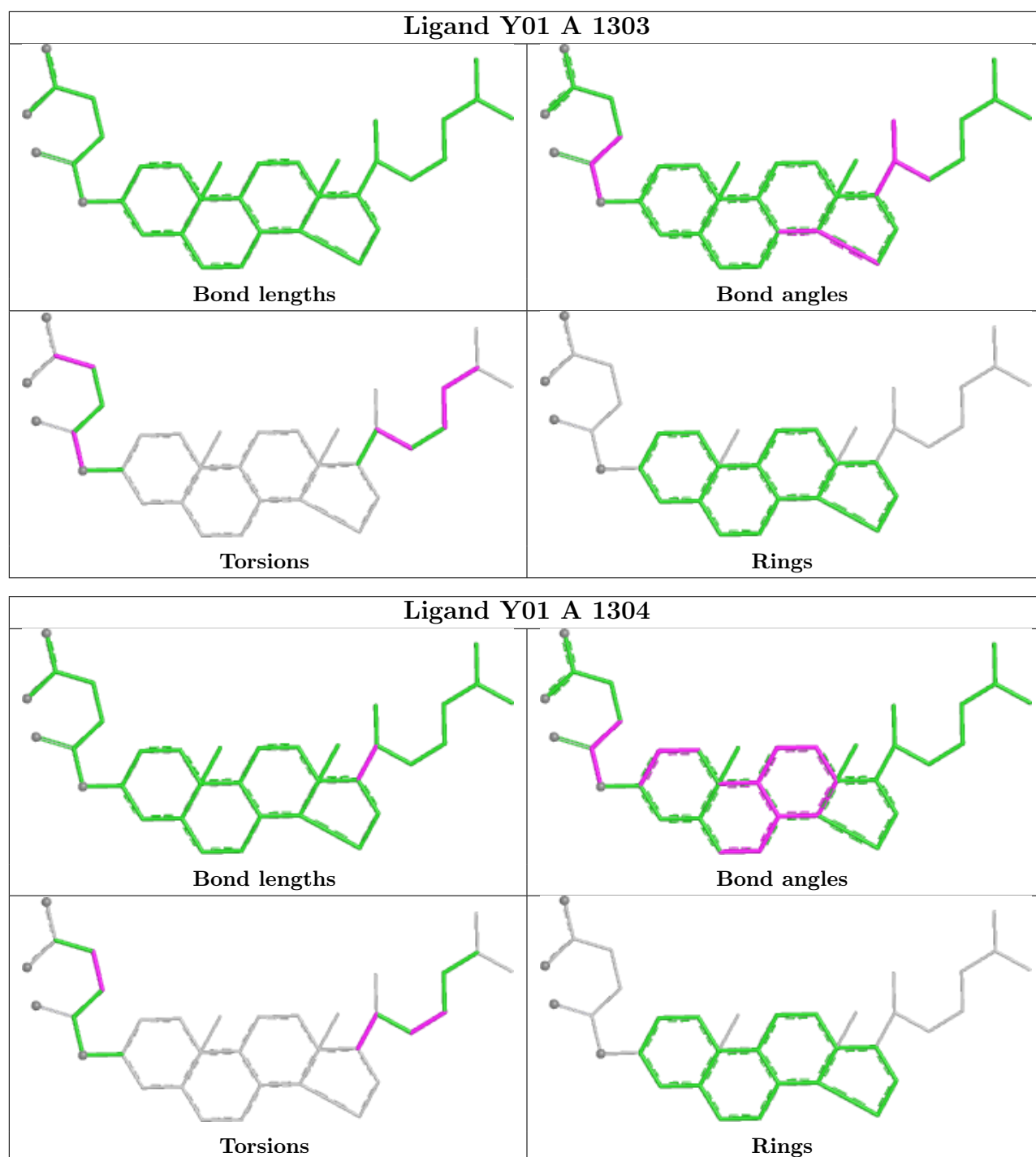
3 monomers are involved in 17 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1305	Y01	5	0
2	A	1303	Y01	8	0
2	A	1304	Y01	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

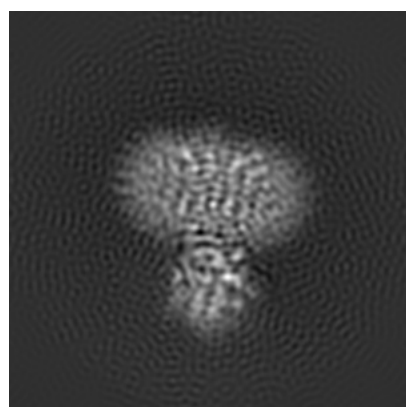
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-22144. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

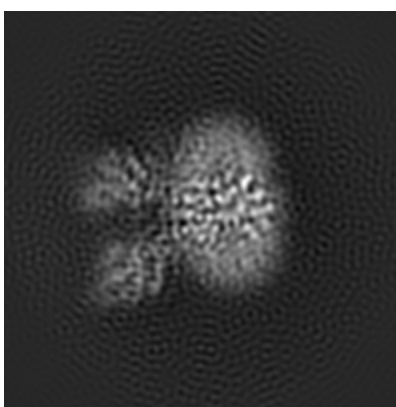
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

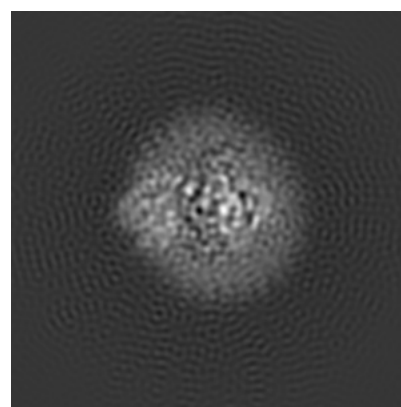
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

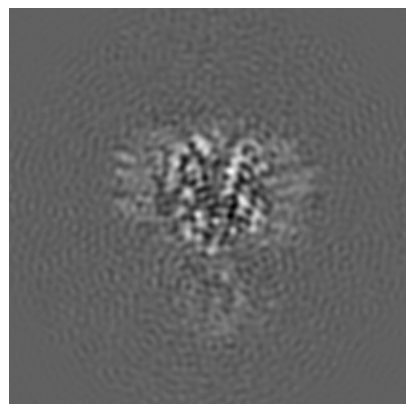


Z

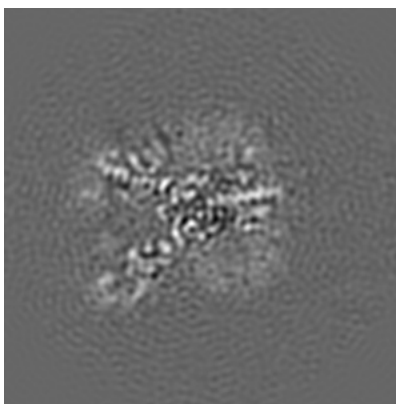
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

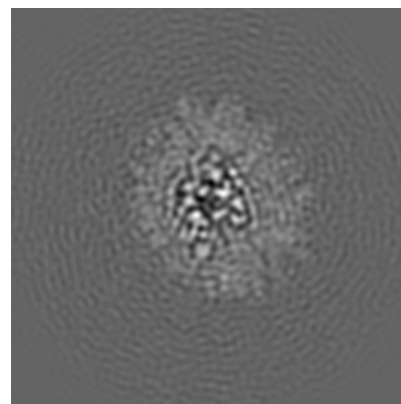
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

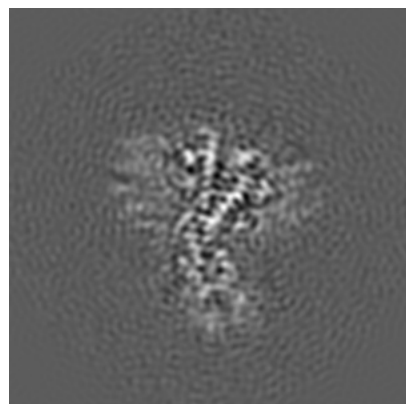


Z Index: 128

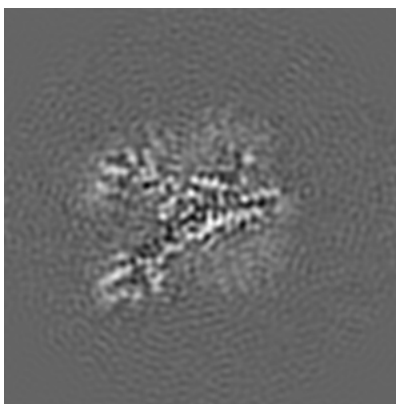
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

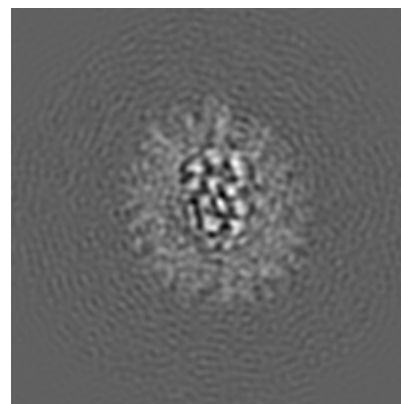
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 136



Y Index: 131

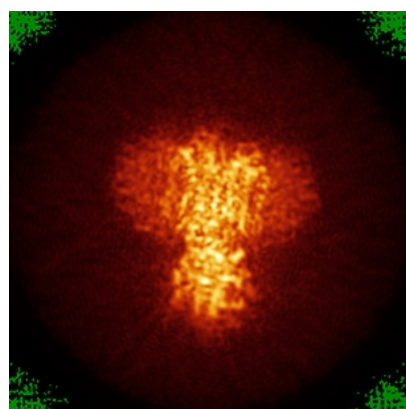


Z Index: 153

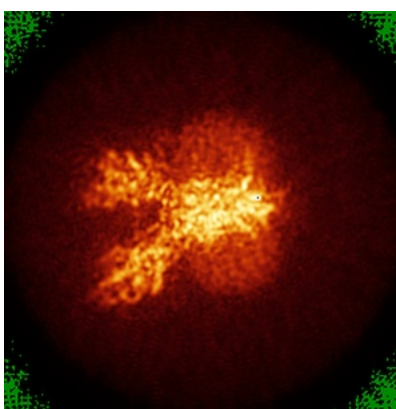
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

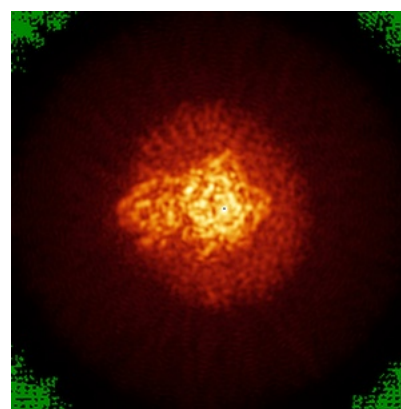
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

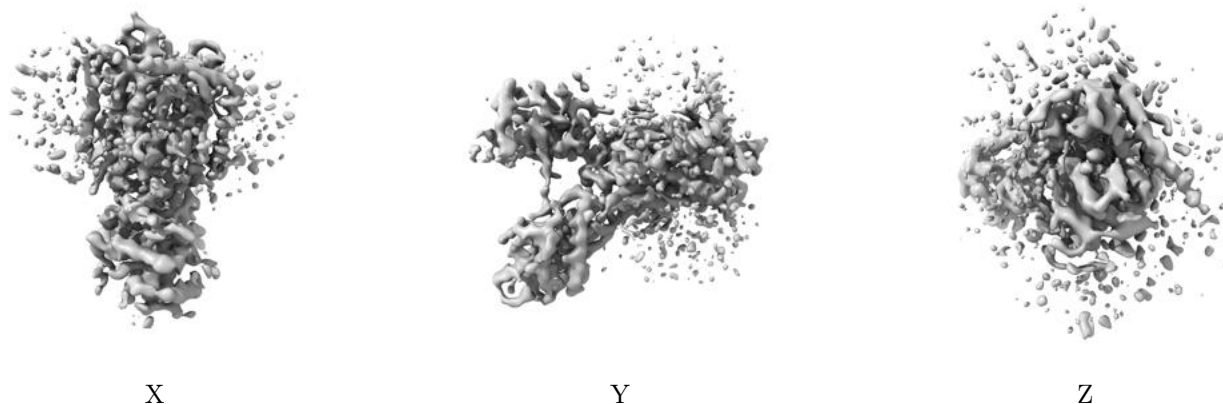


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0175. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

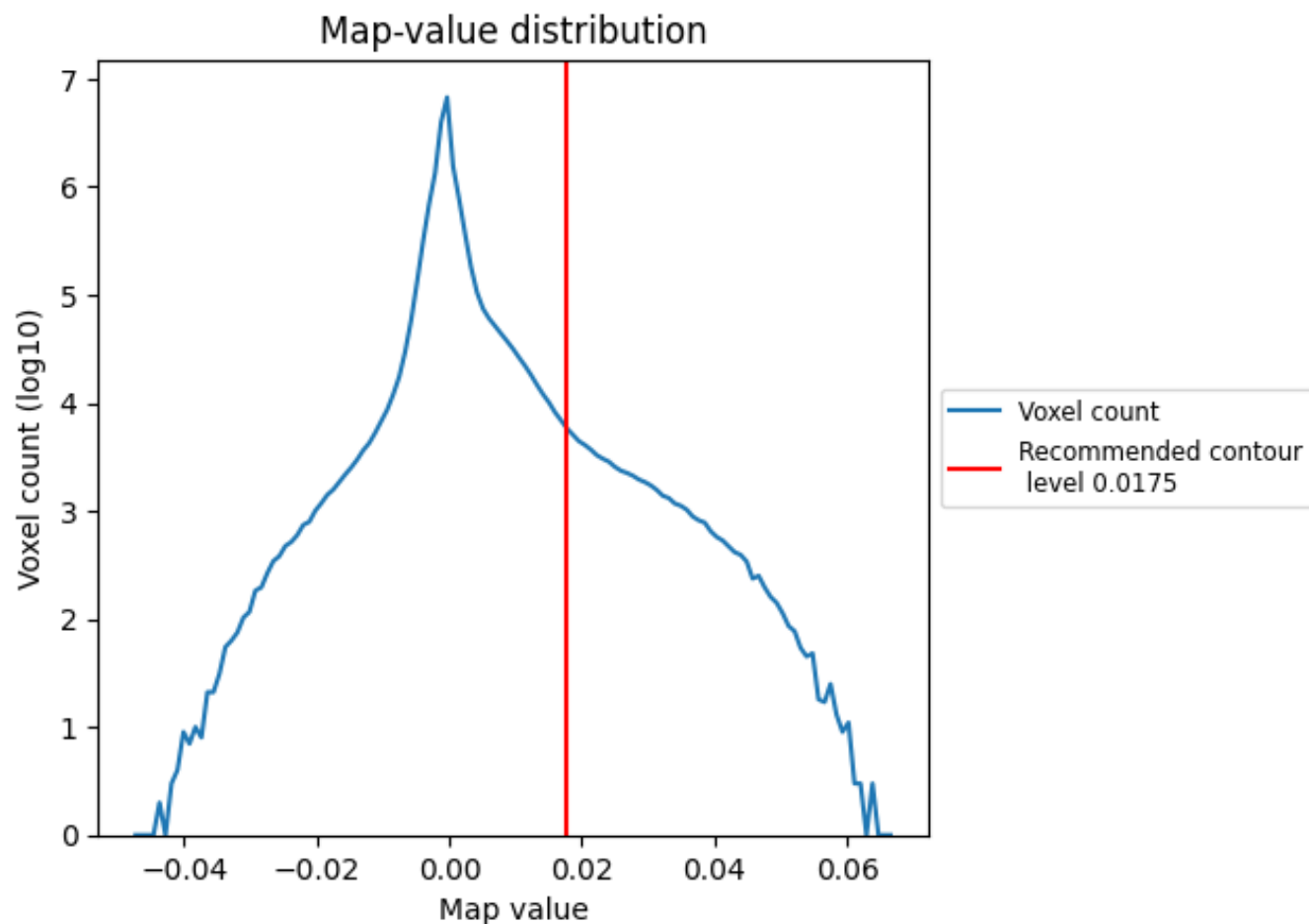
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

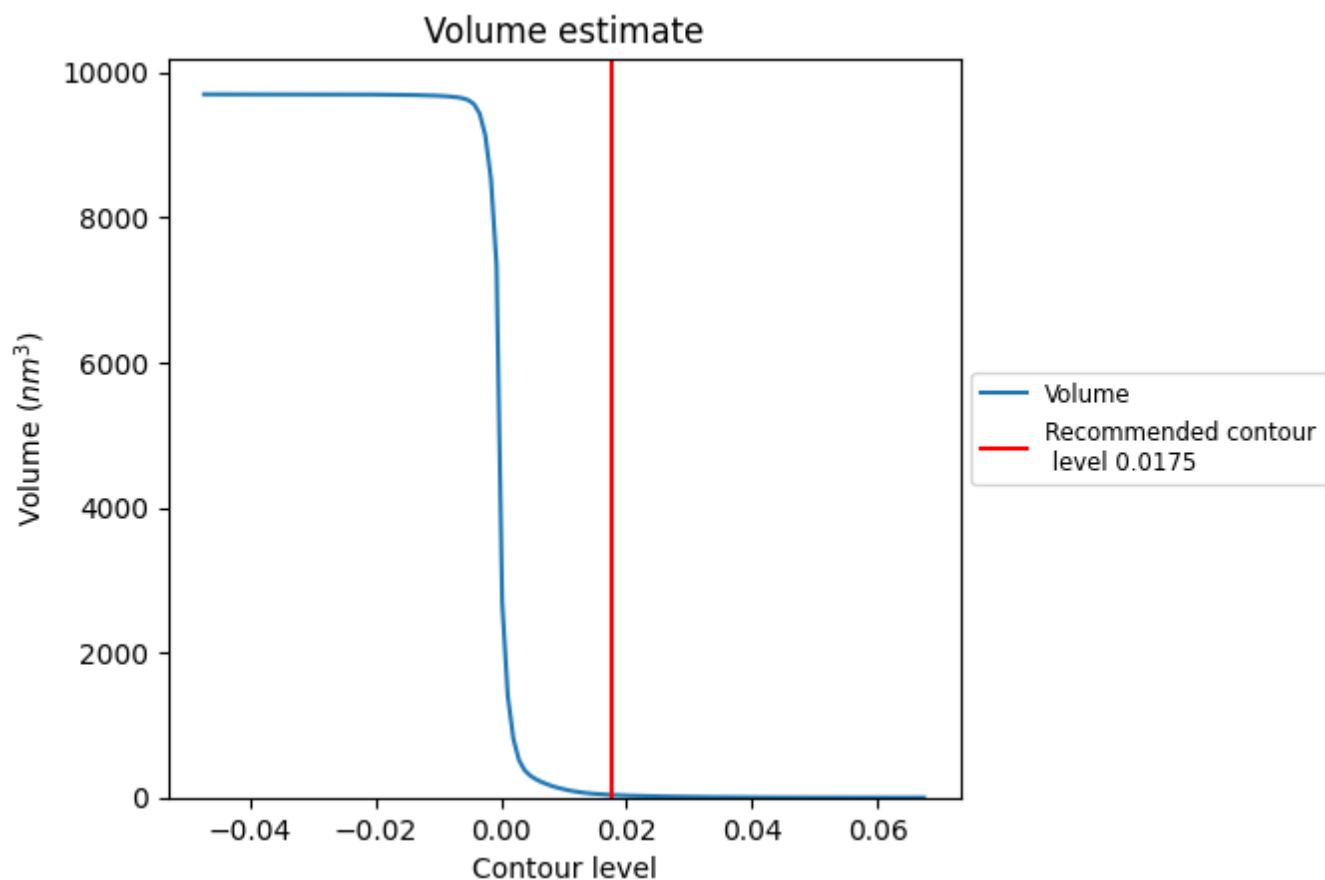
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

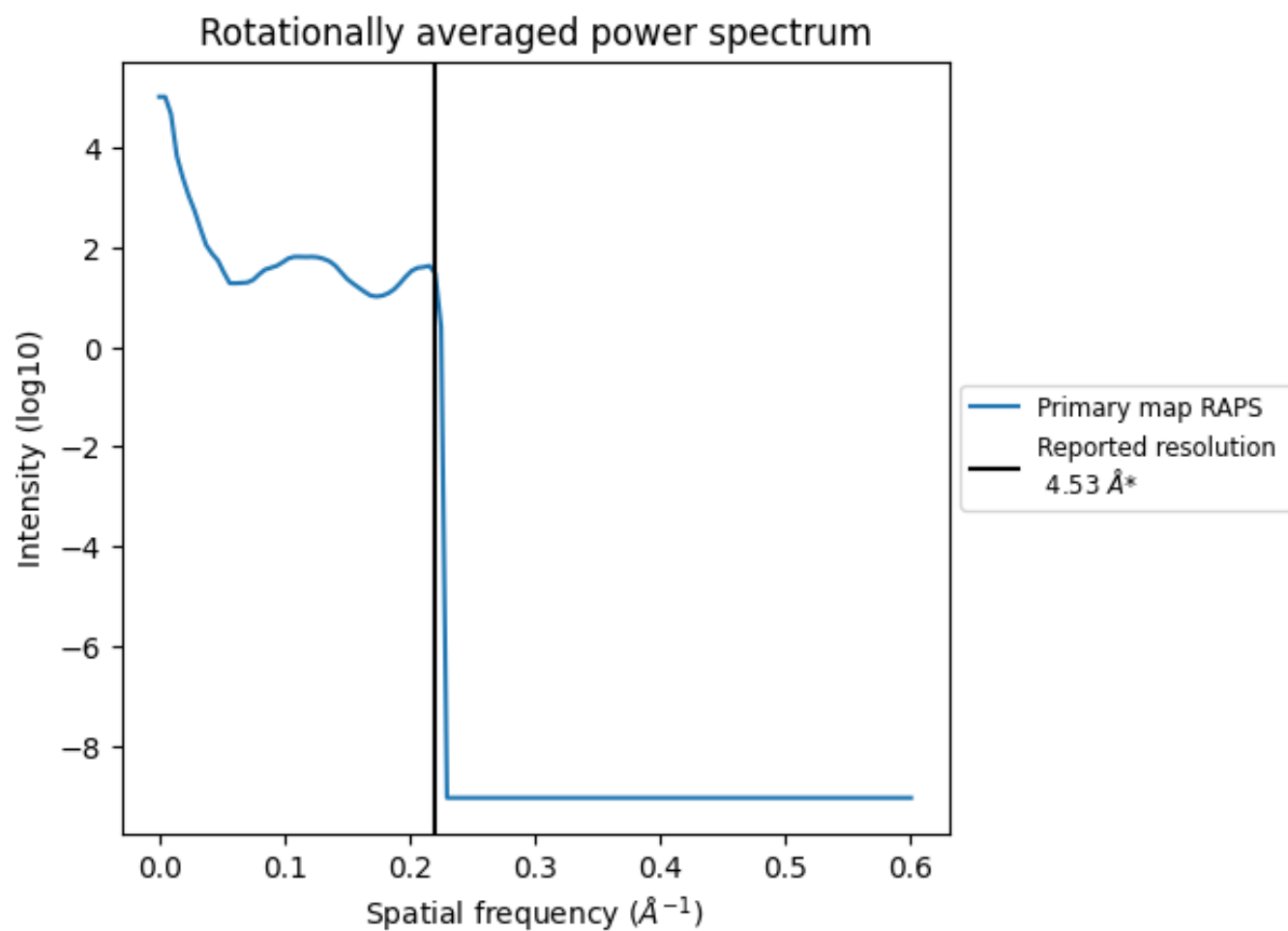
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 37 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 33 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.221 Å⁻¹

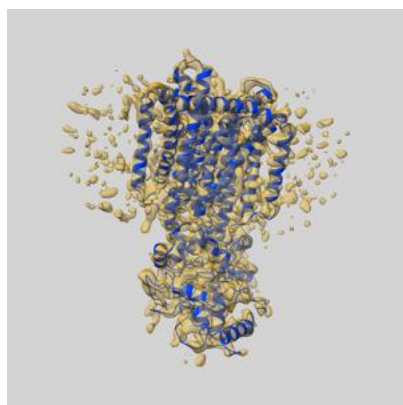
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

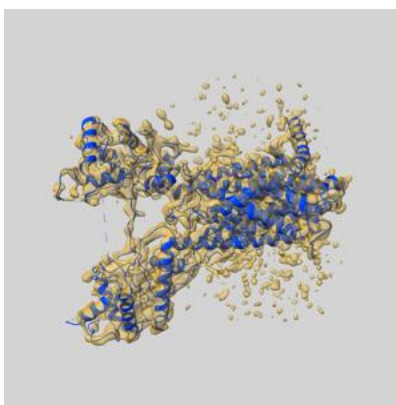
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-22144 and PDB model 6XE6. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [6](#).

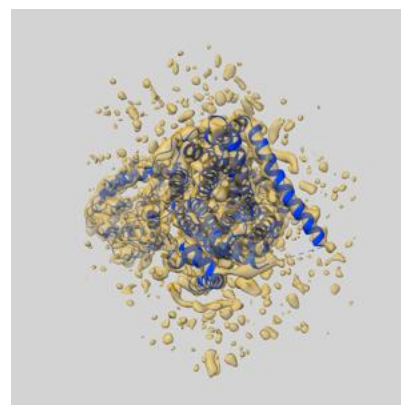
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



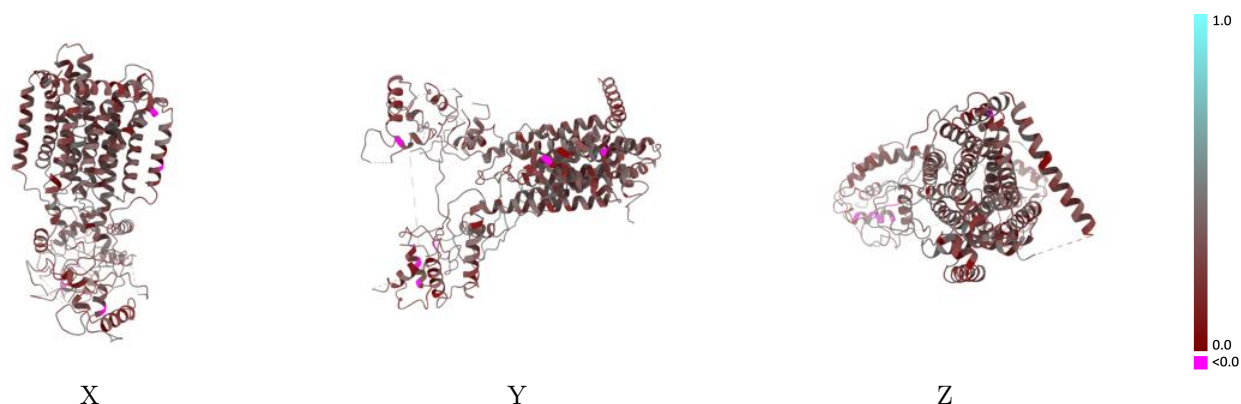
Y



Z

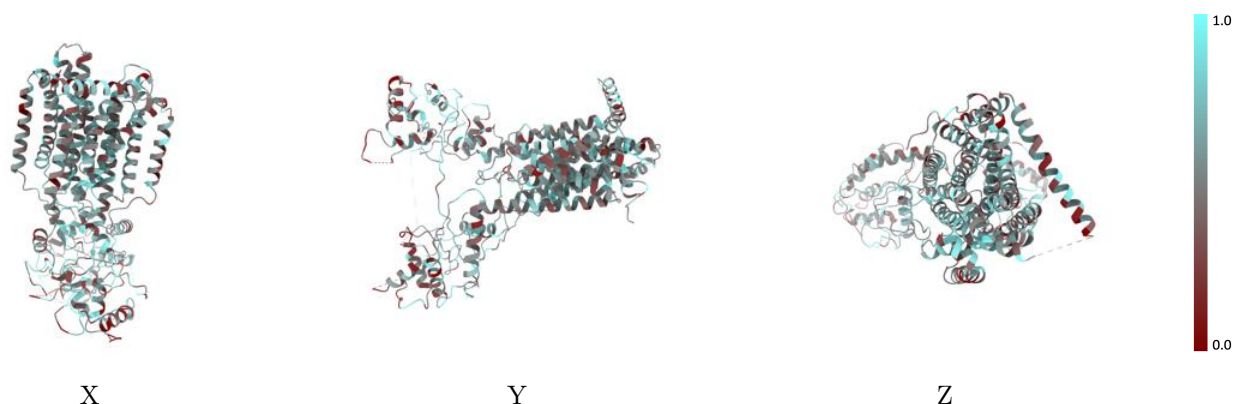
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0175 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



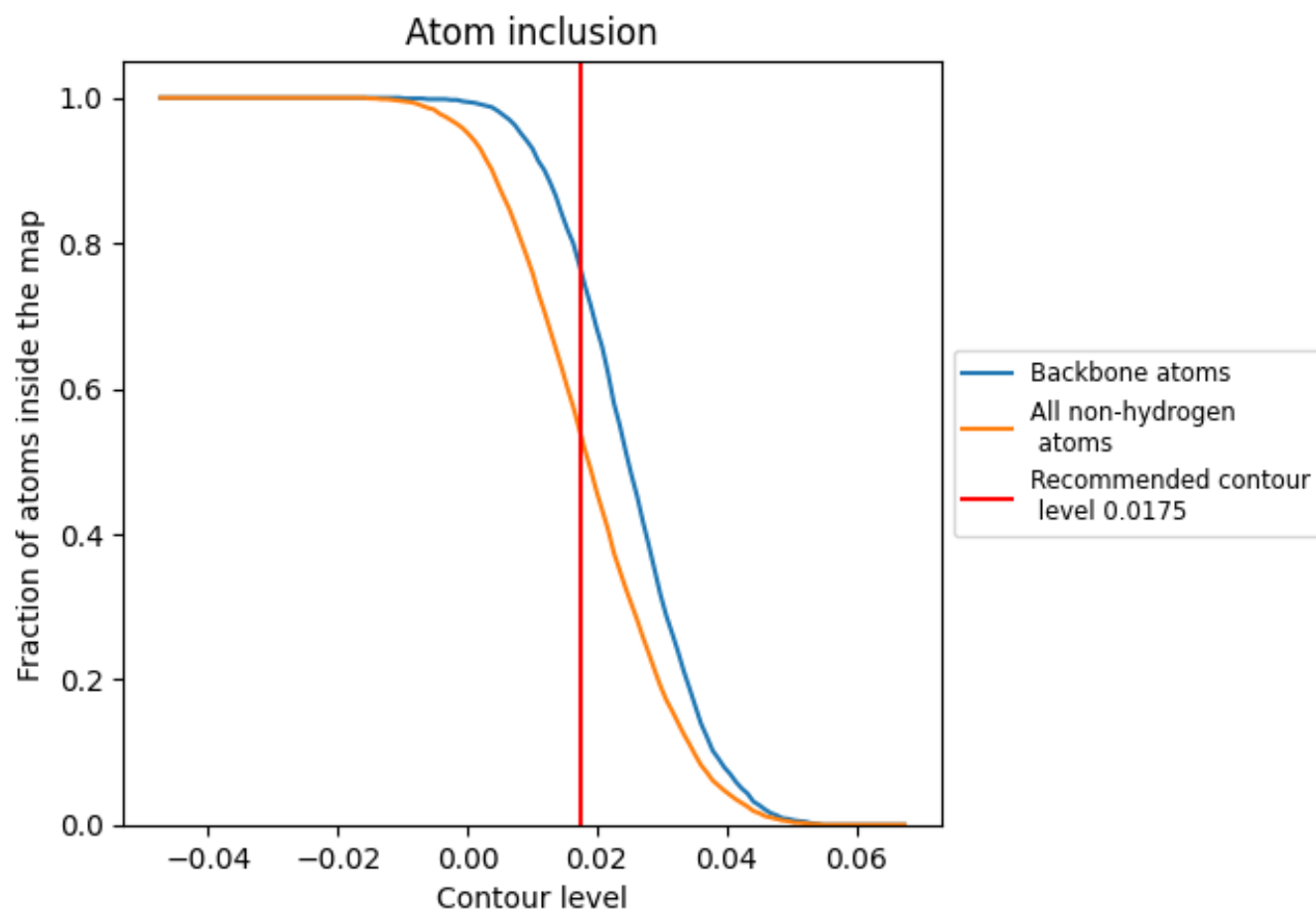
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0175).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 76% of all backbone atoms, 54% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0175) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.5360	<div></div> 0.3300
A	<div></div> 0.5360	<div></div> 0.3300

